## HOLY BIBLE

Translated from the

## LATIN VULGAT:

Diligently compared

With the HEBREW, GREEK, and other Editions in divers Languages.

'And first published by

The English College at Doway,
Anno 1609.

Newly revised, and corrected, according to the CLEMENTIN Edition of the Scriptures.

WITH

ANNOTATIONS for clearing up the principal Difficulties of Holy WRIT.

## VOLUME III.

Haurietis aquas in gaudio de fontibus Salvatoris. Isaiz xii. 3.

# HOLY BIBLE

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Job's virtue and riches. Satan by permission from God Arip. peth bim of all his substance. His patience.



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Chan I.

man in the land | avoiding evil. of (a) Hus,

HERE was a | right, and fearing God, and

2 And there were born to whose name was him feven fons and three Job, and that | daughters.

man was (b) simple, and up- 3 And his possession was

(a) Job. This book takes its name from the holy man, of whom it treats: who, according to the more probable opinion, was of the race of Esau; and the same as lobab king of Edom, mentioned Gen. xxxvi. 33. It is uncertain who was the writer of it. Some attribute it to Job himfelf; others to Moses, or some one of the prophets. In the Hebrew it is written in verse, from the beginning of the third chapter to the forty fecond chapter.

Chap. I. (a) Ver. I. Hus. The land of Hus was a part

of Edom: as appears from Lament, iv. 21.

(b) Ibidem. Simple. That is, innocent, fincere, and without guile. men ode DI

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feven thousand sheep, and three thousand camels, and five hundred yoke of oxen, and five hundred she-asses, and a family exceeding great: and this man was great almong all the people of the east.

4 And his fons went, and made a feast by their houses, every one in his day. And sending they called their three sitters, to eat and drink with them.

5 And when the days of their feating were gone about, Job sent to them, and fanctified them: and rising up early offered holocausts for every one of them. For he said: Lest perhaps my sons have sinned, and have (c) blessed God in their hearts. So did Job all days.

when (d) the fons of God came to fland before the Lord, (e) Satan also was present

among them.

7 And the Lord faid to him; Whence comest thou? And he answered and said: I have gone round about the earth, and walked through it.

8 And the Lord faid to him: Hast thou considered my servant Job, that there is none like him in the earth, a simple and upright man, one that feareth God, and avoideth evil?

9 And Satan answering, faid: Doth Job fear God in vain?

fence for him, and his house, and all his substance round about, and blessed the works of his hands, and his possession hath increased on the earth?

hand a little, and touch all that he hath, and fee if he bleffeth thee not to thy face.

Satan: Behold, all that he hath is in thy hand, only put not forth thy hand upon his

(d) Ver. 6. The fons of God. The Angels.

thought of blashemy; the scripture both here and ver. 11. and in the following chapter ver. 5. and 9. uses the word bless to signify its contrary.

<sup>(</sup>e) Ibidem. Satan also, &c. This passage represents to us in a figure, accommodated to the ways and understandings of men, 1. The restless endeavours of Satan against the servants of God; 2. That he can do nothing without God's permission; 3. That God doth not permit him to tempt them above their strength: but assists them by his divine grace in such manner, that the vain efforts of the enemy only serve to illustrate their virtue and increase their merit.

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person. And Satan went forth from the presence of the Lord.

13 Now upon a certain day when his fons and daughters were eating and drinking wine in the house of their eldest brother,

14 There came a messenger to Job, and said: The oxen were plowing, and the asses feeding beside them,

in upon them, and took all away, and flew the fervants with the fword, and I alone have escaped to tell thee.

16 And while he was yet fpeaking, another came, and faid: The fire of God fell from heaven, and striking the sheep and the servants, bath consumed them, and I alone have escaped to tell thee.

17 And while he also was yet speaking, there came another and said: The Chaldeans made three troops, and have fallen upon the camels, and taken them, moreover they have slain the servants with the sword, and I alone have escaped to tell thee.

18 He was yet speaking, and behold another came in, and said: While thy sons and daughters were eating and drinking wine in the house of

their elder brother,

19 A violent wind came on a fudden from the fide of the defart, and shook the four corners of the house, and it fell upon thy children and

they are dead, and I alone have escaped to tell thee.

zo Then Job rose up, and rent his garments, and having shaven his head fell down upon the ground, and worshipped,

I And faid: Naked came
I out of my mother's womb,
and naked shall I return thither: the Lord gave, and the
Lord bath taken away: as it
hath pleased the Lord, so is it
done: blessed be the name of
the Lord.

22 In all these things Job sinned not by his lips, nor spoke he any soolish thing against God.

### CHAP. II.

Satan, by God's permission, striketh Job with ulsers from head to soot: his patience is still invincible.

A ND it came to pass when on a certain day the fons of God came, and stood before the Lord, and Satan came among them, and stood in his sight,

2 That the Lord faid to Satan: Whence comest thou? and he answered, and faid: I have gone round about the earth, and walked through it.

3 And the Lord said to Satan: Hast thou considered my servant Job, that there is none like him in the earth, a man simple, and upright, and searing God, and departing from evil, and still keeping his innocence? But thou

hast moved me against him, that I should afflict him without cause.

4 And Satan answered, and faid: Skin for skin, and all that a man hath he will give for his life;

5 But put forth thy hand, and touch his bone-and his flesh, and then thou shalt see that he will bless thee to thy face.

6 And the Lord faid to Satan: Behold he is in thy hand,

but yet fave his life.

7 So Satan went forth from the presence of the Lord, and firuck Job with a very grievous ulcer, from the sole of the foot even to the top of his head:

8 And he took a potsheard and scraped the corrupt matter, sitting on a dunghil.

9 And his wife said to him: Dott thou still continue in thy simplicity? bless God and die.

Thou hast spoken like one of the foolish women, if we have received good things at the hand of God, why should we not receive evil? in all these things Job did not sin with his lips:

friends heared all the evil, that had befallen him, they came every one from his own place, Eliphaz the Themanite, and Baldad the Suhite, and Sophar the Naamathite. For they had made an appointment to come together and visit him, and comfort him.

12 And when they had lift up their eyes afar off, they knew him not, and crying out they wept, and rending their garments they fprinkled dust upon their heads toward heaven.

13 And they fat with him on the ground (a) feven days and feven nights, and no man spoke to him a word: for they saw that his grief was very great.

CHAP. III.

Job expresseth his sense of the miseries of man's life, by cursing the day of his birth.

AFTER this Job opened his mouth, and (a) curied his day,

Chap. 11. (a) Ver. 13. Seven days, &c. They fat with him for a good part of the day, and of the night, during feven days; and spoke nothing all that time that could give him any uneafiness.

Chap. III. (a) Ver. 1. Curfed his day. Job curfed the day of his birth, not by way of withing evil to any thing of God's creation; but only to express in a stronger manner his fense of human miseries in general, and of his own calamities in particular.

2 And he faid:

g Let the day perish wherein I was born, and the night in which it was said: A manchild is conceived.

4 Let that day be turned into darkness, let not God regard it from above, and let not the light shine upon it.

5 Let darkness, and the shadow of death cover it, let a mist overspread it, and let it be wrapped up in bitterness.

6 Let a darksome whirlwind seize upon that night, let it not be counted in the days of the year, nor numbered in the months.

7 Let that night be folitary, and not worthy of praise.

8 Let them curse it who curse the day, who are ready to raise up a Leviathan.

g Let the stars thereof be darkened with a mist: let it look for light and not see it, nor the rising of the dawning of the day.

the doors of the womb, that bore me, nor took away evils from my eyes.

the womb, why did I not die in the womb, why did I not perift when I came out of the belly?

upon the knees? why was I fuckled at the breafts?

been afleep and still, and should have rest in my steep:

CHAP

14 With kings and confuls

of the earth, who build themfelves folitudes:

15 Or with princes, that possess gold, and fill their houses with filver:

16 Or as a hidden untimely birth I should not be, or as they that being conceived have not seen the light.

17 There the wicked cease from tumult, and there the wearied in strength are at rest.

18 And they that were fometime bound are together without disquiet, they hear not the voice of the oppressor.

19 The fmall and great are there, and the feruant is free from his mafter.

20 Why is light given to him that is in mifery, and life to them, that are in birterness of soul?

21 That look for death, and it cometh not, as they that dig for a treasure.

eccdingly when they have found the grave.

23 To a man whose way is hid, and God hath surrounded him with darkness?

24 Before I eat I figh: and as overflowing waters, fo it my roaring:

25 For the fear which I feared, hath come upon me; and that which I was afraid of, hath befallen me.

have I not diffembled? have I not been quiet? and indignation is come upon me.

CHAP.

## CHAP. IV.

Eliphaz charges Job with impatience, and pretends that God never afflicts the innocent.

THEN Eliphaz the Themanite answered, and

2 If we begin to fpeak to thee, perhaps thou wilt take it ill, but who can withold the words he hath conceived?

3 Behold thou hast taught many, and thou hast strengthened the weary hands:

4 Thy words have confirmed them that were staggering, and thou hast strengthened the trembling knees:

5 But now the scourge is come upon thee, and thou faintest. It hath touched thee, and thou art troubled.

6 Where is thy fear, thy fortitude, thy patience, and the perfection of thy ways?

7 Remember I pray thee, who ever perished being innocent? or when were the just destroyed?

8 On the contrary I have feen them, that work iniquity, and that fow forrows, and reap them,

9 Perishing by the blast of God, and consumed by the

spirit of his wrath.

on, and the voice of the liones, and the teeth of the whelps of lions are broken:

II The tiger hath perish-

ed, for want of prey, and the young lions are scattered abroad.

fpoken to me in private, and my ears by ftealth as it were received the veins of its whifper.

13 In the horror of a vifion by night, when deep fleep is wont to hold men,

14 Fear seized upon me, and trembling, and all my bones were affrighted:

15 And when a spirit passed before me, the hair of my

fleih flood up.

16 There stood one, whose countenance I knew not, an image before my eyes, and I heard the voice as it were of a gentle wind.

17 Saying, Shall man be justified in comparison of God, or shall a man be more pure

than his maker?

18 Behold they that ferve him, are not stedfast, and in his Angels he found wickedness:

they that dwell in houses of clay, who have an earthly foundation, be consumed as with the moth?

20 From morning till evening they shall be cut down: and because no one understandeth, they shall perish for ever.

21' And they that shall be left, shall be taken away from them: they shall die, and not in wisdom.

CHAP.

## CHAP. V.

Eliphaz proceeds in his charge, and exhorts Job to acknowledge his fins.

ALL now if there be any that will answer thee, and turn to some of the faints.

2 Anger indeed killeth the foolish, and envy slayeth the little one.

3 I have feen a fool with a ftrong root, and I curfed his

beauty immediately.

4 His children shall be far from fafety, and shall be destroyed in the gate, and there shall be none to deliver them.

gry shall eat, and the armed man shall take him by violence, and the thirsty shall drink up his riches.

6 Nothing upon earth is done without a cause, and forrow doth not spring out of the

ground.

7 Man is born to labour, and the bird to flie.

8 Wherefore I will pray to the Lord, and address my speech to God:

9 Who doth great things and unfearchable and wonderful things without number:

to Who giveth rain upon the face of the earth, and watereth all things with waters:

11 Who fetteth up the humble on high, and comfort-

eth with health them that

the defigns of the malignant, fo that their hands cannot accomplish what they had begun:

in their craftiness, and disappointeth the counsel of the

wicked:

darkness in the day, and grope at noon-day as in the night.

15 But he shall fave the needy from the sword of their mouth, and the poor from the hand of the violent.

16 And to the needy there shall be hope, but iniquity shall draw in her mouth.

17 Bleffed is the man whom God correcteth: refuse not therefore the chastising of the Lord:

18 For he woundeth, and cureth: he striketh, and his

hands shall heal.

19 In fix troubles he shall deliver thee, and in the feventh evil shall not touch thee.

20 In famine he shall deliver thee from death; and in battle, from the hand of the fword.

21 Thou shalt be hid from the scourge of the tongue: and thou shall not fear calamity when it cometh.

22 In destruction and famine thou shalt laugh; and shall not be afraid of the beasts of the earth.

23 But thou shalt have a covenant

covenant with the stones of the lands, and the beasts of the earth shall be at peace with thee.

24 And thou shalt know that thy tabernacle is in peace, and visiting thy beauty thou shalt not fin.

25 Thou shalt know also that thy feed shall be multiplied, and thy offspring like the grass of the earth.

26 Thou shalt enter into the grave in abundance, as a heap of wheat is brought in in its season.

27 Behold, this is even so, as we have searched it: and now thou hast heard it consider it thoroughly in thy mind.

CHAP. VI.

Job maintains his iunocence, and complains of his friends.

BUT Job answered, and faid:

2 O that (a) my fins, whereby I have deserved wrath, and the calamity that I suffer, were weighed in a ballance.

3 As the fand of the sea this would appear heavier, therefore my words are full of sorrow; 4 For the arrows of the Lord are in me, the rage whereof drinketh up my spirit, and the terrors of the Lord war against me.

when he hath grass? or will the ox low when he standeth before a full manger?

6 Or can an unfavoury thing be eaten, that is not feafoned with falt? or can a man tafte that which when tafted bringeth death?

7 The things which before my foul would not touch, now, through anguish, are my meats.

8 Who will grant that my request may come: and that God may give me what I look for ?

o And that he that hath begun may destroy me, that he may let loose his hand, and cut me off?

no And that this may be my comfort, that whilst he afflicteth me with forrow, he may not spare me, and I may not contradict the words of the holy one.

11 For what is my strength, that I can hold out? or what is my end, that I should keep patience.

Chap. VI. (a) Ver. 2. My fins, &c. In the Hebrew, my wrath. He does not mean to compare his sufferings with his real fins; but with the imaginary crimes which his friends falsely imputed to him: and especially with his wrath, or grief, expressed in the third chapter, which they so much accused. Though, as he tells them here, it bore no proportion with the greatness of his calamity.

12 My strength is not the strength of stones, nor is my slesh of brass.

13 Behold there is no help for me in myself, and my familiar friends also are departed from me.

14 He that taketh away mercy from his friend, forfaketh the fear of the Lord.

15 My brethren have paffed by me, as the torrent that paffeth swiftly in the valleys.

16 They that fear the hoary frost, the snow shall

fall upon them.

fhall be scattered they shall perish: and after it groweth hot they shall be melted out of their place.

18 The paths of their steps are intangled: they shall walk in vain, and shall perish.

19 Confider the paths of Thema, the ways of Saba, and wait a little while.

20 They are confounded, because I have hoped: they are come also even unto me, and are covered with shame.

21 Now you are come: and now feeing my affliction

you are afraid.

22 Did I say: Bring to me, and give me of your substance?

23 Or deliver me from the hand of the enemy, and refcue me out of the hand of the mighty?

24 Teach me, and I will hold my peace; and if I have

been ignorant in any thing, instruct me.

25 Why have you detracted the words of truth, whereas there is none of you that can reprove me?

26 You dress up speeches only to rebuke, and you utter

words to the wind.

27 You rush in upon the fatherless, and you endeayour to overthrow your friend.

28 However finish what you have begun: give ear, and see whether I lie.

29 Answer I beseech you without contention: and speaking that which is just, judge

30' And you shall not find iniquity in my tongue, nei-

ther shall folly found in my mouth.

## CHAP. VII.

Job declares the miseries of man's life: and addresses bimself to God.

THE life of man upon earth is a warfare, and his days, are like the days of a hireling.

2 As a fervant longeth for the shade, as the hireling looketh for the end of his work.

3 So I also have had empty months and have numbred to myself wearisom nights.

4 If I lie down to fleep, I shall fay: When shall I arise? and again I shall look for the evening, and shall be filled with forrows even till darkness.

of My flesh is clothed with rottenness and the filth of dust, my skin is withered, and drawn together.

6 My days have passed more swiftly, then the web is cut by the weaver, and are consumed without any hope.

7 Remember that my life is but wind, and my eye shall not return to see good things.

8 Nor shall the fight of man behold me: thy eyes are upon me, and I shall be no more.

9 As a cloud is confumed, and paffeth away: fo he that shall go down to hell shall not come up.

any more into his house, neither shall his place know him

any more.

fpare my mouth, I will fpeak in the affliction of my spirit: I will talk with the bitterness of my soul.

12 Am I a sea, or a whale, that thou hast enclosed me in

a prison.

13 If I say: My bed shall comfort me, and I shall be releived speaking with myself on my couch:

14 Thou wilt frighten me with dreams and terrify me

with visions.

VIVI D

chooseth hanging, and my bones death.

I shall now live no longer;

Spare me for my days are no-

17 What is a man that thou shouldst magnify him? or why dost thou set thy heart upon him?

18 Thou visitest him early, in the morning, and thou provest him suddenly.

not spare me, nor let me alone to swallow down my spittle?

20 I have finned, what shall I do to thee O keeper of men? why hast thou set me opposite to thee, and I am become burdensom to my-self?

21 Why dost thou not remove my fin, and why dost thou not take away my iniquity? Behold now I shall sleep in the dust: and if thou seek me in the morning, I shall not be.

## CHAP. VIII.

Baldad under pretence of defending the justice of God, accuses Job, and exhorts bim to return to God.

THEN Baldad the Suhite answered and said: 2 How long wift thou speak these things, and how long shall the words of thy mouth be like a strong wind.

3 Doth God pervert judgement, or doth the almighty overthrow that which is just?

4 Although thy children have finned against him, and

he hath left them in the hand | he shall prop it up and it shall of their iniquity is a said

Yet if thou wilt arise early to God, and wilt befeech the

Almighty: Bot 11 bot A

6 If thou wilt walk clean and upright, he will prefently awake unto thee, and will make the dwelling of thy juftice peaceable:

7 In so much, that if thy former things were fmall, thy latter things would be multiplied exceedingly.

8 For enquire of the former generation, and fearch diligently into the memory

of the fathers. 9 (For we are but of yesterday, and are ignorant that

our days upon earth are but

a fhadow, ) 10 And they shall teach thee : they shall speak to thee, and utter words out of their heartsyro and date sagate

11 Can the rush be green without moitture? or a fedgebush grow without water?

12 When it is yet in flower, and is not plucked up with the hand, it withereth before all herbs.

13 Even so are the ways of all, that forget God, and the hope of the hypocrite shall perish : 151 / 1880 la basil on

14 His folly shall not please him, and his truft shall be like

the spiders web.

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15 He shall lean upon his house, and it shall not stand:

colored mine.

not rife;

16 He feemeth to have moisture before the fun cometh, and at his rifing his bloffom shall shoot forth.

17 His roots shall be thick upon a heap of itones and among the stones he shall abide. : son illolin a pas . 10

18 If one swallow him up out of his place, he shall deny him, and shall say I know thee not.

19 For this is the joy of his way, that others may spring again out of the earth and and

20 God will not cast away the fimple, nor reach out his hand to the evil doer.

21 Until thy mouth be filled with laughter, and thy lips with rejoicing.

22 They that hate thee. shall be clothed with confusion and the dwelling of the wicked shall not stand

## CHAP. IX.

Tob acknowledges God's juftice : although be often affliets the innocent.

A N D Job answered and,

2 Indeed I know it is fo. and that man cannot be justified compared with God.

3 If he will contend with him, he cannot answer him one for a thouland, to easil to

4 He is wife in heart, and mighty in ftrength : who hath Be tuorniw to a place relified

refifted him, and hath had not made a political

who hath removed mountains, and they whom he overthrew in his wrath, knew it not.

6 Who shaketh the earth out of her place, and the pillars thereof tremble.

- Who commandeth the fun, and it rifeth not : and shutteth up the stars as it were under a feal : il sed to the on

8 Who alone spreadeth out the heavens, and walketh upon the waves of the fea.

o Who maketh (a) Arcturus, and Orion, and Hyades, and the inner parts of the fouther described and the

10 Who doth things great and incomprehenfible, and wonderful, of which there is no Bull telepolitic number.

II If he come to me, I shall not see him: if he depart I shall not understand.

12 If he examine on a fudden, who shall answer him? or who can fay: Why doft thou fo?

13 God, whose wrath no man can refift, and under whom they floop that bear up the world.

14 Whotam Ithen, that 1. should wer him, and have words with him?

1 c I, who although I should have any just thing, would not answer, but would make supplication to my judge.

16 And if he should hear me when I call, I should not believe that he had heard my voice. bres to some many solers

17 For he shall crush me in a whirlwind, and multiply my wounds even (b) without caule. Sorow agriculta canada

18 He alloweth not my spirit to rest, and he filleth me with bitterness.

19 If strength be demanded. he is most strong: if equity of judgment, no man dare bear witness for me.

20 If I would justify myfelf, my own mouth shall condemn me: if I would shew myfelf, innocent, he shall prove me wicked.

21 Although I should be fimple, even this my foul shall be ignorant of, and I shall be weary of my life.

22 One thing there is that I have spoken, both the innocent and the wicked he confumeth.

23 If he scourge, let him kill at once, and not laugh at the pains of the innocent.

24 The earth is given into the hand of the wicked, he

Chap: IX. (a) Ver. 9. Ardurus, &c. Thefe are names of stars or constellations. In Hebrew, Ash, Cefil, and Citie diel leen woon inic mah. ring mi shw zi old

(b) Ver. 17. Without cause. That is, without my knowing the cause; or without any crime of mine.

thereof: and if it be not he, who is it then?

25 My days have been fwifter than a post : they have fled away and have not feen good.

26 They have passed by as fhips carrying fruits, as an eagle flying to the prey.

27 If I fay: I will not fpeak fo: I change my face, and am tormented with forrow.

28 I feared all my works, knowing that thou didft not fpare the offender and in

20 But if fo alfo I am wicked why have I laboured in vain?

30 If I be washed as it were with fnow-waters, and my hands shall shine never fo clean:

31 Yet shall thou plunge me in filth, and my garments shall abhor me.

gr For I shall not answer a man that is like myfelf: nor one that may be heard with me equally in judgment.

33 There is none that may be able to reprove both, and to put his hand between both.

34 Let him take his rod away from me, and let not his fear terrify me.

35 I will fpeak, and will not fear him; for I cannot answer while I am in fear.

CHAP.X.

Job laments his afflictions and begs to be delivered.

Y foul is weary of my VI life, I will let go my

covereth the face of the judges | speech against myself. I will speak in the bitterness of my foul more than then remember

2 I will fay to God: Do not condemn me : tell me why

thou judgest me so.

3 Doth it feem good to thee that thou shouldst calumniate me, and oppress me. the work of thy own hands. and help the counsel of the wicked ? you go she to

4 Haft thou eyes of flesh: or, shalt thou see as man feeth?

Are thy days as the days of man, and are thy years as the times of men : (1) yournut

6 That thou shouldst enquire after my iniquity, and fearch after my fin?

7 And shouldst know that I have done no wicked thing. whereas there is no man that can deliver out of thy hand.

8 Thy hands have made me, and fashioned me wholly round about, and doft thou thus cast me down headlong on a fudden?

9 Remember I befeech thee that thou haft made me as the clay, and thou wilt bring me into dust again.

10 Haft thou not milked me as milk, and curdled me

like cheese?

11 Thou haft clothed me with skin and flesh: thou hast put me together with bones and finews.

12 Thou haft granted me life and mercy, and thy vifitation hath preserved my spirit, 13 Although 13 Although thou conceal these things in thy heart, yet I know that thou remembrest

all things.

14 If I have finned and thou hast spared me for an hour: why dost thou not suffer me to be clean from my iniquity?

wo unto me: and if just, I shall not lift up my head, being filled with affliction and

mifery.

16 And for pride thou wilt take me as a lioness, and returning thou tormentest me wonderfully.

17 Thou renewest thy witnesses against me, and multipliest thy wrath upon me, and

pains war against me.

18 Why didft thou bring me forth out of the womb?

O that I had been confumed that eye might not fee me!

19 I should have been as if I had not been, carried from

the womb to the grave.

20 Shall not the fewness of my days be ended shortly? fuffer me therefore, that I may lament my forrow a little:

21 Before I go, and return no more, to a land that is dark and covered with the mift of death:

darkness, where the shadow of death, and no order, but everlasting horror dwelleth.

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CHAP. XI.

Sophar reproveth Job, for justifying himself, and inviteth him to repentance.

HEN Sophar the Naamathite answered, and

2 Shall not he that speaketh much, hear also? or shall a man full of talk be justified?

3 Shall men hold their peace to thee only? and when thou haft mocked others, shall no man confute thee?

4 For thou hast said: My word is pure, and I am clean

in thy fight. andal I mes your

5 And I wish that God would speak with thee, and would open his lips to thee,

6 That he might shew thee the secrets of wisdom, and that his law is manifold, and thou mightest understand that he exacteth much less of thee, than thy iniquity deserveth.

7 Peradventure thou wilt comprehend the steps of God, and wilt find out the Almigh-

ty perfectly i win or bles and

8 He is higher than heaven, and what wilt thou do: he is deeper than hell, and how wilt thou know?

of The measure of him is longer than the earth, and broader than the sea.

10 If he shall over-turn all things, or shall press them together, who shall contradict him? 11 For he knoweth the vanity of men, and when he feeth iniquity, doth he not confider it?

12 A vain man is lifted up into pride, and thinketh himfelf born free like a wild affes

colt.

13 But thou hast hardened thy heart, and hast spread thy

hands to him.

14 If thou wilt put away from thee the iniquity that is in thy hand, and let not injustice remain in thy tabernacle:

15 Then mayst thou lift up thy face without spot, and thou shalt be stedfast, and

shalt not fear.

16 Thou shalt also forget thy misery, and remember it only as waters that are passed

away.

17 And brightness like that of the noon day, shall arise to thee at evening: and when thou shalt think thyself consumed, thou shalt rise as the day-star.

18 And thou shalt have considence, hope being set before thee, and being buried thou shalt sleep secure.

there shall be none to make thee afraid: and many shall

intreat thy face.

wicked shall decay, and the way to escape shall fail them, and their hope the abomination of the soul.

CHAP. XII.
Job's reply to Sophar. He
extols God's power and wifdom.

THEN Job answered,

2 Are you then men alone, and shall wisdom die with you?

yell as you: for who is ignorant of these things, which

you know?

4 He that is mocked by his friend as I am, shall call upon God and he will hear him: for the simplicity of the just man is laughed to scorn.

5 The lamp despited in the thoughts of the rich, is ready for the time appointed.

6 The tabernacles of robbers abound, and they provoke God boldly, whereas it is he that hath given all into their hands:

7 But ask now the beasts, and they shall teach thee; and the birds of the air and they shall tell thee.

8 Speak to the earth, and it shall answer thee: and the fishes of the sea shall tell.

9 Who is ignorant that the hand of the Lord hath made

all their things?

foul of every living thing, and the spirit of all flesh of

B 3 Cern

cern words, and the palate of him that eateth, the tafte.

12 In the ancient is wifdom, and in length of days prudence.

and firength, he hath counsel

and understanding.

14 If he pull down, there is no man that can build up: if he shut up a man, there is

none that can open.

ters, all things shall be dried up: and if he send them out, they shall overturn the earth.

and wisdom: he knoweth both the deceiver, and him that is deceived.

to a foolish end, and judges

to infensibility.

kings, and girdeth their loins with a cord.

19 He leadeth away priefts without glory, and over-

throweth nobles.

of the true speakers, and taketh away the doctrine of the aged.

upon princes, and relieveth them that were oppressed.

22 He discovereth deep things out of darkness, and bringeth up to light the shadow of death.

23 He multiplieth nations, and destroyeth them, and re-

ftoreth them again after they were overthrown.

of the princes of the people of the earth, and deceiveth them, fo that they walk in vain where there is no way.

25 They shall grope as in the dark, and not in the light, and he shall make them stagger like men that are drunk.

### CHAP. XIII.

Job perfifs in maintaining his innocence: and reproves his friends.

BEHOLD my eye hath feen all these things, and my ear hath heard them, and I have understood them all.

2 According to your knowledge I also know: neither am I inferior to you.

3 But yet I will freak to the Almighty, and I defire to

reason with God.

4 Having first shewed that you are forgers of lies, and maintainers of perverse opinions.

5 And I wish you would hold your peace, that you might be thought to be wise men.

6 Hear ye therefore my reproof, and attend to the iudgment of my lips.

7 Hath God any need of your lie, that you should speak

deceitfully for him?

8 Do you accept his person, and do you endeavour to judge for God? of Or shall this please him, from whom nothing can be concealed? or shall he be deceived as a man, with your deceit-ful dealings?

10 He shall reprove you, because in secret you accept

his person.

nove himself, he shall trouble you: and his dread shall fall

upon you.

be compared to aihes, and your necks shall be brought to clay.

13 Hold your peace a little while, that I may speak, whatsoever my mind shall

fuggest to me.

14 Why do I tear my flesh with my teeth, and carry my

foul in my hands?

me, I will trust in him: but yet I will reprove my ways in his fight.

16 And he shall be my faviour: for no hypocrite shall come before his presence.

17 Hear ye my speech, and receive with your ears hidden truths.

I know that I shall be found

just.

plead against me? let him come: why am I consumed holding my peace?

to me; and then I will not hide my felf from thy face:

21 Withdraw thy hand far from me, and let not thy dread terrify me,

22 Call me, and I will answer thee: or else I will speak, and do thou answer me.

23 How many are my iniquities and fins, make me know my crimes and offences.

face, and thinkelt me thy ene-

my ? 28 221000 VED

25 Against a leaf, that is carried away with the wind, thou shewest thy power, and thou pursuest a dry straw.

26 For thou writest bitter things against me, and wilt consume me for the sins of

my youth.

27 Thou hast put my feet in the stocks, and hast observed all my paths, and hast considered the steps of my feet.

28 Who am to be confumed as rottenness, and as a garment, that is moth-eaten.

## CHAP. XIV.

Job declares the hortness of man's days: and professes his belief of a resurrection.

MAN born of a woman, living for short time, is filled with many miseries.

a flower, and is destroyed, and fleeth as a shadow, and never continueth in the same state.

3 And dost thou think it meet to open thy eyes upon such an one, and to bring him into judgment with thee?

4 What

4 Who can make him clean that is conceived of unclean feed? is it not thou who only art?

The days of man are fhort, and the number of his months is with thee: thou haft appointed his bounds which cannot be paffed.

6 Departa little from him, that he may rest, until his wished for day come, as that

of the hireling.

7 A tree hath hope: if it be cut, it groweth green again, and the boughs thereof fprout.

8 If its root be old in the earth, and its flock be dead

in the dust.

o At the fcent of water it shall spring, and bring forth leaves, as when it was first planted.

But man when he shall be dead, and stripped and confumed, I pray you where

is he?

II As if the waters should depart out of the sea, and an emptied river should be dried

12 So man when he is fallen afleep shall not rife again, till the heavens be broken, he shall not awake, nor rife up out of his fleep.

13 Who will grant me this, that thou mayst protect me

(a) in hell, and hide me, till thy wrath pass, and appoint me a time, when thou wilt remember me?

14 Shall man that is dead, thinkest thou, live again? all the days, in which I am now in warfare, I expect until my

change come.

15 Thou shalt call me, and I will answer thee: to the work of thy hands thou shalt reach out thy right hand.

16 Thou indeed haft numbered my steps, but spare my

fins.

17 Thou haft fealed up my offences as it were in a bag, but haft cured my iniquity.

18 A mountain falling cometh to nought, and a rock is removed out of its place.

10 Waters wear away the ftones, and with washing the ground by little and little is washed away: so in like manner thou shalt destroy man.

20 Thou haft ftrengthened him for a little while that he may pass away for ever : thou shalt change his face, and shalt fend him away.

21 Whether his children come to honour or dishonour, he shall not understand.

22 But yet his flesh, while he shall live, shall have pain, and his foul shall mourn over him.

Chap. XIV. (a) Ver. 13. In bell. That is, in the flate of the dead; and in the place where the fouls are kept waiting for their redeemer.

## CHAP. XV.

Eliphaz returns to the charge against Job, and describes the averetched state of the wicked.

A ND Eliphaz the Themanite answered, and

2 Will a wife man answer as if he were speaking in the wind, and fill his stomach with burning heat?

3 Thou reprovest him by words, that is not equal to thee, and thou speakest that which is not good for thee.

thou hast made void fear, and hast taken away prayers from before God.

5 For thy iniquity hath taught thy mouth, and thou imitatest the tongue of blasphemers.

6 Thy own mouth shall condemn thee, and not I: and thy own lips shall answer thee.

7 Art thou the first man that was born, or wast thou made before the hills?

8 Haft thou heard God's counsel, and shall his wisdom be inferior to thee?

9 What knowest thou that we are ignorant of? what dost thou understand that we know not?

10 There are with us also aged and ancient men, much elder than thy fathers.

11 Is it a great matter that

God should comfort thee? but thy wicked words hinder this.

elevate thee, and why doft thou stare with thy eyes, as if thou wert thinking great things?

13. Why doth thy spirit swell against God, to utter such words out of thy mouth.

14 What is man, that he should be without spot, and he that is born of a woman, that he should appear just?

none is unchangeable, and the heavens are not pure in his fight.

16 How much more is man abominable, and unprofitable, who drinketh iniquity like water?

17 I will shew thee, hear me: and I will tell thee what I have seen.

18 Wife men confess and hide not what they have from their fathers.

19 To whom alone the earth was given, and no stranger hath passed among them.

20 The wicked man is proud all his days, and the number of the years of his tyranny is uncertain.

21 The found of dread is always in his ears: and when there is peace, he always fuspecteth treason.

he may return from darkness to light, looking round about for the sword on every side.

23 When

23 When he moveth himfelf to feek bread, he knoweth that the day of darkness is ready at his hand.

24 Tribulation shall terrify him, and distress shall surround him, as a king that is prepared for the battle.

25 For he hath stretched out his hand against God, and hath strengthened himself against the Almighty.

26 He hath run against him with his neck raised up, and is armed with a fat neck.

27 Fatness hath covered his face, and the fat hangeth down on his fides.

28 He hath dwelt in defolate cities, and in defart houses, that are reduced into heaps.

29 He shall not be enriched, neither shall his substance continue, neither shall he push his root in the earth.

of darkness: the flame shall dry up his branches, and he shall be taken away by the breath of his own mouth.

being vainly deceived by error, that he may be redeemed with any price.

32 Before his days be full, he shall perish: and his hands shall wither away,

33 He shall be blasted as a vine, when its grapes are in the first flower, and as an o-live-tree that casteth its flower.

34 For the congregation of

the hypocrite is barren, and a fire shall devour their tabernacles, who love to take bribes.

35 He hath conceived forrow, and hath brought forth iniquity, and his womb prepareth deceits.

## CHAP. XVI.

Job expossulates with his friends: and appeals to the judgment of God.

HEN Job answered,

z I have often heard fuch things as these: You are all troublesome comforters.

3 Shall windy words have no end? or is it any trouble to thee to foeak?

4 I also could speak like you: and would God your soul were for my soul.

5 I would comfort you also with words, and would wag my head over you.

6 I would firengthen you with my mouth, and would move my lips, as sparing you.

7 But what shall I do? If I speak, my pain will not rest: and if I hold my peace, it will not depart from me.

8 But now my forrow hath oppressed me, and all my limbs are brought to nothing.

o My wrinkles bear witness against me, and a false speaker riseth up against my face contradicting me.

gether his fury against me, and threatening me he hath

gnashed

gnashed with his teeth upon me : my enemy hath beheld me with terrible eyes of the

They have opened their mouths, upon me, and reproaching me they have ftruck me on the cheek, they are filled with my pains,

12 God hath thut me up with the unjust man, and hath delivered me into the hands of

the wicked! and soudland?

12 I that was formerly fo wealthy, am all on a fudden broken to pieces: he hath taken me by my neck, he hath broken me, and hath fet me up to be his mark.

14 He hath compafted me round about with his lances. he hath wounded my loins, he hath not spared, and hath poured out my bowels on the

earth, on the ton a fine to

15 He hath torn me with wound upon wound, he hath rushed in upon me like a giant.

16 I have fewed fack cloth upon my skin, and have covered my flesh with ashes.

17 My face is fwoln with weeping, and my eye-lids are dim. Herb lass

18 These things have I fuffered without the iniquity of my hand, when I offered pure prayers to God.

10 O earth cover not thou my blood, neither let my cry find a hiding place in thee.

20 For behold my witness is in heaven, and he that knoweth my conscience is on highosatisat base, and to be

21 My friends are full of words: my eye poureth out

tears to God.

22 And O that a man might fo be judged with God. as the fon of man is judged with his companion, Wood

23 For behold short years país away, and I am walking in a path, by which I shall

not return, days and the

## CHAP. XVII. Job's hope in God: be expects rest in death.

Y fpirit shall be wasted, my days shall be shortened, and only the grave remaineth for me. b

2 I have (a) not finned. and my eye abideth in bitter-

nels and the transfer det 3 Deliver me O Lord, and fet me befide thee, and let any man's hand fight against me.

4 Thou hast fet their heart far from understanding, therefore they shall not be exalted.

G He promifeth a prey to his companions, and the eyes of his children shall fail.

6 He hath made me as it were a by-word of the people, and I am an example before them.

7 My eye is dim through

Chap. XVII. (a) Ver. 2. Not finned. That is, I am not guilty of such fins as they charge me with. .

indignation, and my limbs are brought as it were to nothing.

8 The just shall be aftonished at this, and the innocent shall be raited up against the hypocrite. of the total track

9 And the just man shall hold on his way, and he that hath clean hands shall be

ftronger and ftronger.

10 Wherefore be you all converted, and come, and I shall not find among you any wife man aw vo disco a ar

11 My days have paffed away, my thoughts are diffipated, tormenting my heart:

12 They have turned night into day, and after darkness I hope for light again.

13 If I wait (b) hell is

my house, and I have made my bed in darkness.

14 I have faid to rottenness: Thou art my father, to worms, you are my mother, and my lifter.

15 Where is now then my expectation, and who confi-

dereth my patience?

16 All that I have shall go down into the (c) deepest pit: thinkest thou that there at least I shall have rest?

## CHAP. XVIII.

Baldad again reproves Job: and describes the miseries of the wicked.

HEN Baldad the Suhite answered, and faid:

2 How long will ye throw out words? understand first. and fo let us speak.

1 3 Why are we reputed as beatts, and counted vile be-

fore you? I was a as employed

Thou that destroyest thy foul in thy fury, shall the earth be forfaken for thee, and shall rocks be removed out of their place tea ser orai um toraviso

5 Shall not the light of the wicked be extinguished, and the flame of his fire not shine?

6 The light shall be dark in his tabernacle, and the lamp that is over him, shall be put out. Shaas eid of of que em

The step of his strength shall be straitened, and his own counsel thall cast him down headlong. . her all him has en

8 For he hath thrust his feet into a net, and walketh

in its mashes, as a series

9 The fole of his foot shall be held in a mare, and thirst shall burn against him.

10 A gin is hid for him in the earth, and his trap up-

on the path.

11 Fears shall terrify him on every fide, and shall entangle his feet.

12 Let his ftrength be wasted with famine, and let hunger invade his ribs.

1 13 Let it devour the beauty of his skin, let the firstborn death confume his arms.

14 Let his confidence be

<sup>(</sup>b) Ver 13. Hell. Seol. The region of the dead.

<sup>(</sup>c) Ver. 16. Deepeft pit. Litterally bell.

rooted out of his tabernacle, and let destruction tread upon

him like a king.

him, that is not, dwell in his tabernacle, let brimstone be sprinkled in his tent.

16 Let his roots be dried up beneath, and his harvest de-

ftroyed above.

17 Let the memory of him perish from the earth, and let not his name be renowned in the streets.

of light into darkness, and shall remove him out of the world.

fift, nor his offspring among his people, nor any remnants

in his country.

20 They that come after him shall be aftonished at his day, and horror shall fall upon them that went before.

21 These then are the tabernacles of the wicked, and this the place of him that knoweth not God.

#### CHAP, XIX.

Job complains of the cruelty of his friends: he describes his own sufferings: and his belief of a future resurrection.

THEN Job answered, and said:

z How long do you afflict my foul, and break me in pieces with words?

3 Behold, these ten times you confound me, and are not

ashamed to oppress me.

4 For if I have been ignorant, my ignorance shall be with me.

5 But you fet yourselves up against me, and reprove me

with my reproaches.

6 At least now understand, that God hath not afflicted me (a) by a just judgment, and compassed me with his scourges.

7 Behold I shall cry suffering violence, and no one will hear: I shall cry aloud, and there is none to judge.

8 He hath hedged in my path round about, and I cannot pass, and in my way he hath set darkness.

9 He hath stript me of my glory, and hath taken the

crown from my head.

10 He hath destroyed me on every side, and I am lost, and he hath taken away my hope, as from a tree that is plucked up.

11 His wrath is kindled against me, and he hath coun-

ted me as his enemy.

12 His troops have come together, and have made them-

Chap. XIX. (a) Ver. 6. By a just jugdment. That is, these afflictions, which God hath sent, are not sent me by way of a just judgment, for the crimes you falsly charge me with: but for other reasons, best known to the divine wisdom.

C felves

felves a way by me, and have befieged my tabernacle round about.

13 He hath put my brethren far from me, and my acquaintance like strangers have departed from me.

14 My kinfmen have forfaken me, and they that knew

me have forgotten me.

15 They that dwell in my house, and my maid-servants have counted me as a stranger, and I have been like an alien in their eyes.

16 I called my fervant, and he gave me no answer, I entreated him with my own

mouth.

my breath, and I entreated the children of my womb.

and when I was gone from them, they spoke against me.

19 They that were some time my counsellors have abhorred me: and he whom I loved most, is turned against me.

20 The flesh being confumed my bone hath cleaved to my skin, and nothing but lips are left about my teeth.

21 Have pity on me, have pity on me, at least you my friends, because the hand of the Lord hath touched me.

22 Why do you persecute me as God, and glut your

selves with my flesh?

that my words may be writ-

ten? who will grant me that they may be marked down in a book,

24 With an iron pen, and in a plate of lead, or elfe be graven with an instrument in flint-stone?

25 For I know that my Redeemer liveth, and in the last day I shall rise out of the earth.

26 And I shall be clothed again with my skin, and in my slesh I shall see my God.

27 Whom I myself shall see, and my eyes shall behold, and not another: this my hope is laid up in my bosom.

28 Why then do you fay now: Let us perfecute him, and let us find occasion of word

against him?

29 Flee then from the face of the fword, for the fword is the revenger of iniquities: and know ye that there is a judgment.

#### CHAP. XX.

Sophar declares the shortness of the prosperity of the wicked: and their sudden downfal.

THEN Sophar the Naamathite answered, and

2 Therefore various thoughts fucceed one another in me, and my mind is hurried away to different things.

3 The doctrine with which thou reprovest me, I will hear,

and

and the spirit of my understanding shall answer for me.

4 This I know from the beginning, fince man was placed upon the earth,

5 That the praise of the wicked is short, and the joy of the hypocrite but for a

moment:

6 If his pride mount up even to heaven, and his head

touch the clouds:

7 In the end he shall be destroyed like a dunghil, and they that had feen him, shall fay: Where is he?

8 As a dream that fleeth away he shall not be found, he shall pass as a vision of the

night:

o The eyes that had feen him, shall see him no more, neither shall his place any more behold him.

10 His children shall be oppressed with want, and his hands shall render to him his

forrow.

11 His bones shall be filled with the vices of his youth, and they shall fleep with him in the duft.

12 For when evil shall be fweet in his mouth, he will hide it under his tongue.

13 He will spare it, and not leave it, and will hide it in his throat.

14 His bread in his belly shall be turned into the gall of asps within him.

15 The riches which he

mit up, and God shall draw them out of his belly.

16 He shall fuck the head of afps, and the viper's tongue

shall kill him.

17 (Let him not fee the streams of the river, the brooks of honey, and of butter.)

18 He shall be punished for all that he did, and yet shall not be confumed: according to the multitude of his devices fo also shall he fuffer.

10 Bécause he broke in and stript the poor: he hath violently taken away a house, which he did not build.

20 And yet his belly was not filled: and when he hath the things he coveted, he shall not be able to possess them.

21 There was nothing left of his meat, and therefore nothing shall continue of his

goods :

22 When he shall be filled, he shall be straitened, he shall burn, and every forrow shall

fall upon him.

23 May his belly be filled, that God may fend forth the wrath of his indignation upon him, and rain down his war upon him,

24 He shall flee from weapons of iron, and shall fall

upon a bow of brass.

25 The fword is drawn out, and cometh forth from its fcabbard, and glittereth in his bitterness: the terrible ones hath swallowed, he shall vo- I shall go and come upon him.

26 All

26 All darkness is hid in his secret places: a fire that is not kindled shall devour him, he shall be afflicted when left in his tabernacle,

27 The heavens shall reveal his iniquity, and the earth shall

rife up against him.

28 The offspring of his house shall be exposed, he shall be pulled down in the day of God's wrath.

29 This is the portion of a wicked man from God, and the inheritance of his doings

from the Lord.

#### CHAP. XXI.

Job shews that the wicked often prosper in this world, even to the end of their life: but that their judgment is in another world.

THEN Job answered, and said:

words, and do penance.

3 Suffer me, and I will fpeak, and after, if you please, laugh at my words.

4 Is my debate against man, that I should not have just reason to be troubled?

5 Hearken to me, and be aftonished, and lay your fin-

ger on your mouth.

6 As for me, when I remember, I am afraid, and trembling taketh hold on my flesh.

7 Why then do the wicked live, why are they advanced, and strengthened with siches?

8 Their feed continueth before them, a multitude of kinsmen, and of children's children in their fight.

9 Their houses are secure and peaceable, and the rod of

God is not upon them.

to Their cattle have conceived, and failed not: their cow hath calved, and is not deprived of her fruit.

11 Their little ones go out like a flock, and their children

dance and play.

12 They take the timbrel, and the harp, and rejoice at the found of the organ.

13 They spend their days in wealth, and in a moment

they go down to hell.

14 Who have faid to God: Depart from us, we defire not the knowledge of thy ways.

that we should ferve him? and what doth it profit us if we pray to him?

16 Yet because their good things are not in their hand, may the counsel of the wicked

be far from me.

17 How often shall the lamp of the wicked be put out, and a deluge come upon them, and he shall diffribute the forrows of his wrath?

18 They shall be as chaff before the face of the wind, and as ashes, which the whirl-

wind scattereth.

19 God shall lay up the forrow of the father for his children; and when he shall

repay it, then shall he know.

20 His eyes shall fee his own destruction, and he shall drink of the wrath of the Almighty.

21 For what is it to him what befalleth his house after him: and if the number of his months be diminished by one half?

22 Shall any one teach God knowledge, who judgeth those that are high.

23 One man dieth strong and hail, rich and happy.

24 His bowels are full of fat, and his bones are moisten. ed with marrow.

25 But another dieth in bitterness of soul without any riches:

26 And yet they shall fleep together in the dust, and worms shall cover them.

27 Surely I know your thoughts, and your unjust

judgments against me.

28 For you fay: Where is the house of the prince? and where are the dwellingplaces of the wicked?

20 Ask any one of them that go by the way, and you shall perceive that he knoweth these same things.

30 Because the wicked man is referved to the day of destruction, and he shall be brought to the day of wrath.

31 Who shall reprove his way to his face? and who shall repay him what he hath

done?

32 He shall be brought to the graves, and shall watch in

the heap of the dead.

33 He hath been (a) acceptable to the gravel of Cocytus, and he shall draw every man after him, and there are innumerable before him.

34 How then do ye comfort me in vain, whereas your answer is shewed to be repugnant to truth?

#### CHAP. XXII.

Eliphaz falfly imputes many crimes to Job: but promises him prosperity if be will repent.

THEN Eliphaz the Themanite answered, and faid :

2 Can man be compared with God, even though he were of perfect knowledge?

3 What doth it profit God if thou be just? or what dost

Chap. XXI. (a) Ver. 33. Acceptable to the gravel of Cocytus. The Hebrew word, which St. Jerome has here rendered by the name Cocytus (which the poets represent as a river in hell) fignifies a valley or a torrent: and in this place, is taken for the low region of death, and hell: which willingly, as it were, receives the wicked at their death: who are ushered in by innumerable others that have gone before them; and are followed by multitudes above number.

thou give him if thy way be | eth about the poles of heaunspotted.

4 Shall he reprove thee for fear, and come with thee into judgment: Miss reiv

And not for thy manifold wickedness, and thy in-

finite iniquities?

6 For thou hast taken away the pledge of thy brethren without cause, and stript the naked of their clothing.

7 Thou hast not given water to the weary, thou hast withdrawn bread from the

hungry.

8 In the strength of thy arm thou didft possess the land, and being the most mighty thou holdest it.

o Thou haft fent widows away empty, and the arms of the fatherless thou hast broken

in pieces.

To Therefore art thou furrounded with fnares, and fudden fear troubleth thee,

11 And didft thou think that thou shouldst not fee darknefs, and that thou shouldst not be covered with the violence of overflowing waters?

12 Dost not thou think that God is higher than heaven, and is elevated above the

height of the stars?

13 And thou fayft: What doth God know? and he judgeth as it were through a mift.

14 The clouds are his covert, and he doth not confider our things, and he walk-

15 Doft thou defire to keep the path of former ages, which wicked men have trodden?

16 Who were taken away before their time, and a flood hath overthrown their foundation:

17 Who faid to God: Depart from us: and looked upon the Almighty as if he

could do nothing:

18 Whereas he had filled their houses with good things: whose way of thinking be far from me.

19 The just shall see, and shall rejoice, and the innocent shall laugh them to fcorn,

20 Is not their exaltation cut down, and hath not fire devoured the remnants of them?

21 Submit thyself then to him, and be at peace: and thereby thou shalt have the best fruits.

22 Receive the law of his mouth, and lay up his words

in thy heart.

23 If thou wilt return to the Almighty, thou shalt be built up, and shalt put away iniquity far from thy tabernacle.

24 He shall give for earth flint, and for flint torrents of

gold.

25 And the Almighty shall be against thy enemies, and filver shall be heaped together for thee.

26 Then

in delights in the Almighty, and shalt lift up thy face to God.

27 Thou shalt pray to him, and he will hear thee, and thou shall pay thy vows.

28 Thou shalt decree a thing, and it shall come to thee, and light shall shine in

thy ways.

humbled, shall be in glory: and he that shall bow down his eyes, he shall be faved.

30 The innocent shall be faved by the cleanness of his hands.

Job wishes to be tried at God's tribunal.

THEN Job answered, and said:

2 Now also my words are in bitterness,, and the hand of my scourge is more grievous than my mourning.

3 Who will grant me that I might know and find him, and come even to his throne?

4 I would fet judgment before him. and would fill my mouth with complaints.

5 That I might know the words, that he would answer me, and understand what he

would fay to me.

6 I would not that he should contend with me with much strength, nor overwhelm me with the weight of his greatness.

7 Let him propose equity against me, and let my judgment come to victory.

8 But if I go to the east, he appeareth not: if to the west, I shall not understand

him.

o If to the left hand, what shall I do? I shall not take hold on him: if I turn myfelf to the right hand, I shall not fee him.

way, and has tried me as gold that passeth through the

fire:

his steps, I have kept his way, and have not declined from it.

I 2 I have not departed from the commandments of his hips, and the words of his mouth I have hid in my bosom.

13 For he is alone, and no man can turn away his thought: and whatfoever his foul hath defired, that hath he done.

fulfilled his will in me, many other like things are also at hand with him.

15 And therefore I am troubled at his presence, and when I consider him I am made pensive with fear.

16 God hath softened my heart, and the Almighty hath

troubled me.

17 For I have not perished because of the darkness that hangs over me, neither hath the mist covered my face.

CHAP.

#### CHAP. XXIV.

God's providence often suffers the wicked to go on a long time in their fins : but punifbeth them in another life.

TIMES are not hid from the Almighty: but they that know him, know not his days.

2 Some have removed landmarks, have taken away flocks by force, and fed them.

3 They have driven away the ass of the fatherless, and have taken away the widows ox for a pledge.

4 They have overturned the way of the poor, and have oppressed together the

meek of the earth.

Cothers like wild affes in the defart go forth to their work: by watching for a prey, they get bread for their children.

6 They reap the field that is not their own, and gather the vintage of his vineyard, whom by violence they have oppressed.

7 They fend men away naked, taking away their clothes, who have no covering in the

cold.

O POLICE

- 8 Who are wet with the showers of the mountains, and having no covering embrace the stones.
- o They have violently robbed the fatherless, and MARIE WESTER AREST

Legal Vitalionaria City and

ftript the poor common peo-

10 From the naked and them that go without clothing. and from the hungry they have taken away the ears of

II They have taken their reft at noon among the stores of them, who after having troden the wine-presses fuffer

12 Out of the cities they have made men to groan, and the foul of the wounded hath cried out, and God doth not fuffer it to pass unrevenged:

13 They have been rebellious to the light, they have not known his ways, neither have they returned by his

paths.

14 The murderer rifeth at the very break of day, he killeth the needy, and the poor man: but in the night he will be as a thief.

15 The eye of the adulterer observeth darkness, saying: No eye shall see me: and he

will cover his face.

16 He diggeth through houses in the dark, as in the day they had appointed for themselves, and they have not known the light.

17 If the morning fuddenly appear, it is to them the shadow of death: and they walk in darkness as if it were

in light.

the face of the water: cursed be his portion on the earth, let him not walk (b) by the way of the vineyards.

19 Let him pass from the snow waters to excessive heat, and his fin even to hell.

may worms be his fweetness: let him be remembered no more, but be broken in pieccs as an unfruitful tree.

21 For he hath (c) fed the barren, that beareth not, and to the widow he hath

done no good.

22 He hath pulled down the firong by his might: and when he flandeth up, he shall not trust to his life.

23 God hath given him place for penance, and he abuseth it unto pride: but his eyes are upon his ways.

24 They are lifted up for a little while, and shall not stand, and shall be brought down as all other things, and shall be taken away, and as the tops of the ears of corn they shall be broken.

25 And if it be not so, who can convince me that I have lied and set my words before God?

CHAP. XXV.

Badad represents the justice of God, before subom no man can be justified.

HEN Baldad the Suhite answered, and faid: 2 Power and terror are with him, who maketh peace in

his high places.

3 Is there any numbering of his foldiers? and upon whom shall not his light arise?

4 Can man be justified compared with God, or he that is born of a woman appear clean?

5 Behold even the moon doth not shine, and the starsare not pure in his fight.

6 How much less man that is rottenness, and the fon of man who is a worm?

CHAP. XXVI.

Job declares his fentiments of
the wisdom and power of
God.

HEN Job answered, and said:

Chap. XXIV. (a) Ver. 18. He is light, &c. That is, the adulterer, that he may not be perceived and discovered, steps as nimbly and as light, as if he were walking upon the waters. Or the sense is: he is as light, that is, as swift and nimble as the running waters.

(b) Ibidem. By the way of the vineyards. That is, by the

way where he may meet with fruit and bleffings,

(c) Ver. 21. Fed the barren. That is, the harlot. Or elfe, be bath fed, that is, he hath fed upon the barren; that is, the poor and desolate.

2 Whose helper art thou? is it of him that is weak? and doft thou hold up the arm of him, that has no ftrength?

To whom haft thou given counsel? perhaps to him, that hath no wifdom, and thou hast shewed thy very great prudence.

4 Whom haft thou defired to teach? was it not him that

made life?

5 Behold the giants groan under the waters, and they that dwell with them.

6 Hell is naked before him. and there is no covering for

deffruction.

7. He stretcheth out the north over the empty space, and hangeth the earth upon nothing.

8 He bindeth up the waters in his clouds, so that they break not out and fall down

together.

o He with-holdeth the face of his throne, and spreadeth

his cloud over it.

10 He hath set bounds about the waters, till light and darkness come to an end.

11 The pillars of heaven tremble, and dread at his beck.

12 By his power the seas are fuddenly gathered together, and his wisdom has ftruck the proud one.

13 His Spirit has adorned the heavens, and his artful hand hath brought forth the

winding ferpent.

14 Lo, these things are | him?

faid in part of his ways: and feeing we have heard scarce a little drop of his word, who shall be able to behold the thunder of his greatness?

### CHAP. XXVII.

Job perfists in asserting his own innocence, and that bypocrites aviil be punished in the end.

OB also added, taking up his parable, and faid:

2. As God liveth, who hath taken away my judgment, and the Almighty, who hath brought my foul to bitternels.

3 As long as breath remaineth in me, and the Spirit of God in my nostrils,

4 My lips shall not speak iniquity, neither shall my

tongue contrive lying.

God forbid that I should judge you to be just: till I die, I will not depart from my innocence.

6 My justification, which I have begun to hold, I will not forlake: for my heart doth not reprehend me in all my life.

7 Let my enemy be as the ungodly, and my adversa-

ry as the wicked one.

8 For what is the hope of the hypocrite if through covetousness he take by violence, and God deliver not his foul?

o Will God hear his cry. when diffress shall come upon

felf in the Almighty, and call upon God at all times?

II I will teach you by the hand of God, what the Almighty hath, and I will not

conceal it.

12 Behold you all know it, and why do you speak vain

things without cause.

13 This is the portion of a wicked man with God, and the inheritance of the violent, which they shall receive of the Almighty.

14 If his fons be multiplied, they shall be for the sword, and his grandsons shall not be

filled with bread.

of him, shall be buried in death, and his widows shall not weep.

16 If he shall heap together silver as earth, and pre-

pare raiment as clay:

17 He shall prepare indeed, but the just man shall be clothed with it: and the innocent shall divide the silver.

18 He hath built his house as a moth, and as a keeper he

hath made a booth.

19 The rich man when he thall fleep shall take away nothing with him: he shall open his eyes, and find nothing,

20 Poverty like water shall take hold on him, a tempest shall oppress him in the night:

21 A burning wind thall take him up, and carry him

away, and as a whirl-wind shall snatch him from his place.

22 And he shall cast upon him, and shall not spare: out of his hand he would willing-

ly flee.

23 He shall clasp his hands upon him, and shall his at him, beholding his place.

## CHAP. XXVIII.

Man's industry searcheth out many things: true wisdom is taught by God alone.

SILVER hath beginnings of its veins, and gold hath a place, wherein it is melted.

2 Iron is taken out of the earth, and stone melted with heat, is turned into brass.

3 He hath fet a time for darkness, and the end of all things he considereth, the stone also that is in the dark, and the shadow of death.

4 The flood divideth from the people that are on their journey, those whom the foot of the needy man hath forgotten, and who cannot be come at.

5 The land, out of which bread grew in its place, hath been overturned with fire.

6 The stones of it are the place of saphires, and the clods of it are gold.

7 The bird hath not known the path, neither hath the eye of the vulture beheld it.

8 The children of the merchants chants have not trodden it, neither hath the lioness passed

by it.

o He hath firetched forth his hand to the flint, he hath overturned mountains from the roots.

to In the rocks he hath cut out rivers, and his eye hath feen every precious thing.

yers he hath fearched, and hidden things he hath brought forth to light:

12 But where is wisdom to be found, and where is the place of understanding?

13 Man knoweth not the price thereof, neither is it found in the land of them that live in delights.

14 The depth faith: It is not in me: and the sea saith:

It is not with me.

not purchase it, neither shall silver be weighed in exchange for it.

ed with the died colours of India, or with the most precious stone fardonyx, or the saphire.

17 Gold or crystal cannot equal it, neither shall any vefsels of gold be changed for it.

18 High and eminent things shall not be mentioned in comparison of it: but wisdom is drawn out of secret places.

pia shall not be equal to it,

neither shall it be compared to the cleanest dying.

20 Whence then cometh wildom? and where is the place of understanding?

of all living, and the fowls

of the air know it not.

22 Deftruction and death have faid: With our ears we have heard the fame thereof.

23 God understandeth the way of it, and he knoweth

the place thereof.

24 For he beholdeth the ends of the world: and looketh on all things that are under heaven.

25 Who made a weight for the winds, and weighed the waters by measure.

26 When he gave a law for the rain, and a way for the founding florms.

27 Then he faw it, and declared, and prepared, and fearched it.

28 And he faid to man: Behold the fear of the Lord, that is wisdom: and to depart from evil, is understanding,

### CHAP. XXIX.

Job relates his former happiness, and the respect that all men showed him.

TOB also added, taking up his parable, and said:

2 Who will grant me, that I might be according to the months past, according to the days in which God kept me?

3 When his lamp shined

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over my head, and I walked by his light in darkness?

My youth, when God was fecretly in my tabernacle?

5 When the Almighty was with me: and my fervants

round about me?

6 When I washed my feet with butter, and the rock poured me out rivers of oil?

7 When I went out to the gate of the city, and in the street they prepared me a chair?

8 The young men faw me, and hid themselves: and the old men rose up and stood.

9 The princes ceased to speak, and laid the finger on their mouth.

10 The rulers held their peace, and their tongue cleaved to their throat.

11 The ear that heard me bleffed me, and the eye that faw me gave witness to me:

12 Because I had delivered the poor man that cried out, and the fatherless, that had no helper.

13 The bleffing of him that was ready to perish came upon me, and I comforted the heart of the widow.

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ned ver and I clothed myself with my judgment, as with a robe and a diadem.

15 I was an eye to the blind, and a foot to the lame.

16 I was the father of the poor; and the cause which I

knew not, I fearched out most diligently.

17 I broke the jaws of the wicked man, and out of his teeth I took away the prey.

in my nest, and as a palmtree shall multiply my days.

19 My root is opened befide the waters, and dew shall continue in my harvest.

20 My glory shall always be renewed, and my bow in my hand shall be repaired.

21 They that heard me, waited for my fentence, and being attentive held their peace at my counfel.

22 To my words they durft add nothing, and my speech

dropped upon them.

23 They waited for me as for rain, and they opened their mouth as for a latter shower.

24 If at any time I laughed on them, they believed it not, and the light of my countenance fell not on the earth.

25 If I had a mind to go to them, I fat first, and when I fat as a king, with his army standing about him, yet I was a comforter of them that mourned.

#### CHAP. XXX.

Job shews the wonderful change of his temporal estate, from welfare to great calamity.

BUT now they that are younger than I have me

in derifion, whose fathers I would not have fet with the

dogs of my flock :

2 The ftrength of whofe hands was to me as nothing, and they were thought unworthy of life itself.

a Barren with want and hunger, who gnawed what they could find in the wilderness, disfigured with calamity and mifery.

4 And they ate grafs, and barks of trees, and the root of junipers was their food.

5 Who fnatched up thefe things out of the valleys, and when they had found any of them, they ran to them with a cry : m bnz maiston bbc

6 They dwelt in the defart places of torrents, and in caves of the earth, or upon

the gravel.

7 They pleased themselves among these kind of things, and counted it delightful to be ander the briars.

8 The children of foolish and base men, and not appearing at all upon the earth.

o Now I am turned into their fong, and am become their by-word. CONTRACTOR .

10 They abhor me, and flee far from me, and are not afraid to spit in my face.

II For he hath opened his quiver, and hath afflicted me, and hath put a bridle into my mouth.

12 At the right hand of my rifing, my calamities forth- up, and fet me as it were up-

with arofe: they have overthrown my feet, and have overwhelmed me with their paths as with waves.

13 They have destroyed my ways, they have lain in wait against me, and they have prevailed, and there was none ksyrd nadVe

14 They have rushed in upon me, as when a wall is broken, and a gate opened, and have rolled themselves down to my mileries.

15 I am brought to nothing: as a wind thou hast taken away my defire: and my prosperity hath passed away like a cloud.

16 And now my foul fadeth within myself, and the days of affliction possess me.

17 In the night my bone is pierced with forrows: and they that feed upon me, do not fleep.

18 With the multitude of them my garment is confumed, and they have girded me about, as with the collar of my coat.

19 I am compared to dirt, and am likened to embers and aihes, chied lane lobredu

20 I cry to thee, and thou hearest me not: I stand up, and thou doft not regard me.

21 Thou art changed in my regard to be cruel, and with a hard hand thou opposest thyfelf against me.

22 Thou haft lifted me

on the wind and thou hast vio- | much as think upon a virgin.

lently dashed me.

23 I know that thou wilt deliver me to death, where a house is appointed for every one that liveth.

24 But yet thou stretchest not forth thy hand to their confumption: and if they shall fall down thou wilt fave.

25 I wept heretofore for him that was afflicted, and my foul had compassion on the

poor.

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26 I looked for good things, and evils are come upon me: I waited for light, and darkness broke out.

27 My inner parts have boiled without any rest, the days of affliction have prevented me.

28 I went mourning without indignation; I role up, and cried in the croud.

29 I was the (a) brother of dragons, and companion of offriches.

30 My skin is become black upon me, and my bones are dried up with heat.

31 My heart is turned to mourning, and my organ into the voice of them that weep.

XXXI CHAP. Job, to defend bimself from the unjust judgments of his friends, gives a fincere account of his own virtues.

Made a covenant with my eyes, that I would not fo

2 For what part should God above have in me, and what inheritance the Almighty from on high?

3 Is not destruction to the wicked, and aversion to them

that work iniquity?

4 Doth not he consider my ways, and number all my fleps ?

5 If I have walked in vanity, and my foot hath made

hafte to deceit:

6 Let him weigh me in a just balance, and let God

know my fimplicity.

7 If my flep hathsterlied out of the way, and if my heart hath followed my eyes, and if a spot hath cleaved to my hands:

8 Then let me fow, and let another eat: and let my offspring be rooted out.

o If my heart bath been deceived upon a woman, and if I have laid wait at my friend's door:

10 Let my wife be the harlot of another, and let other men lie with her.

11 For this is a heinous crime. and a most grievous iniquity.

12. It is a fire that devoureth even to destruction, and rooteth up all things that ipring.

13 If I have despised to abide judgment with my man. fervant, or my maid-fervant

Chap. XXX. (a) Ver. 29. Brother of dragons, &c. Imitating these creatures in their lamentable noise.

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when

when they had any controver-

fy against me.

14 For what shall I do when God shall rife to judge? and when he shall examine, what shall I answer him?

me in the womb make him also: and did not one and the fame form me in the womb?

16 If I have denied to the poor, what they defired, and have made the eyes of the widow wait:

17 If I have eaten my morfel alone, and the fatherless hath not eaten thereof.

18 (For from my infancy mercy grew up with me: and it came out with me from my mother's womb.)

19 If I have despited him that was perishing, for want of clothing, and the poor man that had no covering:

20 If his fides have not bleffed me, and if he were not warmed with the fleece of

my sheep:

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zi If I have lifted up my hand against the fatherless, even when I saw myself superior in the gate:

22 Let my shoulder fall from its joint, and let my arm with its bones be broken.

23 For I have always feared God as waves swelling over me, and his weight I was not able to bear.

24 If I have thought gold my firength, and have faid to fine gold: Then art my confidence.

25 If I have rejoiced over my great riches, and because my hand had gotten much.

26 If I beheld the fun when it shined, and the moon

walking in brightness:

27 And my heart in fecret hath rejoiced, and I have kiffed my hand with my mouth.

28 Which is a very great iniquity, and a denial against

the most high God.

at the downfal of him that hated me, and have rejoiced that evil had found him.

30 For I have not given my mouth to fin, by wishing a curse to his soul.

31 If the men of my tabernacle have not faid: Who will give us of his flesh that we may be filled?

32 The stranger did not stay without, my door was open to

the traveller.

33 If as a man I have hid my fin, and have concealed my iniquity in my bosom.

34 If I have been afraid at a very great multitude, and the contempt of kinfmen hath terrified me: and I have not rather held my peace, and not gone out of the door.

35 Who would grant me a hearer, that the Almighty may hear my defire: and that he himself that judgeth would write a book.

36 That I may carry it on

my

my shoulder, and put it about | swer, he was exceedingly anme as a crown ?

37 At every step of mine I would pronounce it, and offer it as to a prince.

38 If my land cry against me, and with it the furrows

thereof mourn:

39 If I have eaten the fruits thereof without money, and have afflicted the foul of the tillers thereof.

40 Let thiftles grow up to me, instead of wheat, and thorns instead of barley.

The words of Job are ended.

#### CHAP. XXXII.

Eliu is angry, both with Job and his friends. He boafts of himself.

O these three men ceased to answer Job, because he feemed just to himself.

2 And Eliu the fon of Barachel the Buzite, of the kindred of Ram, was angry and was moved to indignation: now he was angry against Job, because he said he was just before God.

3 And he was angry with his friends, because they had not found a reasonable answer, but only had condemned lob.

4 So Eliu waited while Job was speaking, because they were his elders that were speaking.
5 But when he saw that

the three were not able to an-

18 Releging his food from

couraption:

6 Then Eliu the fon of Barachel the Buzite answered, and faid: I am younger in days, and you are more ancient, therefore hanging down my head, I was afraid to shew you my opinion.

7 For I hoped that greater age would speak, and that a multitude of years would teach

wifdom.

8 But as I see, there is a spirit in men, and the inspiration of the Almighty giveth understanding.

9 They that are aged are not the wife men, neither do the ancient understand judg-

ment.

10 Therefore I will speak: Hearken to me, I also will thew you my wifdom.

11 For I have waited for your words, I have given ear to your wisdom, as long as you were disputing in words.

12 And as long as I thought you faid fomething, I considered: but as I see, there is none of you that can convince Job, and answer his words.

13 Lest you should say: We have found wildom, God hath cast him down not man.

14 He hath spoken nothing to me, and I will not anfwer him according to your words.

15 They were afraid, and D 3 answered answered no more, and they

left off speaking.

16 Therefore because I have waited, and they have not spoken: they stood, and answered no more:

17 I also will answer my part, and will shew my know-

ledge.

18 For I am full of matter to fpeak of, and the spirit of my bowels ilra teneth me.

19 Behold, my belly is as new wine which wanteth vent, which burfteth the new veffels.

20 I will fpeak, and take breath a little: I will open my lips, and will answer.

21 I will not accept the person of man, and I will not make man equal to God.

22 For I know not how long I shall continue, and whetherafter a while my maker may take me away.

# CHAP. XXXIII. Eliu blames Job for afferting bis own innocence.

HEAR therefore O Job my speeches, and hearken to all my words.

2 Behold now I have opened my mouth, let my tongue fpeak within my jaws.

3 My words are from my upright heart, and my lips shall speak a pure sentence.

4 The Spirit of God made me, and the breath of the Almighty gave me life.

5 If thou canft, answer me, and stand up against my face. 6 Behold God hath made me as well as thee, and of the fame clay I also was formed.

7 But yet let not my wonder terrify thee, and let not my eloquence be burdensome to thee.

8 Now thou haft faid in my hearing, and I have heard the voice of thy words:

9 I am clean, and without fin: I am unspotted, and there

is no iniquity in me.

10 Because he hath found complaints against me, therefore he hath counted me for his enemy.

in the flocks, he hath observed

all my paths.

12 Now this is the thing in which thou art not justified: I will answer thee, that God is greater than man.

13 Dost thou strive against him, because he hath not answered thee to all words?

14. God speaketh once, and repeateth not the self same thing the second time.

15 By a dream in a vision by night, when deep sleep falleth upon men, and they are sleeping in their beds.

16 Then he openeth the ears of men, and traching infiructeth them in what they are to learn.

17 That he may withdraw a man from the things he is doing, and may deliver him from pride.

18 Rescuing his soul from corruption:

corruption: and his life from passing to the sword.

19 He rebuketh bim also by pain upon his bed, and he maketh all his bones to languish.

zo Bread becometh abominable to him in his life, and to his foul the meat which before he defired.

21 His flesh shall be confumed away, and his bones that were covered, shall be made bare.

22 His foul hath drawn near to corruption, and his life to the destroyers.

23 If there shall be an Angel speaking for him, one among thousands, to declare man's uprightness.

24 He shall have mercy on him, and shall say: Deliver him, that he may not go down to corruption: I have found wherein I may be merciful to him.

25 His flesh is confumed with punishments, let it return to the days of his youth.

26 He shall pray to God, and he will be gracious to him: and he shall see his face with joy, and he will render to man his justice.

men, and shall say: I have sinned, and indeed I have offended, and I have not received what I have deserved.

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28 He hath delivered his foul from going into destruction, that it may live and see the light. 29 Behold, all these things God worketh three times within every one.

30 That he may withdraw their fouls from corruption, and enlighten them with the light of the living.

31 Attend Job, and hearken to me: and hold thy peace, whilft I fpeak.

32 But if thou hast any thing to say, answer me, speak: for I would have thee to appear just.

33 And if thou have not, hear me: hold thy peace, and I will teach thee wifdom.

#### CHAP. XXXIV.

Eliu charges Job with blafphemy: and fets forth the power and justice of God.

A ND Eliu continued his discourse, and said:

2 Hear ye wise men my words, and ye learned hearken to me:

3 For the ear trieth words, and the mouth discerneth meats by the taste.

4 Let us choose to us judgment, and let us see among ourselves what is the best.

5 For Job hath faid: I am just, and God hath overthrown my judgment.

6 For in judging me there is a lie: my arrow is violent without any fin.

7 What man is there like Job, who drinketh up forning like water?

8 Who goeth in company with

with them that work iniquity, and walketh with wicked men ?

o For he hath faid: Man shall not please God, although he run with him.

10 Therefore ye men of understanding hear me, far from God be wickedness, and iniquity from the Almighty.

11 For he will render to a man his work, and according to the ways of every one he

will reward them.

12 For in very deed God will not condemn without cause, neither will the Almighty pervert judgment.

13 What other hath he appointed over the earth? or whom hath he fet over the world which he made?

14 If he turn his heart to him, he shall draw his spirit and breath unto himself.

15 All flesh shall perish together, and man shall return

into ashes.

16 If then thou haft understanding, hear what is faid, and hearken to the voice of my words.

17 Can he be healed that loveth not judgment? how doft thou fo far condemn

him that is just?

18 Who faith to the king: Thou art an apostate:

calleth rulers ungodly:

19 Who accepteth not the persons of princes: nor hath regarded the tyrant, when he contended against the poor

man: for all are the work of his hands.

20 They shall suddenly die. and the people shall be troubled at midnight, and they shall pass, and take away the violent without hand.

21 For his eyes are upon the ways of men, and he confidereth all their steps.

22 There is no darkness, and there is no shadow of death, where they may be hid who work iniquity.

23 For it is no longer in the power of man, to enter into judgment with God.

24 He shall break in pieces many and innumerable, and shall make others to stand in their stead.

25 For he knoweth their works: and therefore he shall bring night on them, and they shall be destroyed.

26 He hath struck them as being wicked, in open fight.

27 Who as it were on purpose have revolted from him. and would not understand all his ways:

28 So that they caused the cry of the needy to come to him, and he heard the voice

of the poor.

29 For when he granteth peace, who is there that can condemn? And when he hideth his countenance, who is there that can behold him, whether it regard nations, or any men in particular?

30 Who maketh a man

that

that is a hypocrite to reign | thy words, and thy friends for the fins of the people?

31 Seeing then I have spoken of God, I will not hinder thee in thy turn.

32 If I have erred, teach thou me: if I have fpoken iniquity, I will add no more.

33 Doth God require it of thee, because it hath displeased thee? for thou begannest to fpeak, and not I: but if thou know any thing better, fpeak.

34 Let men of understanding speak to me, and let a wife man hearken to me,

35 But Job hath spoken foolishly, and his words found not according to good learning.

36 My father, let Job be tried even to the end: cease not from the man of iniquity.

37 Because he addeth blasphemy upon his fins, let him be tied fast in the mean time among us: and then let him provoke God to judgment with his speeches.

#### CHAP. XXXV.

Eliu declares that the good or evil done by man cannot reach God.

OREOVER Elin fpoke these words:

2 Doth thy thought feem right to thee, that thou shouldst fay: I am more just than God?

3 For thou faidst: That which is right doth not please thee: or what will it profit thee, if I fin?

with thee.

5 Look up to heaven and fee, and behold the fky, that it is higher than thou.

6 If thou fin, what shalt thou hurt him? and if thy iniquities be multiplied, what shalt thou do against him?

7 And if thou do juftly. what fhalt thou give him, or what shall he receive of thy hand?

8 Thy wickedness may hurt a man that is like thee: and thy justice may help the fon of man.

o By reason of the multitude of oppressers they shall cry out: and shall wail for the violence of the arm of tyrants.

10 And he hath not faid ? Where is God, who made me, who hath given fongs in the night?

11 Who teacheth us more than the beafts of the earth. and instructeth us more than the fowls of the air.

12 There shall they cry. and he will not hear, because of the pride of evil men.

13 God therefore will not hear in vain, and the Almighty. will look into the causes of every one.

14 Yea when thou shale fay: He confidereth not: be judged before him, and wait for him.

15 For he doth not now 4 Therefore I will answer | bring on his fury, neither doth he revenge wickedness exceed-

ingly.

16 Therefore Job openeth his mouth in vain, and multiplieth words without knowledge.

#### CHAP. XXXVI.

Eliu proceeds in setting forth the justice and power of God.

LIU also proceeded, and faid :

2 Suffer me a little, and I will flew thee: for I have yet somewhat to speak in God's behalf.

3 I will fetch my knowledge from the beginning, and I will prove my maker just.

4 For indeed my words are without a lie, and perfect knowledge shall be proved to thee.

5 God doth not cast away the mighty, whereas he himfelf also is mighty.

6 But he faveth not the wicked, and he giveth judg-

ment to the poor.

7 He will not take away his eyes from the just, and he placeth kings on the throne for ever, and they are exalted.

8 And if they shall be in chains, and be bound with

the cords of poverty.

o He shall shew them their works, and their wicked deeds, because they have been violent.

10 He also shall open their ear, to correct them: and shall speak, that they may return from iniquity:

11 If they shall hear and observe, they shall accomplish their days in good, and their

years in glory.

12 But if they hear not, they shall pass by the sword, and shall be confumed in folly.

13 Diffemblers and crafty men provoke the wrath of God, neither shall they cry when they are bound.

14 Their foul shall die in a florm, and their life among

the effeminate.

15 He shall deliver the poor out of his diffress, and shall open his ear in affliction.

16 Therefore he shall fet thee at large out of the pit of a narrow mouth, and which hath no foundation under it: and the rest of thy table shall be full of fatness.

17 Thy cause hath been judged as that of the wicked, thy cause and judgment thou shalt recover.

18 Therefore let not anger overcome thee, to oppress any man: neither let multitude of gifts turn thee afide.

19 Lay down thy greatness without tribulation, and all the mighty of strength.

20 (a) Prolong not the

Chap. XXXVI. (a) Ver. 20. Prolong not the night, &c. Prolong not causes that are brought before thee : but dispatch, by early rifing, the business of them that come up to thee. night, night, that people may come

up for them.

21 Beware thou turn not afide to iniquity: for this thou haft begun to follow fince thy mifery.

22 Behold, God is high in his strength, and none is like him among the law-

givers.

23 Who can fearch out his ways? or who can fay to him: Thou hast wrought iniquity?

24 Remember that thou knowest not his work, concerning which men have sung.

25 All men see him, every

one beholdeth a-far off.

26 Behold, God is great exceeding our knowledge: the number of his years is ineftimable.

27 He lifteth up the drops of rain, and poureth out showers like floods.

28 Which flow from the clouds that cover all above.

29 If he will spread out clouds as his tent.

30 And lighten with his light from above, he shall cover also the ends of the sea.

31 For by these he judgeth people, and giveth food to many mortals.

32 In his hands he hideth

the light, and commandeth it to come again.

33 He sheweth his friend concerning it, that it is his possession, and that he may come up to it.

#### CHAP. XXXVII.

Eliu goes on in bis discourse, shewing God's wisdom and power, by his wonderful works.

A T this my heart trembleth, and is moved out of its place.

z Hear ye attentively the terror of his voice, and the found that cometh out of his month.

3 He beholdeth under all the heavens, and his light is

upon the ends of the earth.

4 After it a noise shall roar, he shall thunder with the voice of his majesty, and shall not be found out, when his voice shall be heard.

5 God shall thunder wonderfully with his voice, he that doth great and unsearchable things.

6 He commandeth the snow to go down upon the earth, and the winter rain, and the shower of his strength.

7 (a) He fealeth up the

Chap. XXXVII. (a) Ver. 7. He sealeth up, &c. When he sends those showers of bis strength, that is, those storms of rain, he seals up, that is, he shuts up the hands of men from their usual works abroad; and consines them within doors, to consider his works; or to forecast their works, that is, what they themselves are to do.

hand of all men, that every one may know his works.

8 Then the beaft shall go into his covert, and shall abide in his den.

o Out of the inner parts shall a tempest come, and cold

out of the north.

10 When God bloweth there cometh frost, and again the waters are poured out abundantly.

II Corn defireth clouds. and the clouds spread their

light.

12 Which go round about, whitherfoever the will of him that governeth them shall lead them, to whatfoever he shall command them upon the face of the whole earth.

13 Whether in one tribe, or in his own land, or in what place foever of his mercy he shall command them to

be found.

14 Hearken to these things Job: stand, and consider the wondrous works of God.

15 Doft thou know when God commanded the rains, to shew the light of his clouds?

16 Knowest thou the great paths of the clouds, and the perfect knowledges ?

17 Are not thy garments

hot, when the fouth - wind blows upon the earth?

18 Thou perhaps haft made the heavens with him, which are most strong, as if they were of molten brafs.

19 Shew us what we may fay to him: for we are wrap-

ped up in darkness.

20 Who shall tell him the things I speak? even if a man shall speak, (b) he shall be fwallowed up. and and troat!

21 But now they fee not the light: the air on a fudden shall be thickned into clouds, and the wind shall pass and drive them away.

22 Gold cometh out of the north, and to God praise

with fear.

23 We cannot find him worthily: he is great in ftrength, and in judgment, and in justice, and he is ineffable.

24 Therefore men shall fear him, and all that feem to themselves to be wife, shall not dare to behold him.

CHAP. XXXVIII. God interposes and sheavs from the things be bath made, that man cannot comprebend bis power and wildom. HEN (a) the Lord answered lob out of

(b) Ver. 20. He shall be swallowed up. All that man can fay when he speaks of God, is so little and inconsiderable in comparison with the subject, that man is lost, and as it were swallowed up in so immense an ocean.

Chap. XXXVIII. (a) Ver. 1. The Lord. That is, an

Angel speaking in the name of the Lord.

a whirl-

a whirlwind, and faid:

2 Who is this that wrappeth up fentences in unskilful words?

3 Gird up thy loins like a man: I will ask thee, and an-

fwer thou me. and to avenue

4 Where wast thou when I laid the foundations of the earth? tell me if thou hast understanding.

5 Who hath laid the meafures thereof, if thou knowes? or who hath stretched the

line upon it?

6 Upon what are its bases grounded? or who laid the

corner stone thereof,

7 When the morning stars praised me together, and all the sons of God made a joyful melody?

8 Who skut up the sea with doors, when it broke forth as issuing out of the womb:

9 When I made a cloud the garment thereof, and wrapped it in a mist as in swadling-bands.

it, and made it bars and doors.

11 And I faid: Hitherto thou shalt come, and shalt go no further, and here thou shalt break thy swelling waves.

12 Didst thou fince thy birth command the morning, and shew the dawning of the

day its place.

13 And didft thou hold the extremities of the earth shaking them, and hast thoushaken the ungodly out of it?

14 The feal shall be restored as clay, and shall stand as a garment:

light shall be taken away, and the high arm shall be broken.

16 Hast thou entered into the depths of the sea, and walked in the lowest parts of the deep to the sea.

17 Have the gates of death been opened to thee, and haft thou feen the darkfome doors?

18 Hast thou considered the breadth of the earth? tell me, if thou knowest all things,

19 Where is the way where light dwelleth, and where is the place of darkness:

zo That thou mayst bring every thing to its own bounds, and understand the paths of the house thereof.

21 Didft thou know then that thou shouldst be born? and didst thou know the number of thy days?

22 Hast thou entered into the storehouses of the snow, or hast thou beheld the treasures of the hail;

23 Which I have prepared for the time of the enemy, against the day of battle and war?

24 By what way is the light fpread, and heat divided upon the earth?

25 Who gave a course to violent showers, or a way for noisy thunder:

26 That it should rain on the

the earth without man in the wilderness, where no mortal dwelleth:

27 That it should fill the defart and desolate land, and should bring forth green grass?

28 Who is the father of rain? or who begot the drops

of dew?

29 Out of whose womb came the ice? and the frost from heaven who hath gendred it?

30 The waters are hardened like a flone, and the furface of the deep is congealed?

- 31 Shalt thou be able to join together the shining stars the (b) Pleiades, or canst thou stop the turning about of (c) Arcturus?
- the day flar in its time, and make the evening flar to rife upon the children of the earth?

order of heaven, and can't thou fet down the reason there-

yoice to the clouds, that an abundance of waters may cover thee.

enings, and will they go, and will they return and fay to thee: Here we are?

36 Who hath put wifdom

in the heart of man? or who gave the cock (d) understanding?

37 Who can declare the order of the heavens, or who can make the harmony of

heaven to fleep.

38 When was the dust poured on the earth, and the clods fastened together?

39 Wilt thou take the prey for the lioness, and satisfy the appetite of her whelps.

the dens, and lie in wait in

holes?

for the raven, when her young ones cry to God, wandering about, because they have no meat?

CHAP. XXXIX.
The wonders of the power and providence of God in many

of bis creatures.

NOWEST thou the time when the wild goats bring forth among the rocks, or haft thou observed the hinds when they calve?

2 Hast thou numbered the months of their conceiving, or knowest thou the time when they bring forth?

3 They bow themselves to bring forth their young, and they cast them, and send forth roarings,

(b) Ver. 31. Pleiades. The feven stars.

(c) Ibidem. Areturus. A bright flar in the north.

h

<sup>(</sup>d) Ver. 36. Understanding. That is, to distinguish the hours of the night.

4 Their young are weaned, and go to feed : they go forth, and return not to them.

Who hath feet out the wild-ass free, and who hath

loofed his bonds?

6 To whom I have given a house in the wilderness, and his dwellings in the barren land.

7 He scorneth the multitude of the city, he heareth not the cry of the driver.

8 He looketh round about the mountains of his pasture, and feeketh for every green thing.

o Shall the rhinoceros be willing to ferve thee, or will

he flay at thy crib?

10 Canft thou bind the rhinoceros with thy thong to plow, or will he break the clods of the valleys after thee?

wilt thou have confidence in his great strength, and leave thy labours to him?

12 Wilt thou truft him that he will render thee the feed, and gather it into thy barn floor?

13 The wing of the offrich is like the wings of the heron, and of the hawk.

14 When the leaveth her eggs on the earth, thou perhaps wilt warm them in the and had he spection duft.

15 She forgetteth that the foot may tread upon them, or that the beaft of the field may break them.

16 She is hardened against her young ones, as though

they were not here, the hath laboured in vain no fear conftraining her, and and and and

17 For God hath deprived her of wildom, neither hath he given her understanding

18 When time shall be. the fetteth up her wings on high: the fcorneth the horfe and his rider.

19 Wilt thou give strengthto the horse, or cloth his neck with neighing?

20 Wilt thou lift him up like the locusts? the glory of

his nostrils is terror.

21 He breaketh up the earth with his hoof, he pranceth boldly, he goeth forward to meet armed men.

22 He despiseth fear, he turneth not his back to the

(word total acre to a visitational

23 Above him shall the quiver rattle, the spear and

fhield shall glitter.

24 Chaing and raging he Iwalloweth the ground, neither doth he make account when the noise of the trumpet foundeth.

25 When he heareth the trumpet he faith: Ha ha, he smelleth the battle a far off. the incouraging of the captains, and the shouting of the army.

26 Doth the hawk get new feathers by thy wisdom. foreading her wings to the

27 Will the eagle mount up at thy command, and make her neft in high places?

28 She

28 She abideth among the rocks, and dwelleth among cragged flints, and stony hills, where there is no access.

20 From thence she looketh for the prey, and her eyes

behold a far off.

30 Her young ones shall fuck up blood; and wherefoever the carcafe shall be, she is immediately there.

31 And the Lord went on,

and faid to Job :

- 32 Shall he that contendeth with God be so easily silenced? Surely he that reproveth God, ought to anfwer him.
- 33 Then Job answered the Lord, and faid ;

34 What can I answer, who have (a) spoken inconfiderately? I will lay my hand upon my mouth.

35 One thing I have spoken, which I wish I had not said: and another, to which I will add no more.

#### CHAP. XL.

Of the power of God in the behemoth and the leviathan.

N D the Lord answering Job out of the whirl-wind, faid:

: 18 Blue

2 Gird up thy loins like a man: I will ask thee, and do thou tell me.

3 Wilt thou make void my judgment: and condemn me. that thou mayst be justified?

4 And haft thou an arm like God, and canft thou thunder with a voice like him?

5 Cloth thyself with beauty, and fet thy felf up on high, and be glorious, and put on goodly garments.

6 Scatter the proud in thy indignation, and behold every arrogant man, and humble

him.

7 Look on all that are proud, and confound them, and crush the wicked in their

8 Hide them in the dust together, and plunge their

faces into the pit. sation shows

o Then I will confess that thy right hand is able to fave thee.

10 Behold (a) behemoth whom I made with thee, he eateth grass like an ox.

11 His strength is in his loins, and his force in the

navel of his belly.

12 He setteth up his tail like a cedar, the finews of

Chap. XXXIX. (a) Ver. 34. Spoken inconsiderately. The cause which Job maintained was right, and his affertions were true: as may be gathered from the words of the Lord himfelf, chap. xlii. 7, 8. But what was reprehensible in him was the manner of expressing himself on some occasions; which he here censures as inconsiderate.

Chap. XL. (a) Ver. 10. Behemoth. The elephant.

young ones, as though her well in a go places

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his testicles are wrapped to- | take him to be a servant for gether acresses

ra His bones are like pipes of brafs, his griftle like plates of iron.

14 He is the beginning of the ways of God, he that made him shall make his sword to approach unto bim,

15 'To him the mountains bring forth grafs: there all the beafts of the field shall play.

16 He sleepeth under the shadow, in the covert of the reed, and in moift places.

17 The shades cover his shadow, the willows of the brook shall compass him about,

18 Behold, he will drink up a river, and not wonder: and he trusteth that the fordan may run into his mouth.

19 In his eyes as with a hook he shall take him, and bore through his nostrils with Stakes. 7

20 Canft thou draw out the (b) leviathan with a hook, or canst thou tie his tongue with a cord a seve of

21 Canft thou put a ring in his nofe, or bore through his jaw with a buckle?

22 Will he make many supplications to thee, or speak fost words to thee?

23 Will he make a covepant with thee, and wift thou

53 ever?

24 Shalt thou play with him as with a bird, or tie him up for thy maidens?

25 Shall thy friends cut him in pieces, shall merchants divide him?

26 Wilt thou fill nets with his skin, or the cabine of fishes with his head.

27 Lay thy hand upon him : remember the battle, and fpeak no more.

28 Behold his hope shall fail him, and in the fight of all he shall be cast down.

### CHAP. XLI.

A further description of the leviatban.

Will not ftir him up, like one that is cruel: for who can refift my countenance?

2 Who hath given me before that I should repay him? All things that are under heaven are mine.

3 I will not spare him, nor his mighty words, and framed to make supplication.

4 Who can discover the face of his garment : or who can go into the midft of his mouth?

5 Who can open the doors of his face? his teeth are terrible round about.

6 His body is like molte shields, thut close up with

<sup>(</sup>b) Ver. 20. Leviathan. The whale, or some sea mon-

scales pressing upon one a-

7 One is joined to another, and not fo much as any air can come between them:

8 They stick one to another, and they hold one another fast, and shall not be

separated.

o His fneefing is like the shining of fire, and his eyes like the eye-lids of the morning.

10 Out of his mouth go forth lamps, like torches of

lighted fire.

11 Out of his nostrils goeth smoke, like that of a pot heated and boiling.

12 His breath kindleth coals, and a flame cometh forth out of his mouth.

13 In his neck strength shall dwell, and want goeth before his face.

14 The members of his flesh cleave one to another; he shall send lightenings against him, and they shall not be earried to another place.

15 His heart shall be as hard as a stone, and as firm

as a smith's anvil.

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16 When he shall raise him

up, the (a) angels shall fear, and being affrighted shall purify themselves.

17 When a fword shall lay at him, it shall not be able to hold, nor a spear, nor a

breaft-plate.

18 For he shall esteem iron as straw, and brass as rotten wood.

19 The archer shall not put him to slight, the stones of the sling to him are like stubble:

20 As stubble will he efleem the hammer, and he will laugh him to scorn who

shaketh the spear.

21 The beams of the fun shall be (b) under him, and he shall strew gold under him like mire.

22 He shall make the deep fea to boil like a pot, and shall make it as when ointments boil.

23 A path shall shine after him, he shall esteem (c) the deep as growing old.

24 There is no power upon earth that can be compared with him who was made to fear no one.

25 He beholdeth every high

Chap. XLI. (a) Ver. 16. Angels. Elim. That is, the mighty, the most valiant, shall fear this monstrous sish, and in their fear shall seek to be purished.

(b) Ver. 21. Under bim. He shall not value the beams

of the fun: and gold to him shall be like mire.

(c) Ver. 23. The deep as growing old. Growing hoary, as it were, with the froth which he leaves behind him.

thing,

thing, (d) he is king over all the children of pride.

CHAP. XLII. Job submits bimfelf. God pronounces in bis favour. Job offers facrifice for his friends. He is bleffed with riches and children, and dies bappily.

HEN Job answered the Lord, and faid:

2 I know that thou canft do all things, and no thought is hid from thee.

3 Who is this, that hideth counsel without knowledge? Therefore I have spoken unwifely, and things that above measure exceeded my knowledge.

4 Hear, and I will speak : I will ask thee, and do thou

tell me.

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With the hearing of the ear I have heard of thee, but now my eye feeth thee.

6 Therefore I reprehend myself, and do penance in

ne catter 50

dust and ashes.

7 And after the Lord had fpoken these words to lob, he faid to Eliphaz the Themanite: My wrath is kindled against thee, and against thy two friends, because you have not fooken the thing that is right before me, as my fervant lob hath.

8 Take unto you therefore feven oxen, and feven rams, and go to my fervant Job, and offer for yourselves a holocaust: and my fervant Job shall pray for you: his face I will accept, that your folly be not imputed to you: for you have not spoken right things before me, as my fervant Job hath ow dires and le in bruo

9 So Eliphaz the Themanite, and Baldad the Suhite. and Sophar the Naamathite went, and did as the Lord had spoken to them, and the Lord accepted the face of Job.

10 The Lord also was turned at the penance of lob, when he prayed for his friends. And the Lord gave lob twice as much as he had before.

II And all his brethren came to him, and all his fifters, and all that knew him before, and they are bread with him in his house: and bemoaned him, and comforted him upon all the evil that God had brought upon him. And every man gave him one ewe, and one ear-ring of gold at hear sa tental po-

1/2 And the Lord bleffed the latter end of lob more than his beginning. And he had fourteen thousand sheep, and fix thousand camels, and

<sup>(</sup>d) Ver. 25. He is king, &c. He is superior in strength to all that are great and firong amongst living creatures: mystically it is understood of the devil, who is king over all Ren Constitut and the financial are the proud. PSALM

a thousand yoke of oxen, and so beautiful as the daughters a thousand she affes. of Job: and their father gave

and three daughters. brethren.

14 And he called the name of one Dies, and the name name of the third Cornu children, and his children's Ribij. is at get make of their area

found in all the earth women man, and full of days.

13 And he had feven fons, them inheritance among their

16 And Job lived after these things, a hundred and of the fecond Cassia, and the forty years, and he saw his children, unto the fourth ge-Is And there were not neration, and he died an old

### The Book of (a) PSALMS.

#### PSALM. Last special bas withw

Beatus vir.

The happiness of the just: and the evil state of the wicked.

LESSED is the man who hath not walked in the counsel of the ungodly, nor stood in the way of finners, nor fat in the chair of pestilence.

2 But his will is in the law of the Lord, and on his law he shall meditate day and

night.

atha-

3 And he shall be like a tree which is planted near the running waters, which shall bring forth its fruit, in due feafon a facilitate and s

And his leaf shall not fall off: and all whatfoever he shall do shall prosper.

4 Not fo the wicked, not fo: but like the dust, which the wind driveth from the face of the earth.

g Therefore the wicked shall not rise again in judgment: nor finners in the council of the just.

6 For the Lord knoweth the way of the just ; and the way of the wicked shall perith, and an atelest that

<sup>(</sup>a) Pfalms. They are called by the Hebrews Tebillim, that is, hymns of praise. The author, of a great part of them at least, was king David: but many are of opinion that fome of them were made by Afaph and others whose names are prefixed in the titles. Luco sa and

## PSALM II.

The wain efforts of perfecutors against Christ and his church.

WHY have the Gentiles raged, and the people devised vain things?

2 The kings of the earth flood up, and the princes met eogether, against the Lord, and against his Christ.

3 Let us break their bonds afunder: and let us cast away

their yoke from us.

4 He that dwelleth in heaven shall laugh at them: and the Lord shall deride them.

5 Then shall he speak to them in his anger, and trou-

ble them in his rage.

6 But I am appointed king by him over Sion his holy mountain, preaching his commandment

7 The Lord hath faid to me: Thou art my fon, this day have I begotten thee.

8 Ask of me, and I will give thee the Gentiles for thy inheritance, and the utmost parts of the earth for thy possession.

possession.

9 Thou shalt rule them with a rod of iron, and shalt break them in pieces like a

potter's vessel.

understand: receive instruction you that judge the earth.

fear: and rejoice unto him with trembling.

at any time the Lord beangry; and you perish from the just way.

13 When his wrath shall be kindled in a short time, blessed are all they that trust

in him.

#### PSALM III.

Domine quid multiplicati.

The prophet's danger and delivery from his fon Absalom: myslically the passion and resurression of Christ.

t The pfalm of David when he fled from the face of his fon Abfalom. [2 Kings xv.]

2 WHY, O Lord, are they multiplied that afflict me? many are they who rife up against me.

3 Many fay to my foul : There is no falvation for him

in his God of show dead had I

A But thou O Lord art my protector, my glory, and the lifter up of my head.

yith my voice: and he hath heard me from his holy hill.

6 I have slept and have taken my rest: and I have risen up, because the Lord hath protected me.

7 I will not fear thousands of the people surrounding me: arise, O Lord, save me, O my

God.

8 For thou hast struck all them who are my adversaries without cause: thou hast broken the teeth of sinners.

direct to downed reference of Christ.

o Salvation is of the Lord: and thy bleffing is upon thy people.

#### PSALM IV.

Cum invocarem.

The prophet teacheth us to flee to God in tribulation, with confidence in him.

1 (a) Unto the end, (b) in verses, a plalm (c) for David.

THEN I called upon him, the God of my justice heard me: when I was in diffress, thou haft enlarged mends much boil sai

Have mercy on me: and

hear my prayer.

3 O ye fons of men, how long will you be dull of heart? why do you love vanity, and feek after lying ?

4 Know ye also that the Lord hath made his holy one wonderful: the Lord will hear me when I shall cry unto him.

5 Be ye angry, and fin not: I stand my cry.

the things you fay in your hearts, be forry for them upon your beds.

6 Offer up the facrifice of justice, and trust in the Lord: many fay, Who sheweth us

good things?

7 The light of thy countenance, O Lord, is figned upon us: thou hast given gladness in my heart.

8 By the fruit of their corn, their wine and oil; they are

multiplied.

o In peace in the felf fame I will fleep, and I will reft.

10 For thou, O Lord, fingularly haft fettled me in hope.

#### PSALM

Verba mea auribus.

A prayer to God against the iniquities of mentaid

I Unto the end, (a) for her that obtaineth the inheritance. A plalm for David.

IVE ear, O Lord, to my words, under-

Pfalm IV. (a) Ver. 1. Unto the end. Or, as St. Jerome renders it, villori, to him that overcometh: which some understand of the chief musician; to whom they suppose the plalms, which bear that title, were given to be fung: we rather understand the psalms thus inscribed to refer to Christ, who is the end of the law, and the great conqueror of death and hell, and to the new testament.

(6) Ibidem. In verfes, in carminibus. In the Hebrew it is neghinoth, supposed by some to be a musical instrument,

with which this pfalm was to be fung.

(e) Ibidem. For David, or to David, to Anuld, that is, inspired to David himself, or to be sung by him.

Pfalm V. (a) Ver. 1. For her that obtaineth the inheritance. That is, for the church of Christ.

3 Hearken to the voice of 1 my prayer, O my King and my God.

4 For to thee will I pray : O Lord in the morning thou

shalt hear my voice.

In the morning I will stand before thee, and will fee: that thou art not a God that willest iniquity.

6 Neither shall the wicked dwell near thee: nor shall the unjust abide before thy eyes.

7 Thou hateft all the workers of iniquity: thou wilt destroy all that speak a lye.

The bloody and the deceitful man the Lord will abhor. 8 But as for me in the multitude of thy mercy,

I will come into thy house; I will worship towards thy ho-

ly temple, in thy fear.

o Conduct me, O Lord, in thy justice: because of my enemies, direct my way in thy fight. Sharing and acceptant

to For there is no truth in their mouth: their heart is vain.

11 Their throat is an open sepulchre: they dealt deceitfully with their tongues : judge them O God

Let them fall from their devices: according to the mul-

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titude of their wickednesses cast them out : for they have provoked thee O Lord,

12 But let all them be glad that hope in thee: they shall rejoice for ever, and thou falt dwell in them.

And all they that love thy name shall glory in thee: 13 For thou wilt blefs the jult.

O Lord, thou haft crowned us, as with a shield, of thy good-will.

#### PSALM VI. Domine ne in furore. 1.

A prayer of a penitent finner. under the scourge of God. The first penitential Pfalm.

I Unto the end, in verses, a pfalm for David, (a) for the octave.

O LORD rebake me not in thy indignation, nor chastise me in thy wrath.

3 Have mercy on me, O Lord, for I am weak : heal me, O Lord, for my bones are troubled

4 And my foul is troubled exceedingly: but thou, O Lord, how long?

Turn to me, O Lord.

Pfalm VI. (a) Ver. 1. For the oftener. That is, to be fung on an inflrument of eight strings. St. Augustin understands it mystically, of the last refurrection, and the world to come; which is, as it were, the octave, or eighth day, after the feven days of this mortal life t and for this octave, finners must dispose themselves, like David, by bewailing their fine. while they are here apon earth, with all the land and all the

and deliver my foul : O fave me for thy mercy's fake.

6 For there is no one in death, that is mindful of thee : and who shall confess to thee in hell?

7 I have laboured in my groanings, every night I will wash my bed: I will water my

couch with my tears.

8 My eye is troubled through indignation: I have grown old amongst all my enemies.

9 Depart from me all ye workers of iniquity: for the Lord hath heard the voice of my weeping.

10 The Lord hath heard my fupplication: the Lord hath received my prayer.

11 Let all my enemies be ashamed, and be very much troubled: let them be turned back, and be ashamed very fpeedily and sent sent

#### PSALM Domine Deus meus.

David, trusting in the justice of his cause, prayeth for God's belp against his enemies.

1 The pfalm of David, which he fung to the Lord, for the words of Chufi the fon of Jemini. [2 Kings xvi.]

LORD, my God, in thee have I put my trust : fave me from all them that perfecute me, and deliver me.

1423

upon my foul, like a lion. while there is no one to redeem me, nor to fave.

4 O Lord, my God, If I have done this thing, if there be iniquity in my hands.

s If I have rendered to them that repaid me evils. let me deservedly fall empty before my enemies.

6 Let the enemy purfue my foul, and take it; and tread down my life on the earth; and bring down my glory to the duft.

7 Rife up, O Lord, in thy anger: and be thou exalted in the borders of my enemies de si um sol ac cost

And arise, O Lord my God. in the precept which thou haft commanded. 8 And a congregation of people shall furround thee.

And for their fakes return thou on high. o The Lord judgeth the people.

Judge me, O Lord, according to my justice, and according to my innocence in me.

10 The wickedness of finners shall be brought to nought; and thou shalt direct the just : the fearcher of hearts and reins is God, hardage 1230 vol

Just 11 is my help from the Lord: who faveth the upright of heart.

12 God is a just judge, frong and patient: is he angry every day ? (40 may a) add

13 Except you will be con-3 Left at any time he seize | verted, he will brandish his fword;

fword; he hath bent his bow, and made it ready.

pared the instruments of death, he hath made ready his arrows (a) for them that burn.

15 Behold he haty been in labour with injustice; he hath conceived forrow, and brought forth iniquity.

and dug it: and he is fallen into the hole he made.

17 His forrow shall be turned on his own head: and his iniquity shall come down upon his crown.

18 I will give glory to the Lord according to his justice: and will sing praise to the name of the Lord the most high.

#### PSALM VIII.

Domine Dominus noster.

God is wonderful in his works; especially in mankind, singularly exalted by the incarnation of Christ.

Unto the end, (a) for the preffes: a pfalm for David.

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his d ; LORD, our Lord, how admirable is thy name in the whole earth!

For thy magnificence is elevated above the heavens. 3 Out of the mouth of infants and of fucklings thou hast perfected praise, because of thy enemies, that thou mayst destroy the enemy and the avenger.

4 For I will behold thy heavens, the works of thy fingers: the moon and the stars which thou hast founded.

5 What is man that thou art mindful of him? or the fon of man that thou visitest him?

6 Thou hast made him a little lesser than the Angels, thou hast crowned him with glory and honour; 7 And hast set him over the works of thy hands.

8 Thou hast subjected all things under his feet, all sheep and oxen: moreover the beasts also of the fields.

9 The birds of the air, and the fishes of the sea, that pass through the paths of the sea.

10 O Lord, our Lord, how admirable is thy name in all the earth!

#### PSALM IX.

Confitebor tibi Domine. 1.

The church praiseth God for his protection against her enemies.

I Unto the end, for (a) the

Pfalm VII. (a) Ver. 14. For them that burn. That is, against the perfecutors of his Saints.

Plasm VIII. (a) Ver. 1. The presses. In Hebrew Gittith, supposed to be a musical instrument.

Pfalm IX. (a) Ver. 1. The bidden things of the fon. The humility

hidden things of the fon.

A pfalm for David.

Will give praise to thee, O Lord, with my whole heart: I will relate all thy wonders.

3 I will be glad and re joice in thee: I will fing praise to thy name, O thou most

high.

4 When my enemy shall be turned back: they shall be weakened and perish before thy face.

5 For thou hast maintained my judgment and my cause: thou hast sat on the throne,

who judgest justice.

6 Thou hast rebuked the Gentiles, and the wicked one hath perished: thou hast blotted out their name for ever and ever.

7 The fwords of the enemy have failed unto the end: and their cities thou haft deftroyed.

Their memory hath perished with a noise: 8 But the Lord remaineth for ever.

He hath prepared his throne in judgment: 9 And he shall judge the world in equity, he shall judge the people in jufstice.

ome a refuge for the poor: tions that forget God.

a helper in due time in tribulation.

Pfalm IX.

11 And let them trust in thee who know thy name: for thou hast not forsaken them that seek thee, O Lord.

12 Sing ye to the Lord who dwelleth in Sion: declare his ways among the Gentiles:

13 For requiring their blood he hath remembered them; he hath not forgotten the cry of the poor.

Lord : fee my humiliation which I suffer from my e-

nemies.

15 Thou that liftest me up from the gates of death, that I may declare all thy praises in the gates of the daughter of Sion.

16 I will rejoice in thy falvation: the Gentiles have fluck fast in the destruction which they prepared.

Their foot hath been taken in the very fnare which they hid.

17 The Lord shall be known when he executeth judgments: the finner hath been caught in the works of his own hands.

18 The wicked shall be turned into hell, all the nations that forget God.

humility and sufferings of Christ, the natural son of God; and of good christians, who are his sons by adoption; are called hidden things, with regard to the child: en of this world, who know not the value and merit of them.

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not be forgotten to the end: the patience of the poor shall not perish for ever.

20 Arise, O Lord, let not man be strengthened: let the Gentiles be judged in thy fight.

21 Appoint, O Lord, a law-giver over them: that the Gentiles may know themfelves to be but men.

Here in Hebrew Bibles begins PSALM X.

WHY, O Lord, haft thou retired a-far off? why doft thou flight us in our wants, in the time of trouble?

2 Whilst the wicked man is proud, the poor is set on fire: they are caught in the counsels which they devise.

3 For the finner is praifed in the defires of his foul: and the unjust man is bleffed.

4 The finner hath provoked the Lord, according to the multitude of his wrath, he will not feek bim:

5 God is not before his eyes: his ways are filthy at all times.

Thy judgments are removed from his fight: he shall lord it over all his enemies.

6 For he hath faid in his heart: I shall not be moved from generation to generation, and shall be without evil.

7 His mouth is full of curfing, and of bitterness, and of deceit: under his tongue

are labour and forrow.

8 He fitteth in ambush with the rich in private places, that he may kill the innocent.

9 His eyes are upon the poor man: he lieth in wait in fecret, like a lion in his den.

He lieth in ambush that he may catch the poor man: to catch the poor, whilst he draweth him to him.

no In his net he will bring him down, he will crouch and fall, when he shall have power over the poor.

heart: God hath forgotten, he hath turned away his face not to see to the end.

12 Arise, O Lord God, let thy hand be exalted, forget not the poor.

13 Wherefore hath the wicked provoked God? For he hath faid in his heart, he will not require it.

14 Thou feeft it, for thou considerest labour and forrow: that thou mayst deliver them into thy hands.

To thee is the poor man left; thou wilt be a helper to the orphan.

15 Break thou the arm of the finner and of the malignant: his fin shall be fought, and shall not be found.

16 The Lord shall reign to eternity, yea for ever and ever: Ye Gentiles shall perish from his land.

17 The Lord hath heard the defire of the poor: thy

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ear hath heard the preparation of their heart.

18 To judge for the fatheriefs and for the humble, that man may no more prefume to magnify himself upon earth.

### PSALM X. In the Hebrew XI. In Domino confido.

The just man's confidence in God in the midst of persecutions.

1 Unto the end. A pfalm for David.

The Lord I put my trust: How then do you say to my soul: Get thee away from hence to the mountain like a sparrow?

3 For lo the wicked have bent their bow; they have prepared their arrows in the quiver; to shoot in the dark

the upright of heart.

4 For they have destroyed the things which thou hast made: but what has the just man done?

5 The Lord is in his holy temple, the Lord's throne is in heaven.

His eyes look on the poor man: his eye-lids examine the fons of men.

- 6 The Lord trieth the just and the wicked: but he that loveth iniquity hateth his own foul.
- 7 He shall rain snares upon sinners: fire and brimstone and storms of winds shall be the portion of their cup.

8 For the Lord is just, and hath loved justice; his countenance hath beheld righte-ousness.

### PSALM XI. Heb. XII.

The prophet calls for God's belp against the wicked.

Unto the end; for the oc-

SAVE me, O Lord, for there is now no Saint: truths are decayed from among the children of men.

3 They have spoken vain things every one to his neighbour: with deceitful lips, and with a double heart have they spoken.

4 May the Lord deftroy all deceitful lips, and the tongue that speaketh proud

things.

5 Who have faid: We will magnify our tongue; our lips are our own; who is Lord over us?

6 By reason of the misery of the needy, and the groans of the poor; now will I arise, saith the Lord.

I will fet him in safety; I will deal considently in his

regard.

7 The words of the Lord are pure words: as filver tried by the fire, purged from the earth, refined seven times.

8 Thou, O Lord, wilt preserve us: and keep us from this generation for ever.

9 The wicked walk round about:

about: according to thy highness, thou hast multiplied the children of men.

# PSAL M XII. Heb. XIII. Ufquequò Domine.

A prayer in Tribulation.

1. Unto the end, a Pfalm for David.

HOW long, O Lord, wilt thou forget me unto the end? how long doft thou turn away thy face from me?

2 How long shall I take counsels in my soul, forrow in

my heart all the day?

3 How long shall my enemy be exalted over me?
4 Consider and hear me, O Lord my God.

Enlighten my eyes, that I never fleep in death: 5 Left at any time my enemy fay I have prevailed against him.

They that trouble me will rejoice when I am moved: 6 But I have trufted in thy

mercy.

My heart shall rejoice in thy Salvation: I will sing to the Lord who giveth me good things: yea I will sing to the name of the Lord the most high.

#### PSALM XIII. Heb. XIV.

Dixit infipiens. i.

The general corruption of man before our redemption by Christ.

1. Unto the end, a Pfalm for David.

THE fool hath faid in his heart, there is no God.

They are corrupt, and are become abominable in their ways: there is none that doth

good, no not one.

2 The Lord hath looked down from heaven upon the children of men, to see if there be any that understand and seek God.

3 They are all gone afide, they are become unprofitable together: there is none that

doth good, no not one.

Their throat is an open fepulchre; with their tongues they acted deceitfully; the poison of asps is under their lips.

Their mouth is full of curfing and bitterness; their feet are swift to shed blood.

Destruction and unhappiness is in their ways; and the way of peace they have not known: there is no fear of God before their eyes.

4 Shall not all they know that work iniquity, who devour my people, as they eat

bread?

5 They have not called upon the Lord; there have they trembled for fear, where there was no fear.

6 For the Lord is in the just generation: you have confounded the counsel of the poor man, but the Lord is his hope.

7 Who shall give out of Sion the Salvation of Israel!

when the Lord shall have turned away the captivity of his people, Jacob shall rejoice and Israel shall be glad.

PSALM XIV. Heb. XV.

Domine quis habitabit.

What kind of men shall dwell in the heavenly Sion.

I. A Pfalm for David.

I ORD who shall dwell in thy tabernacle? or who shall rest in thy holy hill?

2 He that walketh without blemish, and worketh justice:

3 He that speaketh truth in his heart, who hath not used deceit in his tongue:

Nor hath done evil to his neighbour: nor taken up a reproach against his neighbours.

ant is brought to nothing: but he glorifieth them that fear the Lord.

He that sweareth to his neighbour, and deceiveth not, 5 he that hath not put out his money to usury, nor taken bribes against the innocent:

He that doth these things shall not be moved for ever.

PSALM XV. Heb. XVI.

Conserva me Domine.

Christ's future victory and triumph over the world, and death.

1. The (a) inscription of a title to David himself.

PReferve me O Lord, for I have put my trust in thee. 2 I have said to the Lord, thou art my God, for thou hast no need of my goods.

3 To the Saints, who are in his land, he hath made wonderful all my defires in

them.

4 Their infirmities were multiplied: afterwards they made hafte.

I will not gather together their meetings for blood-offerings: nor will I be mindful of their names by my lips.

of my inheritance and of my cup: it is thou that wilt reflore my inheritance to me.

6 The lines are fallen unto me in goodly places: for my inheritance is goodly to me.

7 I will bless the Lord, who hath given me understanding: moreover my reins also have corrected me even till night.

8 I fet the Lord always in my fight: for he is at my right hand, that I be not moved.

9 Therefore my heart hath been glad, and my tongue hath rejoiced: moreover my flesh also shall rest in hope.

Pfalm XV. (a) Ver. 1. The inscription of a title. That is, of a pillar or monument, επλογεαφ.α: which is as much as to say, that this psalm is most worthy to be engraved on an everlasting monument.

" to Because thou wilt not leave my foul in hell; nor wilt thou give thy holy one

to fee corruption.

11 Thou haft made known to me the ways of life, thou shall fill me with joy with thy countenance; at thy right hand are delights even to the end. All that the below and

PSALM XVI. Heb. XVII. Exaudi Domine justitiam.

A just man's prayer in tribulation against the malice of bis enemies.

1. The prayer of David.

TEAR, O Lord, my justice : attend to my fupplication.

Give ear unto my prayer, which proceedeth not from de-

ceitful lips.

2 Let my judgment come forth from thy countenance: let thy eyes behold the things

that are equitable.

3 Thou haft proved my heart, and vifited it by night, thou hast tried me by fire : and iniquity hath not been found in me.

4 That my mouth may not fpeak the works of men: for the fake of the words of thy lips, I have kept hard ways.

Perfect thou my going in thy paths: that my footsteps be not moved.

6 I have cried to thee, for thou. O God, haft heard me : O incline thy ear unto me. and hear my words.

7 Shew forth thy wonderful mercies; thou who faveft them that trust in thee.

8 From them that refift thy right hand, keep me as

the apple of thy eye.

Protect me under the shadow of thy wings. 9 From the face of the wicked who have afflicted me.

My enemies have furrounded my foul: 10 they have thut up (a) their fat : their mouth hath spoken proudly.

II They have cast me forth and now they have furrounded me: they have fet their eyes bowing down to the earth.

12 They have taken me. as a lion prepared for the prey; and as a young lion dwelling in fecret places.

13 Arise, O Lord, disappoint him and fupplant him ; deliver my foul from the wicked one; thy fword 14 from the enemies of thy hand.

O Lord, (b) divide them from the few of the earth in

their

Pfalm XVI. (a) Ver. 10. Their fat. That is, their bowels of compassion: for they have none for me.

<sup>(</sup>b) Ver. 14. Divide them from the few, &c. that is, cut them off from the earth, and the few trifling things thereof; which

their life: their belly is filled I from thy (c) hidden flores.

They are full of children: and they have left to their little ones the rest of their subflance.

15 But as for me, I will appear before thy fight in justice: I shall be satisfied when thy glory shall appear.

#### PSALM XVII. Heb. XVIII.

Diligam te Domine.

David's thanks to God for bis delivery from all his enemies.

1. Unto the end, for David the fervant of the Lord, who fpoke to the Lord the words of this canticle, in the day, that the Lord delivered him from the hand of all his enemies, and from the hand of Saul. ( 2 Kings xxii.

Will love thee, O Lord. my strength: 3 The Lord is my firmament, my refuge, and my deliverer.

My God is my helper, and in him will I put my truft.

of my falvation, and my fupport.

4 Praising I will call upon the Lord: and I shall be faved from my enemies.

5 The forrows of death furrounded me : and the torrents of iniquity troubled me.

6 The forrows of hell encompassed me : and the snares of death prevented me.

7 In my affliction I called upon the Lord, and I cried to my God.

And he heard my voice from his holy temple: and my cry before him came into his ears.

8 The earth shook and trembled: the foundations of the mountains were troubled and were moved, because he was angry with them.

o There went up a smoke in his wrath: and a fire flamed from his face: coals were kindled by it.

10 He bowed the heavens, and came down; and darkness was under his feet.

11 And he ascended upon My protector and the horn I the Cherubim, and he flew;

which they are so proud of, or, divide them from the few; that is from thy elect, who are but few; that they may no longer have it in their power to oppress them. It is not meant by way of a curse or imprecation; but as many other the like passages in the psalms, by way of a prediction, or prophecy of what should come upon them, in punishment of their wickedness.

(c) Ver. 14. Thy bidden flores, thy secret treasures, out of which thou furnishest those earthly goods, which with a bountiful hand thou distributed both to good and bad,

he flew upon the wings of the winds.

12 And he made darkness his covert, his pavilion round bout him: dark waters in the clouds of the air.

13 At the brightness that was before him the clouds passed, hail and coals of fire.

14 And the Lord thundered from heaven, and the Highest gave his voice, hail and coals of fire.

15 And he fent forth his arrows, and he scattered them : he multiplied lightnings and troubled them.

16 Then the fountains of waters appeared, and the foundations of the world were difcovered.

At thy rebuke, O Lord, at the blaft of the spirit of the wrath.

17 He fent from on high. and took me: and received me out of many waters.

18 He delivered me from my strongest enemies, and from them that hated me: for they were too ftrong for me.

19 They prevented me in the day of my affliction: and the Lord became my protectour.

20 And he brought me forth into a large place: he faved me, because he was well pleafed with me.

21 And the Lord will reward me according to my justice; and will repay me according to the cleanness of my hands:

22 Because I have kept the ways of the Lord; and have not done wickedly against my God.

23 For all his judgments are in my fight: and his juftices I have not putaway from me.

24 And I shall be spotless with him: and shall keep myfelf from my iniquity.

25 And the Lord will reward me according to my juflice; and according to the cleanness of my hands before his eyes.

26 With the holy, thou wilt be holy; and with the innocent man, thou wilt be innocent:

27 And with the elect thou wilt be elect: and with the nesverse thou wilt be perverted.

28 For thou wilt fave the humble people; but wilt bring down the eyes of the proud.

29 For thou lightest my lamp O Lord : O my God enlighten my darkness.

30 For by thee I shall be delivered from temptation; and through my God I shall go over a wall.

31 As for my God, his way is undefiled: the words of the Lord are fire-tried: he is the protector of all that trust in him.

32 For who is God but the

the Lord? or who is God but our God?

33 God who hath girt me with strength; and made my way blameless.

34 Who hath made my feet like the feet of harts: and who fetteth me upon high places.

35 Who teacheth my hands to war: and thou hast made my arms like a brazen bow.

36 And thou hast given me the protection of thy falvation: and thy right hand hath held me up:

And thy discipline hath corrected me unto the end; and thy discipline, the same

shall teach me.

37 Thou haft enlarged my feet under me; and my feet are not weakned.

and I will pursue after my enemies, and overtake them: and I will not turn again, till they are consumed.

39 I will break them, and they shall not be able to stand: they shall fall under my feet.

40 And thou hast girded me with strength unto battel; and hast subdued under me them that rose up against me.

AI And thou hast made my enemies turn their back upon me, and hast destroyed

them that hated me.

42 They cried, but there was none to fave them; to the Lord, but he heard them not.

as small as the dust before the

wind; I shall bring them to naught, like the dirt in the streets.

44 Thou wilt deliver me from the contradictions of the people: thou wilt make me head of the gentiles.

45 A people, which I knew not, hath ferved me: at the hearing of the ear they have

obeyed me.

46 The children that are strangers have lied to me, strange children have faded away, and have halted from their paths.

47 The Lord liveth, and bleffed be my God, and let the God of my falvation be exalt-

ed.

48 O God, who avenged me; and subduest the people under me, my deliverer from my enemies.

49 And thou wilt lift me up above them that rife up against me: from the unjust man thou wilt deliver me.

50 Therefore will I give glory to thee, O Lord, among the nations, and I will fing a

plalm to thy name.

51 Giving great deliverance to his king, and shewing mercy to David his anointed: and to his seed for ever.

PSALM XVIII. Heb. XIX.

Cæli enarrant

The works of God shew forth bis glory: bis law is greatly to be esseemed and loved.

1 Unto the end. A plalm for David.

2 THE

THE Heavens shew forth the glory of God, and the firmament declareth the work of his hands.

3 Day to day uttereth speech, and night to night

sheweth knowledge.

4 There are no speeches nor languages, where their

voices are not heard.

5 Their found hath gone forth into all the earth: and their words unto the ends of the world.

6 He hath fet his tabernacle in the fun: and he as a bridegroom coming out of his

bridechamber,

Hath rejoyced as a giant to run the way: 7 His going out is from the end of heaven.

And his circuit even to the end thereof: and there is no one that can hide himself from

his heat.

8 The law of the Lord is unspotted, converting souls: the testimony of the Lord is faithful, giving wisdom to little ones.

9 The justices of the Lord are right, rejoicing hearts: the commandment of the Lord is lightsome, enlightening the

eyes.

10 The fear of the Lord is holy, enduring for ever and ever: the judgments of the Lord are true, justified in themfelves.

11 More to be defired than gold and many precious stones:

and fweeter than honey and the honey-comb.

12 For thy fervant keepeth them, and in keeping them there is a great reward.

13 Who can understand fins? from my secret ones cleanse me, O Lord: 14 And from those of others spare thy servant.

If they shall have no dominion over me, then shall I be without spot : and I shall be cleansed from the great-

est fin.

mouth shall be such as may please: and the meditation of my heart always in thy fight

O Lord my helper and my

redeemer.

PSALM XIX. Heb. XX. Exaudiat te Dominus.

A prayer for the king.

t Unto the end. A plalm for David.

A Y the Lord hear thee in the day of tribulation: may the name of the God of Jacob protect thee.

3 May he fend thee help from the fanctuary: and de-

fend thee out of Sion.

4 May he be mindful of all thy facrifices: and may thy whole burnt offering be made fat.

5 May he give thee according to thy own heart; and confirm all thy counfels.

6 We will rejoice in thy falvation; and in the name

for

Of our God we shall be exalted.

7 The Lord fulfil all thy petitions: now have I known that the Lord hath faved his anointed.

He will hear him from his holy heaven: the falvation of his right hand is (a) in powers

8 Some trust in chariots, and some in horses: but we will call upon the name of the Lord our God.

9 They are bound, and have fallen; but we are rifen. and are fet upright

O Lord fave the king: and hear us in the day that we shall call upon thee.

#### PSALM XX. Heb. XXI.

Domine in virtute.

Praise to God for Christ's exaltation after his passion.

Unto the end. A pfalm for David.

I N thy strength, O Lord, the king shall joy; and in thy falvation he shall rejoice exceedingly.

3 Thou haft given him his heart's defire: and haft not withholden from him the will

of his lips.

4 For thou hast prevented him with bleffings of sweetness: thou hast set on his head a crown of pretious stones. 5 He asked life of thee: and thou hait given him length of days for ever and ever.

6 His glory is great in thy falvation: glory and great beauty shalt thou lay upon him.

7 For thou shalt give him to be a blessing for ever and ever: thou shalt make him joyful in gladness with thy countenance.

8 For the king hopeth in the Lord: and through the mercy of the most High he shall not be moved.

9 Let thy hand be found by all thy enemies: let thy right hand find out all them that hate thee.

as an oven of fire, in the time of thy anger: the Lord shall trouble them in his wrath, and fire shall devour them,

It Their fruit shalt thou destroy from the earth: and their feed from among the children of men.

12 For they have intended evils against thee: they have devised counsels which they have not been able to establish.

13 For thou shalt make them turn their back: (a) in thy remnants thou shalt prepare their face.

14 Be

Pfalm. XIX. Ver. 8. (a) In powers. That is, in strength. His right hand is strong and mighty to save them that trust in him.

Pfalm. XX. (a) Ver. 13. In thy remnants thou shalt pre-

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Lord, in thy own strength: we will sing and praise thy power.

PSALM XXI. Heb. XXII.

Deus, Deus meus.

Christ's passion: and the conversion of the Gentiles.

4. Unto the end, for the morning protection, a plalm for David.

God, my God, look upon me: why haft thou for faken me?

Far from my falvation are

y day, and thou wilt not hear: and by night, and it shall not be reputed as folly in

4 But thou dwellest in the holy place, the praise of Is-

5 In thee have our fathers hoped; they have hoped, and thou hast delivered them.

6 They cried to thee, and they were faved: they trufted in thee, and were not confounded.

7 But I am a worm, and

no man: the reproach of men, and the outcast of the people.

8 All they that faw me have laughed me to fcorn: they have spoken with the lips, and wagged the head.

9 He hoped in the Lord, let him deliver him: let him fave him, feeing he delighteth in him.

hast drawn me out of the womb: my hope from the breasts of my mother. It I was cast upon thee from the womb.

From my mother's womb thou art my God. 12 Depart not from me.

For tribulation is very near: for there is none to help me.

13 Many calves have furrounded me: fat bulls have besieged me.

14 They have opened their mouths against me, as a lion ravening and roaring. 15 I am poured out like

15 I am poured out like water; and all my bones are feattered.

My heart is become like wax melting in the midst of my bowels.

pare their face: or thou shalt set thy remnants against their faces. That is, thou shalt make them see what punishments remain for them hereaster from thy justice. Instead of remnants, St. Jerome renders it funes, that is, cords or strings, viz. of the bow of divine justice from which God directs his arrows against the faces of his enemies.

Pfalm XXI. (a) Ver. 2. The words of my finr. That is, the fins of the world, which I have taken upon myfelf, cry out against me, and are the cause of all my sufferings.

up like a potshard, and my tongue hath cleaved to my jaws: and thou hast brought medown into the dust of death.

17 For many dogs have encompassed me; the council of the malignant hath besseg-

ed me.

They have dug my hands and feet. 18 They have numbred all my bones.

And they have looked and flared upon me. 19 They parted my garments amongst them; and upon my vesture they cast lots.

nove not thy help to a diftance from me: look towards

my defense.

foul from the fword: my only one from the hand of the dog.

22 Save me from the lion's mouth; and my lowness from the horns of the unicorns.

23 I will declare thy name to my brethren: in the midst of the church will I praise thee.

24 Ye that fear the Lord praise him: all ye the seed of

Jacob glorify him.

rael fear him: because he hath not flighted nor despised the supplication of the poor man.

Neither hath he turned away his face from me: and when I cried to him he heard me.

26 With thee is my praise in the great church: I will pay my vows in the fight of them that fear him.

27 The poor shall eat and shall be filled; and they shall praise the Lord that seek him; their hearts shall live for ever and ever.

28 All the ends of the earth shall remember, and shall be converted to the Lord:

And all the kindreds of the Gentiles shall adore in his fight,

29 For the kingdom is the Lord's; and he shall have dominion over the nations.

30 All the fat ones of the earth have eaten and have adored: all they that go down to the earth shall fall before him.

31 And to him my foul shall live: and my feed shall serve him.

32 There shall be declared to the Lord a generation to come: and the heavens shall shew forth his justice to a people that shall be born, which the Lord hath made.

PSALM XXII. Heb. XXIII.

Dominus regit me.

God's spiritual benefits to faithful fouls.

A pfalm for David.

HE Lord (a) ruleth me:
and I shall want no.

Pfalm XXII. (a) Ver. 1. Ruleth me. In Hebrew, Is my Mepherd, viz. to feed, guide, and govern me.

thing. 2 He hath fet me in !

a place of pasture.

He hath brought me up, on the water of refreshment; 3 he hath converted my foul.

He hath led me on the paths of justice, for his own name's

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A For though I should walk in the midt of the shadow of death, I will fear no evils, for thou art with me.

Thy rod and thy staff, they

have comforted me.

Thou haft prepared a table before me, against them that afflict me.

Thou hast anointed my head with oil; and my chalice which inebriateth me how goodly is it!

6 And thy mercy will follow me all the days of my life.

And that I may dwell in the house of the Lord, unto length of days.

## PSALM XXIII. Heb. XXIV.

Domini est terra.

Who are they that shall ascend to beaven: Christ's triumphant ascension thitber.

1 On the first day of the week, a plalm for David. HE earth is the Lord's and the fullness there-

of: the world, and all they

that dwell therein.

2 For he hath founded it upon the feas; and hath prepared it upon the rivers.

3 Who shall ascend into the mountain of the Lord: or who shall stand in his holy place?

4 The innocent in hands, and clean of heart, who hath not taken his foul in vain, nor fworn deceitfully to his neighbour.

5 He shall receive a bleffing from the Lord, and mer cy from God his Saviour.

6 This is the generation of them that feek him, of them that feek the face of the God of Jacob.

7 Lift up your gates O ye princes: and be ye lifted up O eternal gates, and the King of Glory shall enter in.

8 Who is this King of Glory? the Lord who is strong and mighty, the Lord mighty in battle.

o Lift up your gates O ye princes, and be ye lifted up O eternal gates; and the King of Glory shall enter in.

10 Who is this King of Glory? the Lord of hofts. he is the King of Glory.

#### PSALM XXIV. Heb. XXV.

Ad te Domine levavi.

A prayer for grace, mercy, and protection against our enes mies.

I Unto the end, a plalm for David.

O thee, O Lord, have I lifted up my foul. 2 In thee, O my God, I put my trust; let me not be ashamed.

3 Neither let my enemies laugh 76

laugh at me: for none of them that wait on thee shall be confounded.

4 Let all them be confounded that act unjust things without cause.

Shew, O Lord, thy ways to me, and teach me thy paths.

g Direct me in thy truth, and teach me; for thou art God my Saviour; and on thee have I waited all the day long.

6 Remember, O Lord thy bowels of compassion; and thy mercies that are from the beginning of the world.

7 The fins of my youth and my ignorances do not re-

member.

According to thy mercy remember thou me: for thy goodness sake O Lord.

8 The Lord is sweet and righteous: therefore he will give a law to sinners in the way.

9 He will guide the mild in judgment: he will teach

the meek his ways.

Lord are mercy and truth, to them that feek after his covenant and his testimonies.

II For thy name's fake, O Lord, thou wilt pardon my

fin: for it is great.

12 Who is the man that feareth the Lord? He hath appointed him a law in the way he hath chosen.

13 His foul shall dwell in good things: and his feed

shall inherit the land.

14 The Lord is a firmament to them that fear him: and his covenant shall be made manifest to them.

15 My eyes are ever towards the Lord: for he shall pluck my feet out of the snare.

16 Look thou upon me, and have mercy on me; for I am alone and poor.

17 The troubles of my heart are multiplied: deliver me from my necessities.

18 See my abjection and my labour; and forgive me all my fins.

19 Confider my enemies for they are multiplied, and have hated me with an unjust hatred.

20 Keep thou my foul, and deliver me: I shall not be ashamed, for I have hoped in thee.

21 The innocent and the upright have adhered to me: because I have waited on thee

from all his tribulations.

### PSALM XXV. Heb. XXVI.

Judica me Domine.

David's prayer to God in his distress, to be delivered, that he may come to worship him in his tabernacle.

1 Unto the end, a pfalm for David.

JUDGE me, O Lord, for I have walked in my innocence: and I have put my trust in the Lord, and shall not be weakened.

2 Prove me, O Lord, and

try

try me; burn my reins and my heart.

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3 For thy mercy is before my eyes: and I am well pleased with thy truth.

4 I have not fat with the council of vanity: neither will I go in with the doers of unjust things.

of the malignant; and with the wicked I will not fit:

6 I will wash my hands among the innocent: and will compass thy altar, O Lord.

7 That I may hear the voice of thy praise: and tell of all thy wondrous works.

8 I have loved, O Lord, the beauty of thy house; and the place where thy glory dwelleth.

O God, with the wicked; nor my life with bloody men.

10 In whose hands are iniquities, their right hand is filled with gifts.

11 But as for me, I have walked in my innocence: redeem me, and have mercy on me.

12 My foot hath flood in the direct way: in the churches I will blefs thee, O Lord.

PSALM xxvi. Heb.xxvii.
Dominus illuminatio.

David's faith and hope in God.

The pfalm of David before he was anointed.

THE Lord is my light and my falvation, whom shall I fear ?

A 2 51

The Lord is the protector of my life; of whom shall I be afraid?

2 Whilst the wicked draw near against me, to eat my slesh.

My enemies that trouble me, have themselves been weakened, and have fallen.

3 If armies in camp should stand together against me, my heart shall not fear.

If a battle should rife up against me, in this will I be consident.

4 One thing I have asked of the Lord, this will I feek after; that I may dwell in the house of the Lord all the days of my life.

That I may see the delight of the Lord, and may visit his temple.

5 For he hath hid me in his tabernacle; in the day of evils, he hath protected me in the fecret place of his tabernacle.

6 He hath exalted me upon a rock: and now he hath lifted up my head above my enemies.

I have gone round, and have offered up in his tabernacle a facrifice of jubilation, I will fing, and recite a plalm to the Lord.

7 Hear, O Lord, my voice, with which I have cried to thee: have mercy on me and hear me.

8 My heart hath faid to thee, My face hath fought:

thee: thy face, O Lord, will I still feek.

o Turn not away thy face from me; decline not in thy wrath from thy fervant.

Be thou my helper, forfake me not; do not thou despise me, O God my Saviour.

10 For my father and my mother have left me: but the Lord hath taken me up.

11 Set me, O Lord, a law, in thy way, and guide me in the right path, because of my enemies.

12 Deliver me not over to the will of them that trouble me: for unjust witnesses have rifen up against me; and iniquity hath lied to itself.

1 a I believe to fee the good things of the Lord in the land

of the living.

14 Expect the Lord, do manfully, and let thy heart take courage, and wait thou for the Lord.

PSALM XXVII. Heb. XXVIII. Ad te Domine clamabo.

David's prayer that his enemies may not prevail over bim.

A pfalm for David himfelf. TNTO thee will I cry, O Lord; O my God be not thou filent to me; left if thou be filent to me, I become like them that go down into the pit.

2 Hear, O Lord, the voice of my supplication, when I

pray to thee; when I lift up my hands to thy holy temple. DEST LAND : 25 VE WHE BOWY

Draw me not away together with the wicked; and with the workers of iniquity dettroy me not.

Who speak peace with their neighbour: but evils are in

their hearts. Hamilton said to

4 Give them according to their works, and according to the wickedness of their inventions. O replaced alcomo

According to the works of their hands give thou to them: render to them their reward.

5 Because they have not understood the works of the Lord, and the operations of his hands; thou shalt destroy them, and shalt not build them up.

6 Bleffed be the Lord, for he hath heard the voice of my

supplication.

led wall gifts. 7 The Lord is my helper and my protector: in him hath my heart confided, and I have been helped.

And my flesh hath flourished again, and with my will I will give praise to

him.

8 The Lord is the strength of his people, and the protector of the falvation of his anointed.

9 Save, O Lord, thy people, and bless thy inheritance: and rule them and exalt them for ever.  PSALMxxvIII. Heb. xxIX.

An invitation to glorify God, with a commemoration of his mighty works.

A pfalm for David, at the finishing of the tabernacle.

• RING to the Lord, O

Bye children of God, bring to the Lord the offspring of rams.

and henour; bring to the Lord glory to his name, adore ye the Lord in his holy court.

3 The voice of the Lord is upon the waters; the God of majesty hath thundered. The Lord upon many waters.

4 The voice of the Lord is in power; the voice of the Lord in magnificence.

5 The voice of the Lord breaketh the cedars: yea the Lord shall break the cedars of Libanus.

6 And (a) shall reduce them to pieces, as a calf of Libanus, and as the beloved fon of unicorns.

7 The voice of the Lord divideth the flame of fire. 8

The voice of the Lord shaketh the defart: and the Lord shall shake the defart of Cades.

9 The voice of the Lord prepareth the stags: and he will discover the thick woods: and in his temple all shall speak bis glory.

to The Lord maketh the flood to dwell: and the Lord shall fit king for ever.

The Lord will give strength to his people: the Lord will bless his people with peace.

PSALM xxix. Heb. xxx.

Exaltabo te Domine.

David praiseth God for his deliverance, and his merciful dealings with him.

r A pfalm of a canticle, at the dedication of David's house.

Will extol thee, O Lord, for thou hast upheld me: and hast not made my enemies to rejoice over me.

3 O Lord, my God, I have cried to thee, and thou hast healed me.

4 Thou hast brought forth, O Lord, my foul from hell:

Pfalm XXVIII. (a) Ver. 6. Shall reduce them to pieces, &c. In Hebrew, Shall make them to skip like a calf. The pfalmist here describes the effects of thunder (which he calls the voice of the Lord) which sometimes breaks down the tallest and strongest trees; and makes their broken branches skip, &c. All this is to be understood mystically, of the powerful voice of God's word in his church; which has broke the pride of the great ones of this world, and brought many of them meekly and joyfully to submit their necks to the sweet yoke of Christ.

thou hast faved me from them that go down into the pit.

5 Sing to the Lord, O you his Saints: and give praise to the memory of his holiness.

6 For wrath is in his indignation; and life in his good will.

In the evening weeping shall have place, and in the morning gladness.

7 And in my abundance I faid: I shall never be moved.

8 O Lord, in thy favour, thou gavest strength to my beauty.

Thou turnedst away thy face from me, and I became troubled.

9 To thee, O Lord, will I cry; and I will make supplication to my God.

no What profit is there in my blood, whilft I go down to corruption?

Shall dust confess to thee, or declare thy truth ?

and hath had mercy on me: the Lord became my helper.

me my mourning into joy: thou hast cut my fack-cloth, and hast compassed me with gladness.

glory may fing to thee, and I may not regret; O Lord my God, I will give praise in to thee for ever.

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### PSALM XXX. Heb. XXXI.

In te Domine speravi.

A prayer of a just man under affliction.

Unto the end, a plalm for David, in an extafy.

In thee, O Lord have I hoped, let me never be confounded: deliver me in thy justice.

3 Bow down thy ear to me: make hafte to deliver me.

Be thou unto me a God a protector, and a house of refuge, to save me.

4 For thou art my strength and my refuge; and for thy name's sake thou wiltlead me, and nourish me.

5 Thou wilt bring me out of this fnare, which they have hid for me; for thou art my protector.

6 Into thy hands I commend my spirit: thou hast redeemed me O Lord the God of truth.

7 Thou hast hated them that regard vanities, to no purpose.

But I have hoped in the Lord. 8 I will be glad and rejoice in thy mercy.

For thou haft regarded my humility, thou haft faved my foul out of diffresses.

g And thou hast not shut me up in the hands of the enemy: thou hast set my feet in a spacious place.

10 Have mercy on me, O

Lord,

Lord, for I am afflicted : my eye is troubled with wrath, my foul, and my belly.

11 For my life is wasted with grief : and my years in

fighs.

My strength is weakened through poverty: and my

bones are disturbed.

12 I am become a reproach among all my enemies, and very much to my neighbours; and a fear to my acquaintance.

They that faw me without fled from me. 13 I am forgotten as one dead from the heart.

I am become as a vessel that is destroyed. 14 For I have heard the blame of many that dwell round about.

While they affembled together against me, they confulted to take away my life.

15 But I have put my trust in thee, O Lord: I faid thou art my God. 16 My lots are in thy hands.

Deliver me out of the hands of my enemies; and from them that perfecute me. 20 14

17 Make thy face to shine upon thy fervant; fave me in thy mercy. 1 42 . 161.22.200

18 Let me not be confounded, O Lord, for I have

called upon thee. the vert the sa

Let the wicked be ashamed, and be brought down to hell. 19 Let deceitful lips be made dumb.

gainst the just, with pride and abufe.

20 O how great is the multitude of thy sweetness, O Lord, which thou haft hidden for them that fear thee!

Which thou haft wrought for them that hope in thee, in the fight of the fons of men.

21 Thou shalt hide them in the fecret of thy face, from the disturbance of men.

Thou shalt protect them in thy tabernacle from the con-

tradiation of tongues.

22 Bleffed be the Lord, for he hath shewed his wonderful mercy to me in a fortified city.

24 But I faid in the excels of my mind, I am cast away from before thy eyes.

Therefore thou halt heard the voice of my prayer, when

I cried to thee.

24 O love the Lord all ye his faints: for the Lord will require truth, and will repay them abundantly that act proudly.

25 Do ye manfully, and let your heart be strengthened. all ye that hope in the Lord.

PSALM XXXI. Heb. XXXII.

Beati quorum.

The second penitential psalm. To David himself, underflanding audici with its arous

D LESSED are they whose iniquities are forgiven, and whole fins are covered.

Which speak iniquity a- 2 Blessed is the man to whom

whom the Lord hath not im- I thou shalt go : I will fix my puted fin, and in whose spirit there is no guile.

3 (a) Because I was filent, my bones grew old; whilft I cried out all the day long.

4 For day and night thy hand was heavy upon me; (b) I am turned in my anguish, whilst the thorn is fastened.

5 I have acknowledged my fin to thee, and my injustice I

have not concealed.

I faid I will confess against myfelf my injustice to the Lord; and thou haft forgiven the wickedness of my fin.

6 For this shall every one that is holy pray to thee, in a feasonable time.

And yet in a flood of many waters, they shall not come

nigh unto him.

7 Thou art my refuge from the trouble which hath encompassed me: my joy, deliver me from them that furround me.

8 I will give thee understanding, and I will instruct thee in this way, in which eyes upon thee.

o Do not become like the horse and the mule, who have no understanding.

With bit and bridle bind fast their jaws, who come not near unto thee.

10 Many are the scourges of the finner, but mercy shall encompass him that hopeth in the Lord.

II Be glad in the Lord, and rejoice ye just: and glory all ye right of heart,

PSALM xxxII. Heb, xxxIII. Exultate justi.

An exbortation to praise Gods and to trust in him.

A pfalm for David D Ejoice in the Lord O ye just: praise becometh the upright, on flaince radio

2 Give praise to the Lord on the harp; fing to him with the pfaltery, the instrument of ten strings.

3 Sing to him a new canticle, fing well unto him with a lond noise.

4 For the word of the Lord

Pfalm XXXI. (a) Ver. 3. Because I was filent, &c. That is, whilft I kept filence, by concealing, or refufing to confess my fins, thy hand was heavy upon me, &c.

(b) Ver. 4. Iam turned, &c. That is, I turn and rowl about in my bed, to feek for ease in my pain, whilst the thorn of thy justice pierces my flesh, and sticks fast in me. Or, I am turned; that is, I am converted to thee my God, by being brought to a better understanding by thy chastisements. In the Hebrew it is, my moissure is turned into the droughts of the summer. we volucial stage and white was

is right, and all his works are done with faithfulness.

judgment; the earth is full of the mercy of the Lord.

the heavens were established; and all the power of them by the spirit of his mouth.

7 He gathereth together the waters of the fea, as in a veffel; and layeth up the depths in storehouses.

8 Let all the earth fear the Lord, and let all the inhabitants of the world be in awe of him.

9 For he fpoke and they were made: he commanded and they were created.

nought the counsels of nations; and he rejecteth the devices of people, and casteth away the counsels of princes.

Lord flandeth forever: the thoughts of his heart to all nerations.

12 Bleffed is the nation whose God is the Lord: the people whom he hath chosen for his inheritance.

13 The Lord hath looked from heaven: he hath beheld all the fons of men.

14 From his habitation which he hath prepared, he hath looked upon all that dwell on the earth.

15 He who hath made the hearts of every one of them:

who understandeth all their works.

by a great army: nor fhall the giant be faved by his own great strength.

17 Vain is the horse for safety: neither shall he be saved by the abundance of his strength.

Lord are on them that fear him and on them that hope in his mercy.

from death : and fead them in famine.

20 Our foul waiteth for the Lord: for he is our helper and protector.

21 For in him our heart shall rejoice: and in his holy name we have trusted.

22 Let thy mercy, O Lord, be upon us, as we have hoped in thee.

Psalm xxxIII. Heb. xxxIV,
Benedicam Dominum.

An exhortation to the praise, and service of God

1. For David when he changed his countenance before Achimelech, who dismissed him, and he went his way.

[1. Kings 21.]

2. I Will bless the Lord at all times, his praise shall be always in my mouth.

3 In the Lord shall my foul be praised; let the meek hear and rejoice.

4 O magnify the Lord

with me: and let us extol his !

name together.

5 I fought the Lord, and he heard me; and he delivered me from all my troubles.

6 Come ye to him and be enlightened : and your, faces shall not be confounded.

7 This poor men cried, and the Lord heard him : and fayed him out of all his troubles. anadi.

8 The Angel of the Lord shall encamp round about them that fear him; and shall deliver them.

o O tafte, and fee that the Lord is fweet; bleffed is the man that hopeth in him.

10 Fear the Lord all ye his faints; for there is no want to them that fear him.

II The rich have wanted, and have fuffered hunger: but they that feek the Lord shall not be deprived of any good.

12 Come children, hearken to me: I will teach you the

fear of the Lord.

13 Who is the man that defireth life: who loveth to fee good days?

14 Keep thy tongue from evil, and thy lips from speak-

ing guile,

15 Turn away from evil, and do good : feek after peace

and pursue it.

16 The eyes of the Lord are upon the just: and his ears unto their prayers.

17 But the countenance of the Lord is against them that

do evil things : to cut off the remembrance of them from the earth.

18. The just cried, and the Lord heard them; and delivered them out of all their trou-

bles.

The Lord is nigh unto them that are of a contrite heart: and he will fave the humble of spirit.

20 Many are the afflictions of the just; but out of them all will the Lord deliver them.

21 The Lord keepeth all their bones, not one of them shall be broken.

22 The death of the wicked is very evil: and they that hate the just shall be guilty.

23 The Lord will redeem the fouls of his fervants: and none of them that trust in him shall offend.

PSALM XXXIV. Heb. XXXV. Judica Domine nocentes me David, in the person of Christ, prayeth against his persecuters; prophetically foreshewing the punishment's that Shall fall upon them.

For David himself. UDGE thou O Lord them, that wrong me; overthrow them that fight against me

2 Take hold of arms and shield: and rise up to helpme.

3 Being out the fword, and thut up the way against them that perfecute me : fay to my foul, I am thy falvation.

4 Let them be confounded

and ashamed that seek after my foul.

Let them be turned back and be confounded that devise

evil against me.

5 Let them become as dust before the wind: and let the Angel of the Lord straiten them.

6 Let their way become dark and slippery; and let the Angel of the Lord pursue

them.

7 For without cause they have hid their net for me unto destruction: without cause they have upbraided my soul.

8 Let the fnare which he knoweth not come upon him: and let the net which he hath catch him: and into that very fnare let him fall.

9 But my foul shall rejoice in the Lord; and shall be delighted in his falvation.

10 All my bones shall fay, Lord, who is like to thee?

Who deliverest the poor from the hand of them that are stronger than he; the needy and the poor from them that strip him.

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knew not.

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12 They repayed me evil for good: to the depriving me of my foul.

13 But as for me, when they were troublefome to me; I was cloathed with hair cloath.

I humbled my foul with

fasting; and my prayer shall be turned into my bosom.

14 As a neighbour and as an own brother, so did I please: as one mourning and sorrowful so was I humbled.

15 But they rejoiced against me, and came together: scourges were gathered together upon me, and I knew not subj.

16 They were feparated, and repented not: they tempted me, they scoffed at me with scorn; they gnashed upon me with their teeth.

17 Lord when wilt thou look upon me? rescue thou my soul from their malice; my only one from the lions.

18 I will give thanks to thee in the great church; I will praise thee in a strong people.

19 Let not them that are my enemies wrongfully rejoice over me: who have hated me without cause, and wink with the eyes.

20 For they spoke indeed peaceably to me; and speaking in the anger of the earth

they devised guile.

21 And they opened their mouth wide against me; they said well done, well done, our eyes have seen it.

22 Thou hast seen this, O Lord be not thou silent: O Lord depart not from me.

23 Arise, and be attentive to my judgment: to my cause, my God and my Lord.

24 Judge me, O Lord my God, according to thy justice H

and let them not rejoice over

25 Let them not fay in their hearts: it is well, it is well to our mind: neither let them fay we have swallowed him up.

26 Let them blush; and be ashamed together, who re-

joice at my evils.

Let them be clothed with confusion and shame, who speak great things against me.

27 Let them rejoice and be glad, who are well pleafed with my justice: and let them fay always, the Lord be magnified, who delight in the peace of his fervant.

28 And my tongue shall meditate thy justice, thy praise

all the day long.

PSALM xxxv. Heb. xxxv1.
Dixit injustus.

The malice of finners, and the goodness of God.

I Unto the end, for the fervant of God David him-

THE unjust hath said within himself, that he would sin: there is no fear of God before his eyes.

3 For in his fight he hath done deceitfully, that his iniquity may be found (a) unto

hatred.

han.

4 The words of his mouth

are iniquity and guile: he would not understand that he might do well.

5 He hath devised iniquity on his bed, he hath set himself on every way that is not good; but evil he hath not hated.

6 O Lord, thy mercy is in heaven, and thy truth reacheth

even to the clouds.

7 Thy justice is as the mountains of God, thy judgments are a great deep.

Men and beaft thou wilt preferve, O Lord. 8 O how hast thou multiplied thy mercy, O God!

But the children of men shall put their trust under the covert of thy wings.

o They shall be inebriated with the plenty of thy house; and thou shalt make them drink of the torrent of thy

10 For with thee is the fountain of life; and in thy light we shall fee light.

pleasure.

them that know thee, and thy justice to them that are right in heart.

12 Let not the foot of pride come to me, and let not the hand of the finner move me.

13 There the workers of iniquity are fallen, they are cast out, and could not stand.

Pfalm XXXV. (a) Ver. 3. Unto hatred. That is, hateful to God.

t sumbed my foul will God, according to the judice

PSALM xxxv1. Heb. xxxv11.

An exbortation to despise this world; and the short prosperity of the wicked: and to trust in providence.

A pfalm for David himfelf.

B E not emulous of evil
doers; nor envy them

that work iniquity.

2 For they shall shortly wither away as grafs, and as the green herbs shall quickly fall.

3 Trust in the Lord, and do good, and dwell in the land, and thou shalt be fed with its

riches.

Delight in the Bord, and he will give thee the requests of thy heart.

5 Commit thy way to the Lord, and trust in him, and

he will do it.

6 And he will bring forth thy justice as the light, and thy judgment as the moon day. 7. Be subject to the Lord and pray to him.

Envy not the man who prospereth in his way; the man who doth unjust things.

8 Case from anger, and leave rage; have no emula-

9 For evil doers shall be cut off: but they that wait upon the Lord, they shall inherit the land.

To For yet a little while and the wicked shall not be: and thou shalt feek his place, and shalt not find it.

herit the land, and shall delight in abundance of peace.

the just man: and shall gnash upon him with his teeth.

13 But the Lord shall laugh at him: for he foreseeth that

his day fhall come.

14 The wicked have drawn out the fword: they have bent their bow.

To cast down the poor and needy, to kill the upright of heart.

15 Let their fword enter into their own hearts, and let their bow be broken.

16 Better is a little to the just, than the great riches of

the wicked.

17 For the arms of the wicked shall be broken in pieces; but the Lord strengtheneth the just.

18 The Lord knoweth the days of the undefiled; and their inheritance shall be for ever.

To They shall not be confounded in the evil time; and in the days of famine they shall be filled: zo because the wicked shall perish.

And the enemies of the Lord, presently after they shall be honoured and exalted, shall come to nothing and vanish like smoke.

21 The finner shall borrow, and not pay again: but the just sheweth mercy and shall give.

22 For such as bless him H 2 shall shall inherit the land; but fuch as curse him shall perish.

23 With the Lord shall the steps of a man be directed, and he shall like well his way.

24 When he shall fall, he shall not be bruised, for the Lord putteth his hand under him.

25 I have been young, and now am old; and I have not feen the just for faken, nor his feed feeking bread.

26 He sheweth mercy and lendeth all the day long; and his feed shall be in blessing.

do good, and dwell for ever

28 For the Lord loveth judgment, and will not forfake his Saints, they shall be preserved for ever.

The unjust shall be punished, and the seed of the wicked shall perish.

29 But the just shall inherit the land, and shall dwell therein for ever more.

30 The mouth of the just shall meditate wisdom; and his tongue shall speak judgment.

31 The law of his God is in his heart, and his steps shall not be supplanted.

32 The wicked watcheth the just man, and seeketh to put him to death. 33 But the Lord will not leave him in his hands; nor condemn him when he shall be judged.

34 Expect the Lord and keep his way: and he will exalt thee to inherit the land: when the finners shall perish thou shalt see.

35 I have feen the wicked highly exalted, and lifted up like the cedars of Libanus.

36 And I passed by, and lo he was not: and I fought him and his place was not found.

37 Keep innocence, and behold justice; for there are remnants for the peaceable man.

38 But the unjust shall be destroyed together, the remnants of the wicked shall perish.

39 But the falvation of the just is from the Lord, and he is their protector in the time of trouble.

40 And the Lord will help them and deliver them: and he will rescue them from the wicked, and save them, because they have hoped in him,

PSALM XXXVII. Heb. XXXVIII.

Domine ne in furore. 2.

A prayer of a penitent for the remission of his sins. The third penitential psalm.

I A psalm for David, (a) for

Pfalm XXXVII. (a) Ver. 1. For a remembrance, viz. of our miseries and fins; and to be sung on the sabbath-day.

a remembrance, of the fabbath.

EBUKE menot, O Lord, in thy sindignation; nor chaftise me in thy wrath. Yat for becore

3 For thy arrows are faftened in me : and thy hand hath been ftrong upon me.

4 There is no health in my flesh, because of thy wrath: there is no peace for my bones because of my fins.

For my iniquities are gone over my head : and as a heavy burden are become heavy upon me.

6 My foars are putrified and corrupted, because of my foolifhness wat of the every

7 I am become miferable. and am bowed down even to the end : I walked forrowful all the day long.

8 For my loins are filled with illusions; and there is no health in my flesh.

o I am afflicted and humbled exceedingly: I roared with the groaning of my heart.

To Lord, all my defire is before thee, and my groaning is not hid from thee.

II My heart is troubled, my ftrength hath left me, and the light of my eyes itself is not with med on but a

12 My friends and my neighbours have drawn near, and stood against me, 10 to

had a

And they that were near me flood a-far off: 13 and they that fought my foul used violence, sand frame has

And they that fought evils to me fooke vain things, and studied deceits all the day long. , and they said the live

14 But I, as a deaf man. heard not: and was as a dumb man not opening his mouth,

I I'm And I became as a man that heareth not; and that hath no reproofs in his mouth.

of 16 For in thee, O Lord, have I hoped: thou wilt hear me, O Lord my God.

17 For I faid, Left at any time my enemies rejoice over me : and whilft my feet are moved they speak great things against me. a m bus : a m

18 For I am ready for fcourges: and my forrow is continually before me.

19 For I will declare my iniquity: and I will think for mylfin.m I min : syeb yer

20 But my enemies live, and areiftronger than I; and they that hate me wrongfully are multiplied.

21 They that render evil for good, have detracted me, because I followed goodness.

22 Forfake menot, O Lord my God: do not thou depart from me.

123 Attend unto my help, O Lord, the God of my falvation, 1 5 327 121 171 12 s noque took our to an date of the work but be ..

was Peach in the the tone and directed my department of the Peach

PSALM XXXVIII. Heb. XXXIX.

Dixi cuftodiam.

A just man's peace and patience in his fufferings; consider ing the vanity of the world, and the providence of God.

1 Unto the end, for Idithun himself, a canticle of Daboard note and care at his of

2 Y Said. I will take heed to my ways: that I fin not with my tongue. Id Jada

I have fet a guard to my mouth, when the finner flood

against me.

3 I was dumb, and was humbled, and kept filence even from good things: and my forrow was renewed

4 My heart grew hot with in me: and in my meditation

a fire shall flame out.

I fpoke with my tongue; O Lord make me know my end.

And what is the number of my days: that I may know what is wanting to me.

6 Behold thou haft made my days meafurable: and my substance is as nothing before thee. The

And indeed all things are vanity; every man living.

7 Surely man passeth as an image: yea and he is disquieted in vain. OHI HIN

He storeth up: and he knoweth not for whom he shall gather these things.

8 And now what is my hope? is it not the Lord? and my fubflance is with thee.

9 Deliver thou me from all my iniquities: thou haft made me a reproach to the fool.

10 I was dumb, and I opened not my mouth, because thou hast done it. Remove thy fcourges from men and ward ager dias

The strength of thy hand hath made me faint with the rebukes: 12 Thou haft corrected man for iniquity.

And thou hast made his foul to waste away like a spider: furely in vain is any man dif-

quieted.

13 Hear my prayer, Lord, and my supplication: give ear to my tears

Be not filent; for I am a stranger with thee, and a sojourner as all my fathers were.

14 O forgive me, that I may be refreshed, before I go hence, and be no more.

PSALM XXXIX. Heb. XI. Expectans expectavi.

Christ's coming, and redeeming mankind.

1 Unto the end, a plalm for David himfelf.

2 TATITH expectation of V.V at I have waited for the Lord, and he was attenthe legat of my om of svit

3 And he heard my prayers, and brought me out of the pit of milery and the mire of dregan similar acoit bas

And he fet my feet upon a rock, and directed my steps.

A And

And he put a new canticle into my mouth, a fong to our Gods of clive balives

Many shall fee this and shall fear: and they shall hope

in the Lord in the

5 Bleffed is the man whose trust is in the name of the Lord: and who hath not had regard to vanities, and lying ly lapplanted are follies.

6 Thou haft multiplied thy wonderful works, O Lord, my God: and in thy thoughts there is no one like to thee.

I have declared and I have fpoken: they are multiplied

above number.

7 Sacrifice and oblation thou didft not defire ; but thou haft pierced ears for me.

Burnt-offering and fin-offering thou didft not require 8 then faid I. Behold I

In the head of the book it is written of me o that I should do thy will : O my God, I have defired it, and thy law in the midft of my heart, seed a work was

10 I have declared thy just tice in the great church: lo I will not reltrain my lips, O Lord thou knowest it.

11 I have not hid thy justice within my heart: I have

beend

declared thy truth and thy falvation.

I have not concealed thy mercy and thy truth from the ret inch.

great council.

12 Withhold not thou, O Lord, from me: thy mercy and thy truth have always upheld me. a throad as som

13 For evils without number have furrounded me; (a) my iniquities have overtaken me, and I was not able to fee.

They are multiplied above the hairs of my head: and my heart hath forfaken me.

1714 Be pleased, O Lord. to deliver me; look down, O Lord to help me. waid and

15 Let them be confounded and ashamed together, that feek after my foul to take it away. and and but he min

Let them be turned backward and be ashamed that de-

fire evils to me.

16 Let them immediately bear their confusion, that fay to me, (b) 'Tis well, 'tis well.

of 17 Let all that feek theerejoice and be glad in thee: and let fuch as love thy falvation fay always the Lord be magnified. she live dies

18 But I am a beggar and

Pfalm XXXIX. (a) Ver. 13. My iniquities. That is, the fins of all mankind, which I have taken upon me, me, it

<sup>(</sup>b) Ver. 16. Tis well, 'is well. The Hebrew here is an interjection of one infulting and deriding, like the vah. Mattai XXVII. 401 VIM A the large purrole.

poor; the Lord is careful for me. ation.

Thou art my helper and my protector: O my God, be not flack.

> PSALM XL. Heb. XLI. Beatus qui intelligit.

The happiness of him that shall believe in Chrift; notwith-- fanding the bumility and poverty in which be shall - come: the malice of bis denemies, especially of the traitor Judas.

Unto the end, a plalm for

David himfelf.

2 D LESSED is he that understandeth concerning the needy and the poor: the Lord will deliver him in the evil day.

3. The Lord preserve him and give him life, and make him bleffed upon the earth: and deliver him not up to the

- will of his enemies. 4 The Lord help him on his bed of forrow: thou haft

turned all his couch in his

fickness.

5 I faid: O Lord be thou merciful to me : heal my foul, - for I have finned against thee.

66 My enemies have spoken evils against me: when shall he die and his name perish?

7 And if he came in to fee me, he spoke vain things ; his . heart gathered together iniequity to itself.

He went out and spoke to

the same purpose.

\$ 700g

8 All my enemies whifpered together against me : they devised evils to me.

q They determined against me an unjust word: shall he that fleepeth rife again no

more it as a second

To For even the man of my peace, in whom I trufted. who ate my bread, hath greatly supplanted me.

But thou, O Lord have mercy on me, and raise me up again : and I will requite

them. of and star of sistant

12 By this I know, that thou haft had a good will for me : because my enemy shall not rejoice over me.

13 But thou haft upheld me by reason of my innocence; and halt established me in thy

fight for ever.

14 Bleffed be the Lord the God of Ifrael from eternity to eternity. So be it. So be it.

PSALM XLI. Hob. XLII. Quemadmodum desiderat.

The fervent define of the just after God: bope in afflictions . which eval I de

I Unto the end, understanding, for the fons of Core.

Ali Si the hart panteth afby dister the fountains of waters; foodmy foul panteth after thee O God.

3 My foul hath thirsted after the strong living God; when shall I come and appear before the face of God ?18

4 My tears have been my

bread day and night, whilft it is faid to me daily where

is thy God?

Thefe things I remembered, and poured out my foul in me : for I shall go over into the place of the wonderful tabernacle, even to the house of God:

With the voice of joy and praise; the noise of one feast-

ing.

f

6 Why art thou fad, O my foul; and why doft thou trouble me?

Hope in God; for I will fill give praise to him, the falvation of my countenance;

7 and my God.

My foul is troubled within myself: therefore will I remember thee from the land of Jordan and Hermoniim. from the little hill.

8 Deep calleth on deep, at the noise of thy flood-gates

All thy heighths, and thy billows have passed over me.

9 In the day time the Lord hath commanded his mercy: and a canticle to him in the that reproschere med d. Adgin

With me & prayer to the God of my life. 10 I will fay to God, thou art my fup-

101 02

port. 117 . to table berief Why haft thou forgotten me? and why go I mourning whilst my enemy afflicteth mer

11 Whilst my bones are broken, my enemies who trouble me have reproached me.

Whilst they say to me day by day, where is thy God Pater an engene answer

12 Why art thou caft down, O my foul? and why doft thou disquiet me?

Hope thou in God, for I will still give praise to him: the falvation of my countenance and my God.

PSALM XLII. Heb. XLIII. Judica me Deus.

The prophet aspireth after the temple and altar of God.

1 A pfalm for David.

TUDGE me, O God, and diftinguish my cause from the nation that is not holy, deliver me from the unjust and deceitful man,

2. For thou art God my ftrength: why haft thou caft me off? and why do I go forrowful while the enemy

afflicteth me?

3 Send forth thy light and thy truth, they have conducted me, and brought me unto thy holy hill, and into thy tabernacles.

4 And I will go in to the altar of God: to God who giveth joy to my youth.

5 To thee, O God my God, I will give praise upon the harp: why art thou fad, O my foul ; and why doft thou disquiet me?

6 Hope in God, for I will ftill give praise to him, the falvation of my countenance

and my God.

PSALM

PSALM ALTEL. Heb. ALIV.

The church commemorates former favours, and present offlictions; under which she prays for succour.

Unto the end, for the fons of Core to give understanding.

with our ears: our fathers have declared to us.

The work thou half wrought in their days, and in the days of old.

3 Thy hand destroyed the Gentiles, and thou plantedst them: thou didst afflict the people and cast them out.

4 For they got not the possession of the land by their own sword: neither did their own arm save them.

But thy right hand and thy arm, and the light of thy countenance: because thou want pleased with them.

king and my God: who commandest the saving of Jacob.

of Through thee we will push down our enemies with the shorn; and through thy name we will despise them that rise up against us.

7 For I will not trult in my bow: neither shall my fword fave me.

8 But thou hast faved us from them that afflict us: and hast put them to shame that hate us.

9 In God shall we glory

all the day long: and in thy name we will give praise for ever.

us off, and put us to shame: and thou O God wilt not go out with our armies.

our back to our enemies: and they that hated us plundered for themselves.

12 Thou hast given us up like sheep to be eaten: thou hast scattered us among the nations.

13 Thou haft fold thy people for no price: and there was no reckoning in the exchange of them.

14 Thou hast made us a reproach to our neighbours, a scoff and derision to them that are round about us.

by-word, among the Gentiles; a shaking of the head among the peoples.

16 All the day long my fhame is before me: and the confusion of my face hath covered me.

that reproacheth and detracteth me: by reason of the enemy and persecutor.

18 All these things have come upon us, yet we have not forgotten thee; and we have not done wickedly in thy covenant.

turned back: neither half thou turned afide our steps from thy way.

20 For

20 For thou hast humbled us in the place of affliction: and the shadow of death hath covered us.

21 If we have forgotten the name of our God, and if we have spread forth our hand to a strange God.

22 Shall not God fearch out these things? For he knoweth the secrets of the heart.

Because for thy sake we are killed all the day long: we are counted as sheep for the slaughter.

O Lord? arife, and cast us not off to the end.

24 Why turnest thou thy face away? and forgettest our want and our trouble.

down to the dust: our belly cleaveth to the earth.

26 Arise, O Lord, help us and redeem us for thy name's fake.

PSALM XLIV. Heb. XLV. Eruclavit cor meum.

The excellence of Christ's kingdom, and the endowments of his church.

Unto the end, (a) for them that shall be change, for the sons of Core, for understanding. A canticle for (b) the beloved.

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Y heart bath uttered a good word : In speak my works to the king

My tongue is the pen of a ferivener that writeth fwiftly.

the fons of men: grace is poured abroad in thy lips; therefore hath God bleffed thee for ever.

4 Gird thy fword upon thy thigh, O thou most mighty

thy beauty fet out proceed prosperously, and reign.

Because of truth and meekness and justice: and thy right hand shall conduct thee wonderfully.

6 Thy arrows are sharp; under thee shall people fall, into the hearts of the king's enemies.

7 Thy throne, O God, is for ever and ever: the scepter of thy kingdom is a scepter of uprightness.

8 Thou hast loved justice, and hated iniquity: therefore O God, thy God hath anointed thee with the oil of gladness above thy fellows.

9 Myrrhe, and stacke and cassia persume thy garments; from the ivory houses, out of which to the daughters of kings have delighted thee in thy glory.

Psalm. XLIV. (a) Ver. 1. For them that shall be changed i. e. For souls happily changed by being converted to God.

Ibidem (b) The beloved. viz Cur Lord Jesus Christ.

11 The queen stood on thy right hand, in gilded cloathing; surrounded with variety.

Hearken, O daughter, and fee, and incline thy ear: and forget thy people and thy fathers house.

Iz And the king shall greatly defire thy beauty: for he is the Lord thy God; and him they shall adore.

Tyre with gifts, yea all the rich among the people shall entreat thy countenance.

14 All the glory of the king's daughter is within; in golden borders, 15 clothed round about with varieties.

After her shall virgins be brought to the king: her neighbours shall be brought to thee.

16 They shall be brought with gladness and rejoicing: they shall be brought into the temple of the king.

17 Instead of thy fathers, fons are born to thee: thou shalt make them princes over all the earth.

18 They shall remember thy name throughout all generations.

Therefore shall people praise thee for ever, yea for ever and ever.

01 2 11

## PSALM xLv Heb. xLv1.

The church in persecution trusteth in the protection of God.

1 Unto the end, for the form of Core: for the (a) hidden.

2 O U R God is our refuge and strength: a helper in troubles, which have found us e ceedingly.

3 Therefore we will not fear, when the earth shall be troubled; and the mountains shall be removed into the heart of the sea.

4 Their waters roared and were troubled; the mountains were troubled with his strength

5 The stream of the river maketh the city of God joyful: the most High hath fanctified his own tabernacle.

6 God is in the midft thereof, it shall not be moved: God will help it in the morning early.

7 Nations were troubled, and kingdoms were bowed down; he uttered his voice and the earth trembled.

8 The Lord of armies is with us: the God of Jacob is our protector.

9 Come and behold ye the works of the Lord: what won-

Psalm. XLV. (a) Ver. 1. The bidden. Pro arcanis, Halamoth, which some understand of a musical instrument, others of young maidens hidden from men, who are invited to sing this psalm.

ders he hath done upon earth, 10 making wars to cease even to the end of the earth.

He shall destroy the bow and break the weapons, and the shields he shall burn in the fire.

It Be still and see that I am God; I will be exalted among the nations, and I will be exalted in the earth.

12 The Lord of armies is with us: The God of Jacob

is our protector.

PSALM XLVI. Heb. XLVII.

Omnes gentes plaudite.
The Gentiles are invited to praise God for the establishment of the kingdom of Christ.

1 Unto the end, for the sons

of Core.

Clap your hands all ye nations: shout unto God with the voice of joy.

3 For the Lord is most high, he is terrible, he is a great king over all the earth.

4 He hath fubdued the people under us; and the nations

under our feet.

s He hath chosen for us his inheritance, the beauty of Jacob which he hath loved.

6 God is ascended with jubily, and the Lord with the

found of trumpet.

n-

7 Sing praises to our God, fing ye: fing praises to our king, fing ye.

8 For God is the king of all the earth: fing ye wifely.

o God shall reign over the nations: God sitteth on his holy throne.

ple are gathered together with the God of Abraham: for the strong gods of the earth are exceedingly exalted.

PSALM XLVII. Heb. XLVIII.
Magnus Dominus.

God is greatly to be praifed for the effablishment of his church. I A Psalm of a Canticle, for the sons of Core, on the second day of the week.

2 REAT is the Lord, and exceedingly to be praised; in the city of our God, in his holy mountain.

3 With the joy of the whole earth is mount Sion founded; on the fides of the north, the city of the great king.

4 In her houses shall God be known, when he shall pro-

tect her.

5 For behold the kings of the earth affembled themselves: they gathered together.

6 So they faw, and they wondered, they were troubled, they were moved: 7 trembling took hold of them.

There were pains as of a woman in labour. 8 With a vehement wind thou shalt break in pieces the ships of Tharsis.

of hosts, in the city of the Lord of hosts, in the city of our God: God hath founded it forever.

no We have received thy mercy, O God: in the midst of thy temple.

11 According to thy name

I

O God, fo also is thy praise unto the ends of the earth: thy right hand is full of justice.

joice, and the daughters of Juda be glad; because of thy judgments, O Lord.

13 Surround Sion, and encompais her, tell ye in her towers.

14 Set your hearts on her firength; and distribute her houses; that ye may relate it in another generation.

Is For this is God, our God unto eternity, and for ever and ever: he shall rule us

for evermore.

PSALM XLVIII. Heb. XLIX.

Audite hæc omnes gentes.

The folly of worldlings, who live on in fin, without thinking of death or hell.

1 Unto the end. A plalm for the fons of Core. EAR these things all ye nations: give ear all ye inhabitants of the world.

3 All you that are earthborn, and you fons of men: both rich and poor together.

4 My mouth shall speak wisdom; and the meditation of my heart understanding.

§ I will incline my ear to a parable; I will open my proposition on the psaltery.

6 Why shall I fear in the evil day? (a) The iniquity of my heel shall encompass me.

7 (b) They that trust in their own strength, and glory in the multitude of their riches.

8 No brother can redeem, nor shall man redeem: he shall not give to God his ransom.

9 Nor the price of the redemption of his foul: (c) And shall labour for ever. 10 and shall still live unto the end.

11 (d) He

Psalm. XLVIII. (a) Ver. 6. The iniquity of my beel. That is, the iniquity of my steps or ways: or the iniquity of my pride, with which as with the beel, I have spurned and kicked at my neighbours: or the iniquity of my beel, that is, the iniquity in which I shall be found in death. The meaning of this verse is, why should I now indulge those passions and sinful affections, or commit now those sins, which will cause me so much fear and anguish in the evil day; when the sorrows of death shall compass me, and the perils of hell shall find me?

(b) Ver. 7. They that trust, &c: As much as to say, let them sear, that trust in their strength or riches: for they have great reason to sear: seeing no brother or other man, how much a friend seever, can by any price or labour rescue them from death.

(4) Ver. 9. And Shall labour for ever, &c. This feems to

fruction, when he shall see the wise dying: the senseless and the fool shall perish together:

And they shall leave their riches to strangers: 12 and their sepulchres shall be their

houses for ever.

Their dwelling places to all generations. (e) They have called their lands by their names.

1 3 And man when he was in honour did not understand; he is compared to senseless beasts, and is become like to them.

14 This way of theirs is a flumbling block to them: and afterwards they fhall (f) delight in their mouth.

15 They are laid in hell like sheep: death shall feed upon them.

Andthe just shall have domi-

nion over them (f) in the morning: and their help shall decay in hell (g) from their glory.

16 But God will redeem my foul from the hand of hell, when he shall receive me.

when a man shall be made rich, and when the glory of his house shall be encreased.

18 For when he shall die he shall take nothing away; nor shall his glory de-

feend with him.

19 For in his life time his foul will be bleffed: and he will praise thee when thou thalt do well to him.

20 He shall go in to the generations of his fathers: and he shall never see light.

21 Man when he was in honour did not understand?

be a continuation of the foregoing fentence; as much as to fay, no man can by any price or ranfom prolong his life, that so he may still continue to labour bere, and live to the end of the world. Others understand it of the eternal forrows, and dying life of hell, which is the dreadful consequence of dying in sin.

(d) Ver. 11. He shall not see destruction, &c. or shall be not see destruction? As much as to say, however thoughtless he may be of his death, he must not expect to escape: when even the wise and the good are not exempt from dying.

(e) Ver. 12. They have called, &c. That is, they have left their names on their graves, which alone remain of their

lands.

(f) Ver. 14. They shall delight in their mouth. Notwithstanding the wretched way in which they walk, they shall applaud themselves with their mouths, and glory in their doings.

(g) Ver. 15. In the morning, That is, in the refurrection to a new life; when the just shall judge and condemn the wicked. Ibidem. (g) From their glory. That is, when their short lived glory of this world shall be past, and be no more.

he hath been compared to fenfeless beafts, and made like to them. simperwith delical dis

PSALM XLIX. Heb. L. Deus deorum.

The coming of Christ: who prefers wirtue and inward purity before the blood of vidims, said said the

A pfalm for Afaph.

HE God of gods, the Lord hath spoken, and he hath called the earth

From the rifing of the fun, to the going down thereof: 2 out of Sion the loveliness of his beauty.

3 God shall come manifestly: our God shall come, and shall not keep filence.

A fire shall burn before him: and a mighty tempes! Shall be round about him.

4 He shall call heaven from above, and the earth, to judge his people.

Gather ye together his faints to him; who fet his covenant before facrifices.

6 And the heavens shall declare his justice: for God is judge: 1 10061 1200 and 1761

Hear O my people, and I will speak : O Israel, and I will tellify to thee: I am God, thy God.

8 I will not reprove thee for thy facrifices: and thy burnt-offerings are always in my fight. mili of wrom her at

o I will not take calves out of thy house, nor he-goats out of thy flocks.

10 For all the beafts of the woods are mine: the cattle on the hills, and the oxen.

II I know all the fowls of the air: and with me is the

beauty of the field.

12 If I should be hungry, I would not tell thee: for the world is mine, and the fulness thereof.

13 Shall I eat the flesh of bullocks? or shall I drink the blood of goats?

14 Offer to God the facrifice of praise : and pay thy vows to the most High.

15 And call upon me in the day of trouble : I will deliver thee, and thou shalt glorify me.

16 But to the finner God hath faid: Why dost thou declare my justices, and take my covenant in thy mouth?

17 Seeing thou haft hated discipline: and hast cast my

words behind thee,

18 If thou didft see a thief thou didft run with him : and with adulterers thou haft been a partaker.

10 Thy mouth hath abounded with evil, and thy tongue framed deceits.

20 Sitting thou didit speak against thy brother, and didst lay a scandal against thy mother's fon: 21 these things haft thou done, and I was filent.

Thou thoughtest unjustly that I shall be like to thee: but I will reprove thee, and fet before thy face. and the first, new he so miten.

22 Under-

you that forget God; left he fnatch you away, and there be none to deliver you.

23 The facrifice of praise shall glorify me: and there is the way by which I will shew him the salvation of God.

### PSALM L. Heb. LI. Miserere.

The repentance and confession of David after his sin. The fourth penitential psalm.

1 Unto the end, a psalm of David. 2 When Nathan the prophet came to him, after he had sinned with Bethsabee.

3 HAVE mercy on me, O God, according to thy great mercy.

And according to the multitude of thy tender mercies, blot out my iniquity.

4 Wash me yet more from my iniquity, and cleanse me from my sin.

5 For I know my iniquity, and my fin is always before me.

6 To thee only have I finned, and have done evil before thee; that thou mayst be juftisted in thy words, and mayst overcome when thou art judged.

7 For behold I was conceived in iniquities: and in fins did my mother conceive me.

8 For behold thou haft loved truth: the uncertain and

22 Understand these things | hidden things of thy wisdom you that forget God; lest he | thou hast made manifest to me.

g Thou shalt sprinkle me with hyssop, and I shall be cleansed: thou shalt wash me, and I shall be made whiter than snow.

to To my hearing thou shalt give joy and gladness; and the bones that have been humbled shall rejoice,

from my fins, and blot out all my iniquities.

12 Create a clean heart in me, O God: and renew a right spirit within my bowels.

13 Cast me not away from thy face; and take not thy holy Spirit from me.

14 Restore unto me the joy of thy salvation, and strengthen me with a persect spirit.

thy ways: and the wicked shall be converted to thee.

O God, thou God of my falvation: and my tongue shall extol thy justice.

17 O Lord thou wilt open my lips: and my mouth shall declare thy praise.

18 For if thou hadft defired facrifice, I would indeed have given it: with burntofferings thou wilt not be de-

lighted.

19 A facrifice to God is an afflicted spirit: a contrite and humbled heart, O God, thou wilt not despife.

20 Deal favourably, O I 3 Lord,

Lord, in thy good-will with Sion; that the walls of Jerufalem may be built up.

21 Then shalt thou accept the facrifice of justice, oblations and whole burnt-offerings; then shall they lay calves upon thy altar.

### PSALM LL. Heb. LII.

Quid gloriaris.

David condemneth the wickedness of Doeg, and foretelleth his destruction.

1 Unto the end, understanding for David, 2 when Doeg the Edomite came and told Saul: David went to the house of Achimelech.

3 WHY dost thou glory in mischief, thou that art mighty in iniquity?

4 All the day long thy tongue hath devised injustice: as a sharp rasor, thou hast wrought deceit.

Thou hast loved malice more than goodness; and iniquity rather than to speak righteousness.

6 Thou hast loved all the words of ruin, O deceitful tongue.

7 Therefore will God deftroy thee for ever: he will pluck thee out, and remove thee from thy dwelling place;

Anthal

and thy root out of the land of the living.

8 The just shall see and fear; and shall laugh at him, and say: 9 Behold the man that made not God his helper.

But trusted in the abundance of his riches, and prevailed in his vanity.

ro But I, as a faithful olive-tree in the house of God, have hoped in the mercy of God for ever and ever.

ever, because thou hast done it: and I will wait on thy name, for it is good in the fight of thy saints.

# PSALM LII. Heb. LIII. Dixit infipiens.

The general corruption of manbefore the coming of Christ.

1 Unto the end, for (a) Maeleth, understanding to David.

THE fool faid in his heart: There is no God.

2 They are corrupted, and become abominable in iniquities, there is none that doth

good.

3 God looked down from heaven on the children of men; to fee if there were any that did understand, or did feek God.

4 All of them have gone afide, they are become un-

Pialm LII. (a) Ver. 1. Maeleth, or Machalath. A mufical instrument, or a chorus of muficians, for St. Jerome renders it, per chorum.

profitable together, there is none that doth good, no not one.

5 Shall not all the workers of iniquity know, who eat up my people as they eat bread?

6 They have not called upon God: there have they trembled for fear, where there

was no fear.

For (b) God hath scattered the bones of them that please men: they have been confounded, because God hath

despised them.

7 Who will give out of Sion the falvation of Ifrael! when God shall bring back the captivity of his people, Jacob shall rejoice, and Ifrael shall be glad.

Pealm LIII. Heb. LIV. Deus in nomine tuo.

A prayer for belp in distress.

Unto the end, in verses, understanding for David.

When the men of Ziph had come and said to Saul:

Is not David hid with us?

[ 1 Kings xxiii. 19.]

3 S A V E me, O God, by thy name, and judge me in thy strength.

4 O God, hear my prayer: give ear to the words of my mouth. 5 For strangers have risen up against me; and the mighty have sought after my soul; and they have not set God before their eyes.

6 For behold God is my helper: and the Lord is the

protector of my foul.

7 Turn back the evils upon my enemies: and cut them off

in thy truth.

8 I will freely facrifice to thee, and will give praife, O God, to thy name: because

it is good.

g For thou hast delivered me out of all trouble: and my eye hath looked down upon my enemies.

> Psalm Liv. Heb. Lv. Exaudi Deus.

A prayer of a just man under persecution from the wicked. It agrees to Christ persecuted by the Jews, and betrayed by Judas.

I Unto the end, in verses, understanding for David.

2 HEAR, O God, my prayer, and despise not my supplication: 3 Be attentive to me and hear me.

I am grieved in my exercife; and am troubled, 4 at the voice of the enemy, and at the tribulation of the finner.

For they have cast iniqui-

<sup>(</sup>b) Ver. 6. God bath scattered the bones, &c. That is, God has brought to nothing the strength of all those, that seek to please men, to the prejudice of their duty to their maker.

ties upon me : and in wrath they were troublesome to me.

5 My heart is troubled within me: and the fear of death is fallen upon me.

6 Fear and trembling are come upon me; and darkness

hath covered me.

7 And I faid: Who will give me wings like a dove, and I will fly and be at reft?

8 Lo, I have gone far off flying away; and I abode in

the wilderness.

o I waited for him that hath faved me from pufillanimity of spirit, and a storm.

10 Cast down, O Lord, and divide their tongues; for I have feen iniquity and contradiction in the city.

11 Day and night shall iniquity furround it upon its walls: and in the midft thereof are labour, 12 and injustice.

And usury and deceit have not departed from its ftreets.

13 For if my enemy had reviled me, I would verily have born with it.

And if he that hated me had spoken great things against I forth his hand to repay.

me: I would perhaps have hid myself from him. ONLY 5/774

14 But thou a man of one mind, my guide, and my familiar.

15 Who didft take fweet meats together with me: in the house of God we walked with confent.

16 (a) Let death come upon them, and let them go down alive into hell.

For there is wickedness in their dwellings, in the midst of them.

17 But I have cried to God: and the Lord will fave me.

18 Evening, and morning, and at noon I will speak and declare; and he shall hear my voice.

19 He shall redeem my foul in peace from them that draw near to me : for (b) among many they were with me.

20 God shall hear, and the Eternal shall humble them.

For there is no change with them, and they have not feared God: 21 he hath stretched

Pfalm LIV. (a) Ver. 16. Let death, &c. This, and fuch like imprecations, which occur in the pfalms, are delivered prophetically; that is, by way of foretelling the punishments, which shall fall upon the wicked from divine justice, and approving the righteous ways of God: but not by way of ill-will, or uncharitable curses, which the law of God difallows.

(b) Ver. 19. Among many, &c. That is, they that drew near to attack me were many in company, all combining to

fight against me.

They have defiled his covenant; 22 (c) they are divided by the wrath of his countenance, and his heart hath drawn near.

His words are fmoother than oil, and the same are

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23 Cast thy care upon the Lord, and he shall sustain thee: he shall not suffer the just to waver for ever.

24 But thou, O God, shalt bring them down into the pit

of destruction.

Bloody and deceitful men shall not live out half their days: but I will trust in thee, O Lord.

PSALM LY. Heb. LVI.

Miserere mei Deus. 2.

A prayer of David in danger and distress.

I Unto the end, for a people that is removed at a distance from the fanctuary: for David, for an infeription of a title (or pillar) when the Philistines held him in Geth.

2 TTAVE mercy on me. I O God, for man

hath trodden me under foots all the day long he hath afflicted me fighting against me.

3 My enemies have trodden on me all the day long; for they are many that make war against me.

4 From (a) the height of the day I shall fear: but I

will trust in thee.

5 In God I will praise (b) my words, in God I have put my truft: I will not fear what flesh can do against me.

6 All the day long they detefted my words: all their thoughts were against me un-

to evil.

7 They will dwell and hide themselves: they will watch

my heel.

As they have waited for my foul, 8 (c) for nothing shalt thou fave them: in thy anger thou shalt break the people in pieces.

O God o I have declared to thee my life: thou haft fet

my tears in thy fight,

As also in thy promise. 10 Then shall my enemies be turned back.

(c) Ver. 22. They are divided, &c. Dispersed, scattered. and brought to nothing, by the wrath of God; who looks with indignation on their wicked and deceitful ways.

Plalm LV. (a) Ver. 4. The height of the day. That is, even at noon-day, when the fun is the highest, I am still in danger.

(b) Ver. 5. My words. The words or promises God has made in my favour. and deliment inc: her

(c) Ver. 8. For nothing shalt thou save them. That is, fince they lie in wait to ruin my foul; thou thalt for no confideration favour or affift them, but execute thy justice upon them.

P

In what day foever I shall call upon thee, behold I know

thou art my God.

the word, in the Lord will I praise bis speech. In God have I hoped, I will not fear what man can do to me.

vows to thee, which I will

pay, praifes to thee.

13 Because thou hast delivered my soul from death, my seet from falling: that I may please in the sight of God, in the light of the living.

PSALM LVI. Heb. LVII.

Miserere mei Deus. 3.

The prophet prays in his affliction, and praises God for his delivery.

1 Unto the end, (a) destroy not, for David, for an inscription of a title, when he fled from Saul into the cave.

1 Kings XXIV.

AVE mercy on me, O God, have mercy on me: for my foul trufteth in thee.

And in the shadow of thy wings will I hope, until iniquity pass away.

3 I will cry to God the most high; to God who hath

done good to me.

4 He hath fent from heaven and delivered me: he hath made them a reproach that trode upon me.

God hath fent his mercy and his truth. 5. And he hath delivered my foul from the midst of the young lions. I slept troubled.

The fons of men, whose teeth are weapons and arrows, and their tongue a sharp sword.

6 Be thou exalted, O God, above the heavens, and thy glory above all the earth.

7 They prepared a fnare for my feet; and they bowed

down my foul.

They dug a pit before my face, and they are fallen into it.

8 My heart is ready, O God, my heart is ready: I will fing, and rehearse a psalm.

9 Arise O my glory, arise psaltery and harp: I will arise

early.

thee, O Lord, among the people, I will fing a pfalm to thee among the nations.

11 For thy mercy is magnified even to the heavens; and thy truth unto the clouds.

God above the heavens: and thy glory above all the earth. PSALM LVII. Heb. LVIII.

Si verè utique.

David reproveth the wicked,
and foretelleth their funishment.

I Unto the end, destroy not,

Pfalm LVI. (a) Ver. 1. Destroy not. Suffer me not to be destroyed.

Pfalm LVII.

for David, for an inscription of a title.

I F in very deed you speak justice: judge right things, O ye sons of man.

3 For in your heart you work iniquity: your hands forge injustice in the earth.

4 The wicked are alienated from the womb, they have gone astray from the womb: they have spoken false things.

5 Their madness is according to the likeness of a serpent: like the deaf asp that stop-

peth her ears:

6 Which will not hear the voice of the charmers; nor of the wizard that charmeth wisely.

7 God shall break in pieces their teeth in their mouth: the Lord shall break the grinders of the lions.

8 They shall come to nothing, like water running down: he hath bent his bow

till they be weakened.

9 Like wax that melteth they shall be taken away: fire hath fallen on them, and they shall not see the sun.

to (a) Before your thorns could know the briar; he

fwalloweth them up, as alive, in his wrath.

II The just shall rejoice when he shall see the revenge: he shall (b) wash his hands in the blood of the sinner.

12 And man shall say: If indeed there be fruit to the just; there is indeed a God that judgeth them on the earth.

PSALM LVIII. Heb. LIX.

Eripe me de.

A prayer to be delivered from the wicked, with confidence in Gods help and protection. It agrees to Christ and his enemies the Jews.

I Unto the end, destroy not, for David for an inscription of a title, when Saul sent and watched his house to kill him. I Kings XIX.

Eliver me from my enemies; O my God; and defend me from them that rise up against me.

3 Deliver me from them that work iniquity, and fave me from bloody men.

4 For behold they have caught my foul; the mighty have rushed in upon me:

Pfalm LVII. (a) Ver. 10. Before your thorns, &c. That is, before your thorns grow up, so as to become strong briars, they shall be overtaken and consumed by divine justice, swallowing them up, as it were alive in his wrath.

(b) Ver. 11. Shall wash his hands, &c. Shall applaed the justice of God, and take occasion from the consideration of the punishment of the wicked to wash and cleanse his

hands from fin.

5 Neither is it for my iniquity, nor for my fin, O Lord; without iniquity have I run, and directed my steps.

6 Rife up thou to meet me, and behold: even thou, O Lord, the God of hosts, the

God of Ifrael,

Attend to visit all the nations: have no mercy on all them

that work iniquity.

7 They shall return at evening, and shall suffer hunger like dogs: and shall go round about the city.

8 Behold they shall speak with their mouth, and a sword is in their lips: for who, say

they, hath heard us?

9 But thou, O Lord, shalt laugh at them, thou shalt bring all the nations to nothing.

to I will keep my firength to thee: for thou art my protector: 11 My God his mercy shall prevent me.

over my enemies: flay them not, left at any time my people forget.

Scatter them by thy power; and bring them down, O Lord

my protector.

mouth, and the word of their lips: and let them be taken

in their pride.

And for their curling and lying they shall be talked of, 14 when they are consumed: when they are consumed by thy wrath, and they shall be no more.

And they shall know that God will rule Jacob, and all the ends of the earth.

15 They shall return at evening and shall fuffer hunger like dogs: and shall go round about the city.

16 They shall be scattered abroad to eat, and shall mur. mur if they be not filled.

17 But I will fing thy ftrength; and will extol thy mercy in the morning.

For thou art become my fupport, and my refuge, in the day of my trouble.

18 Unto thee, O my helper, will I fing, for thou art God my defence: my God, my mercy.

# PSALM LIX. Heb. LX. Deus repulifti nos-

After many afflictions, the church of Christ shall prewail.

I Unto the end, for them that shall be changed, for the inscription of a title, to David himself, for doctrine, 2 when he set fire to Mesopotamia of Syria, and Sobal; And Joab returned, and slew of I dom, in the vale of the salt-pits, twelve thousand men.

God, thou hast cast us off, and hast defstroyed us: thou hast been angry, and hast had mercy on us,

4 Thou hast moved the earth, and hast troubled it; heal thou the breaches thereof,

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thereof, for it has been moved.

5 Thou hast shewed thy people hard things; thou hast made us drink the wine of forrow.

6 Thou hast given a warning to them that fear thee: that they may slee from before

the bow:

That thy beloved may be delivered. 7 Save me with thy right hand, and hear me.

8 God hath spoken in his holy place: I will rejoice, and I will divide Sichem; and will mete out the vale of tabernacles.

o Galaad is mine, and Manasses is mine: and Ephraim is the strength of my head.

Juda is my king. 10 (a) Moab is the pot of my hope.

Into Edom will I stretch out my shoe: To me the (b) foreigners are made subject.

to the strong city? who will

lead me into Edom?

who halt cast us off? And wilt not thou, O God, go out with our armies?

13 Give us help from trouble: for vain is the falvation of man.

14 Through God we shall do mightily : and he shall bring

to nothing them that afflict us.

PSALM LX. Heb. LXI.

Exaudi Deus.

A prayer for the coming of the kingdom of Christ, which shall have no end.

1 Unto the end, in hymns, for David.

EAR, O God, my supplication: be at-

tentive to my prayer.

3 To thee have I cried from the ends of the earth; when my heart was in anguish, thou hast exalted me on a rock.

Thou hast conducted me; 4 for thou hast been my hope; a tower of strength against the face of the enemy.

5 In thy tabernacle I shall dwell for ever: I shall be protected under the covert of thy wings.

6 For thou, my God, haft heard my prayer: thou haft given an inheritance to them

that fear thy name.

7 Thou wilt add days to the days of the king; his years even to generation and generation.

8 He abideth for ever in the fight of God: his mercy and truth who shall fearch?

9 So will I fing a plalm to

Pfalm. LIX. (a) Ver. 10. The pot of my hope; or my watering pot. That is, a vessel for meaner uses, by being reduced to serve me, even in the meanest employments.

(b) Ibidem. Foreigners. So the Philistines are called who had no kindred with the Israelites; whereas the Edomites, Moubites, &c. were originally of the same family.

that I may pay my vows from day to day.

## PSALM LXI. Heb. LXII. Nonne Deo.

The prophet encourageth him felf and all others to trust in God, and serve him.

1 Unto the end, of Idithun, a plalm of David.

SHALL not my foul be subject to God? for from him is my salvation.

3 For he is my God and my faviour: he is my protector, I shall be moved no more.

4 How long do you rush in upon a man? you all kill: As if you were thrusting down a leaning wall, and a tottering fence.

5 But they have thought to cast away my price, I ran in thirst: they blessed with their mouth, but cursed with their heart.

6 But be thou, O my foul, fubject to God: for from him

is my patience.

7 For he is my God and my faviour: be is my helper, I shall not be moved.

8 In God is my falvation and my glory: he is the God

of my help, and my hope is in God.

9 Trust in him, all ye congregation of people: pour out your hearts before him: God is our helper for ever.

nen; the fons of men (a) are liars in the balances: that by vanity they may together de-

ceive.

and covet not robberies: if riches abound, fet not your

heart upon them.

12 God hath spoken once, these two things have I heard, that power belongeth to God; 13 and mercy to thee, O Lord; for thou wilt render to every man according to his works. PSALM LXII. Heb. LXIII.

Deus Deus meus ad te.
The prophet aspireth after God.

I A psalm of David when he was in the desart of Edom.

God, my God, to thee do I watch at break of day.

For thee my foul hath thirsted; for thee my slesh, O how

many ways!

3 In a defart land, and where there is no way, and no water: so in the fanctuary have I come before thee, to see thy power and thy glory.

Psalm. LXI. (a) Ver. 10: Are liars in the balances, &c. They are so vain and light, that if they are put into the scales, they will be found to be of no weight; and to be mere lies, deceit, and vanity. Or. They are liars in their balances, by weighing things by false weights, and preserving the temporal before the eternal.

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4 For thy mercy is better than lives: thee my lips shall praise.

5 Thus will I bless thee all my life long: and in thy name I will lift up my hands.

6 Let my foul be filled as with marrow and fatness: and my mouth shall praise thee with joyful lips.

7 If I have remembred thee apon my bed, I will meditate on thee in the morning: 8 because thou hast been my helper.

And I will rejoice under the covert of thy wings: 9 my foul hath fluck close to thee: thy right hand hath received me.

no But they have fought my foul in vain, they shall go into the lower parts of the earth: II They shall be delivered into the hands of the sword, they shall be the portions of foxes.

12 But the king shall rejoice in God; all they shall be praised that swear by him: because the mouth is stopped of them that speak wicked things.

PSALM LXIII. Heb. LXIV. Exaudi Deus orationem.

A prayer in affliction, with

confidence in God that he will bring to naught the machinations of persecutors.

1 Unto the end, a pfalm for David.

EAR, O God, my prayer, when I make supplication to thee: deliver my soul from the sear of the enemy.

3 Thou hast protected me from the assembly of the malignant; from the multitude of the workers of iniquity.

4 For they have whetted their tongues like a fword; they have bent their bow, a bitter thing, 5 to shoot in secret the undefiled.

6 They will shoot at him on a sudden, and will not fear: they are resolute in wickedness.

They have talked of hiding fnares; they have faid: Who shall see them?

7 They have fearched after iniquities: they have failed in their fearch.

Man shall come to (a) a deep heart: 8 and God shall be exalted.

(b) The arrows of children

Pfalm LXIII. (a) Ver. 7. A deep beart. That is, crafty, fubtle, deep projects and defigns; which nevertheless shall not succeed; for God shall be exalted in bringing them to naught by his wisdom and power.

(b) Ver. 8. The arrows of children are their wounds. That is, the wounds, stripes, or blows, they seek to inflict upon the just, are but like the weak efforts of childrens arrows, which can do no execution: and their tongues, that is, their speeches against them, come to nothing.

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are their wounds: 9 And their tongues against them are made weak.

All that faw them were troubled; 10 and every man was afraid.

And they declared the works of God: and understood his

doings.

in the Lord, and shall hope in him: and all the upright in heart shall be praised.

PSALM LXIV. Heb. LXV. Te decet.

God is to be praised in his church, to which all nations shall be called.

To the end, a pfalm of David. The canticle of Jeremias and Ezechiel to the people (a) of the captivity, when they began to go out.

A Hymn, O God, becometh thee in Sion: and a vow shall be paid to thee in Jerusalem.

3 O hear my prayer: all flesh shall come to thee.

4 The words of the wicked have prevailed over us: and thou wilt pardon our transgressions.

5 Bleffed is he whom thou haft chosen, and taken to

thee: he shall dwell in thy courts.

We shall be filled with the good things of thy house; holy is thy temple, 6 wonderful in justice.

Hear us, O God our faviour, suho art the hope of all the ends of the earth, and

in the fea afar off.

7 Thou who preparest the mountains by thy strength, being girded with power: 8 who troublest the depth of the sea, the noise of its waves.

The Gentiles shall be troubled, 9 and they that dwell in the uttermost borders shall be afraid at thy signs: thou shalt make the outgoings of the morning and of the evening to be joyful.

10 Thou hast visited the earth, and hast plentifully watered it; thou hast many ways

enriched it.

The river of God is filled with water: thou hast prepared their food, for so is its preparation.

It Fill up plentifully the streams thereof; multiply its fruits; it shall spring up and rejoice in its showers.

12 Thou shalt bless the crown of the year of thy good-

Pfalm LXIV. (a) Ver. 1 Of the captivity. That is, The people of the captivity of Babylon. This is not in the Hebrew, but is found in the ancient translation of the Septuaginta.

ness: and thy fields shall be

filled with plenty.

13 The beautiful places
of the wilderness shall grow

fat: and the hills shall be girded about with joy.

14 The rams of the flock are cloathed, and the vales shall abound with corn: they shall shout, yea they shall sing

a hymn.
PSALM LXV. Heb. LXVI.
Jubilate Deo.

An invitation to praise God.

I Unto the end, a canticle of a pfalm of the refurrection.

SHOUT with joy to God, all the earth. 2 Sing ye a pfalm to his name; give glory to his praise.

3 Say unto God, How terrible are thy works, O Lord! in the multitude of thy strength thy enemies shall lie

to thee.

4 Let all the earth adore thee, and fing to thee: let it fing a pfalm to thy name.

5 Come and fee the works of God: who is terrible in his counsels over the sons of men.

6 Who turneth the fea into dry land, in the river they shall pass on foot: there shall

we rejoice in him.

7 Who by his power ruleth for ever: his eyes behold the nations; let not them that provoke *bim* be exalted in themselves.

8 O bless our God, ye Gentiles; and make the voice of his praise to be heard.

o Who hath fet my foul to live: and hath not suffered my feet to be moved.

10 For thou, O God, haft proved us; thou haft tried us by fire, as filver is tried.

into a net, thou hast laid afflictions on our back: 12 thou hast set men over our heads.

We have passed through fire and water, and thou hast brought us out into a refresh-

ment.

13 I will go into thy house with burnt-offerings: I will pay thee my vows, 14 which my lips have uttered,

And my mouth hath spoken, when I was in trouble.

holocausts full of marrow, with burnt-offerings of rams; I will offer to thee bullocks with goats.

16 Come and hear, all ye that fear God; and I will tell you what great things he hath

done for my foul.

17 I cried to him with my mouth; and I extolled him with my tongue.

18 If I have looked at iniquity in my heart, the Lord will not hear me.

19 Therefore hath God heard me, and hath attended to the voice of my supplication.

20 Bleffed be God, who hath not turned away my prayer, nor his mercy from me.

K 3

**PSALM** 

PSALM LXVI. Heb. LXVII.

A prayer for the propagation of the church.

- Unto the end, in hymns, a pfalm of a canticle for David.
- MAY God have mercy on us, and bless us: may he cause the light of his countenance to shine upon us, and may he have mercy on us.
- 3 That we may know thy way upon earth, thy falvation in all nations.

4 Let people confess to thee, O God: let all people give praise to thee.

5 Let the nations be glad and rejoice: for thou judgest the people with justice, and directest the nations upon earth.

6 Let the people, O God, confess to thee, let all the people give praise to thee.
7. The earth hath yielded her fruit

May God, our own God bless us, 8 may God bless us: and all the ends of the earth fear him. PSALM LXVII. Heb. LXVIII.

Exurgat Deus.

- The glorious establishment of the church of the new testament, presigured by the benesits bestowed on the people of Israel.
- I Unto the end, a pfalm of a canticle, for David himfelf.
- Let his enemies be fcattered: and let them that hate him flee from before his face.
- 3 As fmoke vanisheth, so let them vanish away; as wax melteth before the fire, so let the wicked perish at the presence of God.

4 And let the just feast, and rejoice before God: and be delighted with gladness.

5 Sing ye to God, fing a plalm to his name; make a way for him (a) who ascendeth upon the west: The Lord is his name.

Rejoice ye before him: but the wicked shall be troubled at his presence, 6 who is the father of orphans, and the judge of widows.

Psalm LXVII. (a) Ver. 5. Who ascendeth upon the west. Super occasium. St. Gregory understands it of Christ, who after his going down, like the sun, in the west, by his passion and death, ascended more glorious, and carried all before him. St. Jerome renders it, who ascendeth, or cometh up, through the desarts.

God in his holy place: 7 God 1 who maketh men (b) of one manner to dwell in a house.

Who bringeth out (c) them that were bound in strength : in like manner them that provoke, that dwell in fepulchres.

8 O God, when thou didft go forth in the fight of thy people; when thou didft pass through the defart.

o The earth was moved, and the heavens dropped at the presence of the God of

Sinai, at the presence of the God of Ifrael.

To Thou shalt set aside for thy inheritance (d) a free rain. O God: and it was weakened, but thou hast made it perfect :

II (e) In it shall thy animals dwell; in thy fweetness. O God, thou haft provided for the poor.

12 The Lord shall give the

word (f) to them that preach good tidings with great power.

(b) Ver. 7. Of one manner. That is, agreeing in faith, unanimous in love, and following the same manner of discipline. It is verified in the fervants of God living together in his boule, which is the church. I Tim. iii. I 5.

(c) Ibidem. Them that were bound, &c. The power and mercy of God appears, in his bringing out of their captivity them that were strongly bound in their fins : and in restoring to his grace them whose behaviour had been most provoking; and who by their evil habits were not only dead, but buried

in their fepulchres.

(d) Ver. 10. A free rain. The manna, which raised plentifully from heaven, in favour of God's inberitance, that is, of his people Israel: which was weakened indeed under a variety of afflictions; but was made perfect by God, that is, was still supported by divine providence, and brought on to the promised land. It agrees particularly to the church of Christ. his true inheritance, which is plentifully watered with the free rain of heavenly grace; and through many infirmities, that is, crosses and tribulations, is made perfect, and fitted for eternal glory.

(e) Ver. 11. In it, &c. That is, in this church, which is thy fold and thy inheritance, shall thy animals, thy sheep.

dwell: where thou hast plentifully provided for them.

(f) Ver. 12. To them that preach good tidings. Evangelizantibus. That is, to the preachers of the golpel; who receiving the word from the Lord, shall with great power and efficacy preach throughout the world the glad tidings of a Saviour, and of eternal falvation through him.

ers is of the beloved, of the beloved; and the beauty of the house shall divide spoils.

the midst of lots; you shall be as the wings of a dove covered with filver, and the hinder parts of her back with the paleness of gold.

heaven appointeth (i) kings over her, they shall be whited with snow in Selmon. 16 (k) The mountain of God is a fat mountain.

A curdled mountain, a fat mountain. 17 (1) Why suspect ye curdled mountains?

A mountain in which God

(g) Ver. 13. The king of powers. That is, the mighty King, the Lord of hosts, is of the beloved, of the beloved; that is, is on the side of Christ his most beloved son: and his beautiful bouse, viz. the church, in which God dwells for ever, shall by her spiritual conquests divide the spoils of many nations. The Hebrew (as it now stands pointed) is thus rendered, The kings of armies have sed, they have sted, and she that dwells at home (or the beauty of the house) shall divide the spoils.

(b) Ver. 14. If you fleep among fl the midfl of lots, (intermedios cleros, &c.) viz. In such dangers and persecutions, as if your enemies were casting lots for your goods and persons: or in the midst of the lots (inter medios terminos, as St. Jerome renders it) that is, upon the very bounds or borders of the dominions of your enemies: you shall be secure nevertheless under the divine protection; and shall be enabled to sly away, like a dove, with glittering wings, and feathers shining like the palest and most precious gold; that is, with great increase of virtue and spiritual beauty.

(i) Ver. 15. Kings over her. That is, pastors and rules over his church, viz. the apostles and their successors. Then by their ministry shall men be made whiter than the snow which

lies on the top of the high mountain Selmon.

(k) Ver. 16. The mountain of God. The church, which Isaiah ii. 2. is called, The mountain of the house of the Lord upon the top of mountains. It is here called a fat and a curdled mountain; that is to say, most fruitful, and enriched by the spiritual gifts and graces of the Holy Ghost.

(1) Ver. 17. Why suspect ye curdled mountains? Why do you suppose or imagine there may be any other such curdled mountains? You are mistaken: the mountain thus favoured by God is but one: and this same he has chosen for his dwelling for ever.

is well pleased to dwell: for | salvation: and of the Lord, there the Lord shall dwell unto the end.

18 (m) The chariot of God is attended by ten thousands; thousands of them that rejoice: the Lord is among them in Sina, in the holy place.

19 Thou hast ascended on high, thou hast (n) led captivity captive; thou haft re-

ceived gifts in men.

Yea for those also that do not believe, the dwelling of the Lord God.

20 Bleffed be the Lord day by day: the God of our falvation will make our journey prosperous to us.

of the Lord are (o) the issues from death.

22 But God shall break the heads of his enemies: the hairy crown of them that walk on in their fins.

23 The Lord faid: (b) I will turn them from Basan, I will turn them into the depth of the fea.

24 That thy foot may be dipped in the blood of thy enemies; the tongue of thy dogs be red with the fame.

25 They have feen (q) thy goings, O God: the goings of my God, of my king who is in bis fanctuary.

26 (r) Princes went before 21 Our God is the God of joined with fingers, in the

midft

(m) Ver. 18. The chariot of God, descending to give his law on mount Sina; as also of Jesus Christ his Son, ascending into heaven, to fend from thence the Holy Ghost, to publish his new law, is attended with ten thousands, that is, with an innumerable multitude of joyful angels.

(n) Ver. 19. Led captivity captive. Carrying away with thee to heaven those who before had been the captives of satan; and receiving from God the Father gifts to be distributed to

men; even to those who were before unbelievers.

(0) Ver. 21. The iffues from death. The Lord alone is master of the issues, by which we may escape from death.

(p) Ver. 23. I will turn them from Basan, &c. I will cast out my enemies from their rich possessions, signified by Basan, a fruitful country: and I will drive them into the depth of the sea: and make such a slaughter of them, that the feet of my fervants may be dyed in their blood, &c.

(9) Ver. 25. Thy goings. Thy ways, thy proceedings, by which thou didst formerly take possession of the promised land in favour of thy people; and shalt afterwards of the

whole world, which thou shalt subdue to thy Son.

(r) Ver. 26. Princes. The apostles, the first converters

midft of young damfels play-

ing on timbrels.

27 In the churches bless ye
God, the Lord (s) from the

fountains of Ifrael.

28 There is Benjamin a youth, in extasy of mind.

The princes of Juda are their leaders: the princes of Zabulon, the princes of Nephthali.

29 (t) Command thy ftrength, O God: confirm, O God, what thou haft wrought

in us.

30 From thy temple in

Jerusalem, kings shall offer presents to thee.

31 (u) Rebuke the wild beafts of the reeds; the congregation of bulls with the kine of the people; who feek to exclude them who are tried with filver.

Scatter thou the nations that delight in wars: 32 (x) Embassadors shall come out of Egypt: Ethiopia shall soon stretch out her hands to God,

Sing to God, 33 ye kingdoms of the earth; fing ye to the Lord.

of nations; attended by numbers of perfect fouls, finging the

divine praises, and virgins consecrated to God.

(s) Ver. 27. From the fountains of Israel. From whom both Christ and his apostles sprung. By Benjamin the holy sathers on this place understand St. Paul, who was of that tribe, named here a youth, because he was the last called to the apostleship. By the princes of Judah, Zabulon, and Nephthali, we may understand the other apostles; who were of the tribe of Juda; or of the tribes of Zabulon and Nephthali, where our Lord began to preach, Matt. iv. 13, &c.

(t) Ver. 29. Command thy ftrength. Give orders that thy

Arength may be always with us.

(u) Ver. 31. Rebuke the wild beasts of the reeds: or the wild beasts, which lie hid in the reeds. That is, the devils, who hide themselves in order to surprize their prey. Or by wild beasts, are here understood persecutors, who, for all their attempts against the church, are but as aweak reeds, which cannot prevail against them who are supported by the strength of the Almighty. The same are also called the congregation of bulls (from their rage against the church) who assemble together all their kine, that is, the people, their subjects, to exclude, if they can, from Christ and his inheritance, his constant confessors, who are like silver tried by fire.

of the conversion of the Gentiles, and by name of the Egyp-

tians and Ethiopians.

34 Sing ye to God, who mounteth above the heaven of heavens (y) to the east.

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Behold he will give to his voice (2) the voice of power.

35 Give ye glory to God for Ifrael: his magnificence and his power is in the clouds.

36 God is wonderful in his faints: the God of Israel is he who will give power and strength to his people. Blessed be God.

PSALM LXVIII. Heb. LXIX. Salvum me fac Deus.

Christ in his passion declareth the greatness of his sufferings, and the malice of his persecutors the Jews; and foretelleth their reprobation.

1 Unto the end, (a) for them that shall be changed; for David.

SAVE me, O God: for (b) the waters are come in even unto my foul.

3 I flick fast in the mire of the deep: and there is no fure standing.

I am come into the depth of the fea: and a tempest hath overwhelmed me.

4 I have laboured with crying; my jaws are become hoarse: my eyes have failed, whilst I hope in my God.

5 They are multiplied above the hairs of my head, who hate me without cause.

My enemies are grown strong who have wrongfully persecuted me: then did (c) I pay that which I took not away.

6 O God, thou knowest (d) my foolishness; and my offences are not hid from thee;

(y) Ver. 34. To the east. From mount Oliver, which is on the east side of Jerusalem.

(z) Ibidem. The voice of power. That is, he will make his voice to be a powerful voice; by calling from death to life, such as were dead in mortal sin: as at the last day he will by the power of his voice call all the dead from their graves.

Pfalm LXVIII. (a) Ver. 1. For them that shall be changed. A pfalm for christian converts, to remember the passion of Christ.

(b) Ver. 2. The waters. Of afflictions and forrows. My foul is forrowful even unto death. Matt. xxvi.

(c) Ver. 5. I pay that which I took not away. Christ in his passion made restitution of what he had not taken away, by suffering the punishment due to our fins, and so repairing the injury we had done to God.

(d) Ver. 6. My foolishness and my offences; which my enemies impute to me: or the follies and fins of men, which I have taken upon myself.

7 Let not them be asham- I that hate me; and out of the ed for me, who look for thee, O Lord, the Lord of hofts.

Let them not be confounded on my account, who feek thee, O God of Ifrael.

8 Because for thy fake I have borne reproach; shame hath covered my face.

o I am become a stranger to my brethren, and an alien to the fons of my mother.

10 For the zeal of thy house hath eaten me up: and the reproaches of them that reproached thee are fallen upon me.

11 And I covered my foul in fasting: and it was made a reproach to me.

12 And I made haircloth my garment : and I became a

by-word to them.

13 They that fat in the gate fpoke against me: and they that drank wine made me their fong.

14 But as for me, my prayer is to thee, O Lord; for the time of thy good pleasure,

O God. .

In the multitude of thy mercy hear me, in the truth

of thy falvation.

15 Draw me out of the mire, that I may not flick fast: deliver me from them deep waters.

16 Let not the tempest of water drown me, nor the deep fwallow me up: and let not the pit shut her mouth upon

17 Hear me, O Lord, for thy mercy is kind; look upon me according to the multitude of thy tender mercies.

18 And turn not away thy face from thy fervant: for I am in trouble, hear me spee-

dily.

19 Attend to my foul, and deliver it: fave me because of my enemies.

20 Thou knowest my reproach, and my confusion,

and my shame.

21 In thy fight are all they that afflict me: my heart hath expected reproach and mifery.

And I looked for one that would grieve together with me; but there was none: and for one that would comfort me, and I found none.

22 And they gave me gall for my food, and in my thirst they gave me vinegar to drink.

23 (e) Let their table become as a fnare before them, and a recompence, and a flumbling block.

24 Let their eyes be darkened that they fee not; and

<sup>(</sup>e) Ver. 23. Let their table, &c. What here follows in the stile of an imprecation, is a prophefy of the wretched state to which the Jews should be reduced in punishment of their wilful obstinacy. their

their back bow thou down always.

25 Pour out thy indignation upon them: and let thy wrathful anger take hold of them.

26 Let their habitation be made desolate; and let there be none to dwell in their tabernacles.

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27 Because they have perfecuted him whom thou haft fmitten; and they have added to the grief of my wounds.

28 Add thou iniquity upon their iniquity: and let them not come into thy justice.

29 Let them be blotted out of the book of the living; and with the just let them not be written.

30 But I am poor and forrowful: thy falvation, O God, hath fet me up.

31 I will praise the name of God with a canticle: and I will magnify him with praise.

32 And it shall please God better than a young calf, that bringeth forth horns and hoofs.

33 Let the poor fee and rejoice: feek ye God, and your foul shall live.

34 For the Lord hath heard

the poor : and hath not defpifed his prisoners.

35 Let the heavens and the earth praise him; the fea, and every thing that creepeth therein.

36 For God will fave (f) Sion, and the cities of Juda shall be built up.

And they shall dwell there. and acquire it by inheritance.

37 And the feed of his fervants shall possess it: and they that love his name shall dwell therein.

PSALM LXIX. Heb. LXX. Deus in adjutorium.

A prayer in persecution. 1 Unto the end, A plalm for David, to bring to remembrance that the Lord faved him.

GOD, come to my affiftance; O Lord. make hafte to help me.

3 Let them be confounded and ashamed that seek my foul.

4 Let them be turned backward, and blush for shame that defire evils to me.

Let them be prefently turned away blushing for shame that fay to me: (a) Tis well, 'tis well.

(f) Ver. 36. Sion. The catholick church. The cities of Juda, &c. particular churches which shall be established throughout the world. And there, viz. in this church of Christ, shall his servants dwell, &c.

Pfalm LXIX. (a) Ver. 4. 'Tis well, 'tis well. Euge, euge. St. Jerome renders it, wah, wah! which is the voice of one infulting and deriding. Some understand it as a detestation of deceitful flatterers.

5 Let all that feek thee rejoice and be glad in thee; and let fuch as love thy falvation fay always: The Lord be magnified.

6 But I am needy and

poor; O God, help me.

Thou art my helper and my deliverer: O Lord, make no delay.

PSALM LXX. Heb. LXXI.
In te Domine.

A prayer for perseverance.

Of the fons of Jonadab, and the former captives.

In thee, O Lord, I have hoped, let me never be put to confusion: 2 Deliver me in thy justice, and rescue me.

Incline thy ear unto me, and save me.

3 Be thou unto me a God, a protector, and a place of strength, that thou may st make me safe.

For thou art my firmament

and my refuge.

out of the hand of the finner, and out of the hand of the transgressor of the law and of the unjust.

5 For thou art my patience. O Lord: my hope, O Lord,

from my youth.

6 By thee have I been confirmed from the womb: from my mother's womb thou art my protector.

Of thee shall I continually sing. 7 I am become unto many as a wonder, but thou

art a strong helper.

8 Let my mouth be filled with praise, that I may fing thy glory; thy greatness all the day long.

9 Cast me not off in the time of old age: when my strength shall fail, do not thou

forfake me.

10 For my enemies have fpoken against me; and they that watched my foul have confulted together,

11 Saying: God hath forfaken him: purfue and take him, for there is none to de-

liver him.

12 O God, be not thou far from me: O my God, make haste to my help.

and come to nothing that detract my foul; let them be covered with confusion and shame that seek my hurt.

14 But I will always hope; and will add to all thy praise.

forth thy justice; thy falvation all the day long.

Pfalm LXX. (a) Ver. 1. Of the fons of Jonadab. The Rechabites, of whom fee Jeremiah xxxv. By this addition of the feventy interpreters, we gather that this pfalm was usually fung in the synagogue, in the person of the Rechabites, and those who were first carried away into captivity.

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Because I have not known 16 I will enter (b) learning, into the powers of the Lord. O Lord, I will be mindful of thy justice alone.

17 Thou hast taught me, O God, from my youth: and till now I will declare thy

wonderful works.

18 And unto old age and gray hairs, O God, forfake me not.

Until I shew forth thy arm to all the generation that is to

come.

19 And thy Thy power, justice, O God, even to the highest great things thou hast done: O God, who is like to thee?

20 How great troubles haft thou shewed me, many and grievous? and turning thou hast brought me to life, and halt brought me back again from the depths of the earth.

21 Thou hast multiplied thy magnificence; and turning to me thou hast comforted me,

22 I will also give praise to thee : I will extal thy truth with the instruments of plaltery: O God, I will fing to thee with the harp, thou holy one of Ifrael.

23 My lips shall greatly rejoice, when I shall fing to thee; and my foul which

thou haft redeemed.

24 Yea and my tongue also shall meditate on thy justice all the day; when they shall be confounded and put to shame that feek evils to me. PSALM LXXI. Heb. LXXII.

Deus judicium tuum.

prophely of the coming of Christ, and of his kingdom: prefigured by Solomon and bis bappy reign.

1 A pfalm on Solomon.

IVE to the king thy I judgment, O God, and to the king's fon thy juftice.

To judge thy people with justice, and thy poor with judgment.

3 Let the mountains receive peace for the people, and

the hills justice.

4 He shall judge the poor of the people, and he shall fave the children of the poor : and he shall humble the oppreffor.

And he shall continue with the fun, and before the moon, throughout all gene-

rations.

6. He shall come down like rain upon the fleece; and as showers falling gently upon the earth,

7 In his days shall justice ipring up, and abundance of peace, till the moon be taken away.

<sup>(</sup>b) Ver. 15. Learning. As much as to fay, I build not upon human learning, but only on the power and justice of God. composed

8 And he shall rule from fea to sea, and from the river unto the ends of the earth.

9 Before him the Ethiopians shall fall down; and his enemies shall lick the ground.

and the islands shall offer prefents: the kings of the Arabians and of Saba shall bring gifts.

earth shall adore him; all na-

tions shall ferve him.

12 For he shall deliver the poor from the mighty: and the needy that had no helper.

13 He shall spare the poor and needy: and he shall save

the fouls of the poor.

14 He shall redeem their fouls from usuries and iniquity: and their name shall be honourable in his fight.

15 And he shall live; and to him shall be given of the gold of Arabia: for him they shall always adore; they shall

bless him all the day.

16 And there shall be a (a) sirmament on the earth, on the tops of mountains: above Libanus shall the fruit thereof be exalted: and they of the city shall flourish like grass of the earth.

17 Let his name be bleffed for evermore: his name continueth before the fun.

And in him shall all the tribes of the earth be blessed: all nations shall magnify him.

18 Bleffed be the Lord, the God of Ifrael, who alone doth

wonderful things.

19 And bleffed be the name of his majefly for ever, and the whole earth shall be filled with his majefly. So be it. So be it.

zo The praises of David the son of Jesse (b) are ended.

PSALM LXXII. Heb. LXXIII.

Quam bonus Ifrael Deus.

The temptation of the weak, upon seeing the prosperity of the wicked, is overcome by the consideration of the justice of God, who will quickly render to every one according to his works.

I A pfalm for Afaph,

HOW good is God to Ifrael, to them that are of a right heart I

2 But my feet were almost moved; my steps had well

nigh flipt,

3 Because I had a zeal on occasion of the wicked; seeing the prosperity of sinners.

Psalm LXXI. (a) Ver. 16. A firmament, &c. This may be understood of the church of Christ, ever firm and visible; and of the flourishing condition of its citizens.

(b) Ver. 20. Are ended. By this it appears that this pfalm, tho' placed here, was in order of time the last of those which

David composed.

4 For there is no regard to their death, nor is there frength in their stripes.

5 They are not in the labour of men: neither shall they be scourged like other

men.

6 Therefore pride hath held them fast: they are covered with their iniquity and their wickedness.

7 Their iniquity hath come forth, as it were from (a) fatness: they have passed in to the affection of the heart.

8 They have thought and fpoken wickedness: they have fpoken iniquity on high.

9 They have set their mouth against heaven: and their tongue hath passed thorough the earth.

To Therefore will my people (b) return here: and full days shall be found in them.

It And they faid: How

doth God know? and is there knowledge in the Most High:

12 Behold these are sinners; and yet abounding in the world they have obtained riches.

I 3 And I faid: Then have I in vain justified my heart, and washed my hands among the innocent,

14 And I have been fcourged all the day; and my chaftisement hath been in the morn-

ings.

15 (c) If I faid, I will fpeak thus; behold I should condemn the generation of thy children.

16 I studied that I might know this thing: it is a la-

bour in my fight.

17 Until I go into the fanctuary of God, and understand concerning their last ends.

18 But indeed for deceits
(d) thou hast put it to them:

Pfalm LXXII. (a) Ver. 7. Fatness. Abundance, and temporal prosperity, which hath encouraged them in their iniquity; and made them give themselves up to their irregular affections.

(b) Ver. 10. Return bere; or hither. The weak among the fervants of God, will be apt often to return to this thought, and will be shocked when they consider the full days, that is, the long and prosperous life of the wicked; and will be tempted to make the reslexions against providence, which are set down in the following verses.

(c) Ver. 15. If I faid, &c. That is, if I should indulge

such thoughts as thefe.

(d) Ver. 18. Thou hast put it to them. In punishment of their deceits, or for deceiving them, thou hast brought evils upon them in their last end, which in their prosperity they never apprehended.

when they were lifted up thou hast cast them down.

19 How are they brought to defolation? they have suddenly ceased to be: they have perished by reason of their iniquity.

20 As the dream of them that awake, O Lord; so in thy city thou shalt bring their

image to nothing.

21 For my heart hath been inflamed; and my reins have been changed: 22 And I am brought to nothing; and I knew not.

23 I am become as a beaft before thee: and I am always

with thee.

24 Thou hast held me by my right hand; and by thy will thou hast conducted me: and with glory thou hast received me.

25 For what have I in heaven? and besides thee what do I desire upon earth?

26 For thee my flesh and my heart hath fainted away: thou art the God of my heart, and the God that is my portion for ever.

27 For behold they that go far from thee shall perish: thou hast destroyed all them that are disloyal to thee.

28 But it is good for me to thick close to my God, to put my hope in the Lord God.

That I may declare all thy praises, in the gates of the daughter of Sion.

PSALM LXXIII. Heb. LXXIV.
Ut quid Deus.

A prayer of the church under grievous persecutions.

OGOD, why hast thou cast us off unto the end? why is thy wrath enkindled against the sheep of thy passure?

2 Remember thy congregation, which thou hast posfessed from the beginning.

The scepter of thy inheritance which thou hast redeemed: mount Sion in which thou hast dwelt.

b

3 Lift up thy hands against their pride unto the end; fee what things the enemy hath done wickedly in the sanctuary.

4 And they that hate thee have made their boalts, in the midst of thy folemnity.

They have set up (a) their ensigns for signs: 5 and they knew not: both in the going out, and on the highest top.

As with axes in a wood

Psalm LXXIII. (a) Ver. 4. Their ensigns, &c. They have fixed their colours for signs and trophies, both on the gates, and on the highest top of the temple: and they knew not, that is, they regarded not the sanctity of the place. This psalm manifestly foretells the time of the Machabees, and the profanation of the temple by Antiochus.

of trees, 6 they have cut down at once the gates thereof: with ax and hatchet they have brought it down.

7 They have fet fire to thy fanctuary: they have defiled the dwelling place of thy

name on the earth.

8 They faid in their heart, the whole kindred of them together: Let us abolish all the festival days of God from the land.

9 Our figns we have not feen, there is now no prophet: and he will know us no more.

10 How long, O God, fhall the enemy reproach? is the adversary to provoke thy name for ever?

11 Why dost thou turn away thy hand; and thy right hand out of the midst of thy bosom for ever?

12 But God is our king before ages: he hath wrought falvation in the midst of the earth.

13 Thou by thy ftrength

didst make (b) the sea firm: thou didst crush the heads of the dragons in the waters.

14 Thou hast broken the heads of the dragon: thou hast given him to be meat for the people of the Ethiopians.

15 Thou hast broken up the fountains and the torrents: thou hast dried up the (c) Ethan rivers.

16 Thine is the day, and thine is the night; thou hast made the morn and the fun.

17 Thou hast made all the borders of the earth: the summer and the spring were formed by thee.

18 Remember this, the enemy hath reproached the Lord; and a foolish people hath provoked thy name.

19 Deliver not up to beafts the fouls that confess to thee: and forget not to the end the souls of thy poor.

20 Have regard to thy covenant: for they that are (d) the obscure of the earth.

frong freams. This was verified in Jordan, Josue iii. and in

Arnon, Numb. xxi. 14.

<sup>(</sup>b) Ver. 13. The sea firm. By making the waters of the red sea stand like firm walls, whilst Israel passed through; and destroying the Ezyptians, called here dragons from their cruelty, in the same waters, with their king; casting up their bodies on the shore to be stript by the Ethiopians, inhabiting in those days the coast of Arabia.

<sup>(</sup>d) Ver. 20. The obscure of the earth. Mean and ignoble wretches, have been filled, that is, enriched, with bouses of iniquity, that is, with our estates and possessions, which they have unjustly acquired.

of iniquity.

21 Let not the humble be turned away with confusion: the poor and needy shall praise thy name.

22 Arise, O God, judge thy own cause: remember thy reproaches with which the foolish man bath reproached thee all the day.

23 Forget not the voices of thy enemies: the pride of them that hate thee ascendeth

continually.

PSALM LXXIV. Heb. LXXV. Confitebimur tibi.

There is a just judgment to come : therefore let the wicked take care.

I Unto the end, (a) corrupt not, a pfalm of a canticle for Afaph.

2 TATE will praise thee, O God, we will praise; and we will call upon thy name.

We will relate thy wonderous works. 3 (b) When

have been filled with dwellings | I shall take a time, I will judge justices.

> 4 The earth is melted, and all that dwell therein: I have established the pillars thereof.

5 I faid to the wicked: Do not act wickedly: and to the finners, Lift not up the horn.

6 Lift not up your horn on high: speak not iniquity a-

gainst God.

7 For neither from the east, nor from the west, nor from the defart hills: 8 for God is the judge.

One he putteth down, and another he lifteth up. 9 For in the hand of the Lord there is a cup of strong wine full of mixture.

And he hath poured it out from this to that; but the dregs thereof are not emptied: all the finners of the earth shall drink.

10 But I will declare for ever: I will fing to the God of Jacob.

11 And I will break all the horns of finners: but the horns of the just shall be exalted.

Pfalm LXXIV. (a) Ver. 1. Corrupt not. 'Tis believed to have been the beginning of some ode or hymn, to the tune of which this pfalm was to be fung. St. Augustine and other fathers take it to be an admonition of the Spirit of God, not to faint or fail in our hope; but to persevere with constancy in good: because God will not fail in his due time to render to every man according to his works.

(b) Ver. 3. When shall I take a time. In proper times; particularly at the last day, when the earth shall melt away at the presence of the great judge; the same who originally laid the foundations of it, and as it were established its pillars.

PSALM

Psalm lxxv. Heb. lxxvi. Notus in Judæâ.

God is known in his church; and exerts his power in protecting it. It alludes to the flaughter of the Affyrians, in the days of king Exechias.

Unto the end, in praises, a psalm for Asaph; a canticle to the Assyrians.

2 IN Judea God is known, his name is great in Israel.

3 And his place is in peace, and his abode in Sion.

4 There hath he broken the powers of bows, the shield, the sword, and the battle.

5 Thou enlightenest wonderfully from the everlasting hills. 6 All the foolish of heart were troubled.

They have flept their fleep; and all the men of riches have found nothing in their hands.

7 At thy rebuke, O God of Jacob, they have all flumbered that mounted on horse-back.

8 Thou art terrible, and who shall refist thee? (a) from that time thy wrath.

9 Thou hast caused judgment to be heard from heaven: the earth trembled and was still.

10 When God arose in

judgment, to fave all the meek of the earth.

I I For the thought of man shall give praise to thee: and the remainders of the thought shall keep holiday to thee.

12 Vow ye, and pay to the Lord your God; all you that round about him bring prefents.

To him that is terrible, 13 even to him who taketh away the fpirit of princes; to the terrible with the kings of the earth.

PSALM LXXVI. Heb. LXXVII.

Voce meâ.

The faithful have recourse to God in trouble of mind, with confidence in his mercy and power.

u Unto the end, for Idithun, a pfalm of Afaph.

I Cried to the Lord with my voice; to God with my voice, and he gave ear to me.

3 In the day of my trouble I fought God; with my hands lifted up to him in the night, and I was not deceived.

My foul refused to be comforted; 4 I remembered God, and was delighted, and was exercised, and my spirit swooned away.

5 My eyes prevented the watches: I was troubled, and I spoke not.

Pfalm LXXV. (a) Ver. 8. From that time, &c. From the time that thy wrath shall break out.

6 I thought upon the days of old: and I had in my mind

the eternal years.

7 And I meditated in the night with my own heart: and I was exercised, and I swept my spirit.

8 Will God then cast off for ever? or will he never be more favourable again?

9 Or will he cut off his mercy for ever, from gene-

ration to generation.

10 Or will God forget to fhew mercy? or will he in his anger shut up his mercies?

begun: this is the change of the right hand of the most High.

of the Lord: for I will be mindful of thy wonders from the beginning:

13 And I will meditate on all thy works; and will be employed in thy inventions.

in the holy place: who is the great God like our God? 15 Thou art the God that doft wonders.

Thou hast made thy power known among the nations: 16 with thy arm thou hast redeemed thy people the children of Jacob and of Joseph.

17 The waters faw thee,

of Change

O God, the waters faw thee; and they were afraid, and the depths were troubled.

18 Great was the noise of the waters: the clouds fent

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out a found.

For thy arrows pass, 19 the voice of thy thunder in a wheel.

Thy lightenings enlightened the world: the earth shook and trembled.

20 Thy way is in the fea, and thy paths in many waters: and thy foot-steps shall not be known.

21 Thou haft conducted thy people like sheep, by the hand of Moses and Aaron,

PSALM LXXVII. Heb, LXXVIII.

## Attendite.

Gods great benefits to the people of Israel, notwithstanding their ingratitude.

A TTEND, Omy people, to my law, incline your

ears to the words of my mouth.

2 I will open my mouth in parables: I will utter (a) propositions from the beginning.

3 How great things have we heard and known, and our fathers have told us.

4 They have not been hid

Pfalm LXXVII. (a) Ver. 2. Propositions. Deep and mysterious sayings. By this it appears that the historical facts of ancient times, commemorated in this psalm, were deep and mysterious; as being sigures of great truths appertaining to the time of the new testament.

from

from their children, in another

generation.

Declaring the praises of the Lord, and his powers, and his wonders which he hath done.

5 And he set up a testimony in Jacob, and made a law in Israel.

How great things he commanded our fathers, that they should make the same known to their children: 6 that another generation might know them.

The children that should be born, and should rise up, and declare them to their children.

7 That they may put their hope in God, and may not forget the works of God; and may feek his commandments.

8 That they may not become like their fathers, a perverse and exasperating generation.

A generation that fet not their heart aright: and whose spirit was not faithful to God.

of The fons of Ephraim who bend and shoot with the bow, they have turned back in the day of battel.

10 They kept not the covenant of God: and in his law they would not walk.

11 And they forgot his benefits, and his wonders that he had shewed them.

12 Wonderful things did he do in the fight of their

fathers, in the land of Egypt, in the field of Tanis.

13 He divided the sea and brought them thorough: and he made the waters to stand as in a vessel.

14 And he conducted them with a cloud by day: and all the night with a light of fire.

15 He struck the rock in the wilderness: and gave them to drink, as out of the great deep.

16 He brought forth water out of the rock: and made streams run down as rivers.

17 And they added yet more fin against him: they provoked the Most High to wrath in the place without water.

18 And they tempted God in their hearts, by asking meat

for their defires.

19 And they spoke ill of God: they said: Can God furnish a table in the wilderness?

20 Because he struck the rock, and the waters gushed out; and the streams over-flowed.

Can he also give bread, or provide a table for his people?

21 Therefore the Lord heard, and was angry: and a fire was kindled against Jacob, and wrath came up against Israel.

22 Because they believed not in God; and trusted not

in his falvation.

23 And he had commanded

the clouds from above, and had opened the doors of heaven.

24 And had rained down manna upon them to eat, and had given them the bread of heaven.

angels: he fent them provifions in abundance.

26 He removed the fouthwind from heaven, and by his power brought in the fouth-west wind.

27 And he rained upon them flesh as dust: and feathered fowls like as the sand of the sea.

28 And they fell in the midst of their camp, round

about their pavillions.

29 So they did eat, and were filled exceedingly, and he gave them their defire: 30 they were not defrauded of that which they craved.

As yet their meat was in their mouth: 31 And the wrath of God came upon

them.

And he flew the fat ones amongst them, and brought down the chosen men of Israel.

32 In all these things they finned still: and they believed not for his wonderous works.

33 And their days were confumed in vanity, and their

years in hafte.

34 When he flew them, then they fought him: and they returned, and came to him early in the morning.

35 And they remembered

that God was their helper; and the high God their redeemer.

36 And they loved him with their mouth; and with their tongue they lied unto him.

37 But their heart was not right with him: not were they counted faithful in his covenant.

38 But he is merciful, and will forgive their fins: and will not destroy them.

And many a time did he turn away his anger: and did not kindle all his wrath.

39 And he remembred that they are flesh; a wind that goeth and returneth not.

40 How often did they provoke him in the defert; and move him to wrath in the place without water?

41 And they turned back and tempted God: and grieved the holy One of Ifrael.

42 They remembred not his hand, in the day that he redeemed them from the hand of him that afflicted them:

43 How he wrought his figns in Egypt; and his wonders in the field of Tanis.

44 And he turned their rivers into blood, and their showers that they might not drink.

45 He fent amongst them divers forts of slies, which devoured them: and frogs which destroyed them.

46 And he gave up their fruits

fruits to the blaft, and their | labours to the locust.

47 And he destroyed their vineyards with hail, and their mulberry-trees with hoar frost,

48 And he gave up their cattle to the hail, and their

flock to the fire.

49 And he fent upon them the wrath of his indignation; indignation and wrath and trouble, which he fent by evil angels.

50 He made a way for a path to his anger; he spared not their fouls from death; and their cattle he shut up in

death.

I And he killed all the first born in the land of Egypt: the first-fruits of all their labour in the tabernacles of Cham.

52 And he took away his own people as sheep; and guided them in the wilderness

like a flock.

53 And he brought them out in hope, and they feared not; and the fea overwhelmed their enemies.

54 And he brought them into the mountain of his fanctuary: the mountain which his right hand had purchaf-

And he cast out the Gentiles before them; and by lot divided to them their land by line of distribution.

55 And he made the tribes of Israel to dwell in their ta-

bernacles.

56 Yet they tempted, and provoked the most high God: and they kept not his teftimonies. mod stopont sheet to

57 And they turned away, and kept not the covenant: even like their fathers they were turned afide as a crooked bow.

58 They provoked him to anger on their hills: and moved him to jealoufy with their

graven things.

59 God heard, and despised them, and he reduced Ifrael exceedingly as it were to nothing.

60 And he put away the tabernacle of Silo, his tabernacle where he dwelt among

men.

61 And he delivered their strength into captivity: and their beauty into the hands of the enemy.

62 And he shut up his people under the fword: and he despised his inheritance.

63 Fire confumed their young men: and their maidens were not lamented.

64 Their priests fell by the fword: and their widows did not mourn.

65 And the Lord was awaked as one out of fleep, and like a mighty man that hath been furfeited with wine.

66 And he smote his enemies on the hinder parts: he put them to an everlasting reproach.

67 And he rejected the tabernacle bernacle of Joseph; and chose not the tribe of Ephraim.

68 But he chose the tribe of Juda, mount Sion which he loved.

69 And he built his fanctuary (b) as of unicorns, in the land which he founded for ever.

70 And he chose his fervant David, and took him from the flocks of sheep: he brought him from following the ewes great with young

71 To feed Jacob his fervant, and Ifrael his inheritance.

72. And he fed them in the innocence of his heart: and conducted them by the skil-fulness of his hands.

PSALM LXXVI II. Heb. LXXIX.

Deus venerunt gentes.

The church in time of persecution prayeth for relief. It seems to belong to the time of the Machabees.

A pfalm for Afaph.

God, the heathens are come into thy inheritance; they have defiled thy holy temple; they have made Jerusalem as a place to keep fruit.

2 They have given the dead bodies of thy fervants to be meat for the fowls of the air; the flesh of thy faints for the beasts of the earth.

3 They have poured out their blood as water, round about Jerusalem; and there was none to bury them.

4 We are become a reproach to our neighbours; a scorn and derision to them that are round

about us.

5 How long, O Lord, wilt thou be angry for ever? shall thy zeal be kindled like a fire?

6 Pour out thy wrath upon the nations that have not known thee; and upon the kingdoms that have not called upon thy name.

7 Because they have devoured Jacob; and have laid

wafte his place.

8 Remember not our former iniquities: let thy mercies speedily prevent us, for we are become exceeding poor.

9 Help us, O God, our faviour, and for the glory of thy name, O Lord, deliver us; and forgive us our fins for thy name's fake.

nong the Gentiles. Where is their God? And let him be make known among the nations before our eyes,

By the revenging the blood of thy fervants, which hath

<sup>(</sup>b) Ver. 69. As of unicorns. That is, firm and firong, like the horn of the unicorn. This is one of the chiefest of the propositions of this psalm, foreshewing the firm establishment of the one, true and everlasting fanctuary of God, in his church.

been shed: 11 Let the fighing of the prisoners come in before thee.

According to the greatness of thy arm, take possession of the children of them that have

been put to death.

12 And render to our neighbours fevenfold in their bosom: the reproach wherewith they have reproached thee, O Lord.

13 But we thy people, and the sheep of thy pasture, will give thanks to thee for ever.

We will shew forth thy praise, unto all generations.

PSALM LXXIX. Heb. LXXX. Qui regis Israel.

A prayer for the church in tribulation, commemorating God's former favours.

Unto the end, for them that shall be changed, a testimony for Asaph, a psalm.

2 IVE ear, O thou that ruleft Ifrael; thou that leadest Joseph like a sheep.

Thou that fittest upon the cherubims, shine forth, 3 before Ephraim, Benjamin and Manasses.

Stir up thy might, and come to fave us.

4 Convert us, O God: and shew us thy face, and we shall be saved.

5 O Lord God of hosts, how long wilt thou be angry against the prayer of thy servant? 6 How long wilt thou feed us with the bread of tears: and give us for our drink tears in measure?

7 Thou hast made us to be a contradiction to our neighbours; and our enemies have

scoffed at us.

8 O God of hofts, convert us: and shew thy face, and we shall be saved.

o Thou hast brought a vineyard out of Egypt: thou hast cast out the Gentiles and

planted it.

to Thou wast the guide of its journey in its fight: thou plantedst the roots thereof, and it filled the land.

11 The shadow of it covered the hills: and the branches thereof the cedars of God.

12 It stretched forth its branches unto the sea, and its boughs unto the river.

down the hedge thereof; fo that all they who pass by the way do pluck it?

14 The boar out of the wood hath laid it waste: and a fingular wild beast hath devoured it.

15 Turn again, O God of hosts, look down from heaven, and fee, and visit this vineyard;

16 And perfect the same which thy right hand hath planted: and upon the son of man whom thou hast confirmed for thyself.

M 2 17 (a) Things

17 (a) Things fet on fire and dug down shall perish at the rebuke of thy countenance.

18 Let thy hand be upon (b) the man of thy right hand; and upon the fon of man whom thou hast confirmed for thyself.

19 And we depart not from thee; thou shalt quicken us, and we will call upon thy

name. 79 2307 101.480 0000

20 O Lord God of hofts, convert us: and shew thy face, and we shall be faved.

PSALM LXXX. Heb. LXXXI. Exultate Deo.

An invitation to a folemn praising of God.

Unto the end, for (a) the wine presses, a psalm for Afaph himself.

REJOICE to God our helper: fing aloud to the God of Jacob.

3 Take a pfalm, and bring hither the timbrel; the pleafant pfaltery with the harp. 4 Blow up the trumpet on the new moon, on the noted day of your folemnity.

5 For it is a commandment in Israel, and a judgment

to the God of Jacob.

6 He ordained it for a teflimony in Joseph, when he came out of the land of Egypt: he heard a tongue which he knew not.

7 He removed his back from the burthens: his hands had ferved in baskets.

8 Thou calleds upon me in affliction, and I delivered thee: I heard thee in the (b) secret place of tempest: I proved thee at the waters of contradiction.

9 Hear, O my people, and I will testify to thee: O Israel, if thou wilt hearken to me, 10 there shall be no new God in thee: neither shalt thou adore a strange God.

God, who brought thee out of the land of Egypt: open thy mouth wide, and I will fill it.

Pfalm. LXXIX. (a) Ver. 17. Things fet on fire, &c. So this vineyard of thine, almost consumed already, must perish if thou continue thy rebukes.

(b) Ver. 18. The man of thy right hand. Christ.

Pialm LXXX. (a) Ver. 1. For the wine presses, &c. torcularibus. It either fignifies a musical instrument, or that this psalm was to be sung at the feast of the tabernacles after the gathering in of the vintage.

When thou foughtest to bide thyself from the tempest: or, when I came down to mount Sina, bidden from thy eyes in a storm of thunder.

of thunder.

not my voice: and I frael hearkned not to me.

13 So I let them go according to the defires of their heart: they shall walk in their own inventions.

14 If my people had heard me; if Ifrael had walked in

my ways,

15 I should foon have humbled their enemies, and laid my hand on them that troubled them.

16 The enemies of the Lord have lied to him: and (c) their time shall be for ever.

17 And he fed them with the fat of wheat, and filled them with honey out of the rock.

PSALM LXXXI. Heb. LXXXII.

Deus stetit.

An exhortation to judges and men in power.

A plalm for Alaph.

OD hath stood in the congregation of gods: and being in the midst of them he judgeth gods.

2 How long will you judge unjustly; and accept the per-

fons of the wicked?

3 Judge for the needy and fatherless; do justice to the humble and the poor.

4 Rescue the poor; and deliver the needy out of the hand of the sinner.

5 They have not known nor understood; they walk on in darkness: all the foundations of the earth shall be moved.

6. I have faid: You are gods, and all of you the fons

of the most High.

7 But you like men shall die; and shall fall like one of

the princes.

8 Arise, O God, judge thou the earth: for thou shalt in, herit among all the nations.

PSALM LXXXII. Heb. LXXXIII.

Deus quis similis.

A prayer against the enemies of God's church.

A canticle of a pfalm for

Alaph.

GOD, who shall be like to thee? hold not thy peace, neither be thou still, O God.

a For lo thy enemies have made a noise: and they that hate thee have lifted up the

head.

4 They have taken a malicious counsel against thy people; and have consulted against thy saints.

5 They have faid: Come and let us destroy them, so that they be not a nation: and let the name of Israel be remembered no more.

6 For they have contrived with one confent: they have made a covenant together a-

<sup>(</sup>c) Ver. 16. Their time shall be for ever. Impenitent finners shall suffer for ever.

gainst thee, 7 the tabernacles of the Edomites, and the Ismahelites:

Moab, and the Agarens, 8 Gebal, and Ammon and Amalec: the Philistines, with the inhabitants of Tyre.

9 Yea and the Affyrian also is joined with them: they are come to the aid of the sons

of Lot.

didft to Madian and to Sifara: as to Jabin at the brook of Ciffon.

and became as dung for the

earth.

12 Make their princes like Oreb and Zeb, and Zebee and Salmana.

All their princes, 13 who have faid: Let us posses the fanctuary of God for an inheritance.

14 O my God, make them like a wheel; and as stubble before the wind.

15 As fire which burneth the wood: and as a flame

burning mountains.

16 So shalt thou pursue them with thy tempest; and shalt trouble them in thy wrath

17 Fill their faces with fhame; and they shall seek thy name, O Lord. and troubled for ever and ever; and let them be confounded and perish.

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The Lord is thy name: thou alone art the most High over

all the earth.

Psalm LXXXIII. Heb. LXXXIV. Quam dilecta.

The foul aspireth after beaven; rejoicing in the mean time, in being in the communion of God's church upon earth.

Unto the end, for the winepresses, a psalm for the sons

of Core.

2 HOW lovely are thy tabernacles, O Lord of hosts! 3 my foul longeth and fainteth for the courts of the Lord.

My heart and my flesh have rejoiced in the living God.

4 For the sparrow hath found herself a house, and the turtle a nest for herself, where she may lay her young ones;

Thy altars, O Lord of hofts, my king and my God.

5 Blessed are they that dwell in thy house O Lord: they shall praise thee for ever and ever.

6 Bleffed is the man whose help is from thee: (a) in his heart he hath disposed to a-

fcend

Psalm LXXXIII. (a) Ver. 6. In his heart, he bath difposed to ascend by steps: &c. ascensiones in corde suo disposuit. As his steps men ascended to the temple of God, situated on a hill: fcend by steps, 7 in the vale of tears, in the place which he hath set.

give a bleffing: they shall go from virtue to virtue, the God of gods shall be seen in Sion.

9 O Lord God of hosts hear my prayer: give ear, O

God of Jacob.

to Behold, O God our protector: and look on the face of thy Christ.

11 For better is one day in thy courts above thousands.

I have chosen to be an abject in the house of my God, rather than to dwell in the tabernacles of sinners.

12 For God loveth mercy and truth: the Lord will give

grace and glory.

13 He will not deprive of good things them that walk in innocence. O Lord of hosts, blessed is the man that trusteth in thee.

PSALM LXXXIV. Heb. LXXXV.

Benedixisti Domine.
The coming of Christ, to bring peace and salvation to man.
I Unto the end, for the sons of Core, a psalm.

ORD, thou hast blessed thy land: thou hast turned away the captivity of

Jacob.

3 Thou hast forgiven the iniquity of thy people: thou hast covered all their fins.

4 Thou hast mitigated all thy anger; thou hast turned away from the wrath of thy indignation.

5 Convert us O God our faviour; and turn off thy an-

ger from us.

6 Wilt thou be angry with us for ever? or wilt thou extend thy wrath from generation to generation?

7 Thou wilt turn, O God, and bring us to life: and thy people shall rejoice in thee.

& Shew us, O Lord, thy mercy; and grant us thy falvation.

9 I will hear what the Lord God will speak in me: for he will speak peace unto his people;

And unto his faints; and unto them that are converted

to the heart.

near to them that fear him: that glory may dwell in our land.

net each other: justice and

peace have kiffed.

the earth: and justice hath looked down from heaven.

hill; so the good christian ascends towards the eternal temple by certain steps of virtue disposed or ordered within the heart: And this whilst he lives as yet in the body, in this wale of tears, the place which man hath set; that is, which he hath brought himself to; being cast out of paradise for his sin.

13 For the Lord will give goodness: and our earth shall yield her fruit.

14 Justice shall walk before him; and shall set his

steps in the way.

PSALM LXXXV. Heb. LXXXVI.
Inclina Domine.

A prayer for God's grace to assist us to the end.

B OW down thy ear, O Lord, and hear me: for I am needy and poor.

z Preserve my soul, for (a) I am holy: save thy servant, O my God, that trust-

eth in thee.

3 Have mercy on me, O Lord, for I have cried to thee all the day. 4 Give joy to the foul of thy fervant, for to thee, O Lord, I have lifted up my foul.

5 For thou, O Lord, art fweet and mild: and plenteous in mercy to all that call

upon thee.

6 Give ear, O Lord, to my prayer: and attend to the

voice of my petition.

7 I have called upon thee in the day of my trouble: because thou hast heard me.

8 There is none among the gods like unto thee, O Lord: and there is none according to thy works.

9 All the nations thou haft

made shall come and adore before thee, O Lord: and they shall glorify thy name.

10 For thou art great, and dost wonderful things: thou

art God alone.

in thy way, and I will walk in thy truth: let my heart rejoice that it may fear thy name.

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12 I will praise thee, O Lord my God, with my whole heart, and I will glorify thy

name for ever.

13 For thy mercy is great towards me: and thou hast delivered my soul out of the lower hell.

14 O God, the wicked are risen up against me: and the assembly of the mighty have sought my soul: and they have not set thee before their eyes.

a God of compassion, and merciful; patient, and of much

mercy and true.

16 O look upon me, and have mercy on me: give thy command to thy fervant, and fave the fon of thy handmaid.

17 Shew me a token for good: that they who hate me may fee, and be confounded, because thou, OLord, hast helped me and hast comforted me,

office and profession dedicated to thy service.

Psalm

Psalm

Psalm

PSALM LXXXVI. Heb. LXXXVII.

Fundamenta ejus.

The glory of the church of Christ.

For the fons of Core, a pfalm of a canticle.

THE foundations thereof are in (a) the holy mountains. 2 The Lord loveth the gates of Sion above all the tabernacles of Jacob.

3 Glorious things are faid of thee, O city of God.

A I will be mindful of (b) Rahab and of Babylon knowing me.

Behold the foreigners and Tyre, and the people of the Ethiopians, these were there.

5 (c) Shall not Sion fay: This man and that man is born in her? and the Highest himself hath founded her.

6 The Lord shall tell in bis writings of peoples and of

princes, of them that have been in her.

7 The dwelling in thee is as it were of all rejoicing.

Psalm lxxxvii. Heb. lxxxviii.

Domine Deus falutis.

A prayer of one under grievoous affliction: it agrees to Christ in his passion, and alludes to his death and burial.

A canticle of a pfalm for the fons of Core: unto the end, for (a) Maheleth, to answer, (b) understanding of Eman the Ezrahite.

LORD, the God of my falvation; I have cried in the day, and in the night before thee.

3 Let my prayer come in before thee: incline thy ear to my petition.

4 For my foul is filled with evils; and my life hath drawn nigh to hell.

5 lam counted among them

Pfalm LXXXVI. (a) Ver. 1. The boly mountains. The apostles and prophets. Eph. ii. 20.

(b) Ver. 4. Rahab. Egypt, &c. To this Sion, which is the church of God, many shall refort from all nations.

(c) Ver. 5. Shall not Sion fay, &c. The meaning is, that Sion, viz. the church, shall not only be able to commemorate this or that particular person of renown, born in her; but also to glory in great multitudes of people and princes, of her communion; who have been foretold in the writings of the prophets, and registered in the writings of the apostles.

Pialm LXXXVII. (a) Ver. 1. Maheleth. A mufical instrument, or chorus of musicians, to answer one another.

(b) Ibidem. Understanding. Or a psalm of instruction, composed by Eman the Excabite, or by David, in his name.

13 For the Lord will give goodness: and our earth shall yield her fruit.

14 Justice shall walk before him; and shall set his

steps in the way.

PSALM LXXXV. Heb. LXXXVI.
Inclina Domine.

A prayer for God's grace to assist us to the end.

B OW down thy ear, O Lord, and hear me: for I am needy and poor.

z Preserve my soul, for (a) I am holy: save thy servant, O my God, that trust-

eth in thee.

3 Have mercy on me, O Lord, for I have cried to thee all the day. 4 Give joy to the foul of thy fervant, for to thee, O Lord, I have lifted up my foul.

5 For thou, O Lord, art fweet and mild: and plenteous in mercy to all that call

upon thee.

6 Give ear, O Lord, to my prayer: and attend to the

voice of my petition.

7 I have called upon thee in the day of my trouble: because thou hast heard me.

8 There is none among the gods like unto thee, O Lord: and there is none according to thy works.

o All the nations thou haft

made shall come and adore before thee, O Lord: and they shall glorify thy name.

10 For thou art great, and dost wonderful things: thou 1

art God alone.

in thy way, and I will walk in thy truth: let my heart rejoice that it may fear thy name.

12 I will praise thee, O Lord my God, with my whole heart, and I will glorify thy

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13 For thy mercy is great towards me: and thou hast delivered my foul out of the lower hell.

14 O God, the wicked are risen up against me: and the assembly of the mighty have sought my soul: and they have not set thee before their eyes.

a God of compassion, and merciful; patient, and of much

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16 O look upon me, and have mercy on me: give thy command to thy fervant, and fave the fon of thy handmaid.

17 Shew me a token for good: that they who hate me may fee, and be confounded, because thou, OLord, hast helped me and hast comforted me,

Pfalm LXXXV. (a) Ver. 2. 1 am boly. I am by my office and profession dedicated to thy service.

PSALM

PSALM LXXXVI. Heb. LXXXVII.

Fundamenta ejus.

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For the fons of Core, a plalm of a canticle.

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(b) Ibidem. Understanding. Or a psalm of instruction, composed by Eman the Excabite, or by David, in his name.

that go down to the pit: I am become as a man without help, 6 free among the dead.

Like the flain sleeping in the sepulchres, whom thou remembrest no more: and they are cast off from thy hand.

7 They have laid me in the lower pit: in the dark places, and in the shadow of death,

8 Thy wrath is strong over me: and all thy waves thou hast brought in upon me.

9 Thou hast put away my acquaintance far from me: they have set me an abomination to themselves.

I was delivered up, and came not forth: 10 my eyes languished through poverty.

All the day I cried to thee, O Lord: I stretched out my hands to thee,

ders to the dead? or shall phyficians raise to life, and give praise to thee?

12 Shall any one in the fepulchre declare thy mercy; and thy truth in destruction?

13 Shall thy wonders be known in the dark; and thy justice in the land of forgetfulness?

14 But I, O Lord, have cried to thee: and in the morning my prayer shall prevent thee.

off my prayer: why turnest thou away thy face from me?

bours from my youth: and

being exalted have been hum. bled and troubled.

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17 Thy wrath hath come upon me: and thy terrors have troubled me.

about me like water all the day: they have compassed me about together.

19 Friend and neighbour thou hast put far from me: and my acquaintance, because of misery.

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Psalm lxxxviii. Heb. bxxix. Mifericordias Domini.

The perpetuity of the church of Christ, in consequence of the promises of God: which notwithstanding, God permits her to suffer sometimes most grievous affictions.

Of understanding, for Ethan the Ezrahite.

2 THE mercies of the Lord I will fing for ever.

I will shew forth thy truth with my mouth to generation and generation.

3 For thou hast said: Mercy shall be built up for ever in the heavens: thy truth shall be prepared in them.

4 I have made a covenant with my elect: I have fworn to David my fervant: 5 Thy feed will I fettle for ever.

And I will build up thy throne unto generation and generation.

6 The heavens shall confess thy wonders, O Lord: and thy truth in the church of the faints.

7 For who in the clouds can be compared to the Lord ? or who among the fons of God shall be like to God?

8 God who is glorified in the affembly of the faints : great and terrible above all them that are about him.

O Lord God of hofts, who is like to thee? thou art mighty, O Lord, and thy truth is round about thee.

10 Thou rulest the power of the fea: and appealeft the motion of the waves thereof.

II Thou haft humbled the proud one, as one that is flain: with the arm of thy ftrength thou hast scattered thy enemies.

12 Thine are the heavens, and thine is the earth: the world and the fulness thereof thou haft founded: 13 the north and the sea thou hast created.

Thabor and Hermon shall rejoice in thy name: 14 thy

arm is with might.

Let thy hand be strengthened, and thy right hand exalted: 15 Justice and judgment are the preparation of thy throne.

Mercy and truth shall go before thy face. 16 Bleffed is the people that knoweth jubilation.

They shall walk, O Lord, in the light of thy countehance: 17 And in thy name they shall rejoice all the day ; and in thy justice they shall be exalted.

18 For thou art the glory of their strength : and in thy good pleafure shall our horn be exalted.

19 For our protection is of the Lord, and of our king the holy one of Ifrael.

20 Then thou spokest in a vision to thy faints, and faidst: I have laid help upon one that is mighty, and have exalted one chosen out of my people.

21 I have found David my fervant: with my holy oil I

have anointed him.

22 For my hand fhall help him; and my arm shall

strengthen him.

23 The enemy shall have no advantage over him: nor the fon of iniquity have power to hurt him.

24 And I will cut down his enemies before his face; and them that hate him I will put to flight.

25 And my truth and my mercy shall be with him: and in my name shall his horn be

exalted.

26 And I will fet his hand in the fea; and his right hand in the rivers.

27 He shall cry out to me, Thou art my father: my God and the support of my falvation.

28 And I will make him my first-born, high above the kings of the earth.

29 I will

29 I will keep my mercy | fervant: thou hast profaned for him for ever: and my covenant faithful to him.

30 And I will make his feed to endure for evermore: and his throne as the days of heaven.

31 And if his children forfake my law, and walk not in my judgments:

32 If they profane my juffices; and keep not my

commandments:

33 I will vifit their iniquities with a rod; and their fins

with stripes.

34 But my mercy I will not take away from him: nor will I fuffer my truth to fail.

35 Neither will I profane my covenant: and the words that proceed from my mouth I will not make void.

36 Once have I fworn by my holiness: I will not lie unto David: 37 his feed shall

endure for ever.

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38 And his throne as the fun before me: and as the moon perfect for ever, and a faithful witness in heaven.

39 But thou hast rejected and despised: thou hast been angry with thy anointed.

40 Thou hast (a) overthrown the covenant of thy his fanctuary on the earth.

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41 Thou haft broken down all his hedges: thou hast made

his strength fear.

42 All that pass by the way have robbed him: he is become a reproach to his neighbours.

43 Thou haft fet up the right hand of them that oppress him: thou hast made all his enemies to rejoice.

44 Thou haft turned away the help of his fword: and haft not affifted him in battle.

45 Thou haft made his purification to cease: and thou hast cast his throne down to the ground.

46 Thou hast shortened the days of his time: thou halt covered him with confusion.

47 How long, O Lord, turnest thou away unto the end? shall thy anger burn like fire?

48 Remember what my substance is: for hast thou made all the children of men in vain?

49 What man is he that shall live, and not see death? that shall deliver his foul from the hand of hell?

50 Lord, where are thy ancient mercies? according to

Pialm LXXXVIII. (a) Ver. 40. Overthrown the covenant, &c. All this seems to relate to the time of the captivity of Babylon, in which, for the fins of the people and their princes, God seemed to have set aside for a while the covenant he made with David.

what

what thou didft fwear to David in thy truth?

1 Be mindful, O Lord, of the reproach of thy fervants (which I have held in my bofom) of many nations:

52 Wherewith thy enemies have reproached, O Lord; wherewith they have reproached the change of thy anointed.

53 Bleffed be the Lord for ever more. So be it, so be it. PSALM LXXXIX. Heb. xc.

Domine refugium.

A prayer for the mercy of God; recounting the shortness and miseries of the days of man. 1 A prayer of Moses the man of God.

ORD, thou haft been our refuge from gene-

ration to generation.

2 Before the mountains were made, or the earth and the world was formed; from eternity and to eternity thou art God:

3 (a) Turn not man away to be brought low: and thou hast faid: Be converted, O ye fons of men.

4 For a thousand years in thy fight, are but as yefterday, which is past and gone.

And as a watch in the night, s as things that are counted nothing, fo shall their years be.

6 In the morning man shall grow up like grass; in the morning he shall flourish and pals away, in the evening he shall fall, grow dry and wither, with our over all the

7 For in thy wrath we are quickly confumed: and are troubled in thy indignation.

8 Thou haft fet our miquities before thy eyes: our life in the light of thy countenance: Contain 500 10000

9 For all our days are spent; and in thy wrath we have fainted away.

Our years shall be confidered (b) as a spider, 10 The days of our years in them are threescore and ten years:

But if in the strong they be fourscore years: and what is more of them is labour and forrow.

For (c) mildness is come

Pfalm LXXXIX. (a) Ver. 3. Turn not man away, &c. Suffer him not quite to perish from thee, since thou art pleased to call upon him to be converted to thee.

(b) Ver. 9. As a spider. As frail and weak as a spider's web; and miserable withal, whilst, like a spider, we spend our

bowels in weaving webs to catch flies.

(c) Ver. 10. Mildness is come upon us, &c. God's mildness corrects us; in as much as he deals kindly with us, in shortening the days of this miserable life; and so weaning our affections from all its transitory enjoyments, and teaching us true wildom. N

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upon us: and we shall be corrected.

II Who knoweth the power of thy anger: and for thy fear can number thy wrath?

12 So make thy right hand known: and make us learned in heart in wisdom.

13 Return, O Lord, how long? and be intreated in fa-

your of thy fervants.

14 We are filled in the morning with thy mercy: and we have rejoiced, and are delighted all our days.

15 We have rejoiced for the days in which thou haft humbled us: for the years in which we have feen evils.

16 Look upon thy fervants, and upon their works: and direct their children.

17 And let the brightness of the Lord our God be upon us: and direct thou the works of our hands over us; yea the work of our hands do thou direct,

## PSALM xc. Heb. xci. Qui habitat.

The just is secure under the protection of God.

1 The praise of a canticle for David.

TE that dwelleth in the aid of the most High, thall abide under the protection of the God of Jacob.

2 He shall fay to the Lord: Thou art my protector, and my refuge: my God, in him

will I truft.

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3 For he hath delivered me from the fnare of the hunters: and from the sharp word.

4 He will overshadow thee with his shoulders: and under his wings thou shalt trust.

7 His truth shall compass thee with a fhield: thou shalt not be afraid of the terror of the night.

6 Of the arrow that flyeth in the day; of the bufiness that walketh about in the dark: of invalion, or of the noon-

day devil.

7 A thousand shall fall at thy fide, and ten thousand at thy right hand: but it shall not come nigh thee.

8 But thou shalt confider with thy eyes: and shalt see the reward of the wicked.

9 Because thou, O Lord, art my hope: thou haft made the most High thy refuge.

10 There shall no evil come to thee: nor shall the scourge come near thy dwelling.

II For he hath given his Angels charge over thee : to keep thee in all thy ways.

12 In their hands they shall bear thee up: left thou dash thy foot against a stone.

13 Thou shalt walk upon the afp and the bafilisk: thou shalt trample under foot the lion and the dragon.

14 Because he hath hoped in me I will deliver him: I will protect him because he hath known my name.

15 He shall cry to me,

and I will hear him: I am with him in bis trouble: I will deliver him, and I will

glorify him.

16 I will fill him with length of days: and I will

shew him my falvation.

PSALM xci. Heb. xcii. Bonum est confiteri.

God is to be praised for his wondrous works.

A pfalm of a canticle on the fabbath-day.

IT is good to give praise to the Lord: and to fing to thy name, O most High.

3 To shew forth thy mercy in the morning, and thy truth

in the night:

4 Upon an inftrument of ten ftrings, upon the pfaltery: with a canticle upon the harp.

5 For thou hast given me, O Lord, a delight in thy doings: and in the works of thy hands I shall rejoice.

6 O Lord, how great are thy works! thy thoughts are

exceeding deep.

7 The fenfeless man shall not know; nor will the fool understand these things.

8 When the wicked shall spring up as grass: and all the workers of iniquity shall appear.

That they may perish for ever and ever. 9 But thou, O Lord, art most High for e-

vermore.

10 For behold thy enemies,

O Lord, for behold thy enemies shall perish: and all the workers of iniquity shall be scattered.

exalted like that of the unicorn: and my old age in plentiful

mercy. There says

down upon my enemies: and my ear shall hear of the downfal of the malignant that rise up against me.

13 The just shall stourish like the palm-tree: he shall grow up like the cedar of Li-

banus and additional sales

14 They that are planted in the house of the Lord shall flourish in the courts of the house of our God.

15 They shall still encrease in a fruitful old age: and shall be well treated, 16 that they may shew,

That the Lord our God is righteous, and there is no ini-

quity in him.

PSALM xcii. Heb. xciii.

Dominus regnavit. 1.

The glory and flability of the kingdom; that is, of the church of Christ.

Praise in the way of a canticle, for David himself, on the day before the sabbath, when the earth was founded.

red, he is clothed with beauty: the Lord is clothed with strength, and hath girded himself.

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For he hath established the world, which shall not be moved.

2 Thy throne is prepared from of old: thou art from everlasting.

3 The floods have lifted up, O Lord: the floods have lifted up their voice.

The floods have lifted up their waves, 4 with the noise of many waters,

Wonderful are the furges of the fea: wonderful is the Lord on high.

Thy testimonies are become exceedingly credible: holiness becometh thy house, O Lord, unto length of days.

PSALM xciii. Heb. xciv.

Deus ultionum.

Ged fail judge and punish the

A plaim for David himself, on the fourth day of the week.

THE Lord is the God to whom revenge belongeth: the God of revenge hath acted freely.

2 Lift up thyself, thou that judgest the earth: render a reward to the proud.

3 How long shall the wicked, O Lord, how long shall the wicked make their boast?

4 How long thall they utter and speak wrong things? How

long shall all the workers of iniquity talk?

they have brought low: and they have afflicted thy inheritance.

6 They have flain the widow and the ftranger: and they have murdered the fatherless.

7 And they have faid: The Lord shall not see: neither shall the God of Jacob understand.

8 Understand, ye senseless among the people: and, you fools, be wise at last.

He that planted the ear, shall he not hear? or he that formed the eye, doth he not consider?

tions, shall he not rebuke: he that teacheth man knowledge?

11 The Lord knoweth the thoughts of men, that they are vain.

12 Bleffed is the man whom thou shalt instruct, O Lord: and shalt teach him out of thy law.

13 That thou mayst give him (a) rest from the evil days: till a pit be dug for the wicked.

14 For the Lord will not cast off his people: neither will he forsake his own inheritance.

Pfalm XCIII. (a) Ver. 13. Rest from the evil days. That thou mayst mitigate the forrows, to which he is exposed, during the short and evil days of his mortality.

15 (b) Until justice be turned into judgment: and they that are near it are all

the upright in heart.

16 Who shall rife up for me against the evil doers? or who shall stand with me against the workers of iniquity?

17 Unless the Lord had been my helper; my soul had

almost dwelt in hell.

18 If I faid: My foot is moved: thy mercy, O Lord, affifted me.

19 According to the multitude of my forrows in my heart, thy comforts have given

joy to my foul.

20 (c) Doth the feat of iniquity stick to thee: who

framest labour in command-

ment ?

21 They will hunt after the foul of the just, and will condemn innocent blood

22 But the Lord is my refuge: and my God the help

of my hope.

23 And he will render to them their iniquity: and in their malice he will destroy them: Yea the Lord our God will destroy them. PSALM xciv. Heb. xcv.

An invitation to adore and ferve God, and to hear his voice.

Praise of a canticle for David himself.

TOME let us praise the Lord with joy: let us joyfully sing to God our faviour.

z Let us come before his presence with thanksgiving: and make a joyful noise to him with psalms.

3 For the Lord is a great God, and a great King above

all gods.

4 For in his hand are all the ends of the earth: and the heights of the mountains are his.

5 For the sea is his, and he made it: and his hands

formed the dry land.

6 Come let us adore and fall down: and weep bef r the Lord that made us.

7 For he is the Lord our God: and we are the people of his pasture and the sheep of his hand.

(b) Ver. 15. Until justice be turned into judgment, &c. By being put in execution: which will be agreeable to all the upright in heart.

(c) Ver. 20. Doth the feat of iniquity flick to thee, &c. That is, wilt thou, O God, who art always just, admit of the feat of iniquity, that is, of injustice, or unjust judges, to have any partnership with thee? Thou who frames, or makest, labour in commandment, that is, thou who obligest us to labour with all diligence to keep thy just commandments.

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8 To day if you shall hear his voice, harden not your hearts:

9 As in the provocation, according to the day of temptation in the wilderness: where your fathers tempted me, they proved me, and law my works.

offended with that generation: and I faid: These always err

in their hearts.

not known my ways: so I swore in my wrath that they shall not enter into my rest.

# PSALM xcv. Heb. xcvi.

Cantate Domino. 1.

An exhortation to praise God for the coming of Christ and his kingdom.

A canticle for David himfelf, (a) when the house was built after the captivity.

SING ye to the Lord a new canticle: fing to the

Lord, all the earth.

2 Sing ye to the Lord and bless his name; shew forth his salvation from day to day.

3 Declare his glory among the Gentiles: his wonders

among all people.

4 For the Lord is great, and exceedingly to be praised: he is to be feared above all gods.

5 For all the gods of the Gentiles are devils: but the Lord made the heavens.

6 Praise and beauty are before him: holiness and majes-

ty in his fanctuary.

7 Bring ye to the Lord, O ye kindreds of the Gentiles; bring ye to the Lord glory and honour. 8 Bring to the Lord glory unto his name.

Bring up facrifices, and come into his courts. 9 Adore ye the Lord in his holy court.

Let all the earth be moved at his presence. 10 Say ye among the Gentiles, The Lord hath reigned.

For he hath corrected the world, which shall not be moved: he will judge the

people with justice.

11 Let the heavens rejoice, and let the earth be glad: let the fea be moved, and the fulness thereof. 12 The fields and all things that are in them shall be joyful,

Then shall all the trees of the woods rejoice: 13 before the face of the Lord, because he cometh, because he cometh to judge the earth.

He shall judge the world with justice: and the people

with his truth.

Pfalm XCV. (a) Ver. 1. When the bouse was built, &c.
Alluding to that time, and then ordered to be fung: but principally relating to the building of the church of Christ, after our redemption from the captivity of satan.

Psalm

PSALM XCVI. Heb. XCVII.

Dominus regnavit. 2.

All are invited to rejoice at the glorious coming and reign of Christ.

For the fame David, when his land was reflored again

to him.

THE Lord hath reigned; let the earth rejoice; let many islands be glad.

2 Clouds and darkness are round about him: justice and judgment are the establishment of his throne.

3 A fire shall go before him: and shall burn his ene-

mies round about.

4 His lightnings have shone forth to the world: the earth faw and trembled.

5 The mountains melted like wax, at the presence of the Lord; at the presence of the Lord all the earth.

6 The heavens declared his justice; and all people faw

his glory.

7 Let them be all confounded that adore graven things, and that glory in their idols.

Adore him, all you his Angels: 8 Sion heard, and was

glad.

And the daughters of Juda rejoiced, because of thy judg-

ments, Q Lord.

9 For thou art the most high Lord over all the earth; thou art exalted exceedingly gabove all ods. no You that love the Lord, hate evil: the Lord preferveth the fouls of his faints: he will deliver them out of the hand of the finner.

It Light is rifen to the just, and joy to the right of

heart.

12 Rejoice, ye just, in the Lord: and give praise to the remembrance of his holiness.

PSALM XCV 11. Heb. XCV 111.

Cantate Domino. 2.

All are again invited to praise the Lord, for the victories of Christ.

A pfalm for David himself. SING ye to the Lord a new canticle; because he hath done wonderful things.

His right hand hath wrought for him falvation; and his arm

is holy.

2 The Lord hath made known his falvation: he hath revealed his justice in the fight of the Gentiles.

3 He hath remembred his mercy and his truth toward

the house of Israel.

All the ends of the earth have feen the falvation of our God.

4 Sing joy fully to God, all the earth; make melody, re-

joice and fing.

5 Sing praise to the Lord on the harp, on the harp, and with the voice of a psalm; 6 with long trumpers, and sound of cornet.

Make a joyful noise before

the

the Lord our king: 7 Let the fea be moved and the fulness thereof, the world and they that dwell therein.

8 The rivers shall clap their hands, the mountains shall rejoice together; 9 at the presence of the Lord, because he cometh to judge the earth.

He shall judge the world with justice, and the people

with equity.

PSALM XCVIII. Heb. XCIX.

Dominus regnavit. 3.

The reign of the Lord in Sion; that is, of Christ in his church.

A pfalm for David himself.

THE Lord hath reigned, (a) let the people

be angry: he that fitteth on the cherubims, let the earth be moved.

2 The Lord is great in Sion, and high above all peo-

ple.

3 Let them give praise to thy great name: for it is terrible and holy: 4 and the king's honour (b) loveth judgment.

Thou hast prepared (c) directions: thou hast done judgment and justice in Jacob.

5 Exalt ye the Lord our God, and (a) adore his foot-flool, for it is holy.

6 (e) Moses and Aaron among his priests: and Samuel among them that call upon his name.

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Pfalm XCVIII. (a) Ver. 1. Let the people be angry. Though many enemies rage, and the whole earth be flired up to oppose the reign of Christ, he shall still prevail.

(b) Ver. 4. Loveth judgment. Requireth discretion.
(c) Ibidem. Directions. Most right and just laws to direct men.

(d) Ver. 5. Adore bis foot-flool. The ark of the covenant was called, in the old testament, God's foot-flool; over which he was understood to sit, on his propitiatory, or mercy-seat, as on a throne, between the wings of the cherubims, in the sanctuary: to which the children of Israel paid a great veneration. But as this psalm evidently relates to Christ, and the new testament, where the ark has no place, the holy fathers understand this text, of the worship paid by the church to the body and blood of Christ in the sacred mysteries: in as much as the humanity of Christ is, as it were, the soot-stool of the divinity. So St. Ambrose L. 3. de Spiritu Sancto c. 12. And St. Augustin upon this psalm.

(e) Ver. 6. Moses and Aaron among his priests. By this it is evident, that Moses also was a priest, and indeed the chief

They called upon the Lord, and he heard them: 7 he spoke to them in the pillar of the cloud.

They kept his testimonies, and the commandment which

he gave them.

g Thou didft hear them, O Lord, our God: thou wast a merciful God to them: and taking vengeance on (f) all their inventions.

God, and adore at his holy mountain: for the Lord our

God is holy.

PSALM xcix. Heb. c. Jubilate Deo. 2.

All are invited to rejoice in God the creator of all.

1 A pfalm of praise.

Sing joyfully to God, all the earth: ferve ye the Lord with gladness.

Come in before his prefence with exceeding great joy.

3 Know ye that the Lord he is God: he made us, and not we ourselves.

We are his people and the sheep of his pasture. 4 Go

ye into his gates with praise, into his courts with hymns; and give glory to him.

Praise ye his name. 5 For the Lord is sweet; his mercy endureth for ever; and his truth to generation and generation.

PSALM c. Heb. ci.

Misericordiam & judicium.

The prophet exhorteth all by his example, to follow mercy

and justice.

M ERCY and judgment 1 will fing to thee, O

I will fing, 2 and (a) I will understand in the unspotted way, when thou shalt come to me.

I walked in the innocence of my heart, in the midst of

my house.

3 I did not fet before my eyes any unjust thing: I hated the workers of iniquities.

4 The perverse heart did not cleave to me; and the malignant, that turned aside from me, I would not know.

chief priest, in as much as he consecrated Aaron, and offered sacrifice for him. Lewitieus visi. So that his pre eminence over Aaron makes nothing for lay church headship.

(f) Ver. 8. All their inventions. That is, all the enterprizes of their enemies against them, as in the case of Core,

Dathan and Abiron.

Pfalm C. (a) Ver. 2. I will understand, & c. That is, I will apply my mind, I will do my endeavour, to know and to follow the perfect way of thy commandments; not trufting to my own strength, but relying on thy coming to me by thy grace.

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5 The man that in private detracted his neighbour, him did I persecute.

With him that had a proud eye, and an unfatiable heart,

I would not eat.

6 My eyes were upon the faithful of the earth, to fit with me: the man that walked in the perfect way, he ferved me.

7 He that worketh pride fhall not dwell in the midst of my house: he that speaketh unjust things did not prosper

before my eyes.

8 In the morning I put to death all the wicked of the land: that I might cut off all the workers of iniquity from the city of the Lord.

# PSALM ci. Heb. cii.

Domine exaudi. 1.

A prayer for one in affliction: the fifth penitential pfalm.

I The prayer of the poor man, when he was anxious, and poured out his supplication before the Lord.

HEAR, O Lord, my prayer: and let my

cry come to thee.

3 Turn not away thy face from me, in the day when I am in trouble, incline thy ear to me.

In what day foever I shall call upon thee, hear me spec-

dily.

4 For my days are vanish.
ed like smoke: and my bones
are grown dry like fewel for
the fire.

5 I am fmitten as grass, and my heart is withered: because I forgot to eat my bread.

6 Through the voice of my groaning, my bone hath

cleaved to my flesh.

7 I am become like to a
(a) pelican of the wilderness:
I am like a night raven in the house.

8 I have watched, and am become as a sparrow, all alone on the house top.

9 All the day long my enemies reproached me; and they that praised me did swear against me.

10 For I did eat ashes like bread; and mingled my drink

with weeping.

and indignation: for having lifted me up thou hast thrown me down.

12 My days have declined like a shadow, and I am wi-

thered like grass.

13 But thou, O Lord, endurest for ever; and thy memorial to all generations.

14 Thou shalt arise and have mercy on Sion, for it is time to have mercy on it, for the time is come.

15 For the stones thereof have pleased thy servants: and

Pfalm CI. (a) Ver. 7. Apelican, &c. I am become, thro' grief, like birds that affect folitude and darkness.

earth thereof. 16 And the Gentiles shall fear thy name, O Lord: and all the kings of the earth thy

glory. 17 For the Lord hath built up Sion : and he shall be seen

in his glory.

18 He hath had regard to the prayer of the humble: and he hath not despised their

petition.

19 Let these things be written unto another generation: and the people that shall be created shall praise the Lord.

20 Because he hath looked forth from his high fanctuary; from heaven the Lord hath looked upon the earth.

21 That he might hear the groans of them that are in fetters: that he might release the children of the flain.

22 That they may declare the name of the Lord in Sion; and his praise in Jerusalem.

23 When the people affemble together, and kings to

ferve the Lord.

24 (b) He answered him in the way of his strength: de-

they shall have pity on the clare unto me the fewness of my days.

> 25 Call me not away in the midft of my days: thy years are unto generation and generation.

26 In the beginning, O Lord, thou foundedst the earth: and the heavens are the works of thy hands.

27 They shall perish, but thou remainest: and all of them shall grow old like a gar-

ment :

And as a vefture thou fhalt change them, and they shall be changed: 28 But thou art always the felf-fame, and thy years shall not fail.

29 The children of thy fervants shall continue; and their feed shall be directed for

ever.

PSALM CII. Heb. CIII. Penedic anima.

Thanksziving to God for his mercies.

1 For David himself.

The LESS the Lord, O my foul; and let all that is within me praise his holy name.

2 Bless the Lord, O my

<sup>(</sup>b) Ver. 24. He answered him in the away of his strength. That is, the people mentioned in the foregoing verse, or the jenitent, in whose person this psalm is delivered, answered the Lord in the way of his firength; that is, according to the best of his power and strength; or when he was in the flower of his age and ftrength: inquiring after the fewness of his days; to know if he should live long enough to see the happy refloration of Sion, &c.

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foul, and never forget all he | are duft: 15 Man's days are hath done for thee. 2 723 200

3 Who forgiveth all thy iniquities: who healeth all thy difeafes.

4 Who redeemeth thy life from destruction; who crowneth thee with mercy and compaffion.

Who fatisfieth thy defire with good things: thy youth shall be renewed like the eagle's.

6 The Lord doth mercies, and judgment for all that fuffer wrong.

7 He hath made his ways known to Mofes; his wills to the children of Ifrael.

8 The Lord is compaffionate and merciful; long fuffering and plenteous in mercy.

9 He will not always be angry: nor will he threaten for ever.

10 He hath not dealt with us according to our fins; nor rewarded us according to our iniquities.

11 For according to the height of the heaven above the earth: he hath strengthened his mercy towards them that fear him.

12 As far as the east is from the west, so far hath he removed our iniquities from us.

13 As a father hath compassion on his children; so hath the Lord compassion on them that fear him: 14 For he knoweth our frame.

He remembreth that we light as with a garment.

as grafs, as the flower of the field fo shall he flourish.

16: For the spirit shall pass in him: and he shall not be, and he shall know his place no more.

17 But the mercy of the Lord is from eternity and unto eternity upon them that fear him:

And his justice unto children's children: 18 to fuch as keep his covenant,

And are mindful of his commandments to do them.

19 The Lord hath prepared his throne in heaven; and his kingdom shall rule over all.

20 Bless the Lord, all ye his Angels: you that are mighty in strength, and execute his word, hearkning to the voice of his orders.

21 Bless the Lord, all ye his hosts: you ministers of his that do his will

22 Bless the Lord, all his works: in every place of his dominion: O my foul, bless thou the Lord.

PSALM CIII. Heb. CIV.

Benedic anima. 2. God is to be praised for bis mighty works, and wonder-

ful providence. I For David himself.

D LESS the Lord, O my foul; O Lord, my God, tuou art exceedingly great.

Thou haft put on praise and beauty: 2 and art clothed with

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Who stretchest out the heaven like a pavilion: 3 Who coverest the higher rooms thereof with water.

Who makest the clouds thy chariot: who walkest upon the wings of the winds.

4 Who makeft thy Angels fpirits; and thy ministers a

burning fire.

5 Who hast founded the earth upon its own bases; it shall not be moved for ever and ever.

6 The deep like a garment is its clothing; above the mountains shall the waters stand.

7 At thy rebuke they shall flee; at the voice of thy thun-

der they shall fear.

- 8 The mountains ascend, and the plains descend into the place which thou hast founded for them.
- 9 Thou haft fet a bound which they shall not pass over; neither shall they return to cover the earth.
- 10 Thou fendest forth springs in the vales: between the midst of the hills the waters shall pass.

II All the beafts of the field shall drink: the wild affes shall expect in their thirst.

12 Over them the birds of the air shall dwell: from the midst of the rocks they shall give forth their voices.

from thy upper rooms: the earth shall be filled with the fruit of thy works:

14 Bringing forth grass for cattle, and herb for the service of men.

That thou mayst bring bread out of the earth: 15 and that wine may chear the heart of man.

That he may make the face chearful with oil: and that bread may strengthen man's heart.

16 The trees of the field shall be filled, and the cedars of Libanus which he hath planted: 17 there the sparrows shall make their nests.

The highest of them is the house of the heron. 18 The high hills are a resuge for the harts, the rock for the irchins.

19 He hath made the moon for seasons: the sun knoweth

his going down.

darkness, and it is night; in it shall all the beasts of the woods go about.

21 The young lions roaring after their prey, and feeking

their meat from God.

they are gathered together, and they shall lye down in their dens.

23 Man shall go forth to his work, and to his labour

until the evening.

24 How great are thy works, O Lord; thou hast made all things in wisdom: the earth is filled with thy riches.

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25 So is this great fea, which stretcheth wide its arms: there are creeping things without number.

Creatures little and great. 26 There the ships shall go.

This fea-dragon which thou hast formed to play therein. 27 all expect of thee that thou give them food in feason.

28 What thou givest to them they shall gather up: when thou openess thy hand, they shall all be filled with

good.

- 29 But if thou turnest away thy face, they shall be troubled: thou shalt take away their breath, and they shall fail, and shall return to their dust.
- 30 Thou shalt send forth thy spirit, and they shall be created: and thou shalt renew the face of the earth.

31 May the glory of the Lord endure forever: the Lord shall rejoice in his works.

32 He looketh upon the earth, and maketh it tremble: he toucheth the mountains, and they smoke.

as long as I live: I will fing praise to my God while I

have my being.

34 Let'my speech be acceptable to him: but I will take delight in the Lord.

35 Let finners be confumed out of the earth, and the unjust, so that they be no more.
O my soul, bless thou the Lord.

PSALM CIV. Heb. cv.

Confitemini Domino. 1.

A thanksgiving to God for bin benefits to bis people Israel.

Alleluja.

GIVE glory to the Lord, and call upon his name: declare his deeds among the Gentiles.

2 Sing to him, yea fing praises to him: relate all his wondrous works.

3 Glory ye in his holy name: let the heart of them rejoice that feek the Lord.

4 Seek ye the Lord, and be firengthened: feek his face

evermore.

5 Remember his marvellous works which he hath done; his wonders, and the judgments of his mouth.

6 O ye feed of Abraham his fervant; ye fons of Jacob

his chosen.

7 He is the Lord our God: his judgments are in all the earth.

8 He hath remembered his covenant for ever; the word which he commanded to a thousand generations;

ham; and his cath to Ifancs

to And he appointed the fame to Jacob for a law, and to Ifrael for an everlasting testament.

11 Saying: To thee will I give the land of Chanaan, the lot of your inheritance.

12 When they were but a

fmall number; yea very few, and fojourners therein.

13 And they paffed from nation to nation, and from one kingdom to another people.

14 He suffered no man to hurt them: and he reproved

kings for their fakes.

15 Touch ye not my anointed: and do no evil to my prophets.

16 And he called a famine upon the land; and he broke in pieces all the fupport of bread.

17 He fent a man before them; Joseph, who was fold for a flave. or stole fill at the

18 They humbled his feet in fetters; the iron pierced his foul : 10 antil his word came.

The word of the Lord inflamed him: 20 The king fent, and he released him; the ruler of the people, and he fet him at liberty.

21 He made him master of his house, and ruler of all

his possession.

22 That he might instruct his princes as himself, and teach his ancients wifdom.

23 And Ifrael went into Egypt; and Jacob was a fojourner in the land of Cham.

24 And he increased his people exceedingly: and strengthened them over their ene-

mies.

25 (a) He turned their heart to hate his people: and to deal deceitfully with his fervants.

26 He fent Moses his servant; Aaron the man whom

he had chosen.

27 He gave them power to shew his signs, and his wonders in the land of Cham.

28 He fent darkness and made it obscure: and (b) prieved not his words.

20 He turned their waters into blood, and destroyed their

filb.

30 Their land brought forth frogs, in the inner chambers of their kings.

31 He Ipoke, and there came divers forts of flies, and (c) cinifes in all their coasts.

32 He gave them hail for rain, a burning fire in their land.

Pfalm CIV. (a) Ver. 23. He turned their heart, &c. Not that God (who is never the author of fin) moved the Egyptians to hate and persecute his people: but that the Egyptians took occasion of hating and envying them, from the fight of the benefits which God bestowed upon them.

(b) Ver. 28. Grieved not bis awards: That is, he was not wanting to fulfil his words: or he did not grieve Moles and Aaron the carriers of his words: or, he did not grieve bis words, that is, bis fons, the children of Israel, who enjoyed light whilst the Egyptians were oppressed with darkness.

(c) Ver. 31. Cinifes. See the annotation Exed. viii. 16.

33 And he destroyed their vineyards and their figures; and he broke in pieces the trees of their coasts.

34 He spoke, and the locust came, and the (4) bruchus, of which there was no number.

35 And they devoured all the grass in their land, and consumed all the fruit of their ground.

36 And he slew all the first-born in their land; the first-fruits of all their labour.

37 And he brought them out with filver and gold: and there was not among their tribes fo much as one that was feeble.

38 Egypt was glad when they departed: for the fear of them lay upon them.

39 He spread a cloud for their protection, and fire to give them light in the night.

40 They asked, and the quail came: and he filled them with the bread of heaven.

41 He opened the rock, and waters flowed; rivers ran down in the dry land.

42 Because he remembred his holy word, which he had spoken to his servant Abraham.

43 And he brought forth

his people with joy, and his chosen with gladness.

44 And he gave them the lands of the Gentiles; and they possessed the labours of the people.

45 That they might obferve (e) his justifications, and feek after his law.

PSALM cv. Heb. cvi.

Confitemini Domino. 2.

A confession of the manifold fins and ingratitudes of the Israelites.

Alleluia.

GIVE glory to the Lord, for he is good: for his mercy endureth for ever.

2 Who shall declare the powers of the Lord? who shall fet forth all his praifes?

3 Bleffed are they that keep judgment, and do justice at all times.

4 Remember us, O Lord, in the favour of thy people: visit us with thy salvation.

That we may fee the good of thy chosen; that we may rejoice in the joy of thy nation; that thou mayst be praised with thy inheritance.

6 We have finned with our fathers: we have acted

(d) Ver. 34. Bruchus, an infect of the locust kind:

<sup>(</sup>e) His justifications. That is, his commandments; which here, and in many other places of the scripture, are called justifications, because the keeping of them makes man just. The Protestants render it by the word statutes, in favour of the opinion which does not allow good works to justify.

unjustly,

unjustly, we have wrought

iniquity.

7 Our fathers understood not thy wonders in Egypt: they remembered not the multitude of thy mercies.

And they provoked to wrath going up to the fea,

even the red fea.

8 And he faved them for his own name's fake: that he might make his power known.

9 And he rebuked the red fea, and it was dried up: and he led them through the depths,

as in a wilderness.

the hand of them that hated them; and he redeemed them from the hand of the enemy.

them that afflicted them: there was not one of them left.

12 And they believed his words: and they fang his

praifes.

13 They had quickly done, they forgot his works: and they waited not for his counfel.

- 14 And they coveted their defire in the defart: and they tempted God in the place without water.
- request: and fent fulness into their fouls.
- Moses in the camp, Aaron the holy one of the Lord.

17 The earth opened and fwallowed up Dathan: and covered the congregation of Abiron.

18 And a fire was kindled in their congregation: the flame burnt the wicked.

in Horeb: and they adored the graven thing.

20 And they changed their glory into the likeness of a

calf that eateth grass.

21 They forgot God, who faved them, who had done great things in Egypt, 22 wondrous works in the land of Cham: terrible things in the red fea.

23 And he faid, that he would deftroy them: had not Mofes his chosen stood before him in the breach.

To turn away his wrath, left he should destroy them. 24 And they fet at naught

the defirable land.

They believed not his word, 25 and they murmured in their tents: they hearkened not to the voice of the Lord.

26 And he lifted up his hand over them: to overthrow

them in the defart.

27 And to cast down their seed among the nations, and to scatter them in the countries.

28 They also were (a) initiated to Beelphegor; and

Pfalm CV. (a) Ver. 28. Initiated. That is, they dedicated, or confecrated themselves to the idol of the Moabites and Madianites, called Beelphegor, or Baal-Peor. Numb. xxv. 3.

ate the facrifices of (b) the dead.

29 And they provoked him with their inventions; and defruction was multiplied among them.

30 Then Phinees flood up, and pacified bim: and the

Raughter ceased.

31. And it was reputed to him unto justice, to generation and generation for evermore.

32 They provoked him also at the waters of contradiction: and Moses was afslicted for their sakes: 33 because they exasperated his spirit.

And (c) he diftinguished with his lips. 34 They did not destroy the nations, of which the Lord spoke anto

them.

- 35 And they were mingled among the heathens, and learned their works: 36 and ferved their idols, and it became a flumbling-block to them.
- 37 And they facrificed their fons and their daughters to devils.

y 38 And they shed inno-

cent blood: the blood of their fons and of their daughters which they facrificed to the idols of Chanaan.

And the land was polluted with blood, 39 and was defiled with their works: and they went a whoring with their own inventions.

40 And the Lord was exceedingly angry with his people: and he abhorred his inheritance.

41 And he delivered them into the hands of the nations: and they that hated them had dominion over them.

42 And their enemies afflicted them: and they were humbled under their hands: 43 many times did he deliver them.

But they provoked him with their counsel: and they were brought low by their iniquities.

44 And he saw when they were in tribulation: and he

heard their prayer.

45 And he was mindful of his covenant: and repented according to the multitude of his mercies.

46 And he gave them unto mercies, in the fight of all

(b) Ibidem. The dead. viz. idols without life.

(c) Ver 33. He distinguished with his lips. Moses, by occasion of the people's rebellion and incredulity, was guilty of distinguishing with his lips; when, instead of speaking to the rock, as God had commanded, he said to the people, with a certain hesitation in his saith, Hear ye rebellious and incredulous: Can we from this rock bring out water for you? Numb. xx. 10,

those that had made them captives.

God: and gather us from among the nations:

That we may give thanks to thy holy name, and may

glory in thy praise.

48 Bleffed be the Lord the God of Israel from everlasting to everlasting: and let all the people fay: So be it. So be it.

PSALM cvi. Heb. cvii. Confitemini Domino. 3.

All are invited to give thanks to God for his perpetual providence over men.

Alleluia. b z bna

GIVE glory to the Lord, for he is good; for his mercy endureth for ever.

2 Let them fay to that have been redeemed by the Lord; whom he hath redeemed from the hand of the enemy; and gathered out of the countries,

3 From the rising and from the setting of the sun, from the north and from the sea.

4 They wandered in a wilderness, in a place without water; they found not the way of a city for their habitation:

5 They were hungry and thirfty; their foul fainted in them.

6 And they cried to the Lord in their tribulation, and he delivered them out of their dittreffes.

(dy)

7 And he led them into the right way, that they might go to a city of habitation.

8 Let the mercies of the Lord give glory to him: and his wonderful works to the children of men.

o For he hath fatisfied the empty foul; and hath filled the hungry foul with good things.

and in the shadow of death; bound in want and in iron.

perated the words of God; and provoked the counsel of the most High;

12: And their heart was humbled with labours; they were weakened, and there was none to help them.

Lord in their affliction; and he delivered them out of their diffresses.

out of darkness, and the shadow of death; and broke their bonds in sunder.

Lord give glory to him, and his wonderful works to the children of men.

16 Because he hath broken getes of brass, and burst iron bars.

17 He took them out of the way of their iniquity; for they were brought low for their injustices.

manner of meat; and they

drew nigh even to the gates of death.

19 And they cried to the Lord in their affliction: and he delivered them out of their diffresses.

20 He fent his word, and healed them; and delivered them from their dettructions.

Lord give glory to him: and his wonderful works to the children of men.

22 And let them facrifice the facrifice of praise: and declare his works with joy.

23 They that go down to the fea in ships, doing business in the great waters:

works of the Lord, and his wonders in the deep.

25 He faid the word, and there arose a storm of wind; and the waves thereof were lifted up.

26 They mount up to the heavens, and they go down to the depths; their foul pined away with evils.

27 They were troubled, and reeled like a drunken man; and all their wisdom was swallowed up.

28 And they cried to the Lord in their affliction; and he brought them out of their diffresses.

Rorm into a breeze; and its waves were fill.

30 And they rejoiced be-

brought them to the haven which they wished for.

Lord give glory to him, and his wonderful works to the children of men.

32 And let them exalt him in the church of the people; and praise him in the chair of the ancients.

33 He hath turned rivers into a wilderness; and the sources of waters into dry ground;

34 A fruitful land into barrenness, for the wickedness of them that dwell therein,

derness into pools of waters, and a dry land into water springs.

the hungry; and they made a city for their habitation.

37 And they fowed fields, and planted vineyards; and they yielded fruit of birth.

and they were multiplied exceedingly; and their cattle he fuffered not to decrease.

39 Then they were brought to be few; and they were afflicted through the trouble of evils and forrow.

forth upon their princes: and he caused them to wander where there was no passing, and out of the way.

42 And he helped the poor out of poverty; and made bim families like a flock of theep.

42 The just shall fee, and

fall rejoice: and all iniquity shall stop her mouth, and said

43 Who is wife, and will keep these things? and will understand the mercies of the Lord?

ay Bat perfequied the co-PSALM CVII. Heb. CVIII.

Paratum cor meum.

The prophet praiseth God for benefits received.

A canticle of a plalm for David himfelf. 12 it it ous

2 N Y heart is ready, O VI God; my heart is ready: 1 will fing, and will give praise, with my glory.

3 Arise, my glory; arise, pfaltery and harp: I will arise in the morning early.

4 I will praise thee, Q Lord, among the people: and I will fing unto thee among the nations, w one alread said

5 For thy mercy is great above the heavens; and thy truth reacheth unto the clouds! 6 Be thou exalted, O God, above the heavens; and thy glory over all the earth, 7 that thy beloved may be delivered, tive haldwest at theil

Save with thy right hand and hear me. 8 God hath spoken in his holiness:

I will rejoice, and I will divide Sichem; and I will mete out the vale of taberna-

9 Galaad is mine, and without cause of of the has

Juda is my king. 10 Moab the pot of my hope.

Over Edom I will firetch out my shoe: the aliens are become my friends.

11 Who will bring me into the firong city? who will lead me into Edom?

12 Wilt not thou, O God, who haft cast us off ? and wilt not thou, O God, go forth with our armies ? d vald ?

13 O grant us help from trouble: for vain is the help of manathing and yalvi o

14 Through God we shall do mightily : and he will bring our enemies to nothing.

PSALM CVIII. Heb. CIX. Deus laudem meam.

David in the person of Christ prayeth against bis perfecuotors; more especially the traitor Judas : foretelling and approving his juft put nishment for bis obstinacy in fin, and final impenitence.

I Unto the end, a pfalm for. A May the in a Divol

GOD, be not thou filent in my praise: for the mouth of the wicked and the mouth of the deceitful man is opened against me.

3 They have spoken against me with decenful tongues ; and they have compassed me about with words of hatred; cles, I we beyoned about so and have fought against me

Manaffes is mine; and Ephra- 4 Instead of making me a im the protection of my head. | return of love, they detracted

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me butil gave myself to prayer.

5 And they repaid me; evil for good: and hatred for my love.

6 (a) Set thou the finner over him: and may the devil stand at his right hand.

7 When he is judged, may he go out condemned: and may his prayer be turned to fin.

8 May his days be few: and his bishoprick let another take.

9 May his children be fatheriefs, and his wife a widow.

ried about vagabonds, and beg; and let them be cast out of their dwellings.

all his substance; and let strangers plander his labours.

help him; nor none to pity his fatherless off pring.

13 May his posterity be cut off; in one generation may his name be blotted out.

14 May the iniquity of his fathers be remembred in the fight of the Lord: and let not the fin of his mother be blotted out.

the Lord continually; and let the memory of them perish from the earth. 16 Because he remembred not to shew mercy;

17 But perfecuted the poor man and the beggar; and the broken in heart, to put him to death.

and it shall come onto him: and he would not have blessing, and it shall be far from him.

And he put on curing like a garment: and it went in like water into his entrails, and like oil in his bones.

19 May it be unto him like a garment which covereth him; and like a girdle with which he is girded continually.

them who detract me before the Lord; and who speak evils against my soul-

Lord, do with me for thy name's fake: because thy mercy is face:

Do thou deliver me, 22 for I am poor and needy, and my heart is troubled within me.

23 I am taken away like the

Pfalm CVIII. (a) Ver. 6. Set thou the finner over him, &c. Give to the devil, that arch finner, power over him; let him enter into him, and possess him. The imprecations, contained in the thirty verses of this pfalm, are opposed to the thirty pieces of filver for which Judas betrayed our Lord; and are to be taken as prophetick denunciations of the evils that should befal the traitor and his accomplices the Jews; and not properly as curses.

hadow when it declineth; and I am shaken off as locusts.

24 My knees are weakened through fafting : and my flesh is changed (b) for oil.

25 And I am become a reproach to them : they faw me, and they shaked their heads.

26 Help me, O Lord, my God: fave me according to thy mercy.

27 And let them know that this is thy hand; and that thou,

Lord, haft done it.

28 They will curse and thou wilt blefs : let them that rife up against me be confounded; but thy fervant shall rejoice.

20 Let them that detract me be clothed with shame : and let them be covered with their confusion as with a dou-

inenguligated.

ble cloak.

30 I will give great thanks to the Lord with my mouth; and in the midft of many I will praise him.

31 Because he hath stood at the right hand of the poor, to fave my foul from perfecu

tors.

PSALM CIX. Heb. CX. Dixit Dominus. Chris's exaltation, and ever-

lasting priestbood. A plalm of David.

HE Lord faid to my Lord : Sit thou at my right hand, our to paser add is

Until I make thy enemies thy footfool, a dud off

2 The Lord will fend forth the scepter of thy power out of Sion: rule thou in the midst of thy enemies.

With thee is the principality in the day of thy strength; in the brightness of the faints: from the womb before the day - flar I begot theers work on an arministra

The Lord hath fworn, and he will not repent : Thou art a priest for ever according to the order of Melchisedech.

The Lord at thy right hand hath broken kings in the day of his wrath.

6 He shall judgeamong nations, he shall fill ruins he shall crush the heads in the land of many.

7 He shall drink of the torrent in the way : therefore shall he lift up the head.

PSALM CX. Heb. CXI.

Confitebor tibi Domine. God is to be praised for bisgraces, and benefits to bis church.

Alleluia.

Will praise thee, O Lord, with my whole heart; in the counsel of the just, and in the congregation.

2 Great are the works of the Lord: fought out accord-

ing to all his wills.

1 3 His work is praise and magnificence; and his justice

<sup>(</sup>b) Ver. 24. For oil, propter oleum. The meaning is, my flesh is changed, being perfectly emaciated and dried up, as having lost all its oil or fatness,

continueth for ever and ever.

4 He hath made a remembrance of his wonderful works, being a merciful and gracious Lord: 5 he hath given food to them that fear him.

of his covenant: 6 he will thew forth to his people the power of his works.

7 That he may give them the inheritance of the gentiles: the works of his handsare truth and judgment.

8 All his commandment are faithful, confirmed for ever and ever; made in truth and equity:

o He hath fent redemption to his people; he hath commanded his covenant for ever.

Holy and terrible is his name: 10 the fear of the Lord is the beginning of wifdom.

A good understanding to all that do it: his praise continueth for ever and ever.

PSALM CXI. Heb. CXII.

The good man is happy.

Alleluia (a) of the returning of Aggeus and Zacha-

BLESSED is the man

he shall delight exceedingly in his commandments.

2 His feed thall be mighty upon earth; the generaton of the righteous shall be blessed.

3 Glory and wealth shall be in his house: and his justice remaineth for ever and ever.

4 To the righteous a light is rifen up in darkness: be is merciful, and compassionate, and just.

that sheweth mercy and lendeth: he shall order his words with judgment: 6 because he shall not be moved for ever.

7 The just shall be in everlasting remembrance: he shall not fear the evil hearing.

His heart is ready to hope in the Lord: 8 his heart is strengthened, he shall not be moved untill he look over his enemies.

gHe hath distributed, he hath given to the poor: his justice remaineth for ever and ever; his horn shall be exalted in glory.

and shall be angry, he shall gnash with his teeth and pine away, the desire of the wicked shall perish.

Psalm. CX1. (a) Of the returning, &c. This is in the Greek and Latin, but not in the Hebrew. It fignifies that this psalm was proper to be fund at the time of the return of the people from their captivity; to inculcate to them, how happy they might be, if they would be constant in the service of God.

PSALM CXII. Heb CXXII.

God is to be praised, for his regard to the poor and humble.

Allelqia.

PRAISE the Lord, ye children: praise ye the name of the Lord.

z Bleffed be the name of the Lord, from henceforth

now and for ever

3 From the rifing of the fun unto the going down of the fame, the name of the Lord is worthy of praise.

4 The Lord is high above all nations: and his glory a-

bove the heavens.

God, who dwelleth on high: 6 and looketh down on the low things in heaven and in earth?

7 Raising up the needy from the earth, and lifting up the poor out of the dung-

hill,

8 That he may place him with princes, with the prin-

ces of his people.

y Who maketh a barren woman to dwell in a house, the joyful mother of children. Psalm CXIII. Heb. CXIV. In exitu Israel.

God hath shewed his power in delivering his people: idols

are vain.

WHEN Ifrael went out of Egypt; the house

of Jacob from a barbarous people,

2 Judea was made his fanctuary, Ifrael his dominion.

3 The fea faw and fled: Jordan was turned back.

4 The mountains skipped like rams, and the hills like the lambs of the flock.

fea, that thou didft flee; and thou, O Jordan, that thou wast turned back?

6 Ye mountains, that ye fkipped like rams, and, ye hills, like lambs of the flock?

7 At the presence of the Lord the earth was moved, at the presence of the God of Jacob:

8 Who turned the rock into pools of water, and the stony hill into fountains of wa-

ters.

Here the Hebrews begin

NOT to us, O Lord, not to us; but to thy name give glory.

z For thy mercy, and for thy truth's fake: left the Gentiles should fay: Where is their God?

3 But our God is in heaven; he hath done all things whatfoever he would.

4 The idols of the Gentiles are filver and gold, the works of the hands of men.

f They have mouths and speak not: they have eyes and see not.

6 They have ears and hear

not; they have notes and mell | PSALM exiv. Heb. cxvi.

They have hands and feel not; they have feet and walk not; neither shall they cry out through their throat.

8 Let them that make them become like unto them; and all fuch as truft in them.

o The house of Israel hath hoped in the I ord: he is their helper and their protector.

10 The house of Aaron hath hoped in the Lord: he is their helper and their protector.

II They that fear the Lord have hoped in the Lord; he is their helper and their protector.

12 The Lord hath been mindful of us, and hath bleffed us.

He hath bleffed the house of Ifrael: he hath bleffed the house of Aaron.

13 He hath bleffed all that fear the Lord, both little and great:

14 May the Lord add bleffings upon you: upon you, and upon your children.

t 5 Bleffed be you of the Lord, who made heaven and earth.

16 The heaven of heaven is the Lord's; but the earth he has given to the children of men.

17 The dead shall not praise thee, O Lord: nor any of them that go down to hell.

18 But we that live bless the Lord; from this time now and for ever.

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The prayer of a just man in affliction, with a lively confidence in God.

Alleluia.

Have loved, because the Lord will hear the voice of my prayer. 341 10,0 min

2 Because he hath inclined his ear unto me; and in my days I will call upon him.

2 The forrows of death have compassed me: and the perils of hell have found me.

I met with trouble and forrow: 4 And I called upon the name of the Lord.

O Lord, deliver my foul. 5 The Lord is merciful and just, and our God sheweth mercy.

6 The Lord is the keeper of little ones: I was humbled, and he delivered me.

7 Turn, O my foul, into thy rest: for the Lord hath been bountiful to thee.

& For he hath delivered my foul from death; my eyes from tears, my feet from falling. It hashin od W. o.

o I will please the Lord in the land of the living.

PSALM CXV.

Credidi.

This in the Hebrew is joined with the foregoing Pfalm, and continues to express the faith and gratitude of the P falmif. Alleluia.

Alleluia.

In I HAVE believed, therefore have I spoken: but I have been humbled exceedingly.

11 I faid in my excess :

Every man is a lier.

12 What shall I render to the Lord, for all the things that he hath rendered to me?

of falvation; and I will call upon the name of the Lord.

the Lord before all his people:
15 precious in the fight of the Lord is the death of his faints.

16 O Lord, for I am thy fervant: I am thy fervant, and the fon of thy hand-maid.

Thou hast broken my bonds.

17 I will facrifice to thee the facrifice of praise, and I will call upon the name of the Lord.

18 I will pay my vows to the Lord in the fight of all his people, 19 in the courts of the house of the Lord: in the midst of thee, O Jerusalem. PSALM cxv1. Heb. cxv11,

Laudate Dominum. 1.

All nations are called upon to praise God for his mercy and truth.

Alleluia.

O Praile the Lord, all ye nations: praile him, all ye reople.

2 For his mercy is confirmed upon us; and the truth

of the Lord remaineth for ever.

PSALM exvii. Heb. exviii.

The pfalmist praiseth God for his delivery from evils; putteth his whole trust in him; and foretelleth the coming of Christ.

Alleluia.

IVE praise to the Lord,

for he is good; for his

mercy endureth for ever.

2 Let I frael now fay, that
he is good, that his mercy endureth for ever.

3 Let the house of Aaron now say, that his mercy endureth for ever.

4 Let them that fear the Lord now fay, that his mercy endureth for ever.

5 In my trouble I called upon the Lord: and the Lord heard me, and enlarged me.

6 The Lord is my helper: I will not fear what man can do unto me.

7 The Lord is my helper: and I will look over my enemies.

8 It is good to confide in the Lord, rather than to have confidence in man.

9 It is good to truff in the Lord, rather than to truft in princes.

ne about and in the name of the Lord I have been revenged on them.

11 Surrounding me they

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compassed me about : and in the name of the Lord I have been revenged on them. I A

12 They furrounded me like bees, and they burned like fire among thorns; and in the name of the Lord I was revenged on them.

13 Being pushed I was overturned that I might fall: but the Lord supported me,

14 The Lord is my strength and my praise; and he is become my falvation.

15 The voice of rejoicing and of falvation is in the ta-

bernacles of the just.

16 The right hand of the Lord hath wrought frength: the right hand of the Lord hath exalted me: the right hand of the Lord hath wrought ftrength.

17 I shall not die, but live : and shall declare the works of

the Lord.

18 The Lord chaftifing hath chaffiled me : but he hath not delivered me over to death.

19 Open ye to me the gates of justice: I will go in to them, and give praile to the Lord: 20 This is the gate of the Lord, the just shall enter into it.

zi I will give glory to thee, because thou hast heard me; and art become my fal-

vation.

The stone which the builders rejected; this fame is become the head of the corner.

23 This is the Lord's doing : and it is wonderful in our eyes.

24 This is the day which the Lord hath made : let us be glad and rejoice therein.

25 O Lord, fave me; O Lord, give good fuccess. 26 Bleffed be he that cometh in the name of the Lord.

We have bleffed you out of the house of the Lord. 27 The Lord is God, and he hath shone upon us.

Appoint a folemn day, with shady boughs, even to the horn

of the altar.

28 Thou art my God, and I will praise thee: thou art my God, and I will exalt thee.

I will praise thee because thou hast heard me, and art become my falvation.

29 O praise ye the Lord, for he is good: for his mercy endureth forever,

PSALM CXVIII. Heb. CXIX,

Beati Immaculati.

Of the excellence, of vertue confifting in the love and ob-Servance of the commandments of God.

Alleluia:

ALEP LESSED are the undefiled in the way, who walk in the law of the Lord.

2 Bleffed are they that fearch

his (a) testimonies: that seek him with their whole heart.

3 For they that work iniquity, have not walked in his

4 Thou hast commanded thy commandments to be kept

most diligently.

5 O! that my ways may be directed to keep thy justifica-

6 Then shall I not be confounded, when I shall look into all thy commandments.

7 I will praise thee with uprightness of heart, when I shall have learned the judgments of thy justice.

8 I will keep thy justifications: O! do not thou utterly

forfake me.

R

9 By what doth, a young man correct his way? By ob-

ferving thy words.

10 With my whole heart have I fought after thee: let me not stray from thy commandments.

11 Thy words have I hid in my heart, that I may not

not fin against thee.

12 Bleffedart thou, O Lord: teach me thy justifications.

13 With my lips I have pronounced all the judgments of thy mouth.

14 I have been delighted in the way of thy testimonies,

as in all riches.

15 I will meditate on thy commandments: and I will confider thy ways.

16 I will think of thy justifications: I will not forget

G I M E

17 Give bountifully to thy fervant, enliven me: and I shall keep thy words.

18 Open theu my exes: and I will confider the wondrous things of thy law

19 I am a sojourner on the earth: hide not thy command-

ments from me.

20 My foul hath coveted to long for thy justifications, at all times.

21 Thou hast rebuked the proud: they are curled who decline from thy command-

ments.
22 Remove from me reproach and contempt : because I have fought after thy telti-

monies. spoke against me: but thy

Pfalm CXVIII. (a) Ver. 2. His testimonies. The commandments of God are called his testimonies, because they testify his holy will unto us. Note here, that in almost every verse of this plalm (which in number are 176) the word and law of God, and the love and observance of it is perpetually inculcated, under a variety of denominations, all signifying the fame thing. Unkyrale I have defind. fervant was employed in thy

justifications.

my meditation; and thy justifications my counsel.

DALETH.

25 My foul hath cleaved so the pavement: quicken thou me according to thy word.

26 I have declared my ways, and thou haft heard me: teach me thy justifications.

27 Make me to understand the way of thy justifications: and I shall be exercised in thy wondrous works.

28 My foul hath flumbered through heavines: ftrengthen thou me in thy words.

29 Remove from me the way of iniquity; and out of thy law have mercy on me.

of truth: thy judgments I have not forgotten:

31 I have fluck to thy teflimonies, O Lord: put me not to shame.

32 I have run the way of thy commandments, when thou didft enlarge my heart. H E.

33 Set before me for a law the way of thy justifications, O Lord: and I will always feek after it.

34 Give me understanding, and I will search thy law; and I will keep it with my whole heart.

35 Lead me into the path of thy commandments; for this same I have defired. 36 Incline my heart unto thy testimonies, and not to covetousness. PI

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37 Turn away my eyes that they may not behold vanity: quicken me in thy way.

38 Establish thy word to thy fervant, in thy fear.

39 Turn away my reproach, which I have apprehended: for thy judgments are delightful.

40 Behold I have longed after thy precepts: quicken me in thy justice.

V A U.

41 Let thy mercy also come upon me, O Lord: thy falvation according to thy word.

42 So shall I answer them that reproach me in any thing; that I have trusted in thy words.

43 And take not thou the word of truth utterly out of my mouth; for in thy words, I have hoped exceedingly.

44 So fhall I always keep thy law, for ever, and ever.

45 And I walked at large: because I have sought after thy commandments.

46 And I spoke of thy teflimonies, before kings; and I was not ashamed.

47 I meditated also on thy commandments, which I loved.

48 And I lifted up my hands to thy commandments, which I loved: and I was exercifed in thy justification.

Z A I N.

49 Be thou mindful of thy
word to thy fervant, in which
thou

thou hast given me hope.

50 This hath comforted me in my humiliation: because thy word hath enlivened me.

I The proud did altogether the wrong thing : but I declined not from thy law.

52 I remembred, O Lord, thy judgments of old: and I

was comforted.

53 A fainting hath taken hold of me, because of the wicked that forfake thy law.

54 Thy justifications were the fubject of my fong, in the place of my pilgrimage.

55 In the night I have remembred thy name, O Lord; and have kept thy law.

6 This happened to me: because I sought after thy justifications.

#### HETH.

57 O Lord, my portion, I have faid, I would keep thylaw.

58 I intreated thy face with all my heart: have mercy on me according to thy word.

59 I have thought on my ways: and turned my feet unto

thy testimonies.

60 I am ready, and am not troubled: that I may keep thy commandments.

61 The cords of the wicked have encompassed me, but I have not forgot thy law.

62 I role at midnight to give praise to thee; for the judgments of thy justification.

64 I am a partaker with all them that fear thee, and that keep thy commandments

64 The earth, O Lord, is full of thy mercy : teach me thy justifications.

TETH.

65 Thou haft done well with thy fervant, O Lord, according to thy word.

66 Teach me goodness and discipline and knowledge; for I have believed thy commandments.

67 Before I was humbled I offended : therefore have I kept thy word. Villa 18 51160

68 Thou art good; and in thy goodness teach me thy justifications, made 1

60. The iniquity of the proud hath been multiplied over me : But I will feek thy commandments with my whole heart.

70 Their heart is (b) curdled like milk: but I have meditated on thy law.

71. It is good for me that thou haft humbled me, that I may learn thy justifications.

72 The law of thy mouth is good to me, above thoufands of gold and filver.

D'I

73 Thy hands have made me and formed me: give me understanding, and I will learn thy commandments.

<sup>(</sup>b) Ver. 70. Curdled, Grown hard, like milk that is curdled and turned to cheefe.

74 They that fear thee shall see me, and shall be glad: because I have greatly hoped in thy words, argues all and

75 I know, O Lord, that thy judgments are equity: and in thy truth thou hast hum-

bled me.

76 O! let thy mercy be for my comfort, according to thy word unto thy fervant.

1.77 Let thy tender mercies come unto me, and I shall live: for thy law is my meditation.

78 Let the proud be ashamed, because they have done unjustly towards me: but I will be employed in thy commandments.

79 Let them that fear thee turn to me: and they that

know thy testimonies.

So Let my heart be undefiled in thy justifications, that I may not be confounded.

C A P H. 81 My foul hath fainted after thy falvation: and in thy word. I have very much hoped.

82 My eyes have failed through looking after thy word, faying: When wilt thou com-

fort me?

in tigs bios to 83 For I am become (c) like a bottle in the frost: I have not forgotten thy justifications.

84 How many are the days of thy fervant: when thou wilt execute judgment on them that persecute me?

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85 The wicked have told me fables : but not as thy law.

86 All thy statutes are truth: they have perfecuted me unjustly, do thou help me.

87 They had almost made an end of me upon earth: but I have not forsaken thy commandments.

88 Quicken thou me according to thy mercy: and I shall keep the testimonies of thy mouth.

L A M E D.

89 For ever, O Lord, thy word standeth firm in heaven.

go Thy truth unto all generations: thou hast founded the earth, and it continueth.

91 By thy ordinance the day goeth on: for all things

ferve thee.

Q2 Unless thy law had been my meditation, I had then perhaps perished in my abjection.

93 Thy justifications I will never forget: for by them thou haft given me life.

94 I am thine, fave thou me: for I have fought thy justifications.

95 The wicked have waited for me to destroy me: but

TA LIEV

<sup>(</sup>c) Ver. 83. Like a bottle in the frost. In the Hebrew, like a bottle in the smoke. That is, I am become, through my sufferings in this mortal pilgrimage, as a leathern bottle shrunk up by being exposed to the frost or the smoke. I have

I have understood thy testi-

of I have feen an end of all perfection: thy command-ment is exceeding broad.

#### M E M.

97 O how have I loved thy law, O Lord! it is my meditation all the day.

98 Through thy commandment, thou hast made me wifer than my enemies; for it is ever with me.

199 I have understood more than all my teachers: because thy testimonies are my meditation

100 I have had understanding above ancients: because I have sought thy commandments.

feet from every evil way; that I may keep thy words.

from thy judgments, because thou hast set me a law.

103 How fweet are thy words to my palate! more than honey to my mouth.

I have had understanding: therefore have I hated every way of iniquity.

### NUN.

to my feet, and a light to my paths.

106 I have fworn and am determined to keep the judgments of thy justice.

107 I have been humbled,

O Lord, exceedingly quicken thou me according to thy word.

my mouth make acceptable,
O Lord: and teach me thy
judgments.

in my hands: and I have not forgotten thy law.

fnare for me: but I have not erred from thy precepts.

testimonies for an inheritance for ever: because they are the joy of my heart.

heart to do thy justifications for ever: for the reward.

SAMECH.

just: and have loved the un-

and my protector; and in thy word I have greatly hoped.

malignant and I will fearch the commandments of my God.

to thy word, and I shall live: and let me not be confounded in my expectation.

be faved: and I will meditate always on thy justifications.

them that fall off from thy judgments; for their thought is unjust;

the finners of the earth prevaricators; therefore have I loved thy testimonies.

120 Pierce

with the fear for I am a-

Actions A: slein Noticom ven

and justice: give me not up to them that flander me.

unto good: let pot the proud calumniate me.

after thy falvation and for the word of thy justice.

according to thy mercy: and teach me thy justifications.

me understanding that I may know thy testimonies.

to do: they have diffipated thy law.

thy commandments above gold and the topaz.

rected to all thy commandments: I have hated all wicked ways.

svil ( P | HE Ecovi vero

wonderful: therefore my foul hath fought them.

words giveth light ; and giveth understanding to little ones.

and panted: because I longed for thy commandments.

and have mercy on me, according to the judgment of them that love thy name,

rzo Picice

cording to thy word: and let no iniquity have dominion over me.

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134 Redeem me from the calumnies of men: that I may keep thy commandments.

135 Make thy face to shine upon thy servant: and teach me thy justifications.

136 My eyes have fent forth fprings of water: because they have not kept thy law.

S A D E.

137 Thou art just, O Lord, and thy judgment is right.

138 Thou haft commanded justice thy tellimonies: and thy truth exceedingly.

me pine away: because my enemies forgot thy words.

ingly refined: and thy fervant hath loved it.

141 1 am very young and despised; but I forget not thy justifications.

for ever: and thy law is the truth.

143 Trouble and anguish have found me; thy commandments are my meditation.

justice for ever; give me understanding, and I shall live.

C O P. H.

145 I cried with my whole heart, hear me, O Lord: I will feek thy justifications.

146 I

me: that I may keep thy commandments. sugges lettersb

147 I prevented the dawning of the day, and cried; because in thy words I very much hoped. cand sail

148 My eyes to thee have prevented the morning: that I might meditate on thy words.

149 Hear thou my voice, O Lord, according to thy mercy: and quicken me according to thy judgment.

150 They that perfecute me have drawn night to iniquity; but they are gone far off from thy law am linis on

151 Thou art near, O Lord: and all thy ways are truth. 101020 IVS

152 I have known from the beginning concerning thy testimonies: that thou hast founded them for ever.

#### non . . Roule S. 1 of

153 See my humiliation and deliver me: for I have not forgotten thy law.

154 Judge my judgment and redeem me: quicken thou me for thy word's fake.

155 Salvation is far from finners; because they have not fought thy justifications.

156 Many, O Lord, are thy mercies; quicken me according to thy judgment.

157 Many are they that persecute me, and afflict me ; 160 Let my supplication, but I have not declined from O Lord, come near in thy

146 I cried unto thee; fave | fors, and I pined away ; becanferthey kept not thy word.

> Too Behold I have loved thy commandments, Q Lord; quicken me thou in thy merme thy jointfeations. cy.

160 The beginning of thy words is truth wall the judgments of thy justice are for evered board yet tal agri-

#### vad I to8 : Im Nvalor om

161 Princes have perfecuted me without cause: and my heart hath been in awe of thy 

162 I will rejoice at thy words, as one that hath found great spoil a lind atmonsbut

163 I have hated and abhorred iniquity; but I have

loved thy law. and canvish

164 Seven times a day I have given praise to thee, for the judgments of thy justice.

165 Much peace have they that love thy law; and to them there is no flumblingblock inch I eldeon you N'

166 I looked for thy falvation, O Lord; and I loved thy commandments.

167 My foul hath kept thy tettimonies, and hathlov. ed them exceedingly: 255195b

1 168 I have kept thy commandments and thy testimonies; because all my ways are in thy fight, amount sique

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thy testimonies. To say and and fight; give me understanding 158 I beheld the transgref- according to thy word.

od 170 Let my request come jour 200 Lord, deliver my in before thee : deliver thou me according to thy word.

171 My lips shall atter a hymn, when thou shalt teach me thy justifications.

Vil 172 My tongue shall pronounce thy word: because all thy commandments are justice.

173 Let thy hand be with me to fave me; for I have chosen thy precepts.

174 I have longed for thy falvation, O Lord ; and thy law is my meditation.

175 My foul shall live, and shall praise thee ; and thy judgments shall help me.

176 I have gone aftray like a sheep that is lost; seek thy fervant, because I have not forgotten thy commandments.

PSALM cxix. Heb. cxx. Ad Dominum.

A prayer in tribulation.

(a) A gradual canticle. IN my trouble I cried to the Lord: and he heard me.

foul from wicked lips, and a deceitful tongue

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was What shall be given to thee, or what shall be added to thee, to a deceitful tongue?

4 The sharp arrows of the mighty, with coals that lay wafte; seisopre sel bateive

Wo is me that my fojourning is prolonged! I have dwelt with the inhabitants of Cedar. 6 My foul hath been long a fojourner.

7 With them that hated peace I was peaceable; when I fpoke to them they fought against me without cause.

PSALM cxx. Heb. cxx1. Levavi oculos.

God is the keeper of his fervants.

A gradual canticle.

HAVE lifted up my eves to the mountains : from whence help shall come to me.

My help is from the

Pfalm CXIX. (a) A gradual canticle. The following pfalms, in number fifteen, are called gradual pjalms or canticles, from the word gradus, fignifying steps, afcentions, or degrees: either because they were appointed to be sung on the fifteen fleps, by which the people aftended to the temple: or that in the finging of them the voice was to be raifed by certain fleps or ascensions: or that they were to be sung by the people returning from their captivity and afcending to Jerufalem, which was feated amongst mountains. The holy fathers, in a mystical sense, understand these steps, or ascensions, of the degrees by which christians spiritually ascend to virtue and perfection; and to the true temple of God in the heavenly Jerufalem. godotom | langhan add blaned 1 872 Lord,

Lord, who made heaven and Service . earth.

2 May he not fuffer thy foot to be moved; neither let him flumber that keepeth thee.

A Behold he shall neither flumber nor fleep, that keepeth Ifrael.

The Lord is thy keeper, the Lord is thy protection upon thy right hand

6 The fun shall not burn thee by day: nor the moon by Stand To adjactio

7 The Lord keepeth thee from all evil: may the Lord

keep thy foul.

8 May the Lord keep thy coming in and thy going out; from henceforth now and for

PSALM EXXI. Heb. CXXII.

Lætatus fum in his. The defire and bope of the just for the coming of the king-dom of God, and the peace of his church.

A gradual canticle.

REJOICED at the things, that were faid to me: We shall go into the house of the Lord.

2 Our feet were standing in thy courts, O Jerufalem.

3 Jerusalem which is built as a city, which is compact together.

4 For thither did the tribes goup, the tribes of the Lord; the testimony of Israel, to praise the name of the Lord.

6 Count

of wor as class limit

Because there seats have fat in judgment, feats upon the house of David.

6 Pray ye for the things that are for the peace of Terufalem : and abundance for them that love thee.

7 Let peace be in thy strength: and abundance in thy towers.

8 For the fake of my brethren and of my neighbours. I spoke peace of thee.

o Because of the house of the Lord our God, I have fought good things for thee.

PSALM CXXII. Heb. CXXIII.

Ad te levavi.

A prayer in affliction, with confidence in God.

A gradual canticle.

O thee have I lifted up my eyes, who dwelleft in heaven. ANTONIA THO

z Behold as the eves of fervants are on the hands of their, mafters, embles tads to teter

As the eyes of the handmaid are on the hands of her, miltres: so are our eyes unto the Lord our God, until, he have mercy on us.

3 Have mercy on us, O Lord, have mercy on us; for we are greatly filled with contempt.

4 For our foul is greatly filled: we are a reproach to the rich, and contempt to the proud. as to have been PSALM CXXIII. Heb. CXXIV. Nifi quia Dominus.

The church giveth glory to God for her deliverance from the hands of her enemies.

A gradual canticle.

If it had not been that the Lord was with us, let If-rael now fay. 2 If it had not been that the Lord was with us.

When men rose up against us: 3 perhaps they had swallowed us up alive.

When their fury was enkindled against us: 4 perhaps the water had swallowed us up.

5 Our foul hath passed through a torrent: perhaps our foul had passed through a water insupportable.

6 Bleffed be the Lord, who hath not given us to be a prey to their teeth.

7 Our foul hath been delivered, as a sparrow out of the snare of the sowlers.

The fnare is broken, and we are delivered.

8 Our help is in the name of the Lord, who made heaven and earth.

Psalm CXXIV. Heb. CXXV. Qui confidunt.

The just are always under God's protection.

A gradual canticle.

HEY that trust in the Lord shall be as mount sion: he shall not be moved

for ever that dwelleth z in Jerusalem.

W

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in

Mountains are round about it: fo the Lord is round about his people from henceforth now and for ever.

3 For the Lord will not leave the rod of finners upon the lot of the just: that the just may not stretch forth their hands to iniquity.

4 Do good, O Lord, to those that are good, and to the upright of heart.

5 But such as turn aside into bonds, the Lord shall lead out with the workers of iniquity; peace upon Israel.

Psalm cxxv. Heb. cxxvi.
In convertendo.

The people of God rejoice at their delivery from captivity.

A gradual canticle.

W H B N the Lord brought back the captivity of Sion, we became like men comforted.

2 Then was our mouth filled with gladness; and our tongue with joy.

Then shall they say among the Gentiles: The Lord hath done great things for them.

great things for us : we are become joyful.

ty, O Lord, as a fiream in the fouth.

fhall reap in joy.

6 Going

6 Going they went and wept, casting their feeds.

7 But coming they shall come with joyfulness, carrying their sheaves.

PSALM CXXVI. Heb. CXXVII.
Nifi Dominus.

Nothing can be done without God's grace and bleffing.

A gradual canticle of Solomon.

E XCEPT the Lord build the house, they labour in vain that build it.

Except the Lord keep the city, he watcheth in vain that keepeth it.

2 (a) It is vain for you to rife before light: (b) rife ye after you have fitten, you that eat the bread of forrow.

When he shall give sleep to his beloved: 3 behold children are the inheritance of the Lord, their reward, the fruit of the womb.

off this giers

4 (e) As arrows in the hand of the mighty, so the children of them that have been shaken.

5 Bleffed is the man, that hath filled his defire with them; he shall not be confounded when he shall speak to his enemies in the gate.

Psalm cxxvii. Heb. cxxviii.
Beati omnes.

The fear of God is the way to bappiness.

B LESSED are all they that fear the Lord; that walk in his ways.

2 For thou shalt eat the labours of thy hands; blessed art thou, and it shall be well with thee:

3 Thy wife shall be as a fruitful vine, on the fides of thy house.

Thy children as olive plants, round about thy table.

4 Behold, thus shall the

Pfalm CXXVI. (a) Ver. 2. It is vain for you to rife before light. That is, your early rifing, your labour and worldly follicitude, will be vain, that is, will avail you nothing, without the light, grace, and bleffing of God.

(b) Ibidem. Rife ye after you have fitten. Allow yourselves proper time for rest, after your labours and forrows:
for his beloved, whom he favours with his grace, shall sleep
and rest under his wing, and yet abound with offspring, and
all blessings.

(c) Ver. 4. As arrows, &c. The offspring which God shall give his servants, that have been shaken and tossed about (as the children of Israel were in their captivity) shall be like arrows in the hand of the mighty, which shall prosper and do great execution.

man be bleffed that feareth the Lord.

5 May the Lord bless thee out of Sion: and mayft thou fee the good things of Jerusalem all the days of thy life.

6 And mayst thou see thy childrens children, and peace

upon Ifrael.

PSALM CXXVIII. Heb. CXXIX. Sæpe expugnaverunt.

The church of God is invincible: her persecutors come to nothing.

A gradual canticle.

TANY a time have they fought against me from my youth, let Ifrael now fay.

2 Many a time, have they fought against me from my youth: but they could not

prevail over me.

3 The wicked have wrought upon my back: they have lengthened their iniquity.

4 The Lord who is just will cut the necks of finners: s let them all be confounded and turned back that hate Sion. -

6 Let them be as grass upon the tops of houses: which withereth before it be plucked

up. Wherewith the mower filleth not his hand; nor he that gathereth sheaves, his bofcm.

8 And they that passed by have not faid: The bleffing of the Lord be upon you: we | ful things above me.

have bleffed you in the name of the Lord.

PSALM CXXIX. Heb. CXXX. De profundis.

A prayer of a finner, trufling in the mercies of God. The 6th penitential pfalm.

A gradual canticle. UT of the depths I have cried to thee, O Lord; 2 Lord hear my voice.

Let thy ears be attentive to the voice of my supplication.

3 If thou, O Lord, wile mark iniquities; Lord who shall stand it.

4 For with thee there is merciful forgiveness: and by reason of thy law, I have waited for thee, O Lord.

My foul hath relied on his word. 5 My foul hath hop-

ed in the Lord.

6 From the morning watch even until night, let Ifrael hope in the Lord.

7 Because with the Lord there is mercy; and with him plentiful redemption.

8 And he shall redeem Israel from all his iniquities.

PSALM CXXX. Heb. CXXXI. Domine non est,

The prophet's humility.

A gradual canticle of David. ORD, my heart is not pufft up; nor are my eyes haughty.

Neither have I walked in great matters, nor in wonder-

2 If

z If I was not humbly minded, but exalted my foul;

As a child that is weaned is towards his mother; (a) so reward in my soul.

3 Let Israel hope in the Lord, from henceforth now

and for ever.

PSALM CXXXI. Heb. CXXXII.

Memento Domine.

A prayer for the fulfilling the promise made to David.

A gradual canticle.

LORD, remember
David, and all his meek-

2 How he fwore to the Lord, he vowed a vow to the God of Jacob.

3 If I shall enter into the tabernacle of my house: if I shall go up into the bed wherein I lie.

4 If I shall give sleep to my eyes, or slumber to my eye-lids,

5 Or rest to my temples: until I find out a place for the ord, a tabernacle for the God of Jacob.

6 Behold (a) we have

heard of it in Ephrata; we have found it in the fields of the wood.

7 We will go into his tabernacle: we will adore in the place where his feet stood.

8 Arise, O Lord, into thy resting place: thou and the ark, which thou hast fanctified.

o Let thy priests be clothel with justice: and let thy faints rejoice.

vid's fake, turn not away the face of thy anointed.

truth to David, and he will not make it void: of the fruit of thy womb I will fet upon thy throne.

teep my covenant, and these my testimonies which I shall teach them.

Their children also for evermore shall sit upon thy throne.

13 For the Lord hath chofen Sion: he hath chofen it for his dwelling.

14 This is my rest for ever and ever: here will I dwell for I have chosen it.

Pfalm CXXX. (a) Ver. 2. So reward, &c. The meaning is, that according to his disposition with regard to humility, so he expected a reward in his soul; to return to him, and stick as close to him, as the child just weaned, which would willingly never be separated from the mother.

Psalm CXXXI. (a) Ver. 6. We have heard of it in E-phrata. When I was young, and lived in Bethlehem, otherwise called Ephrata, I heard of God's tabernacle and ark, and had a devout defire of seeking it, and accordingly I found it, at Cariathiarim, the city of the woods: where it was till it was removed to Jerusalem, See I Paralipom, xiii.

3 15 Bleffing

15 Bleffing I will blefs her widow: I will fatisfy her poor with bread.

16 I will cloath her priefts with falvation: and her faints fhall rejoice with exceeding great joy.

17 There will I bring forth a horn to David: I have prepared a lamp for my anointed.

18 His enemies I will cloath with confusion: but upon him shall my fanctification flourish.

PSALM CXXXII. Heb. CXXXIII.

Ecce quam bonum.

The happiness of brotherly love and concord.

A gradual canticle of David. DEHOLD how good and how pleasant it is for brethren to dwell together in unity:

2 It is like the precious ointment on the head, that ran down upon the beard, the beard of Aaron.

Which ran down to the skirt of his garment: 3 as the dew of Hermon, or that which descendeth upon mount Sion.

For there the Lord hath commanded bleffing, and life for evermore.

PSALM CXXXIII. Heb. CXXXIV.

Ecce nunc benedicite.

An exhortation to praise God continually.

A gradual canticle. DEHOLD now bless ye the Lord, all ye fervants of the Lord, et even unto beatt, signis 18

PRINCIPLE AV

Who stand in the house of the Lord, in the courts of the house of our God.

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2 In the nights lift up your hands to the holy places, and bless ye the Lord.

3 May the Lord, out of Sion, bless thee, he that made heaven and earth.

PSALM CXXXIV. Heb. CXXXV. Laudate nomen.

An exbortation to praise God: the vanity of idols.

I Alleluia.

TRAISE ye the name of the Lord: O you bis iervants praise the Lord.

2 You that fland in the house of the Lord, in the courts of the house of our God. History on to size not

3 Praise ye the Lord, for the Lord is good: fing ye to his name, for it is fweet.

4 For the Lord bath chofen Jacob unto himself: Israel for his own policilion.

For I have known that the Lord is great, and our God is above all gods.

6 Whatsoever the Lord pleased he hath done, in heaven, in earth, in the fea, and in all the deeps.

7 He bringeth up clouds from the end of the earth, he hath made lightenings for the

He bringeth forth winds out of his stores. 8 He slew the first-born of Egypt from man

ell emoved to feralalani. See a Paralipone, mit.

o He fent forth figns and wonders in the midst of thee, O Egypt; upon Pharao, and upon all his fervants.

10 He smote many nations,

and flew mighty kings.

morrhites, and Og king of Basan, and all the kingdoms of Chanaan.

12 And gave their land for an inheritance, for an inheritance to his people Ifrael.

13 Thy name, O Lord, is for ever: thy memorial, O Lord, unto all generations.

14 For the Lord will judge his people, and will be intreated in favour of his fervants.

15 The idols of the Gentiles are filver and gold, the works of mens hands.

16 They have a mouth, but they fpeak not: they have eyes, but they fee not.

17 They have ears, but they hear not: neither is there any breath in their mouths.

18 Let them that make them be like to them: and every one that trusteth in them.

19 Bless the Lord, O house of Israel: bless the Lord, O house of Aaron.

20 Bless the Lord, O house of Levi: you that fear the Lord, bless the Lord.

of Sion, who dwelleth in Jerusalem.

PSALM CXXXV. Heb. CXXXVI.
Confitemini Domino. 5.

God is to be praised for his wonderful works.

Alleluia.

PRAISE the Lord, for he is good: for his mercy endureth for ever.

2 Praise ye the God of gods: for his mercy endureth for

ever.

3 Praise ye the Lord of lords: for his mercy endureth for ever.

4 Who alone doth great wonders: for his mercy endureth for ever.

by bis understanding: for his mercy endureth for ever.

6 Who established the earth above the waters: for his mercy endureth for ever.

7. Who made the great lights for his mercy endureth for ever,

8 The fun to rule the day: for his mercy endureth for ever.

g The moon and the flars to rule the night: for his mercy endureth for ever.

10 Who smote Egypt with their first-born: for his mercy endureth for ever.

11 Who brought out Ifrael from among them: for his mercy endureth for ever.

and with a firetched out arm:

for his mercy endureth for

13 Who divided the red fea into parts: for his mercy endureth for ever.

14 And brought out Israel through the midst thereof: for his mercy endureth for ever.

and his hoft in the red sea: for his mercy endureth for

16 Who led his people through the defart: for his mercy endureth for ever.

17 Who smote great kings: for his mercy endureth for

18 And flew strong kings: for his mercy endureth for

19 Sehon king of the Amorrhites: for his mercy en-

dureth for ever.

20 And Og king of Basan:
for his mercy endureth for

21 And he gave their land for an inheritance: for his mercy endureth for ever.

22 For an inheritance to his fervant Israel: for his mercy endureth for ever.

23 For he was mindful of us in our affliction: for his mercy endureth for ever.

from our enemies: for his mercy endureth for ever.

25 Who giveth food to all

flesh: for his mercy endureth for ever.

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of heaven: for his mercy endureth for ever.

27 Give glory to the Lord of lords: for his mercy endureth for ever.

PSALM CXXXVI. Heb. CXXXVII.
Super flumina.

The lamentation of the people of God in their captivity at Babylon.

A pfalm of David, (a) for Jeremias.

UPON the rivers of Babylon, there we fat and wept: when we remembered Sion.

2 On the willows in the midst thereof we hung up our instruments. 3 For there they that led us into captivity required of us the words of songs.

And they that carried us away, faid: Sing ye to us a hymn of the fongs of Sion.

4 How shall we fing the fong of the Lord in a strange land?

5 If I forget thee, O Jerusalem, let my right hand be forgotten.

6 Let my tongue cleave to my jaws, if I do not remember thee.

If I make not Jerusalem the beginning of my joy.

7 Remember, O Lord, the

Pfalm CXXXVI. (a) For Jeremias. For the time of Jeremias, and the captivity of Babylon.

children of Edom, in the day of Jerusalem:

Who say: Rase it, rase it, even to the soundation thereof.

8 O daughter of Babylon miserable: bleffed shall be be who shall repay thee thy payment which thou hast paid us.

9 Blessed he that shall take and (b) dash thy little ones against the rock.

PSALM CXXXVII Heb. CXXXVIII.

Confitebor tibi. 3.

Thanksgiving to God for bis
benefits.

For David himself.

Will praise thee, O Lord, with my whole heart: for thou hast heard the words of my mouth.

I will fing praise to thee in the fight of the Angels: 2 I will worship towards thy holy temple, and I will give glory

For thy mercy, and for thy truth: for thou hast magnified thy holy name above all.

3 In what day foever I shall call upon thee, hear me: thou shalt multiply strength in my foul.

4 May all the kings of the earth give glory to thee: for they have heard all the words of thy mouth.

5 And let them fing in the ways of the Lord: for great is the glory of the Lord.

6 For the Lord is high, and looketh on the low: and (a) the high he knoweth afar off.

7 If I shall walk in the midst of tribulation, thou wilt quicken me: and thou hast stretched forth thy hand against the wrath of my enemies: and thy right hand hath saved me.

8 The Lord will repay for me: thy mercy, O Lord, endureth for ever: O despise not the works of thy hands.

PSALM CXXXVIII. Heb. CXXXIX.

Domine probafti.

God's special providence over bis servants.

1 Unto the end, a pialm of David.

ORD, thou hast proved me, and known me:

z thou hast known my sitting down, and my rising up.

3 Thou haft understood

(b) Ver. 9. Dash thy little ones, &c. In the spiritual sense, we dash the little ones of Babylon against the rock, when we mortify our passions, and stifle the first motions of them, by a speedy recourse to the rock, which is Christ.

Pfalm CXXXVII. (a) Ver. 6. The high, &c. The proud and haughty, who exalt themselves, God knoweth afar off; that is, he despiseth them and setteth them at a distance from him: whilst he stoopeth down, to savour and embrace the low and humble.

my thoughts a far off: my path and my line thou halt fearched out:

4 And thou hast foreseen all my ways: for (a) there is no speech in my tongue.

5 Behold, O Lord, thou hast known all things, the last and those of old: thou hast formed me, and hast laid thy hand upon me.

come wonderful to me: it is high, and I cannot reach to it.

thy Spirit? or whither shall I flee from thy face?

8 If I ascend up into heaven, thou art there: if I descend into hell, thou art there.

of the morning, and dwell in the uttermost parts of the sea:

hand lead me: and thy right hand shall hold me.

darkness shall cover me: and night shall be my light in my pleasures.

12 But darkness shall not be dark to thee, and night shall be light as the day: the darkness thereof, and the light thereof are alike to thee. Pía

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13 For thou haft possessed my reine: thou hast protected me from my mother's womb.

thou art fearfully magnified: wonderful are thy works, and my foul knoweth right well.

15 My bone is not hid from thee, which thou haft made in fecret: and my substance in the lower parts of the earth.

16 Thy eyes did see (b) my impersect being, and in thy book all shall be written: days shall be formed, and no one in them.

O God, are made exceedingly honourable: their principality is exceedingly firengthened.

18 I will number them, and they shall be multiplied above the fand: (c) I rose up and am still with thee.

19 If thou wilt kill the

Pfalm CXXXVIII. (a) Ver. 4. There is no speech, &c. viz, unknown to thee; or when there is no speech in my tongue, yet my whole interior and my most secret thoughts are known to thee.

(b) Ver. 16. My imperfed being, &c. viz. When I was as yet but an embryo, in my mother's womb; and even then in the book of thy knowledge, all the parts and members of my body were exactly fet down; which by succession of days were formed, and brought to perfection; and no one of them but what was fashioned by thee.

(c) Ver. 18. I rose up, &c. I have taken a resolution to rise up from sloth and sleep; and to be still with thee; whose

friends are so honourable and so happy.

wicked,

wicked, O God: ye men of 1 blood depart from me.

20 (d) Because you say in thought: They shall receive thy cities in vain.

21 Lord, have I not hated them that hate thee? and pined away because of thy enemies?

22 I have hated them with a perfect hatred: and they are become enemies to me.

23 Prove me, O God, and know myheart: examine me,

and know my paths.

24 And fee if there be in me the way of iniquity: and lead me in the eternal way. PSALM CXXXIX. Heb. CXL.

Eripe me Domine.

A prayer to be delimered from the wicked.

I Unto the end, a pfalm for David.

DELIVER me, O Lord, from the evil man: refcue me from the unjust man.

3 Who have devised iniquities in their hearts: all the day long they defigned battels.

4 They have sharpened their tongues like a ferpent: the venom of asps is under their lips.

5 Keep me O Lord from the hand of the wicked:

and from unjust men deliver

Who have proposed to supplant my steps; 6 the proud have hid a net for me.

And they have stretched out cords for a inare: they have laid for me a stumblingblock by the way fide.

7 I faid to the Lord: Thou art my God: hear O Lord the voice of my supplication.

8 O Lord, Lord the strength of my falvation: thou haft overshadowed my head in the day of battel.

Give me not up, O Lord, from my defire to the wicked ! they have plotted against me; do not thou forlake me, left they should triumph.

10 The head of their compaffing me about : the labour of their lips shall overwhelm

them.

11 Burning coals shall fall upon them; thou wilt cast them down into the fire: in mileries they shall not be able to stand.

12 A man full of tongue shall not be established in the earth; evils shall catch the unjust man unto destruction.

13 I know that the Lord will do justice to the needy, and will revenge the poor.

14 But as for the just,

<sup>(</sup>d) Ver. 20. Because you say in thought, &c. Depart from me you wicked, who plot against the servants of God, and think to cast them out of the cities of their habitation; as if they had received them in wain, and to no purpose.

they shall give glory to thy name: and the upright shall dwell with thy countenance.

PSALM CXL. Heb. CXLI.

Domine clamavi.

A prayer against sinful words, and deceitful flatterers.

A pfalm of David.

Have cried to thee, O Lord, hear me: hearken to my voice, when I cry to thee.

2 Let my prayer be directed as incense in thy fight; the lifting up of my hands, as evening facrifice.

3-Set a watch, O Lord, before my mouth : and a door

round about my lips.

4 Incline not my heart to

evil words; to make excuses in fins,

With men that work iniquity; and I will not communicate with the choicest of them.

5 The just man shall correct me in mercy, and shall reprove me: but (a) let not the oil of the sinner fatten my head.

(b) For my prayer also shall still be against the things with which they are well pleased: 6 (c) their judges falling upon the rock have been swallowed up.

They shall hear my words, for they have prevailed: 7. (d) as when the thickness of the earth is broken up upon

the ground :

Pfalm CXL. (a) Ver. 5. Let not the oil of the finner, &c.

That is, the flattery, or deceitful praise.

(b) Ibidem. For my prayer, &c. So far from coveting their praises; who are never well pleased but with things that are evil; I shall continually pray to be preserved from such things as they are delighted with.

(c) Ver. 6. Their judges, &c. their rulers, or chiefs quickly vanish and perish, like ships dashed against the rocks, and swallowed up by the waves. Let them then hear my words, for they are powerful and will prevail; or, as it is in

the hebrew, for they are fweet. : hogest a said sourced had

(d) Ver. 7. As when the thickness, &c. If this is to be connected with what goes before; it declares the efficacy of those powerful words capable to break up the thick and hard earth of the hearts of man. But if it is to be connected with the following words our bones are scattered, &c. it means that the malice of our enemies has, as it were, scattered our bones near the confines of death and bell; as the husbandman plowing up or digging the earth, scatters and breaks the clods.

Our bones are scattered by the fide of hell. 8 But to thee O Lord, Lord, are my eyes; In thee have I put my trust, take not away my foul.

9 Keep me from the fnare. which they have laid for me, and from the flumbling blocks of them that work iniquity.

10 The wicked shall fall in his net: (e) I am alone until I pais.

Heb. CXLIT. PSALM CXLI. Voce mea.

A prayer of David in extremity of danger.

Of understanding for David A prayer when he was in the cave. 1 Kings xxIV.

2 T Cried to the Lord with my voice : with my voice I made fupplication to the Lord.

3 In his fight I pour out my prayer, and before him I declare my trouble.

4 When my spirit failed me, then thou knewest my

In this way wherein I walked, they have hid a fnare for me.

5 I looked on my right hand, and beheld; and there was no one that would know me.

Flight hath perished from me: and there is no one that hath regard to my foul.

6 I cried to thee, O Lord; I faid: Thou art my hope. my portion in the land of the living:

7 Attend to my supplication: for I am brought very low:

Deliver me from my perfecutors; for they are stronger than I.

8 Bring my foul out of prison, that I may praise thy name: the just wait for me, until thou reward me:

PSALM CKLII. Heb. CKLIII. Domine exaudi. 2.

The pfalmist in tribulation calleth upon God fon bis delivery. The seventh penitential pfalm.

I A pfalm of David, when his fon Absalom pursued him. Z Kings XVIII.

TEAR, O Lord, my prayer : give ear to my supplication in thy truth : hear me in thy justice.

2 And enter not into judgment with thy fervant : for in thy fight no man living shall be justified.

2 For the enemy hath perfeeuted my foul : he hath brought down my life to the earth.

He hath made me to dwell in darkness, as those that have been dead of old: 4 and my spirit is in anguish within

<sup>(</sup>e) Ver. 10. I am alone, &c. fingularly protected by the Almighty, until I pass all their nets and snares.

me: my heart within me is

old, I meditated on all thy works: I mused upon the works of thy hands.

6 I firetched forth my hands to thee: my foul is as earth without water unto thee.

7 Hear me speedily, O Lord: my spirit hath fainted away.

Turn not away thy face from me, lest I be like unto them that go down into the pit.

8 Cause me to hear thy mercy in the morning; for in thee have I hoped.

Make the way known to me, wherein I should walk: for I have lifted up my soul to thee.

o Deliver me from my enemies, O Lord, to thee have I fled: 10 teach me to do thy will, for thou art my God.

Thy good spirit shall lead me into the right land: for thy name's sake, O Lord, thou wilt quicken me, in thy justice,

Thou wilt bring my foul out of trouble: 12 and in thy mercy thou wilt destroy my enemies.

And thou wilt cut off all them that afflict my foul: for I am thy fervant.

PSALMCXDIII. Heb. CXLIV. Benedictus Dominus.

The prophet praiseth God, and prayeth to be delivered from bis enemies. No worldly hap-

piness is to be compared with that of serving God.

th

A pfalm of David against Goliath.

BLESSED be the Lord my God, who teacheth my hands to fight, and my fingers to war.

2 My mercy, and my refuge: my support, and my

deliverer.

My protector, and I have hoped in him; who subdueth my people under me.

3 Lord, what is man, that thou art made known to him? or the fon of man that thou makest account of him?

4 Man is like to vanity: his days pass away like a shadow.

5 Lord, bow thy heavens and come down: touch the mountains, and they shall smoke.

6 Send forth lightning, and thou shalt scatter them: shoot out thy arrows, and thou shalt trouble them.

7 Put forth thy hand from on high, take me out, and deliver me from many waters: from the hand of strange children:

8. Whose mouth hath spoken vanity: and their right hand is the right hand of ini-

quity.

9 To thee, O God, I will fing a new canticle: on the pfaltery and an instrument of ten strings I will sing praises to thee.

10 Who givest salvation to kings t

kings: who hast redeemed thy servant David from the malicious sword: 11 deliver me,

And rescue me out of the hand of strange children; whose mouth hath spoken vanity: and their right hand is the right hand of iniquity.

12 Whose sons are as new

plants in their youth:

Their daughters decked out, adorned round about after the fimilitude of a temple:

13 Their storehouses full, slowing out of this into that.

Their sheep fruitful in young, abounding in their goings forth: 14 their oxen fat.

There is no breach of wall, nor passage, nor crying out

in their streets.

15 They have called the people happy, that hath these things: but happy is that people whose God is the Lord.

PSALM CXLIV. Heb. CXLV.

Exaltabo te Deus.

A plalm of praise, to the infinite majesty of God.

Praise, for David himself.

Will extol thee, O God, my king: and I will blefs thy name for ever, yea for ever and ever,

2 Every day will I bless thee: and I will praise thy name for ever, yea for ever

and ever.

3 Great is the Lord, and greatly to be praifed: and of his greatness there is no end.

4 Generation and generation thall praise thy works: and they shall declare thy power.

5 They shall speak of the magnificence of the glory of thy holiness; and shall tell thy wondrous works.

6 And they shall speak of the might of thy terrible acts: and shall declare thy greatness.

7 They shall publish the memory of the abundance of thy sweetness: and shall rejoice in thy justice.

8 The Lord is gracious and merciful: patient and plente-

ous in mercy.

o The Lord is sweet to all: and his tender mercies are over all his works.

10 Let all thy works, O Lord, praise thee : and let thy

faints bless thee.

11 They shall speak of the glory of thy kingdom: and shall tell of thy power.

12 To make thy might known to the fons of men: and the glory of the magnificence of thy kingdom.

dom of all ages: and thy dominion endureth throughout

all generations.

The Lord is faithful in all his words: and holy in all his works.

14 The Lord lifteth up all that fall: and fetteth up all that are cast down.

is The eyes of all hope in thee, O Lord: and thou givest them meat in due season.

R 2 16 Thou

and fillest with thy bleshing every living creature.

his ways; and holy in all his

works.

18 The Lord is nigh unto all them that call upon him; to all that call upon him in truth.

19 He will do the will of them that fear him: and he will hear their prayer, and fave them.

them that love him: but all the wicked he will deftroy.

the praise of the Lord: and let all flesh bless his holy name for ever, yea for ever and ever.

PSALM CXLV. Heb. CXLVI.
Lauda anima.

We are not to trust in men, but in God alone.

Alleluia of Aggeus and Zacharias.

PRAISE the Lord, O my foul, in my life I will praife the Lord: I will fing to my God as long as I shall be.

Put not your trust in princes: 3 in the children of men, in whom there is no falvation.

4 His spirit shall go forth, and he shall return into his earth: in that day all their thoughts shall perish.

the God of Jacob for his helper, whose hope is in the

Lord his God: 6 who made heaven and earth, the sea, and all things that are in them.

7 Who keepeth truth for ever; who executeth judgment for them that suffer wrong; who giveth food to the hungry.

The Lord loofeth them that are fettered: 8 the Lord enlighteneth the blind,

The Lord lifteth up them that are cast down; the Lord

loveth the just.

of The Lord keepeth the flrangers: he will support the fatherless and the widow; and the ways of sinners he will destroy,

for ever thy God, O Sion, unto generation and generation.

PSALM CXLVI. Heb. CXLVII.

Laudate Dominum, 2.

An exportation to praise God
for his benefits.

Alleluia.

PRAISE ye the Lord, for it is good to fing to bim a plalm: to our God be joyful and comely praise.

Jerusalem: he will gather to-

3 Who healeth the broken of heart, and bindeth up their bruifes.

ber of the stars: and calleth

great is his power: and of his wisdom

wisdom there is no number.

6 The Lord lifteth up the meek; and bringeth the wicked down even to the ground.

7 Sing ye to the Lord with praise: fing to our God upon

the harp. Maroll States

8 Who covereth the heaven with clouds: and prepareth rain for the earth.

Who maketh grass to grow on the mountains, and herbs for the service of men.

9 Who giveth to beafts their food: and to the young ravens that call upon him.

the strength of the horse; nor take pleasure in the legs of a man.

11 The Lord taketh pleafure in them that fear him; and in them that hope in his mercy.

PSALM CXLVII.

Heb. a continuation of the fore-

Lauda Jerusalem.

The church is called upon to praise God, for his peculiar graces and favours to his people.

Alleluia.

PRAISE the Lord,
O Jerusalem: praise
thy God O Sion.

13 Because he hath strengthned the bolts of thy gates; he hath blessed thy children within thee.

14 Who hath placed peace in thy borders; and filleth thee with the fat of corn.

15 Who fendeth forth his fpeech to the earth: his word runneth fwiftly.

16 Who giveth fnow (a) like wool: scattereth mists like ashes.

17 He fendeth (b) his ice like morfels: who shall stand before his cold?

18 He shall send out his word, and shall melt them: his wind shall blow, and the waters shall run.

19 Who declareth his word to Jacob: his justices and his

judgments to Ifrael.

20 He hath not done in like manner to every nation: and his judgments he hath not made manifest to them. Alleluia.

PSLM CXLVIII.

Laudate Dominum de cælis.

All creatures are invited to

praise their creator.

Pfalm. CXLVII. (a) Ver. 16. Like wool. Because it is white, and light, and covereth the earth, as with a sleece, which keeps it warm, and makes it fruitful. On which account also, in the following words, miss (or, as it is in the Hebrew, boar frosts) are compared to ashes, which give a fruitfulness to the ground.

(b) Ver. 17. His ice, literally his cryfial: Some underfland it of bail, which is as it were ice, divided into bits or mor-

Alle U.S.

fels.

PSALM

Alleluia.

RAISE we the Lord from the heavens: praise ye him in the high places.

2 Praife ye him all his Angels: praise ye him all his hofts.

3 Praise ye him O sun and moon: praise him all ye stars

and light.

4 Praise him ye heavens of heavens; and let all the waters that are above the heavens, praise the name of अन्य वर्ष सि चेत्र the Lord.

For he spoke, and they were made; he commanded, and they were created.

6 He hath established them for ever, and for ages of ages: he hath made a decree, and it shall not pass away.

7 Praise the Lord from the earth, ye dragons, and all

ye deeps.

8 Fire, hail, fnow, ice, formy winds, which fulfil his word. neither years of teaching

Mountains and all hills, fruitful trees and all cedars.

10 Beafts and all cattle ; ferpents and feathered fowls.

11 Kings of the earth, and all people; princes and all indges of the earth.

12 Young men and maidens: let the old with the younger, praise the name of the Lord: 13 for his name alone is exalted.

14 The praise of him is above heaven and earth; and he hath exalted the horn of

his people.

A hymn to all his faints: to the children of Ifrael, a people approaching to him. AlleCh

### PSALM CXLIX.

Cantate Doming. 3.

The church is particularly bound to praise God.

Alleluia.

CING ye to the Lord a new canticle: let his praise be in the church of the faints.

z Let Ifrael rejoice in him that made him; and let the children of Sion be joyful in their king.

3 Let them praise his name in choir : let them fing to him with the timbrel and the pial-

teny. Man tentant

4 For the Lord is well pleased with his people: and he will exalt the meek unto falvation,

5 The faints shall rejoice in glory: they shall be joyful in their beds.

6 The high praises of God shall be in their mouth: and two edged fwords in their db. come. hands:

7 To execute vengeance upon the nations, chaftifements among the people:

8 To bind their kings with fetters, and their nobles with

manacles of iron.

9 To execute upon them the judgment that is written: this glory is to all his faints. Alleluia.

PSALM

PSALM CL.

Laudate Dominum in fanctis.

An exhortation to praise God with all sorts of instruments.

Alleluia.

PRAISE ye the Lord in his holy places: praise ye him in the firmament of his power.

2 Praise ye him for his

mighty acts: praise we him according to the multitude of his greatness.

of trumpet: praise him with found of trumpet: praise him with plattery and harp.

A Praise him with timbrel and choir: praise him with

ftrings and organs.

cymbals: praife him on cymbals of joy: Let every spirit praife the Lord. Alleluia.

# The Book of (a) PROVERBS.

# Adopte aven to a CHAP. of our awab it lang out

The use and end of the proverbs. An exhortation to flee the company of the wicked; and to hearken to the woice of wildom.

HE parables of Sotomon, the fon of David, king of Hrael.

2 To know wildom, and

3 To understand the words of prudence: and to receive the instruction of doctrine, justice, and judgment, and equity:

4 To give fubrilty to little

52 100

ones, to the young man knowledge and understanding.

5 A wife man shall hear and shall be wifer: and he that understandeth, shall posfess governments.

6 He shall understand a parable, and the interpretation, the words of the wise, and their mysterious sayings.

7 The fear of the Lord is the beginning of wildow

(a) Proverbs. This book is so called, because it consists of wise and weighty sentences; regulating the morals of men; and directing them to wisdom and virtue. And these sentences are also called parables, because great truths are often couched in them under certain figures and similardes.

Fools

Fools despise wisdom and instruction

8 My fon, hear the inftruction of thy father, and forfake not the law of thy mother:

of That grace may be added to thy head, and a chain of gold to thy neck.

no My fon, if finners shall entice thee, consent not to

them.

with us, let us lie in wait for blood, let us hide fnares for the innocent without cause:

alive like hell, and whole as one that goeth down into the pit.

13 We shall find all precious substance, we shall fill our houses with spoils.

14 Cast in thy lot with us, let us all have one purse.

15 My fon, walk not thou with them, restrain thy foot from their paths.

16 For their feet run to evil, and make haste to shed

blood.

vain before the eyes of them

that have wings.

18 And they themselves he in wait for their own blood, and practise deceits against their own souls.

overous man delitroy the fouls of the possessions.

20 Wisdom preacheth abroad, she uttereth her voice in the streets: 21 At the head of multitudes the crieth out, in the entrance of the gates of the city the uttereth her words, faying: Cha

little

the

dest

me

and

Wil

22 O children, how long will you love childishness, and fools covet those things, which are hurtful to themselves, and the unwise hate knowledge?

23 Turn ye at my reproof: behold I will utter my spirit to you, and will shew you my

words.

24 Because I called, and you refused: I stretched out my hand, and there was none that regarded.

25 You have despised all my counsel, and have neglected

my reprehensions.

26 I also will laugh in your destruction, and will mock, when that shall come to you, which you feared.

27 When sudden calamity shall fall on you, and destruction, as a tempest, shall be at hand: when tribulation and distress shall come upon you:

28 Then shall they call upon me, and I will not hear: they shall rife in the morning, and shall not find me:

29 Because they have hated instruction, and received not the fear of the Lord,

30 Nor consented to my counsel, but despised all my

reproof.

31 Therefore they shall eat the fruit of their own way, and shall be filled with their own devices,

32 The

32 The turning away of little ones shall kill them, and the prosperity of fools shall destroy them.

33 But he that fhall hear me, shall rest without terror, and shall enjoy abundance,

without fear of evils.

### CHAP. H

The advantages of wisdom: and the evils from which it delivers.

M Y fon, if thou wilt rewilt hide my commandments with thee, a bugd origin red

2 That thy car may hearken to wisdom in incline thy heart to know prudence.

3 For if thou shalt call for wisdom, and incline thy heart to prudence:

4 If thou shalt feek her as money, and shalt dig for her as for a treasure: on I o

5 Then shalt thou understand the fear of the Lord, and shalt find the knowledge of God:

6 Because the Lord giveth wifdom; and out of his mouth cometh prudence and know-

7 He will keep the falvaprotect them that walk in implicity in this think was st

8 Keeping the paths of julvice, and guarding the ways of faints with the virtusbines

9 Then shalt thou underfland juffice, and judgment,

and equity, and every good path. it would write mould be

10 If wisdom shall enter into thy heart, and knowledge

please thy foul:

11 Counsel shall keep thee, and prudence shall preserve thee, dans bare and

12 That thou mayft be delivered from the evil way, and from the man, that speaketh perverfe things:

13 Who leave the right way, and walk by dark ways:

14 Who are glad when they have done evil, and rejoice in most wicked things:

My Whole ways are perverfe, and their steps infa-

16 That thou mayit be delivered from the strange woman, and from the ftranger, who fofteneth her words,

17 And forfaketh the guide

of her youth,

48 And hath forgotten the covenant of her God. For her house inclineth unto death. and her paths to hell.

10 None that go in unto her, shall return again, neither shall they take hold of the

20 That thou mayft walk in a good way : and mayft keep the paths of the just.

21 For they that are upright, shall dwell in the earth. and the simple shall continue controlled of the Lord Siend

22 But the wicked shalldie destroyed from the senthe

and

and they that do unjustly shall be taken away from it.

### CHAP. III.

An exhortation to the practice of vertue.

MY fon, forget not my law, and let thy heart keep my commandments.

thee length of days, and years

of life, and peace.

3 Let not mercy and truth leave thee, put them about thy neck, and write them in the tables of thy heart:

4 And thou shalt find grace, and good understanding before

God and men.

- 6 Have confidence in the Lord with all thy heart, and lean not upon thy own prudence.
- 6 In all thy ways think on him, and he will direct thy steps.

7 Be not wife in thy own conceit: fear God, and depart from evil:

8 For it shall be health to

thy navel, and moistening to

Parts.

thy bones.

9 Honour the Lord with thy substance, and give him of the first of all thy fruits:

- filled with abundance, and thy presses shall run over with wine.
- correction of the Lord: and do not faint when theu art chaftifed by him:

loveth, he chassifeth: and as a father in the fon he pleaseth himself.

13 Happy is the man that findeth wildom, and is rich

in prudence:

14 The purchasing thereof is better than the merchandise of silver, and her fruit than the chiefest and purest gold:

then all riches: and all the things that are defired, are not to be compared with her.

16 Length of days is in her right hand, and in her left hand riches and glory.

17 Her ways are beautiful ways, and all her paths are

peaceable.

- 18 She is a tree of life to them that lay hold on her: and he that shall retain her is blessed.
- 19 The Lord by wisdom hath founded the earth, hath established the heavens by prudence.
- 20 By his wisdom the depths have broken out, and the clouds grow thick with dew.

21 My fon, let not these things depart from thy eyes: keep the law and counsel:

22 And there shall be life to thy soul, and grace to thy mouth.

23 Then shalt thou walk considertly in thy way, and thy foot shall not stumble:

24 If thou sleep, thou shalt

thy fleep shall be fweet.

25 Be not afraid of fudden fear, nor of the power of the wicked falling upon thee.

26 For the Lord will be at thy fide, and will keep thy foot that thou be not taken.

27 Do not withhold him from doing good, who is able: if thou art able, do good thy felf alfo.

28 Say not to thy friend : Go, and come again; and to morrow I will give to thee: when thou canst give at prefent.

29 Practife not evil against thy friend, when he hath confidence in thee.

30 Strive not against a man without cause, when he hath done thee no evil.

31 Envy not the unjust man, and do not follow his ways:

32 For every mocker is an abomination to the Lord, and his communication is with the fimple.

33 Want is from the Lord in the house of the wicked: but the habitations of the just shall be bleffed.

34 He shall fcorn the fcorners, and to the meek he will give grace.

35 The wife shall possess glory: the promotion of fools is difgrace.

CHAP. IV. A further exhartation to seek after wildom.

not fear: thou shaltrest, and | TTEAR, ye children, the instruction of a father and attend that you may know prudence. 1 100 il avest dans

2 I will give you a good gift, forfake not my law.

3 For I also was my father's fon, tender and as an only fon in the fight of my mother;

4 And he taught me, and faid: Let thy heart receive my words, keep my commandments, and thou shalt, live.

Get wisdom, get prudence: forget not, neither decline from the words of my mouth.

6 Forfake her not, and the shall keep thee ! love her, and the shall preferve thee.

7 The beginning of wifdom, get wifdom, and with all thy possession purchase prudence :

8 Take hold on her, and the shall exalt thee; thou shalt be glorified by her, when thou shalt embrace her.

9 She shall give to thy head increase of graces, and protect thee with a noble crown.

10 Hear, O my fon, and receive my words, that years of life may be multiplied to thee.

II I will shew thee the way of wildom, I will lead thee by the paths of equity:

12 Which when thou shalt have entered, thy steps shall not be straitened, and when thou

th

thou runnest thou shalt not meet a flumbling block.

v3 Take hold on instruction, leave it not : keep it,

because it is thy life

14 Be not delighted in the paths of the wicked, neither let the way of evil men pleafe thee in them you to step out it

15 Flee from it, pass not by it : go afide, and forfake it:

16 For they fleop not except they have done evil; and their sleep is taken away unless they have made some to falls that and the fall that

17 They eat the bread of wickedness, and drink the

wine of iniquity.

18 But the path of the just, as a shining light, goeth forwards and increaseth even to perfect day.

19 The way of the wicked is darkfom: they know not

where they fall.

20 My fon, hearken to my words, and incline thy ear to my fayings.

21 Let them not depart from thy eyes, keep them in the midft of thy heart :

22 For they are life to those that find them, and health to all flesh.

23 With all watchfulness keep thy heart, because life iffueth out from it.

24 Remove from thee a froward mouth, and let detracting lips be far from thee.

Park

25 Let thy eyes look firaight

on, and let thy eye-lids go before thy fleps.

26 Make firaight the path for thy feet, and all thy ways

shall be established

27 Decline not to the right hand, nor to the left: turn away thy foot from evil. For the Lord knoweth the ways that are on the right hand: but those are perverse which are on the left hand. But he will make thy courses straight, he will bring forward thy ways in peace.

# CHAP. V.

An exportation to fly unlanvful luft, and the occasions

TY fon attend to my wildom, and incline thy ear to my-prudence.

2 That thou mayft keep thoughts, and thy lips may preserve instruction Mind not the deceit of a woman.

3 For the lips of a harlot are like a honey-comb dropping, and her throat is smoother than oil.

4 But her end is bitter as wormwood, and tharp as a two-edged fword.

5 Her feet go down into death, and her steps go in as

far as hell.

6 They walk not by the path of life, her fleps are wandering, and unaccountable.

7 Now therefore my fon hear me, and depare not from CONTRACTOR SECTION

the words of my mouth.

g Remove thy way far from her, and come not nigh the doors of her house.

9 Give not thy honour to ftrangers, and thy years to the

cruel.

no Left strangers be filled with thy strength, and thy labours be in another man's house,

last, when thou mourn at the last, when thou shalt have spent thy slesh and thy body,

and fay:

12 Why have I hated infruction, and my heart con-

fented not to reproof,

13 And have not heard the voice of them that taught me, and have not inclined my ear to my mafters?

14 I have almost been in all evil, in the midst of the church and of the congrega-

tion.

Drink water out of thy own ciftern, and the ftreams of thy own well:

16 Let thy fountains be conveyed abroad, and in the streets divide thy waters.

17 Keep them to thyself alone, neither let strangers be

partakers with thee.

18 Let thy vein be bleffed, and rejoice with the wife of

thy youth:

hind, and most agreeable fawn: let her breasts inebriate thee at all times, be thou delighted continually with her love. zo Why art thou feduced, my fon, by a strange woman, and art cherished in the bosom of another.?

zi The Lord beholdeth

eth all his steps.

22 His own iniquities catch the wicked, and he is fast bound with the ropes of his own fins.

23 He shall die, because he hath not received instruction, and in the multitude of his folly he shall be deceived,

### CHAP. VI.

Documents on feveral beads.

M Y fon, if thou be furety for thy friend, thou hast engaged fast thy hand to a stranger,

2 Thou art ensured with the words of thy mouth, and caught with thy own words.

3 Do therefore, my fon, what I fay, and deliver thy-felf: because thou art fallen into the hand of thy neighbour. Run about, make haste, stir up thy friend:

4 Give not fleep to thy eye-lids

flumber.

5 Deliver thyself as a doe from the hand, and as a bird from the hand of the fowler.

6 Go to the ant, O fluggard, and confider her ways,

and learn wisdom:

7 Which, although the lat's no guide, nor master, nor captain,

8 Provideth her meat for herself in the summer, and gathereth her food in the harveft.

9 How long wilt thou fleep, O fluggard? when wilt thou

rife out of thy fleep?

10 Thou wilt sleep a little, thou wilt flumber a little, thou wilt fold thy hands a little to

fleep:

II And want shall come upon thee, as a traveller, and poverty as a man armed. But if thou be diligent, thy harvest shall come as a fountain, and want shall flee far from thee.

12 A man that is an apostate, an unprofitable man walketh with a perverse

mouth.

13 He winketh with the eyes, presseth with the foot, speaketh with the finger,

14 With a wicked heart he deviseth evil, and at all times he foweth discord.

15 To such a one his destruction shall presently come, and he shall fuddenly be destroyed, and shall no longer have any remedy.

16 Six things there are, which the Lord hateth, and the seventh his foul detesteth:

17 Haughty eyes, a lying tongue, and hands that shed innocent blood.

18 A heart that deviseth wicked plots, feet that are fwift to run into mischief,

TOTAL SECTION THE COLUMN OF

C Providence

19 A deceitful witness that uttereth lies, and him that foweth discord among brethren,

20 My fon, keep the commandments of thy father, and forfake not the law of thy mother.

21 Bind them in thy heart continually, and put them

about thy neck.

22 When thou walkest, let them go with thee; when thou fleepest, let them keep thee, and when thou awakest talk with them.

23 Because the command. ment is a lamp, and the law a light, and reproofs of instruction are the way of

life:

24 That they may keep thee from the evil woman, and from the flattering tongue of the stranger.

25 Let not thy heart covet her beauty, be not caught

with her winks:

26 For the price of a harlot is scarce one loaf: but the woman catcheth the precious foul of a man.

27 Can a man hide fire in his bosom, and his garments

not burn?

28 Or can he walk upon hot coals, and his feet not be

burnt?

tagram,

29 So he that goeth in to his neighbour's wife, shall not be clean when he shall touch her.

could all war for love.

lexisted 30 (a) The

30 (a) The fault is not so great when a man hath stolen: for he stealeth to fill his hungry soul:

31 And if he be taken he shall restore sevenfold, and shall give up all the substance of

his house.

32 But he that is an adulterer, for the folly of his heart shall destroy his own foul:

33 He gathereth to himfelf fhame and dishonour, and his reproach shall not be blotted out.

34 Because the jealousy and rage of the husband will not spare in the day of revenge,

35 Nor will he yield to any man's prayers, nor will he accept for fatisfaction ever

fo many gifts!

## CHAP. VII.

The love of wisdom is the best preservative from being led astray by temptation.

M Y fon, keep my words, and lay up my precepts with thee. Son,

and thou shalt live: and my law as the apple of thy eye:

3 Bind it upon thy fingers, write it upon the tables of thy heart.

4 Say to wisdom: Thou art my fifter: and call prudence

thy friend,

5 That she may keep thee from the woman that is not thine, and from the stranger who sweetneth her words.

6 For I looked out of the window of my house through

the lattice,

7 And I fee little ones, I behold a foolish young man,

8 Who passeth through the street by the corner, and goeth nigh the way of her house,

grows late, in the darkness and obscurity of the night,

neeteth him in harlot's attire, prepared to deceive fouls: talkative and wandering,

11 Not bearing to be quiet, not able to abide still at home,

12 Now abroad, now in the streets, now lying in wait near the corners.

man, the kiffeth him, and with an impudent face flattereth, faying:

Chap. VI. (a) Ver. 30. The fault it not so great, &c. The sin of thest is not so great, as to be compared with adultery: especially when a person pressed with hunger (which is the case here spoken of) steals to satisfy nature. Moreover the damage done by thest may much more easily be repaired, than the wrong done by adultery. But this does not hinder but that thest also is a mortal sin, forbidden by one of the ten commandments.

14 I vowed victims for prosperity, this day I have

paid my vows.

15 Therefore I am come out to meet thee, defirous to fee thee, and I have found thee.

16 I have woven my bed with cords, I have covered it with painted tapeftry, brought from Egypt.

17 I have perfumed my bed with myrrh, aloes, and

cinnamon.

18 Come let us be inebriated with the breafts, and let us enjoy the defired embraces, till the day appear.

19 For my husband is not at home, he is gone a very

long journey.

bag of money: he will return home the day of the full moon.

21 She intangled him with many words, and drew him away with the flattery of her

lips.

1 -5 8

22 Immediately he followeth her as an ox led to be a victim, and as a lamb playing the wanton, and not knowing that he is drawn like a fool to bonds,

23 Till the arrow pierce his liver: as if a bird should make haste to the snare, and knoweth not that his life is in danger.

24 Now therefore, my fon, hear me, and attend to the

words of my mouth.

25 Let not thy mind be drawn away in her ways: neither be thou deceived with her paths.

26 For the hath cast down many wounded, and the strongest have been slain by

her.

27 Her house is the way to hell, reaching even to the inner chambers of death.

CHAP. VIII.
The preaching of wisdom. Her
excellence.

OTH not wisdom cry aloud, and prudence put forth her voice?

2 Standing in the top of the highest places by the way, in the midst of the paths,

3 Befide the gates of the city, in the very doors she

speaketh, saying:

4 O ye men, to you I call, and my voice is to the fons of men.

5 O little ones, understand subtilty, and ye unwise, take notice.

6 Hear, for I will speak of great things: and my lips shall be opened to preach right things.

7 My mouth shall meditate truth, and my lips shall

hate wickedness.

8 All my words are just, there is nothing wicked, nor perverse in them.

o They are right to them that understand, and just to them that find knowledge.

10 Receive my instruction,

and not money : choose knowledge rather than gold.

11 For wisdom is better than all the most precious things : and whatfoever may be defired cannot be compared to it.

12 I wisdom dwell in counsel, and am present in

learned thoughts.

13 The fear of the Lord hateth evil: I hate arrogance, and pride, and every wicked way, and a mouth with a double tongue.

14 Counfel and equity is mine, prudence is mine,

strength is mine.

15 By me kings reign, and lawgivers decree just things.

16 By me princes rule, and the mighty decree justice.

17 I love them that love me: and they that in the morning early watch for me, shall find me.

18 With me are riches, and glory, glorious riches and juffice. In old all the allowers to

Hadi

19 For my fruit is better than gold, and the precious stone, and my blossoms than choice filver.

20 I walk in the way of justice, in the midst of the paths of judgment,

21 That I may enrich them that love me, and may fill their treasures.

= 22 The Lord po Teffed me in the beginning of his ways, before he made any thing from the beginning. ......

23 I was fet up from eter-

nity, and of old before the earth was made.

24 The depths were not as yet, and I was already conceived, neither had the fountains of waters as yet sprung out :

25 The mountains with their huge bulk had not as yet been established: before the hills I was brought forth:

26 He had not yet made the earth, nor the rivers, nor the poles of the world.

27 When he prepared the heavens, I was there: when with a certain law, and compass he enclosed the depths:

28 When he established the fky above, and poifed the foun-

tains of waters:

20 When he compassed the fea with its bounds, and fet a law to the waters that they should not pass their limits: when he balanced the foundations of the earth.

30 I was with him forming all things : and was delighted every day, playing before him at all times,

1 31 Playing in the world: and my delight is to be with the children of men.

32 Now therefore, ye children, hear me : bleffed are they that keep my ways.

33 Hear instruction and be wife, and refuse it not.

34 Bleffed is the man that heareth me, and that watcheth daily at my gates, and waiteth at the posts of mydoors.

35 He that shall find me, shall find life, and shall have falvation from the Lord;

36 But he that shall fin against me, shall hurt his own foul. All that hate me love death.

#### CHAP. IX.

Wildom invites all to ber feaft. Folly calls another way.

7 ISDOM hath built herfelf a house, she hath hewed her out feven pil-

2 She hath flain her victims, mingled her wine, and let forth her table.

2 She hath fent her maids to invite to the tower, and to the walls of the city:

4 Whosoever is a little one, let him come to me. And to the unwife the faid:

Come, eat my bread, and drink the wine which I have mingled for you.

6 Forfake childifhness, and live, and walk by the ways

of prudence.

7 He that teacheth a fcorner doth an injury to himself; and he that rebuketh a wicked man, getteth himself a blot."

8 Rebuke not a scorner lest he hate thee. Rebuke a wife man, and he will love thee:

o Give an occasion to a wife man, and wifdom shall be added to him. Teach a just man, and he shall make haste to receive it.

10 The fear of the Lord is the beginning of wifdom:

and the knowledge of the holy is prudence. This today of be

II For by me shall thy days be multiplied, and years of life shall be added to thee.

12 If thou be wife, thou shalt be so to thyself: and if a fcorner, thou alone shalt bear et d'acont benuie the evil.

13 A foolish woman and clamorous, and full of allurements, and knowing nothing at all a live thund a bus tran

14 Sat at the door of her house, upon a feat, in a high place of the city.

15 To call them that pass by the way, and go on their

journey : Tal backs and and

16 He that is a little one, let him turn to me. And to the fool fhe faid :

17 Stolen waters are fweeter, and hidden bread is more Chaile bad dieni

pleafant.

18 And he did not know that giants are there, and that her guetts are in the depths of hell.

## The parables of Solomon.

### CHAP.

In the twenty following chapters are contained many wife fayings, and axioms, relating to wisdom and folly, vertue and vice.

Wife fon maketh the father glad : but a fool h ion is the forrow of his mother. squienised on most

2 Treasures of wickedness

shall profit nothing; but justice shall deliver from death.

the foul of the just with famine, and he will disappoint the deceitful practices of the wicked.

4 The flothful hand hath wrought poverty: but the hand of the industrious get-

teth riches a solder ad I d

He that trusteth to lyes feedeth the winds: and the same runneth after birds, that sly away.

5 He that gathereth in the harvest, is a wife fon: but he that sporteth in the summer, is the fon of confusion.

is upon the head of the just; but iniquity covereth the mouth of the wicked.

7 The memory of the just is with praises : and the name of the wicked shall rot.

8 The wife of heart receivesth precepts; a fool is beaten

with lips.

ly, walketh confidently; but he that perverteth his ways, shall be manifest.

the eye shall cause forrow: and the foolish in lips shall be beaten.

is a vein of life; and the mouth of the wicked covereth iniquity.

12 Hatred firreth up

firifes: and charity covereth

13 In the lips of the wife is wifdom found: and a rod on the back of him that wanteth fense.

14 Wife men lay up knowledge: but the mouth of the fool is next to confusion.

man, is the city of his strength: the fear of the poor is their poverty.

is unto life: but the fruit of

the wicked unto fin.

17 The way of life to him that observeth correction: but he that for laketh reproofs goeth aftray.

he that uttereth reproach is

foolish.

19 In the multitude of words there shall not want fin : but he that refraineth his lips is most wife.

is as choice filver: but the heart of the wicked is nothing worth.

21 The lips of the just teach many: but they that are ignorant, shall die in the want of understanding.

maketh men rich : neither shall-affliction be joined to

them. it is bin a stant of

23 A fool worketh mischief as it were for sport: but wisdom is prudence to a man.

24 That which the wicked feareth,

feareth, shall come upon him: to the just their defire shall be given. To tend some upon him:

eth, so the wicked shall be no more: but the just is as an everlasting foundation.

26 As vinegar to the teeth, and smoke to the eyes, so is the sluggard to them that

fent him.

fhall prolong days: and the years of the wicked shall be shortened.

28 The expectation of the just is joy: but the hope of the wicked shall perish.

right is the way of the Lord: and fear to them that work

30 The just shall never be moved: but the wicked shall not dwell on the earth.

fhall bring forth wisdom: the tongue of the perverse shall perish.

32 The lips of the just confider what is acceptable: and the mouth of the wicked uttereth perverse things:

CHAP.XI.

A Deceitful balance is an abomination before the Lord: and a just weight is his will.

2 Where pride is, there alfo shall be reproach: but where humility is, there also is wisdom.

The simplicity of the just

fhall guide them; and the deceitfulness of the wicked fhall destroy them.

4 Riches shall not profit in the day of revenge: but justice shall deliver from death.

5 The justice of the upright shall make his way prosperous: and the wicked man shall fall by his own wickedness.

6 The justice of the righteous shall deliver them: and the unjust shall be caught in their own snares.

7 When the wicked man is dead, there shall be no hope any more: and the expectation of the careful shall perish,

8 The just is delivered out of distress: and the wicked shall be given up for him.

o The diffembler with his mouth deceiveth his friend; but the just shall be delivered by knowledge.

with the just the city shall rejoice; and when the wicked perish there shall be praise.

just the city shall be exalted: and by the mouth of the wicked it shall be overthrown.

friend, is mean of heart: but the wife man will hold his peace.

ceitfully, revealeth fecrets: but he that is faithful, concealeth the thing committed to him by his friend.

14 Where

vernor, the people shall fall : but there is fafety where there is much counfel.

15 He shall be afflicted with evil, that is furety for a stranger a but he that is aware of the foares, shall be feforce inflicer bot he thegrup.

16 A gracious woman hall find glory : and the firong shall have rickes.

17 A merciful man doth good to his own foul sobut he that is cruel casteth off even his own kindred.

18 The wicked makethan unfieldy work : but to shim that foweth justice, there is a faithful reward.

10 Clemency prepareth life : and the purfiting of evil things death. To sishings sint

20 A perverse heart is abominable to the Lord; and his will is in them that walk fincerely. The west and to work our

- La Hand in hand the evil man shall not be innocent: but the feed of the just shall be faved.

1 22 A golden ring in a sfwine's fnout, a woman fair and foolith.

23 The defire of the just is all good : the expectation of the wicked is indignation.

24 Some distribute their own goods, and grow richer: others take away what is not their own, and are always in want.

25 The foul which blef-

14 Where there is no go- | | feth, shall be made fat and he that inebriateth, shall be inebriated also himself.

26 He that hideth up corn. shall be cursed among the people : but a bleffing upon the head of them that felt.

27 Well doth he rife early who feeketh good things : but he that feeketh after evil things shall be oppressed by them.

28 He that trusteth in his riches shall fall : but the just shall spring up as a green leaf.

29 He that troubleth his own house, shall inherit the winds : and the fool shall serve the wife of air tools and and

30 The fruit of the just man is a tree of life: and he that gaineth fouls, is wife.

lang 1 If the just man receive in the earth, how much more the wicked and the finher has perfectly in efron

CHAP. MI.

TE that loveth correction, loveth knowledge: but he that hateth reproof is foolifhed which sall si

2 He that is good, shall draw grace from the Lord: but he that trusteth in his own devices, doth wickedly.

Man shall not be strengthned by wickedness: and the root of the just shall not be moved. to side and the sem

4 A diligent woman is a crown to her husband : and fhe that doth things worthy of confusion, is as rottenness in his bones, www and a

The thoughts of the just are judgments: and the counfels of the wicked are deceit-

6 The words of the wicked lie in wait for blood: the mouth of the just shall deliver them.

7 Turn the wicked, and they fhall not be: but the house of the just shall stand firm.

8 A man shall be known by his learning: but he that is vain and foolish, shall be exposed to contempt.

g Better is the poor man that provideth for himself, than he that is glorious and wanteth bread.

The just regardeth the lives of his beafts: but the bowels of the wicked are cruel.

He that tilleth his land, fhall be fatisfied with bread: but he that pursueth idleness is a very fool.

He that is delighted in paffing his time over wine, leaveth a reproach in his ftrong-holds.

12 The defire of the wicked is the fortification of evil men; but the root of the just shall prosper.

13 For the fins of the lips ruin draweth nigh to the evil man: but the just shall escape out of diffres. ract or the

14 By the fruit of his own mouth shall a man be filled with good things, and according to the works of his hands it shall be repaid him.

15 The way of a fool is

right in his own eyes : but he that is wife hearkneth unto counsels.

16 A fool immediately sheweth his anger : but he that dissembleth injuries, is wife."

17 He that speaketh that which he knoweth, sheweth forth justice: but he that lieth, is a deceitful witness.

18 There is that promifeth, and is pricked as it were with the fword of conscience: but the tongue of the wife is health? (1977) 19872 18 1861

19 The lip of truth shall be fledfast for ever: but he that is a hasty witness, frameth a lying tongue.

20 Deceit is in the heart of them that think evil things: but joy followeth them that take counsels of peace.

21 Whatfoever shall befal the just man, it shall not make him fad : but the wicked shall be filled with mischief.

22 Lying lips are an abomination to the Lord; but they that deal faithfully please him.

23 A cautious man concealeth knowledge; and the heart of fools publisheth folly.

24 The hand of the valiant shall bear rule: but that which is flothful, shall be under tribute. fib craor as

25 Grief in the heart of a man shall bring him low, but with a good word he shall be made glad.

26 He that neglecteth a

lois

loss for the sake of a friend, is just: but the way of the wicked shall deceive them.

not find gain: but the subflance of a just man shall be precious gold.

28 In the path of justice is life: but the by way leadeth

to death.

### CHAP. XIII.

A Wise son beareth the doctrine of his father: but he that is a scorner, heareth not when he is reproved.

z Of the fruit of his own mouth shall a man be filled with good things: but the soul of transgressors is wicked.

3 He that keepeth his mouth, keepeth his foul; but he that hath no guard on his speech shall meet with evils.

4 The fluggard willeth and willeth not: but the foul of them that work, shall be

made fat.

DOS

5 The just shall hate a lying word: but the wicked confoundeth, and shall be confounded.

6 Justice keepeth the way of the innocent: but wickedness overthroweth the finner.

7 One is as it were rich, when he hath nothing: and another is as it were poor, when he hath great riches.

8 The ransom of a man's life are his riches: but he

that is poor, beareth not re-

9 The light of the just giveth joy; but the lamp of the wicked shall be put out.

to Among the proud there are always contentions; but they that do all things with counsel, are ruled by wisdom.

thall be diminished: but that which by little and little is gathered with the hand, shall encrease.

12 Hope that is deferred afflicteth the foul; defire when it cometh, is a tree of life.

of any thing, bindeth himself for the time to come: but he that feareth the commandment, shall dwell in peace.

Deceitful fouls go aftray in fins: the just are merciful,

and shew mercy.

14 The law of the wife is a fountain of life, that he may decline from the ruin of death.

15 Good instruction shall give grace: in the way of

scorners is a deep pit.

16 The prudent man doth all things with counfel: but he that is a fool, layeth open his folly.

17 The messenger of the wicked shall fall into mischief: but a faithful embassador is health.

18 Poverty and shame to him that refuseth instruction; but he that yieldeth to reproof, shall be glorified.

19 The

19 The defire that is accomplished, delighteth the foul; fools hate them that flee from evil things.

20 He that walketh with the wife, shall be wife: a friend of fools shall become

like to them.

21 Evil purfueth finners? and to the just good shall be

repaid.

heirs, fons, and grandfons: and the substance of the finner is kept for the just.

23 Much food is in the tillage of fathers; but for others it is gathered without judg-

ment.

- 24 He that spareth the rod hateth his son: but he that loveth him correcteth him betimes.
- 25 The just cateth and filleth his foul: but the belly of the wicked is never to be filled.

CHAP. XIV

A Wise woman buildeth her house: but the foolish will pull down with her hands that also which is built.

2 He that walketh in the right way, and feareth God, is despited by him that goeth

by an infamous way.

3 In the mouth of a fool is the rod of pride: but the lips of the wife preserve them.

the crib is empty: but where there is much corn, there the firength of the ox is manifest. 5 A faithful witness will not lie: but a deceitful witness uttereth a lie.

6 A fcorner feeketh wifdom, and finderh it not: the learning of the wife is eafy.

7 Go against a foolish man, and he knoweth not the lips of

prudence.

8 The wisdom of a discreet man is to understand his way: and the imprudence of fools erreth.

9 A fool will laugh at fin, but among the just grace shall

abide.

the bitterness of his own foul, in his joy the firanger shall not intermeddle.

II The house of the wicked shall be destroyed: but the tabernacles of the just shall

flourish.

12 There is a way, which feemeth just to a man; but the ends thereof lead to death.

13 Laughter shall be mingled with forrow, and mourning taketh hold of the end of joy.

14 A fool shall be filled with his own ways, and the good man shall be above him.

15 The innocent believeth every word: the different man

confidereth his steps.

No good shall come to the deceitful son: but the wife servant shall prosper in his dealings, and his way shall be made straight.

16 A wife man feareth

and declineth from evil the fool leapeth over and is confident.

17 The impatient man shall work folly: and the crafty

man is hateful.

18 The childish shall posfess folly, and the prudent shall look for knowledge.

19 The evil shall fall down before the good; and the wicked before the gates of the just.

20 The poor man shall be hateful even to his own neighbour: but the friends of the rich are many.

21 He that despiseth his neighbour, finneth: but he that sheweth mercy to the poor, shall be blessed.

He that believeth in the

Lord, loveth mercy.

22 They err that work evil: but mercy and truth pre-

pare good things.

23 In much work there shall be abundance: but where there are many words, there is oftentimes want.

24 The crown of the wife, is their riches: the folly of

fools, imprudence.

25 A faithful witness delivereth souls: and the double

dealer uttereth lyes.

26 In the fear of the Lord is confidence of strength, and there shall be hope for his children.

27 The fear of the Lord is a fountain of life, to decline from the ruin of death.

28 In the multitude of people is the dignity of the

king: and in the small number of people the dishonour of the prince.

29 He that is patient, is governed with much wildom: but he that is impatient, ex-

alteth his folly.

30 Soundness of heart is the life of the flesh: but envy is the rottenness of the bones.

31 He that oppressent the poor, upbraideth his maker: but he that hath pity on the poor, honoureth him.

32 The wicked man shall be driven out in his wickedness: but the just hath hope

in his death.

33 In the heart of the prudent resteth wisdom, and it shall instruct all the ignorant.

34 Justice exalteth a nation: but fin maketh nations miterable.

35 A wife fervant is acceptable to the king: he that is good for nothing shall feel his anger.

CHAP. XV.

A Mild answer breaketh wrath: but a harsh word flirreth up fury

2 The tongue of the wife adorneth knowledge: but the mouth of fools bubbeth out folly.

3 The eyes of the Lord in every place behold the good

and the evil.

4 A peaceable tongue is a tree of life: but that which is immoderate, shall crush the spirit.

A fool laugheth at the instruction of his father: but he that regardeth reproofs shall become more prudent.

In abundant justice there is the greatest strength ; but the devices of the wicked shall be

rooted out.

6 The house of the just is very much ftrength: and in the fruits of the wicked is trouble.

7 The lips of the wife shall disperse knowledge: the heart of fools shall be unlike.

8 The victims of the wicked are abominable to the Lord: the vows of the just are acceptable.

o The way of the wicked is an abomination to the Lord; he that followeth justice is beloved by him.

10 Instruction is grievous to him that forfaketh the way of life: he that hateth reproof shall die.

11 Hell and destruction are before the Lord: how much more the hearts of the children of men?

12 A corrupt man loveth not one that reproveth him: nor will he go to the wife.

13 A glad heart maketh a chearful countenance: but by grief of mind the spirit is cast down.

14 The heart of the wife feeketh instruction: and the mouth of fools feedeth on foolishness.

are evil: a secure mind is like a continual feaft.

16 Better is a little with the fear of the Lord, than great treasures without content.

17 It is better to be invited to herbs with love: than to a fatted calf with hatred.

18 A passionate man stirreth up strifes: he that is patient appealeth those that are ftirred up:

19 The way of the flothful is as a hedge of thorns: the way of the just is without of-

fence.

20 A wife-son maketh a father joyful: but the foolish man despiseth his mother.

21 Folly is joy to the fool: and the wife man maketh

straight his steps.

- 22 Defigns are brought to nothing where there is no counfel: but where there are many counfellors, they are established.
- 23 A man rejoiceth in the fentence of his mouth; and a word in due time is best.

24 The path of life is above for the wife, that he may decline from the lowest hell.

25 The Lord will destroy the house of the proud : and will strengthen the borders of the widow.

26 Evil thoughts are an abomination to the Lord: and pure words are most beautiful and shall be confirmed by him.

27 He that is greedy of gain 15 All the days of the poo | troubleth his own house; but

he that hateth bribes shall live.

By mercy and faith fins are purged away: and by the fear of the Lord every one declineth from evil.

28 The mind of the just studieth obedience: the mouth of the wicked oversloweth with evils.

29 The Lord is far from the wicked: and he will hear the prayers of the just.

30 The light of the eyes rejoiceth the foul: a good name maketh the bones fat.

31 The ear that heareth the reproofs of life, shall abide in the midst of the wife.

32 He that rejecteth infiruction, despiseth his own soul: but he that yieldeth to reproof possesses understanding.

33 The fear of the Lord, is the lesson of wisdom: and humility goeth before glory.

C H A P. XVI.

(a) T is the part of man to prepare the foul: and of the Lord to govern the tongue.

2 All the ways of a man

are open to his eyes: the Lord is the weigher of spirits.

3 Lay open thy works to the Lord: and thy thoughts shall be directed.

4 The Lord hath made all things for himself: the wicked also for the evil day.

s Every proud man is an abomination to the Lord: though hand should be joined to hand, he is not innocent.

The beginning of a good way, is to do justice: and this is more acceptable with God, than to offer facrifices.

6 By mercy and truth iniquity is redeemed: and by the fear of the Lord men depart from evil.

7 When the ways of man shall please the Lord, he will convert even his enemies to peace.

8 Better is a little with justice, than great revenues with iniquity.

of The heart of man difposeth his way: but the Lord must direct his steps.

of the king, his mouth shall not err in judgment.

Chap. XVI. (a) Ver. 1. It is the part of man, &c. That is, a man must prepare in his heart and soul what he is to say: but after all it must be the Lord that must govern his tongue, to speak to the purpose. Not that we can think any thing of good without God's grace: but that after we have (with God's grace) thought and prepared within our souls, what we would speak; if God does not govern our tongue, we shall not succeed in what we speak.

judgments of the Lord: and his work all the weights of the bag.

12 They that act wickedly are abominable to the king; for the throne is established by jus-

tice.

of kings: he that speaketh right things shall be loved.

is as messengers of death: and the wise man will pacify it.

the king's countenance is life: and his clemency is like the latter rain.

16 Get wisdom, because it is better than gold: and purchase prudence, for it is more

precious than filver.

17 The path of the just departeth from evils: he that keepeth his foul keepeth his way.

18 Pride goeth before deffruction: and the spirit is list-

ed up before a fail.

19 It is better to be humbled with the meek, than to divide spoils with the proud.

20 The learned in word shall find good things: and he that trusteth in the Lord is blessed.

be called prudent: and he that is fweet in words shall attain to greater things.

of life to him that possesseth it:

ideixW 11

the instruction of fools is fool-ishness.

23 The heart of the wife shall instruct his mouth: and shall add grace to his lips.

24 Well ordered words are as a honey-comb: sweet to the foul, and health to the bones.

feemeth to a man right: and the ends thereof lead to death.

26 The foul of him that laboureth, laboureth for himfelf, because his mouth hath obliged him to it.

27 The wicked man diggeth evil, and in his lips is a

burning fire.

28 A perverse man stirreth up quarrels; and one full of words separateth princes,

29 An unjust man allureth his friend: and leadeth him into a way that is not good.

deviseth wicked things, biting his lips bringeth evil to pass.

31 Old age is a crown of dignity, when it is found in the

ways of justice.

32 The patient man is better than the values: and he that ruleth his spirit, than he that taketh cities.

33 Lots are east into the lap, but they are disposed of by the Lord.

CHAP. XVII.

BETTER is a dry morfull of victims with strife.

avi sanive in besobable Z. A. wife

2 A wise servant shall have rule over foolish fons, and shall divide the inheritance among the brethren.

3 As filver is tried by fire, and gold in the furnace; fo the Lord trieth the hearts.

4 The evil man obeyeth an unjust tongue : and the deceitful hearkeneth to lying lips.

5 He that despiseth the poor. reproacheth his maker: and he that rejoiceth at another man's ruin, shall not be unpumished.

6 Childrens childern are the crown of old men: and the glory of children are their fathers.

7 Eloquent words do not become a fool, nor lying lips a prince.

8 The expectation of him that expecteth, is a most acceptable jewel: whitherloever he turneth himself, he understandeth wifely

9 He that concealeth a transgression, seeketh friendships: he that repeateth it again, separateth friends.

10 A reproof availeth more with a wife man, than a hundred stripes with a fool.

11 An evil man always feeketh quarrels: but a cruel angel shall be fent against him.

12 It is better to meet a bear robbed of her whelps, than a fool trusting in his own folly.

13 He that rendereth evil for good, evil shall not depart from his house.

14 The beginning of quarrels is as when one letteth out water : before he suffereth reproach he forfaketh judgment.

15 He that justifieth the wicked, and he that condemneth the just, both are abominable before God.

16 What doth it avail a fool to have riches, feeing he cannot buy wisdom?

He that maketh his house high, feeketh a downfal: and he that refuseth to learn. shall fall into evils.

17 He that is a friend loveth at all times: and a brother is proved in diffress.

18 A foolish man will clap hands, when he is furery for his friend.

19 He that studieth discords, loveth quarrels: and he that exalteth his door, feeketh ruin.

20 He that is of a perverse heart, shall not find good: and he that pervesteth his tongue, shall fall into evil.

21 A fool is born to his own difgrace: and even his father shall not rejoice in a fool.

22 A joyful mind maketh age flourishing: a forrowful spirit dryeth up the boncs.

23 The wicked man taketh gifts out of the bosom, that he may pervert the paths of judgment.

24 Wisdom shineth in the face of the wife: the eyes of fools are in the ends of the earth.

25 A foolish fon is the anger of the father: and the forrow of the mother that bore

26 It is no good thing to do hurt to the just: nor to ftrike the prince, who judgeth right.

27 He that fetteth bounds to his words, is knowing and wife: and the man of understanding

is of a precious spirit.

28 Even a fool, if he will hold his peace, shall be counted wife: and if he close his lips, a man of understanding.

CHAP. XVIII. TE that hath a mind to depart from a friend feeketh occasions: he shall ever be subject to reproach,

2 A fool receiveth not the words of prudence: unless thou fay those things which

are in his heart.

3 The wicked man when he is come into the depth of fins, contemneth: but ignominy and reproach follow him,

4 Words from the mouth of a man are as deep water : and the fountain of wildom as an overflowing fiream,

5 It is not good to accept the person of the wicked, to decline from the truth of judgment.

6 The lips of a fool intermeddle with strife; and his mouth provoketh quarrels.

7 The mouth of a fool is his destruction: and his lips are the ruin of his foul.

8 The words of the doubletongued are as if they were harmless: and they reach even to the inner parts of the bowels.

Fear cafteth down the flothful; and the fouls of the effeminate shall be hungry.

o He that is loofe and flack in his work, is the brother of him that wasteth his own works.

10 The name of the Lord is a strong tower; the just runneth to it, and shall be exalted.

11 The substance of the rich man is the city of his strength, and as a strong wall compaffing him about.

12 Before destruction, the heart of a man is exalted : and before he be glorified, it is

humbled.

13 He that answereth before he heareth, theweth himfelf to be a fool, and worthy of confusion.

14. The spirit of a man up holdeth his infirmity : but a fpirit that is eafily angred, who can bear?

15 A wife heart shall acquire knowledge: and the ear of the wife feeketh instruction.

16 A man's gift enlargeth his way, and maketh him room before princes.

17 The just is first accuser, of himfelf : his friend cometh. and shall fearch him;

18 The lot suppresseth contentions, and determineth even between the mighty.

10 A brother that is help-

ed by his brother, is like a strong city: and judgments are like the bars of cities.

20 Of the fruit of a man's mouth shall his belly be fatisfied: and the offspring of his lips shall fill him.

Death and life are in the power of the tongue: they that love it, shall eat the fruits

thereof. il dinwarana hamigil

22 He that hath found a good thing, and shall receive a pleafure from the Lord. He that driveth away a good wife, driveth away a good thing: but he that keepeth an adultres, is foolish and wicked.

23 The poor will speak with supplications, and the rich will speak roughly.

24 A man amiable in fociety, shall be more friendly, than a brother.

CHAP. XIX.

BETTER is the poor man, that walketh in his implicity, than a rich man that is perverse in his lips, and unwise.

2 Where there is no knowledge of the foul, there is no good: and he that is hafty with his feet shall stumble.

3 The folly of a man supplanteth his steps; and he fretteth in his mind against God.

4 Riches make many friends: but from the poor man, even they whom he had, depart.

5 A false witness shall not be unpunished; and he that

speaketh lies, shall not escape-

6 Many honour the person of him that is mighty, and are friends of him that giveth gifts.

7 The brethren of the poor man hate him: moreover also his friends have departed far from him.

He that followeth after words only, shall have nothing:

8 But he that possesset a mind, loveth his own foul, and he that keepeth prudence shall find good things.

9 A faife witness shall not be unpunished; and he that speaketh lies, shall perish.

ly for a fool: nor for a fervant to have rule over princes.

is known by patience: and his glory is to pass over wrongs.

12 As the roaring of a lion, fo also is the anger of a king: and his chearfulness as the dew upon the grass.

13 A foolish fon is the grief of his father: and a wrangling wife is like a roof continually

dropping through.

14 House and riches are given by parents: but a prudent wife is properly from the Lord.

a deep sleep, and an idle foul

shall suffer hunger:

own foul: but he that neglecteth his own way, shall die.

17 He that hath mercy on

the

the poor, lendeth to the Lord:

18 Chastife thy fon, despair not: but to the killing of him

fet not thy foul.

fhall fuffer damage: and when he shall take away he shall add another thing.

ceive instruction, that thou mayst be wife in thy latter

end.

21 There are many thoughts in the heart of a man: but the will of the Lord shall stand firm.

ful: and better is the poor

than the lying man.

23 The fear of the Lord is unto life; and he shall abide in sulness without being visited with evil.

24 The flothful hideth his hand under his arm-pit, and will not fo much as bring it to

his mouth.

25 The wicked man being fcourged, the fool shall be wifer: but if thou rebuke a wife man he will understand discipline.

ther, and chafeth away his mother, is infamous and un-

happy.

27 Cease not, O my fon, to hear instruction, and be not ignorant of the words of knowledge.

28 An unjust witness scorneth judgment: and the mouth of the wicked devoureth ini-

29 Judgments are prepared for fcorners: and striking hammers for the bodies of fools.

### CHAP. XX.

WINE is a luxurious thing, and drunkenness riotous: whosoever is delighted therewith shall not be wife.

2 As the roaring of a lion, fo also is the dread of a king: he that provoketh him, sinneth against his own soul.

3 It is an honour for a man, to separate himself from quarrels; but all sools are meddling with reproaches.

- 4 Because of the cold the fluggard would not plow: he shall beg therefore in the summer, and it shall not be given him.
- 5 Counsel in the heart of a man is like deep water: but a wife man will draw it out.
- 6 Many men are called merciful: but who shall find a faithful man?
- 7 The just that walketh in his simplicity, shall leave behind him blessed children.
- 8 The king, that fitteth on the throne of judgment, feattereth away all evil with his look.

9 Who can fay: My heart is clean, I am pure from fin?

10 Diverse weights and diverse measures, both are a-bominable before God.

11 By his inclinations a

child is known, if his works be clean and right.

12 The hearing ear, and the feeing eye, the Lord hath made them both.

verty oppress thee: open thy eyes, and be filled with bread.

faith every buyer: and when he is gone away, then he will boaft.

There is gold, and a multitude of jewels: but the lips of knowledge are a precious vessel.

16 Take away the garment of him that is furety for a ftranger, and take a pledge from him for ftrangers.

17 The bread of lying is sweet to a man: but afterwards his mouth shall be filled with gravel.

18 Defigns are firengthened by counsels: and wars are to be managed by governments.

19 Meddle not with him that revealeth fecrets, and walketh deceitfully, and openeth wide his lips.

ther, and mother, his lamp fhall be put out in the midst of darkness.

21 The inheritance gotten hastily in the beginning, in the end shall be without a blessing.

evil: wait for the Lord, and he will deliver thee.

23 Diverse weights are an abomination before the Lord;

a deceitful balance is not

guided by the Lord: but who is the man that can understand his own way?

devour holy ones, and after

26 A wife king fcattereth the wicked, and bringeth over them the wheel.

27 The spirit of a man is the lamp of the Lord, which searcheth all the hidden things of the bowels.

28 Mercy and truth preferve the king, and his throne is strengthened by clemency.

29 The joy of young men, is their ftrength: and the dignity of old men, their grey hairs.

30 The blueness of a wound shall wipe away evils: and stripes in the more inward parts of the belly.

### CHAP. XXL.

A S the divisions of waters, fo the heart of the king is in the hand of the Lord: whitherfoever he will, he shall turn it.

z Every way of a man feemeth right to himfelf: but the Lord weigheth the hearts.

3 To do mercy and judgment, pleaseth the Lord more than victims.

4 Haughtiness of the eyes in the enlarging of the heart: the lamp of the wicked in fin. The thoughts of the industrious always bring forth abundance: but every sluggard is always in want.

6 He that gathereth treafures by a lying tongue, is vain and foolish, and shall stumble upon the spares of death

7 The robberies of the wicked, shall be their downfal, because they would not do

judgment.

8 The perverse way of a man is a strange way: but as for him that is pure, his work is right.

ner of the house-top, than with a brawling woman, and

in a common house.

defireth evil, he will not have

is punished, the little one will be wifer; and if he follow the wife, he will receive knowledge.

12 The just considereth feriously the house of the wick ed, that he may withdraw the wicked from evil.

against the cry of the poor, shall also cry himself and shall not be heard.

1.4 A fecret present quencheth anger: and a gift in the bosom the greatest wrath.

15 It is joy to the just to do judgment: and dread to them that work iniquity.

ed I Tu

16 A man that shall wan-

der out of the way of doctrine, shall abide in the company of the giants.

17 He that loveth good cheer, shall be in want: he that loveth wine, and fat things, shall not be rich.

ed up for the just : and the unjust for the righteous.

a wilderness, than with a quarrelsome and passionate woman.

20 There is a treasure to be defired, and oil in the dwelling of the just: and the foolish man shall spend it.

21 He that followeth justice and mercy, shall find life, justice, and glory.

22 The wife man hath fealed the city of the strong, and hath cast down the strength of the confidence thereof.

mouth and his tongue, keepeth his foul from diffress.

24 The proud and the arrogant is called ignorant, who in anger worketh pride.

25 Defires kill the flothful: for his hands refused to work at all.

26 He longeth and defireth all the day: but he that is just, will give, and will not cease.

e7 The facrifices of the wicked are abominable, because they are offered of wickedness.

28 A lying witness shall perish:

perish: an obedient man shall fpeak of victory.

29 The wicked man impudently hardeneth his face : but he that is righteous, correcleth his way.

30 There is no wisdom, there is no prudence, there is no counsel against the Lord.

31 The horse is prepared for the day of battel : but the Lord giveth fafety.

CHAP. XXII.

Good name is better than great riches : and good favour is above filver and gold.

2 The rich and poor have met one another; the Lord is the maker of them both.

3 The prudent man faw the evil, and hid himself: the fimple paffed on, and fuffered lofs.

4 The fruit of humility is the fear of the Lord, riches

and glory and life.

5 Arms and fwords are in the way of the perverse: but he that keepeth his own foul departeth far from them.

6 It is a proverb: A young man according to his way, even when he is old, he will

not depart from it.

7 The rich ruleth over the poor: and the borrower is fervant to him that lendeth.

8 He that foweth iniquity, shall reap evils, and with the rod of his anger he shall be confumed.

9 He that is inclined to

mercy, shall be blessed: for of his bread he hath given to the poor. sent of a beveral one.

He that maketh presents shall purchase victory and how nour: but he carrieth away the fouls of the receivers.

10 Cast out the scoffer. and contention shall go out with him, and quarrels and reproaches shall cease.

11 He that loveth cleanness of heart, for the grace of his lips shall have the king

for his friend.

12 The eyes of the Lord preferve knowledge: and the words of the unjust are overthrown.

13 The flothful man faith: There is a lion without, I shall be flain in the midst of the ftreets.

14 The mouth of a strange woman is a deep pit: he whom the Lord is angry with, shall fall into it. da a ton still a

15 Folly is bound up in the heart of a child, and the rod of correction shall drive it

away.

16 He that oppresseth the poor, to increase his own riches. shall himself give to one that is richer, and shall be in need.

Bow down thy ear, and hear the words of the wife; and apply thy heart to my doctrine

18 Which shall be beautiful for thee, if thou keep it in thy bowels, and it shall flow opicine all and o in thy lips:

119 That thy trust may be in the Lord, wherefore I have also shewed it to thee this day.

20 Behold I have described it to thee three manner of ways, in thoughts and know-

ledge: .emvisor and to

21 That I might flew thee the certainty, and the words of truth, to answer out of these to them that fent thee. a disvol sent sit il

22 Do no violence to the poor, because he is poor : and do not oppress the needy in a deserve of

23 Because the Lord will judge his cause, and will afflict them, that have afflicted his foul and and and

24 Be not a friend to an angry man, and do not walk with a furious man:

25 Left perhaps thou learn his ways, and take scandal to

thy foul:

26 Be not with them that fasten down their hands, and that offer themselves sureties for debts:

27 For if thou have not wherewith to restore, what cause is there, that he should take the covering from thy bed in ad that this the in f bed

28 Pass not beyond the ancient bounds, which thy

fathers have fet. ... vique boos

tan'l or

20 Haft thou feen a man fwift in his work? he hall stand before kings, and shall not be before those that are obscure. 1 20 6 VI23 str

CHAP. XXIII.

HEN thou shalt fit to eat with a prince, confider diligently what is fet before thy face:

2 And put a knife to thy throat, if it be fo that thou have thy foul in thy own

power.

3 Be not defirous of his meats, in which is the bread of deceit.

4 Labour not to be rich: but fet bounds to thy prudence.

5 Lift not up thy eyes to riches which thou canst not have: because they shall make themselves wings like those of an eagle, and shall fly towards heaven.

6 Eat not with an envious man, and defire not his meats.

7 Because like a southfayer, and diviner, he thinketh that which he knoweth not. Eat and drink, will he fay to thee; and his mind is not with

8 The meats which thou hadst eaten, thou shalt vomit up : and shalt lofe thy beautiful words.

9 Speak not in the ears of fools: because they will defpile the instruction of thy fpeech, and said here : 10

10 Touch not the bounds of little ones': and enter not into the field of the fatherless.

11 For their near kiniman is flrong: and he will judge their cause against thee.

12 Let

felf to inflatelions and thy

tion from a child: for if thou firike him with the rod, he shall not die.

with the rod, and deliver his foul from hell.

be wife, my heart shall re-

joice, when thy lips shall freak what is right.

finners; but be thou in the fear of the Lord all the day long:

18 Because thou shalt have hope in the latter end, and thy expectation shall not be taken away.

be wife: and guide thy mind in the way.

20 Be not in the fearts of great drinkers, nor in their revellings, who contribute flesh to eat;

21 Because they that give themselves to drinking, and that club together, shall be consumed; and drousiness shall be clothed with rags 20 130 ad

that begot thee; and despite not thy mother when she is old.

fells wisdom, and instruction; and understanding

24 The father of the just

rejoiceth greatly : he that hath begotten a wife man, shall have joy in him.

mother be joyful, and let her rejoice that bore thee.

heart: and let thy eyes keep

ditch: and a strange woman is a narrow pit.

28 She lyeth in wait in the way as a robber, and him whom she shall fee unwary, she will kill in ed that amount

father hath wo? whose father hath wo? who hath contentions? who falls into pits? who hath wounds with out cause? who hath redness of eyes?

30 Surely they that pass their time in wine, and study to drink off their caps?

3 i Look not upon the wine when it is yellow, when the colour thereof shineth in the glass; it goeth in pleafingly,

32 But in the end, it will bite like a fnake, and will spread abroad poison like a basfilisk.

frange women, and thy heart shall utter perverse things.

one fleeping in the midst of the sea, and as a pilot fast afleep, when the stern is lost.

They have beaten me, but I was not fenfible to pain

they

When shall Lawake, and find wine again?

## CHAP. XXIV.

SEEK not to be like evil men, neither defire to be with them:

2 Because their mind studieth robberies, and their lips speak deceits. A share in the

3 By wildom the houseshall be built, and by prudence it shall be ftrengthened.

A By infruction the florerooms shall be filled with all precious and most beautiful wealth.

a knowing man, front and va-

6 Because war is managed by due ordering; and there shall be safety where there are many counsels?

fool, in the gate he shall not open his mouth.

8. He that deviseth to do evils, shall be called a fool.

fin: and the detracter is the abomination of men.

weary in the day of diffres the thy frength shall be dimi-

are led to death: and those that are drawn to death forbears not to delivered back ?

firength enough a he the feeth

into the heart, he underthandeth, and nothing deceiveth the seeper of thy foul, and he shall render to a man according to his works.

cause it is good, and the honeycomb aubich is most sweet to

the throat: buz bor salt div

of wisdom to thy foul which when thou hast found, thou shalt have hope in the end, and thy hope shall not perish.

15 Lie not in wait, nor feek after wickedness in the house of the just, nor spoil

his reft, at nour sed and recond

16 For a just man shall fall feven times, and shall rise again: but the wicked shall fall down into evil.

17 When thy enemy shall fall, be not glad, and in his ruin let not thy heart rejoice:

18 Left the Lord fee, and it difplease him, and he turn away his wrath from him

wicked, nor feek to be like the ungodly:

hope of things to come, and the lamp of the wicked shall be put out. and draw bedood to

and the king and have nothing to do with detracters.

22 For their destruction shall miss suddenly wand who knoweth the ruin of both?

the wife It is not good

to have respect to persons in

24. They that fay to the wicked man: Thou art just: shall be curfed by the people, and the tribes shall abhor them.

fhall be praised: and a bleffing shall come upon them:

who answereth rights words

out, and diligently till thy ground: that afterward thou mayft build thy house a land

28 Be not witness without cause against thy neighbour; and deceive not any man with thy lips. grain deceive a common

him as he hath done to me,
I will render to every one
according to his work not a
rigor I passed by the field of
the flothful man, and by the
vineyard of the foolish man;

filled with nettles, and thorns had covered the face thereof, and the ftone-wall was broken down.

I laid it up in my heart, and by the example I received in-

faid I, thou wilt fleep a little, faid I, thou wilt flumber a little, thou wilt fold thy hands a little to reft

34 And poverty shall come to thee as a runner, and beggary as an armed man.

## CHAP. XXX

THESE are also parables of Solomon, which the men of Ezechias king of Juda copied out.

2 It is the glory of God to conceal the word, and the glory of kings to fearch out the freech. It is a second of the

3 The heaven above, and the earth beneath, and the heart of kings is unfearchable.

4 Take away the ruft from filver, and there shall come forth a most pure vessel:

Take away wickedness from the face of the king, and his throne shall be established with justice.

6 Appear not glorious before the king, and ftand not in
the place of great men,

in For it is better that it
should be faid to thee: Come
up hither; than that thou
shoulds be humbled before the
prince.

8 The things which thy eyes have feen, atternot ha-fully in a quarrel: left afterward thou maytt not be able to make amends, when thou haft dishonoured thy friend.

o Treat the cause with the friend, and discover not the secret to a stranger:

when he hath heard it, and cease not to upbraid thee.

Grace and friendship deliver a man : keep these for thyfelf, left thou fall under | 20 And one that lofeth his reproach.

11 To speakaword in due time, is like apples of gold on

beds of filver.

12 As an ear-ring of gold and a bright pearl, so is he that reproveth the wife, and the obedient ear

13 As the cold of frow in the time of harvest, so is a faithful messenger to him that fent him, for he refresheth his foul.

As clouds, and wind, when no min followeth, fo is the man that boalteth, and doth notifulfil his promifes

By patience a prince shall be appealed, and a fost tongue shall break hardness.

16 Thou ball found honey eat what in fufficient for thee, last, being glutted, therewith thou romitelt uplies od bloods

mer Withdraw thy foot from the hould of thy neighbour, left having his fill he hate thee.

v 18 A man that beareth false witness against his neighbours is like a dantand a fword anda Marp arrows sould breve

Los Toituft toan unfaithful man in the time of trouble, is like a rotten tooth, and weary foot : the target be later, briefly

garment in cold weather

As vinegar upon nitre, fo is he that fingeth fongs to a very evil heart. As a moth doth by a garment, and a worm by the wood: fo the fadness of a man confumeth the heartred brone upon chestrand

21 If thy enemy be hungry, give him to eat; if he thirst, give him water to drink by with resemble been stoo

22 Forthou shalt heap hot coals upon his head, and the Lord will reward thee. 35

23 The north wind driveth away rain, fo doth a fad countenance a backbiting tongue,

124 It is better todit in a corner of the house top, than with a brawling woman, and in a common house.

to zd As cold water to a thirfly foul, for good tidings from a far country! adila linevani

26 A just man falling down before the wicked, is as a fountain troubled with the foot, and a corrupted fpring

27 As it is not good for a man to eat much honey, fo he that is a fearcher of talimal jefty, shall be overwhelmed by glory.

28 As a city that lieth open

(a) Cap. XXV4 Ver. 27. Majefty. viz. of God. For to fearch into that incomprehensible majefy, and to pretend to found the depths of God; is exposing our weak eyes to be blinded with an excess of light and glory, which they cannot bear. and

Secretarias

and is not compassed with walls, fo is a man that cannot refrain his own spirit in speaknor dary ware it breekingi

## CHAP. XXVI.

S fnow in fummer, and rain in harvest : fo glory is not feemly for a fool.

2 (a) As a bird flying to other places, and a sparrow going here or there do a curse uttered without cause shall come upon a man! leof a bonn

3 A whip for a horse, and a fnaffle for an afs, and a rod for the back of fools.

4 (b) Answer not a fool according to his folly, lest thou be made like him, a set some

Answer a fool according to his folly, left he imagine himself to be wife.

6 He that fendeth words by a foolish messenger, is lame of feet and drinketh iniquity.

7 As a lame man hath fair legs in vain: so a parable is unfeemly in the mouth of fcols. a molety what a ve-

8 As he that cafteth a stone into the heap of mercury: fo is he that giveth honour to a fool.

o As if a thorn should grow in the hand of a drunkard: fo is a

20thr

parable in the mouth of fools.

10 Judgment determineth causes: and he that putteth a fool to filence, appealeth angerud of one alcoo at 12

fi As a dog that returneth to his vomit, lo is the fool that repeateth his folly.

12 Hatt thou feen a man wife in his own conceit? There shall be more hope of a fool than of him. southwell and

13 The flothful man faith: There is a lion in the way, and a lioness in the roads.

14 As the door turneth upon its hinges, fo doth the flothful upon his bed.

Ic The flothful hideth his hand under his arm-pit, and it grieveth him to turn it to his mouth.

16 The fluggard is wifer in his own conceit, than feven men that speak sentences.

17 As he that taketh a dog by the ears, fo is he that palfeth by in anger, and meddleth with another man's quarrel.

18 As he is guilty that shooteth arrows, and lances unto death:

19 So is the man, that hurteth his friend deceitfully: and when he is taken, faith: I did it in reft.

Chap. XXVI. (a) Ver. 2. As a bird, &c. The meaning is, that a curse uttered without cause shall do no harm to the person that is cursed, but will return upon him that curseth, as whitherfoever a bird flies, it returns to its own nest.

(b) Ver. 4. Answer not a fool, &c. Viz. to as to imitate him, but only fo as to reprove his folly.

20 When the wood faileth. the fire shall go out : and when the tale-bearer is taken away. contentions shall cease.

21 As coals are to burning coals, and wood to fire, fo an angryman stirreth up strife.

22 The words of a talebearer are as it were fimple, but they reach to the innermost parts of the belly.

23 Swelling lips joined with a corrupt heart, are like an earthen vessel adorned with

filver drofs.

24 An enemy is known by his lips, when in his heart he entertaineth deceit.

25 When he shall speak low, trust him not; because there are feven mischiefs in his heart.

26 He that covereth hatred deceitfully, his malice shall be laid open in the publick affembly.

27 He that diggeth a pit, shall fall into it; and he that rolleth a stone, it shall return

to him.

28 A deceitful tongue loveth not truth: and a slippery mouth worketh ruin.

CHAP. XXVII.

OAST not for to-morrow, for thou knowest not what the day to come may bring forth.

2 Let another praise thee. and not thy own mouth: a ftranger, and not thy own lips.

a A stone is heavy, and fand weighty: but the anger | neighbour with a loud voice.

of a fool is heavier than them both. of the same of the

4 Anger bath no mercy. nor fury when it breaketh forth; and who can bear the violence of one provoked?

c Open rebuke is better

than hidden love.

6 Better are the wounds of a friend, than the deceitful kiffes of an enemy.

7 A foul that is full shall tread upon the honey-comb; and a foul that is hungry shall take even bitter for fweet.

8 As a bird that wandereth from her neft, fo is a man that

leaveth his place.

9 Ointment and perfumes rejoice the heart : and the good counsels of a friend are sweet to the foul.

10 Thy own friend, and thy father's friend for fake not : and go not into thy brother's house in the day of thy affliction.

Better is a neighbour that is near, than a brother afar off.

11 Study wisdom, my son, and make my heart joyful, that thou mayft give an anfwer to him that reproacheth.

12 The prudent man feeing evil, hideth himself: little ones paffing on have fuffered loffes.

13 Take away his garment that hath been furety for a ftranger: and take from him a pledge for ftrangers.

14 He that bleffeth his

rifing

rifing in the night, shall be like to him that curfeth.

in a cold day, and a contentious woman are alike:

is as he that would hold the wind, and shall call in the oil of his right hand.

17 Iron sharpeneth iron, so a man sharpeneth the countenance of his friend.

18 He that keepeth the fig-tree, shall eat the fruit thereof: and he that is the keeper of his master, shall be gloristed.

19 As the faces of them that look therein, thine in the water, so the hearts of men are laid open to the wife.

never filled: fo the eyes of men are never fatisfied.

21 As filver is tried in the fining - pot, and gold in the furnace: so a man is tried by the mouth of him that praiseth.

The heart of the wicked feeketh after evils, but the righteous heart feeketh after knowledge.

bray a fool in the mortar, as when a pestil striketh upon fodden barley, his folly would not be taken from him.

23 Be diligent to know the countenance of thy cattle, and confider thy own flocks:

24 For thou shalt not always have power; but a crown shall be given to generation and generation.

25 The meadows are open, and the green herbs have appeared, and the hay is gathered out of the mountains.

26 Lambs are for thy clothing: and kids for the price of the field.

goats be enough for thy food, and for the necessities of thy house, and for maintenance for thy handmaids.

### CHAP. XXVIII.

THE wicked man fleeth, when no man pursueth: but the just; bold as a lion, shall be without dread.

2 For the fins of the land many are the princes thereof: and for the wildom of a man, and the knowledge of those things that are faid, the life of the prince shall be prolonged.

preffeth the poor, is like a violent shower, which bringeth a famine.

They that for ske the law, praise the wicked : they that keep it, are incensed against him.

judgment: but they that feek after the Lord, take notice of all things.

6 Better is the poor man walking in his fimplicity, than the rich in crooked ways.

7 He that keepeth the law,

is a wife fon, but he that feedeth gluttons, shameth his father.

Re that heapeth together riches by usury and loan, gathereth them for him that will be bountiful to the poor.

9 He that turneth away his ears from hearing the law, his prayer shall be an abomina-

gonts be enough for the inoit

just in a wicked way, shall fall in his own destruction; and the upright shall possess his goods.

himself wise: but the poor man that is prudent shall search

him out. who is column at inch

there is great glory: when the wicked reign, men are ruined.

fhall not prosper: but he that shall confess, and forsake them, shall obtain mercy.

- 4 Bleffed is the man, that is always fearful: but he that is hardened in mind, shall fall

into evil.

a hungry bear, so is a wicked prince over the poor people.

dence shall oppress many by calumny: but he that hateth covetousness, shall prolong his days.

lence to the blood of a person, if he flee, even to the pit, no

man will stay him.

18 He that walketh uprightly, shall be faved: he that is perverse in his ways, shall fall at once.

19 He that tilleth his ground; shall be filled with bread: but he that followeth idleness, shall be filled with poverty.

20 A faithful man shall be much praised: but he that maketh haste to be rich, shall

not be innocent.

a person in judgment, doth not well: such a man even for a morfel of bread forsaketh the truth.

hafte to be rich, and envieth others, is ignorant that poverty shall come upon him.

thall afterward find favour with him, more than he that by a flattering tongue deceiveth him.

thing from his father, or from his mother: and faith, This is no fin, is the partner of a murderer.

25 He that boasteth, and pusseth up himself, stirreth up quarrels: but he that trusteth in the Lord, shall be healed.

own heart, is a fool: but he that walketh wifely, he shall be saved.

poor, shall not want: he that despiseth his entreaty, shall suffer indigence,

28 When the wicked rife up, men shall hide themselves: when they perifh, the just shall be multiplied.

### CHAP. XXIX.

HE man, that with a fliff neck despiseth him that reproveth him, shall suddenly be deftroyed : and health shall not follow him.

2 When just men increase, the people shall rejoice: when the wicked shall bear rule, the

people shall mourn.

3 A man that loveth wifdom, rejoiceth his father : but he that maintaineth harlots, shall squander away his subflance.

4 A just king fetteth up the land: a covetous man thall

destroy it.

5 A man that fpeaketh to his friend with flattering and diffembling words, spreadeth a net for his feet.

6 A fnare shall intangle the wicked man when he finneth: and the just shall praise

and rejoice.

7 The just taketh notice of the cause of the poor: the wicked is void of knowledge.

8 Corrupt men bring a city to ruin: but wife men

turn away wrath.

9 If a wife man contend with a fool, whether he be angry, or laugh, he shall find no rest.

no.1 0

the upright : but just men feek his foul.

11 A fool uttereth all his mind: a wife man deferreth. and keepeth it till afterwards.

12 A prince that gladly heareth lying words, hath all

his fervants wicked.

13 The poor man and the creditor have met one and ener: the Lord is the enlightner of them both.

14 The king that judgeth the poor in truth, his throne shall be established for ever.

15 The rod and reproof give wisdom: but the child that is left to his own will bringeth his mother to shame.

16 When the wicked are multiplied, crimes shall be multiplied: but the just shall fee their downfal.

17 Instruct thy fon, and he shall refresh, thee, and shall give delight to thy foul.

18 When prophecy shall fail, the people shall be scattered abroad: but he that keepeth the law, is bleffed.

19 A flave will not be corrected by words; because he understandeth what thou fayeft, and will not answer.

20 Haft thou feen a man bafty to speak? Folly is rather to be looked for, than his amendment.

21 He that nourisheth his fervant delicately from his childhood, afterward shall fine him Rubborn

22 A paffionate man pro-

voketh quarrels: and he that is easily stirred up to wrath, shall be more prone to fin.

23 Humiliation followeth the proud: and glory shall uphold the humble of spirit.

24 He that is partaker with a thief, hateth his own foul: he heareth one putting him to his oath, and discovereth not.

25 He that feareth man, shall quickly fall ; he that trusteth in the Lord shall be set on

high.

26 Many feek the face of the prince : but the judgment of every one cometh forth from the Lord.

27 The just abhor a wicked man; and the wicked loath them that are in the right way.

The fon that keepeth the word, shall be free from de-Aruction.

CH A Plan XXX

The wife man thinketh bumbly of himself. His prayer, and fentiments upon certain vir-

HE words of (a) Gatherer the fon of Vomiter. The vision which the man spoke, with whom God is, and who being strengthened by God, abiding with him, faid

2 I am the most foolish of men, and the wisdom of men is not with me.

3 I have not learned wifdom, and have not known the

fcience of faints.

4 Who hath afcended up into heaven, and descended? who hath held the wind in his hands? who hath bound up the waters together as in a garment? who hath raifed up all the borders of the earth? what is his name, and what is the name of his fon, if thou knowest?

5 Every word of God (b) is fire tried: he is a buckler to them that hope in him.

6 Add not any thing to his words, left thou be reproved and found a liar :

7 Two things I have alked of thee, deny them not to me before I die.

8 Remove far from me vanity, and lying words, Give me neither beggary, nor riches; give me only the necessaries of life.

Chap. XXX. (a) Ver. 1. Gaiberer &c. or, as it is in the Latin, Congregans the fon of Vomens. The Latin interpreter has given us in this place the fignification of the Hebrew names, instead of the names themselves, which are in the Hebrew, Agur the fon of Jakeh. But whether this Agur be the same person as Solomon, as many think, or a different person, whose doctrine was adopted by Solomon, and inferted among his parables of proverbs, is uncertain.

(b) Ver. 5. Is fire tried: that is, most pure, like gold purified

by fire. voiceils

o Left perhaps being filled, I should be tempted to deny, and fay: Who is the Lord? or being compelled by poverty, I should steal, and forswear the name of my God.

10 Accuse not a servant to his mafter, left he curse thee.

and thou fall.

11 There is a generation that curleth their father, and doth not blefs their mother.

12 A generation, that are pure in their own eyes, and yet are not washed from their filthineis.

13 A generation, whose eyes are lofty, and their eye-

lids lifted up on high.

14 A generation, that for teeth hath fwords, and grindeth with their jaw-teeth, to devour the needy from off the earth, and the poor from among men.

15 (c) The horfe-leech hath two daughters that fay : Bring,

bring pass and three things There are that never are fatisfied, and the fourth never faith: It is enough.

16 Hell, and the mouth of the womb, and the earth which is not fatisfied with water; and the fire never faith; It is enough.

17. The eye that mocketh at his father, and that despifeth the labour of his mother in bearing him, let the ravens of the brooks pick it out, and the young eagles eat it.

11 Three things are hard

to me, and the fourth I am ut-

terly ignorant of,

19 The way of an eagle in the air, the way of a serpent upon a rock, the way of a thip in the midst of the sea, and the way of a man in youth.

20 Such is also the way of an adulterous woman, who eateth, and wipeth her mouth. and faith: I have done no

evil.

2 r By three things the earth is disturbed, and the fourth it cannot bear.

22 By a flave when he reigneth: by a fool when he is

filled with meat:

23 By an odious woman when she is married: and by a bond woman when the is heir to her miftress. I A H O

24 There are four very little things of the earth, and they are wifer than the wife.

25 The ants, a feeble people. which provide themselves food in the harvest.

26 The rabbit, a weak people, which maketh its bed in the rock:

27 The locust hath no king, yet they all go out by their bands:

(c), Ver 15. The borfe-leech, Concupilcence, which hath two daughters that are never fatisfied, viz. lust and avarice. boog

28 (d) The stellio supporteth itself on hands, and dwelleth in kings houses.

29 There are three things, which go well, and the fourth

that walketh happily.

30 A lion, the strongest of beasts, who hath no sear of any thing he meeteth.

31 A cock girded about the loins: and a ram: and a king, whom none can resist.

32 There is that hath appeared a fool after he was lifted up on high: for if he had understood, he would have laid his hand upon his mouth.

fqueezeth the paps to bring our milk, straineth out butter: and he that violently bloweth his nose, bringeth out blood: and he that provoketh wrath, bringeth forth strife.

### CHAP. XXXI.

An exhortation to chaftity, temperance, and works of mercy; with the praise of a wise woman.

H E words of king (a) Lamuel. The vision wherewith his mother instructed him.

2 What, O my beloved, what, O the beloved of my

womb, what, O the beloved of my vows?

3 Give not thy substance to women, and thy riches to

deftroy kings.

4 Give not to kings, O Lamuel, give not wine to kings: because there is no secret where drunkenness reigneth.

5 And left they drink and forget judgments, and pervert the cause of the children of

the poor.

6 Give strong drink to them that are sad, and wine to them that are grieved in mind:

7 Let them drink, and forget their want, and remember their forrow no more.

8 Open thy mouth for the dumb, and for the causes of all the children that pass.

o Open thy mouth, decree that which is just, and do justice to the needy and

poor.

ant woman? the price of her is as of things brought from a-far off and from the uttermost coasts.

band trusteth in her, and he shall have no need of spoils.

12 She will render him

(d) Ver 28. The fiellia. A kind of house-lizard marked with spots like stars, from whence it has its name.

Chap. XXXI. (a) Ver. 1. Lamuel. This name fignifies God with bim, and is supposed to have been one of the names of Solomon.

good, and not evil, all the days of her life.

13 She hath fought wool and flax, and hath wrought by the counfel of her hands.

14 She is like the merchant's ship, she bringeth her

bread from afar.

15 And she hath rifen in the night, and given a prey to her houshold, and victuals to her maidens.

16 She hath confidered a field, and bought it: with the fruit of her hands she hath planted a vineyard.

17 She hath girded her loins with strength, and hath

strengthened her arm.

18 She hath tafted and feen that her traffick is good: her lamp shall not be put out in the night.

19 She hath put out her hand to strong things, and her fingers have taken hold of the spindle.

20 She hath opened her hand to the needy, and stretched out her hands to the poor.

21 She shall not fear for her house in the cold of snow: for all her domesticks are clothed with double garments.

and an appropriate of the

DOW

22 She hath made for herfelf clothing of tapeftry : fine linnen, and purple is her covering.

13 Her hulband is honourable in the gates, when he fitteth among the fenators of the

24 She made fine linnen. and fold it, and delivered a girdle to (b) the Chananite.

25 Strength and beauty are her clothing, and she shall laugh in the latter day,

26 She hath opened her mouth to wisdom, and the law of clemency is on her tongue:

27 She hath looked well to the paths of her house, and hath not eaten her bread idle.

28 Her children role up. and called her bleffed: her husband, and he praised her.

29 Many daughters have gathered together riches: thou haft furpaffed them all.

30 Payour is deceitful, and beauty is vain: the woman that feareth the Lord, she shall be praifed.

31 Give her of the fruit of her hands: and let her works praise her in the gates.

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for a supplier The book is called the specific or an everyone (see the becomes the action of the second of the sec excellent exercise, setterb form the variety of the line profitm

<sup>(</sup>b) The Chananite, the merchant: for Chananite in He-STOM: TOTO WINE PLICE - SPORT brew fignifies a merebant. PART WICE THE THEME CHARLEST THEY this card the card

# (e) ECCLESIASTES.

## CHAP. I.

The vanity of all temporal things.

HE words of Ecclefiastes, the fon of David, king of Jerusalem.

2 Vanity of vanities, faid Ecclefiaftes: vanity of vanities, and all is vanity.

3 What hath a man more of all his labour, that he tak-

4 One generation paffeth away, and another generation cometh: but the earth flandeth for ever.

5 The fun rifeth, and goeth down, and returneth to his place: and there rifing again.

6 Maketh his round by the South, and turneth again to the North: the spirit goeth forward surveying all places round about, and returneth to his circuits.

7 All the rivers run into the fea, yet the sea doth not over-flow: unto the place from whence the rivers come, they return, to flow again.

8 All things are hard: man cannot explain them by word. The eye is not filled with feeing, neither is the ear filled with hearing.

sels, lin Java som Jones

9 What is it that hath been? the same thing that shall be. What is it that hath been done? The same that shall be done.

is new, neither is any man able to fay: Behold, this is new: for it hathalready gone before, in the ages that were before as.

of former things: nor indeed of those things, which hereafter are to come, shall there be any remembrance with them that shall be in the latter end.

over Ifrael in Jerufalem,

nied to feek and fearch out wifely concerning all things, that are done under the fun. This painful occupation hath

<sup>(</sup>a) Ecclesiastes. This book is called Ecclesiastes, or the preacher, (in Hebrew Coheleth) because in it, Solomon, as an excellent preacher, setteth forth the vanity of the things of this world: to withdraw the hearts and affections of men from such empty toys.

God

God given to the children of men, to be exercised therein.

14 I have feen all things, that are done under the fun, and behold all is vanity, and vexation of spirit.

to be corrected, and the number of fools is infinite.

heart, faying: Behold I am become great, and have gone beyond all in wisdom, that were before me in Jerusalem: and my mind hath contemplated many things wisely, and I have learned.

17 And I have given my heart to know prudence, and learning, and errors, and folly: and I have perceived that in these also there was labour, and vexation of spirit.

to Because in much wisdom there is much indignation: and he that addeth knowledge, addeth also labour.

### CHAP. II.

The vanity of pleasures, riches, and worldly labours.

I Said in my heart: I will go, and abound with delights, and enjoy good things. And I faw that this also was vanity.

2 Laughter I counted error: and to mirth I faid: Why art thou vainly deceived?

3 I thought in my heart, to withdraw my flesh from wine, that I might turn my mind to wisdom, and might avoid folly, till I might see what was profitable for the children of men: and what they ought to do under the sun, all the days of their life.

4 I made me great works, I built me houses, and planted vineyards,

5 I made gardens, and orchards, and let them with trees of all kinds,

6 And I made me ponds of water, to water therewith the wood of the young trees,

7 I got me men-fervants, and maid-fervants, and had a great family: and herds of oxen, and great flocks of theep, above all that were before me in Jerusalem:

8 I heaped together for myfelf filver and gold, and the
wealth of kings, and provinces: I made me finging men,
and finging women, and the delights of the fons of men:
cups and veffels to ferve to
pour out wine:

9 And I surpassed in riches all that were before me in Jerusalem; my wisdom also remained with me.

I o And whatfoever my eyes defired, I refused them not : and I withheld not my heart from enjoying every pleasure, and delighting itself in the things which I had prepared : and I esteemed this my portion, to make use of my own labour.

X 2 myfelf

myself to all the works, which my hands had wrought, and to the labours, wherein I had laboured in vain, I saw in all things vanity, and vexation of mind, and that nothing was lasting under the sun.

12 I passed further to behold wisdom, and errors, and folly (What is man, said I, that he can follow the king his mak-

er?)

13 And I faw that wisdom excelled folly, as much as light differeth from darkness:

are in his head: the fool walketh in darkness: and I learned that they were to die both alike:

If the death of the fool and mine shall be one, what doth it avail me, that I have applied myself more to the study of wisdom? And speaking with my own mind, I perceived that this also was vanity.

16 For there shall be no remembrance of the wife no more than of the fool for ever, and the times to come shall cover all things together with oblivion; the learned dieth in like manner as the unlearned.

weary of my life, when I faw that all things under the fun are evil, and all vanity and vexation of spirit.

plication wherewith I had earneftly laboured under the fun,

HOLYMI

being like to have an heir after

19 Whom I know not, whether he will be a wife man or a fool, and he shall have rule over all my labours, with which I have laboured and been solicitous: and is there any thing so vain?

my heart renounced labouring any more under the fun.

21 For when a man laboureth in wisdom, and knowledge, and carefulness, he leaveth what he hath gotten to an idle man: so this also is vanity, and a great evil.

22 For what profit shall a man have of all his labour, and vexation of spirit, with which he hath been tormented under

the fun Privide has moderative has

23 All his days are full of forrows and miferies, even in the night he doth not reft in mind; and is not this vanity?

24 Is it not better to eat and drink, and to shew his foul good things of his labours? and this is from the hand of God.

abound with delights as 1?

and that is good in his fight, wisdom, and knowledge, and joy: but to the sinner he hath given vexation, and superfluous care, to heap up and to gather together, and to give it to him that hath pleased God: but this also is vanity, and

a fruitless solicitude of the mind.

#### CHAP. III. THE CHARLES THE COLUMN

All human things are liable to perpetual changes. We are to reft on God's providence, and caft away fruitless cares.

L L things have their feafon, and in their times all things pass under heaven.

2 A time to be born, and a time to die. A time to plant, and a time to pluck up that which is planted.

3 A time to kill, and a time to heal. A time to destroy and a time to build.

4 A time to weep, and a time to laugh. A time to mourn, and a time to dance.

A time to scatter stones, and a time to gather. A time to embrace, and a time to be far from embraces.

6 A time to get, and a time to lose. A time to keep, and a time to cast away.

7 A time to rend, and a time to few. A time to keep filence, and a time to speak.

8 A time of love, and a time of hatred. A time of war, and a time of peace.

9 What hath man more of his labour?

10 I have feen the trouble, which God hath given the fons of men, to be exercised in it.

11 He hath made all things

330

delivered the world to their confideration, fo that man can not find out the work, which God hath made from the beginning to the end.

12 And I have known that there was no better thing than to rejoice, and to do well in

his life.

13 For every man that cateth and drinketh, and feeth good of his labour, this is the

gift of God.

14 I have learned that all the works, which God hath made, continue for ever: we cannot add any thing, nor take away from those things. which God hath made that he may be feared.

15 That which hath been made, the fame continueth: the things that shall be, have already been: and God restoreth that which is past.

16 I saw under the sun in the place of judgment wickednels, and in the place of juf-

tice iniquity.

17 And I faid in my heart: God shall judge both the just and the wicked, and then shall be the time of every thing.

18 I faid in my heart concerning the fons of men, that God would prove them, and thew them to be like beafts.

19 Therefore the death of man, and of beafts is one, and the condition of them both is equal: as man dieth, fo they good in their time, and hath | also die : all things breath alike, and (a) man bath nothing more than beaft: all things are subject to vanity,

20 And all things go to one place: of earth they were made, and into earth they re-

turn together.

the spirit of the children of Adam goeth upward, and if the spirit of the beasts goeth downward?

22 And I have found that nothing is better than for a man to rejoice in his work, and that this is his portion. For who shall bring him to know the things that shall be after him?

### CHAP. IV.

Other inflances of buman mi-

Turned myself to other things, and I saw the oppressions that are done under the sun, and the tears of the innocent, and they had no comforter: and they were not able to resist their violence, being destitute of help from any.

2 And I praised the dead

rather than the living:

3 And I judged him happier than them both, that is not yet born, nor hath feen the evils that are done under the fun. 4 Again I confidered all the labours of men, and I remarked that their industries are exposed to the envy of their neighbour: so in this also there is vanity, and fruitless care.

hands together, and eateth his

own flesh, faying:

6 Better is a handful with reft, than both hands full with labour, and vexation of mind.

7 Confidering I found also another vanity under the sun:

8 There is but one, and he hath not a fecond, no child no brother, and yet he ceafeth not to labour, neither are his eyes fatisfied with riches, neither doth he reflect, faying: For whom do I labour, and defraud my foul of good things? In this also is vanity, and a grievous vexation.

9 It is better therefore that two should be together, than one: for they have the advan-

tage of their fociety:

10 If one fall he shall be supported by the other. Wo to him that is alone; for when he salleth, he hath none to lift him up.

they shall warm one another: how shall one alone be warmed?

1 2 And if a man prevail against

Chap. 111. (a) Ver, 19. Man bath nothing more, &c. viz. as to the life of the body.

(b) Ver. 21. Who knoweth, &c. viz. exterimentally; fince no one hath been in the other world to fee.

one, two shall withstand him: a threefold cord is not easily broken.

13 Better is a child that is poor and wife, than a king that is old and foolish, who knoweth not to foresee for hereafter.

14 Because out of prison and chains sometimes a man cometh forth to a kingdom; and another born king is confumed with poverty.

19 I faw all men living, that walk under the fun, with the fecond young man, who shall rife up in his place.

16 The number of the people, of all that were before him is infinite: and they that shall come afterward, shall not rejoice in him. But this also is vanity, and vexation of spirit.

17 Keep thy foot, when thou goest into the house of God, and draw nigh to hear.

For much better is obedience, than the victims of fools, who know not what evil they do.

### CHAP. V.

Caution in words. Vonus are to be payed. Riches are often pernicious: the moderate use of them is the gift of God.

SPEAK not any thing rashly, and let not thy heart be hasty to utter a word before God. For God is in heaven, and thou upon earth: therefore let thy words be few.

2 Dreams follow many cares, and in many words shall be found folly.

thing to God, defer not to pay it: for an unfaithful and foolish promise displeaseth him. But whatsoever thou hast vowed, pay it:

4 And it is much better not to vow, than after a vow hot to perform the things promifed.

5 Give not thy mouth to cause thy slesh to sin: and say not before the angel: There is no providence: lest God be angry at thy words, and destroy all the works of thy hands.

dreams, there are many vanities, and words without number: but do thou fear God?

7 If thou shalt see the oppressions of the poor, and violent judgments, and justice perverted in the province, wonder not at this matter; for he that is high hath another higher, and there are others still higher than these.

8 Moreover there is the king that reigneth over all the land subject to him.

o A covetous man shall not be fatisfied with money: and he that loveth riches shall reap no fruit from them: so this also is vanity.

riches, there are also many to eat them. And what doth it profit the owner, but that he

feeth

feeth the riches with his eyes?

bouring men, whether he eat little or much; but the fulness of the rich will not suffer him to sleep.

12 There is also another grievous evil which I have seen under the sun: riches kept to the hurt of the owner.

regreat affliction: he hath begotten a fon, who shall be in extremity of want.

ed from his mother's womb, fo shall he return, and shall take nothing away with him of his labour.

as he came, so shall he return.
What then doth it profit him that he hath laboured for the wind?

16 All the days of his life he eateth in darkness, and in many cares, and in misery, and forrow.

17 This therefore hath feemed good to me, that a man should eat and drink, and enjoy the fruit of his labour, wherewith he hath laboured under the sun, all the days of his life, which God hath given him; and this is his portion.

whom God hath given riches, and substance, and hath given him power to eat thereof, and to enjoy his portion, and to rejoice of his labour: this is the gift of God.

19 For he shall not much remember the days of his life, because God entertaineth his heart with delight.

### CHAP. VI.

The misery of the covetous man.

HERE is also an other evil, which I have seen under the sun, and that frequent among men:

2 A man to whom God hath given riches, and sub-stance, and honour, and his soul wanteth nothing of all that he desireth: yet God doth not give him power to eat thereof: but a stranger shall eat it up. This is vanity and a great misery.

3 If a man beget a hundred children, and live many years, and attain to a great age, and his foul make no use of the goods of his substance, and he be without burial: of this man I pronounce, that the untimely born is better than he.

4 For he came in vain, and goeth to darkness, and his name shall be wholly forgotten.

5 He hath not feen the fun, nor known the diffance of good and evil:

6 Although he lived two thousand years, and hath not enjoyed good things: do not all make hafte to one place?

7 All the labour of man is for his mouth; but his foul thall not be filled.

8 What hath the wife man more than the fool? and what the poor man, but to go thither, where there is life?

9 Better it is to see what thou mayst desire, than to defire that which thou canst not know. But this also is vanity, and presumption of spirit.

name is already called: and it is known, that he is man, and cannot contend in judgment with him, that is stronger than himself.

IT There are many words, that have much vanity in difputing.

## CHAP. VII.

Prescriptions against worldly wanities: mortification, patience, and seeking wisdom.

WHAT needeth a man to feek things that are above him, whereas he knoweth not, what is profitable for him in his life, in all the days of his pilgrimage, and the time that paffeth like a shadow? Or who can tell him what shall be after him under the sun?

2 A good name is better than precious ointments: and the day of death than the day of one's birth.

3 It is better to go to the house of mourning, than to

the house of feating: for in that we are put in mind of the end of all, and the living thinketh what is to come.

4 (a) Anger is better than laughter: because by the sadness of the countenance the mind of the offender is corrected.

5 The heart of the wife is where there is mourning, and the heart of fools where there is mirth.

6. It is better to be rebuked by a wifeman, than to be deceived with the flattery of fools.

7 For as the crackling of thorns burning under a pot, fo is the laughter of a fool: now this also is vanity.

8 Oppression troubleth the wife, and shall destroy the strength of his heart.

9 Better is the end of a fpeech, than the beginning. Better is the patient man than the prefumptuous.

for anger resteth in the bosom of a fool.

11 Say not: What thinkest thou is the cause that former times were better than they are now? for this manner of question is foolish.

12 Wisdom with riches is more profitable, and bringeth more advantage to them that see the sun.

Chap. VII. (a) Ver. 4. Anger. That is, correction, or just wrath and zeal against evil.

fence, so money is a defence; but learning and wisdom excel in this, that they give life to him that possesses them.

God, that no man can correct whom he hath despifed.

good things, and beware before hand of the evil day. For God hath made both the one and the other, that man may not find against him any just complaint.

16 These things also I saw in the days of my vanity: A just man perisheth in his justice, and a wicked man liveth a long time in his wickedness.

17 Be (b) not over just: and be not more wife than is necessary, less thou become stupid.

a 8 Be not over much wicked: and be not foolish, lest thou die before thy time.

flouldst hold up the just a year and from him withdraw not thy hand; for he that feareth God, neglecteth nothing.

20 Wisdom hath strengthned the wise more than ten

princes of the city.

21 For there is no just man upon earth, that doth good, and finneth not.

heart to all words, that are

spoken : lest perhaps thou hear thy servant reviling thee.

23 For thy conscience knoweth, that thou also hast often spoken evil of others.

24 I have tried all things in wisdom, I have said: I will be wife, and it departed farther from me,

25 Much more than it was: it is a great depth, who shall

find it out?

26 I have furveyed all things with my mind, to know and confider, and feek out wifdom, and reason: and to know the wickedness of the sool, and the errour of the imprudent:

27 And I have found a woman more bitter than death, who is the hunters frare, and her heart is a net, and her hands are bands. He that pleafeth God shall escape from her; but he that is a since, shall be caught by her.

28 Lo this have I found, faid Ecclefiastes, weighing one thing after another, that I might find out the account,

29 Which yet my foul feeketh, and I have not found it. One man among a thou-fand I have found, a woman among them all I have not found.

go Only this I have found, that God made man right, and he hath intangled himfelf with an infinity of questi-

ons.

<sup>(</sup>b) Ver. 17 Over just. viz. By an excessive rigour: or by censuring the ways of God in bearing with the wicked.

ons. Who is as the wife man and who hath known the refolution (c) of the word?

#### VIII. CHAP.

True wisdom is to observe God's commandments. The ways of God are unfearchable.

HE wildom of a man shineth in his countenance, and the most mighty will change his face,

2 I observe the mouth of the king, and the commandments of the oath of God.

3 Be not hafty to depart from his face, and do not continue in an evil work: for he will do all that pleafeth

4 And his word is full of power: neither can any man fay to him: Why doft thou 10 ?

5 He that keepeth the commandment, shall find no evil. The heart of a wife man understandeth time and answer.

6 There is a time and opportunity for every bufiness, and great affliction for man:

7 Because he is ignorant of things past, and things to come he cannot know by any messenger.

8 It is not in man's power to stop the spirit, neither hath he power in the day of

death, neither is he fuffered to reft when war is at hand. neither shall wickedness fave the wicked

o All these things I have confidered, and applied my heart to all the works that are done under the fun. Sometimes one man ruleth over another to his own hurt.

10 I faw the wicked buried: who also when they were yet living were in the holy place, and were praifed in the city as men of just works. But this also is vanity.

11 For because sentence is not speedily pronounced against the evil, the children of men commit evils without any fear. 101 ou bon nee men

12 But though a finner do evil a hundred times, and by patience be born withal, I know from thence that it shall be well with them that fear God, who reverence his face.

13 But let it not be well with the wicked, neither let his days be prolonged, but as a thadow let them pass away, that fear not the face of the Lord.

14 There is also another vanity, which is done upon the earth. There are just men to whom evils happen, as though they had done the works of the wicked: and

<sup>(</sup>c) Ver. 30. Of the word. That is, of this obscure and difficult matter. righting into the trafferchtbe ways of cavine right

there are wicked men, who are as fecure, as though they had the deeds of the just. But this also I judge most vain.

nirth, because there was (a) no good for a man under the sun, but to eat, and drink, and be merry; and that he should take nothing else with him of his labour in the days of his life, which God hath given him under the sun.

to know wisdom, and to understand the distraction that is upon earth: For there are some that day and night take no sleep with their eyes.

17 And I understood that man can find no reason of all those works of God, that are done under the sun: and the more he shall labour to seek, so much the less shall he find: yea though the wiseman should fay, that he knoweth it, he shall not be able to find it.

Man knows not certainly that be is in God's grace. After

death no more work or me-

A L'L these things have I considered in my heart, that I might carefully understand them: There are just men and wise men, and their works are in the hand of God: and yet man knoweth not, whether he be worthy of love, or hatred:

2 But all things are kept uncertain for the time to come, because all things equally happen to the just and to the wicked, to the good and to the evil, to the clean and to the unclean, to him that offereth victims, and to him that despiseth facrifices. As the good is, so also is the sinner: as the perjured, so he also that sweareth truth.

3 This is a very great cvil among all things that are done under the fun, that the fame things happen to all men. Whereby also the hearts of the children of men are filled with evil, and with contempt while they live, and afterwards they shall be brought down to hell.

4 There is no man that liveth always, or that hopeth

Chap. VIII. (a) Ver. 15. No good for a man, &c. Some think the wife man here speaks in the person of the libertine; representing the objections of these men against divine providence, and the inferences they draw from thence, which he takes care afterwards to resute. But it may also be said that his meaning is to commend the moderate use of the goods of this world, preserably to the cares and solicitudes of world-lings, their attachment to vanity and curiosity, and presumptously diving into the unsearchable ways of divine providence.

for this : a living dog is better than a dead lion.

For the living know that they shall die, but the dead (a) know nothing more, neither have they a reward any more: for the memory of them is forgotten.

6 Their love alfo, and their hatred, and their envy are all perished, neither have they any part in this world, and in the work that is done under

the fun.

7 Go then, and eat thy bread with joy, and drink thy wine with gladness : because thy works pleafe God.

8 At all times let thy garments be white, and let not oil depart from thy head.

Live joyfully, with the wife whom thou lovest, all the days of thy uniteady life, which are given to thee under the fun, all the time of thy vanity: for this is thy portion in life, and in thy labour wherewith thou labourest under the fun.

10 Whatfoever thy hand is able to do, do it earnestly: for neither work, nor reason, nor wisdom nor knowledge

shall be in hell, whither thou art haftening.

II I turned me to another thing, and I faw that under the fun, the race is not to the fwift, nor the battle to the firong, nor bread to the wife, nor riches to the learned, not favour to the skilful: but time and chance in ally their tone, in bride the

12 Man knoweth not his own end: but as fishes are taken with the hook, and as birds are caught with the fnare: fo men are taken in the eviltime. when it shall suddenly come upon them.

13 This wisdom also I have feen under the fun, and it feemed to me to be very great:

TA There was a little city and few men init: and there came against it a great king, and invested it, and built bulwarks round about it, and the fiege was perfect.

15 Now there was found in it a man poor and wife, and he delivered the city by his wisdom, and no man afterward remembred that poor man.

16 And I faid that wisdom

Chap. IX. (a) Ver. 5. Know nothing more. viz. As to the transactions of this world, in which they have now no part: neither have they any knowledge or power now of doing any thing, to fecure their eternal state, (if they have not taken care of it in their lifetime) nor can they now procure themselves any good, as the living always may do, by the 

is better than strength: how then is the wisdom of the poor man flighted, and his words not heard?

17 The words of the wife are heard in filence, more than the cry of a prince among fools.

18 Better is wisdom, than weapons of war: and he that shall offend in one, shall lose many good things.

CHAP.X.

Observations on avisdom and folly, ambition and detraction.

YING flies spoil the fweetness of the ointment. Wisdom and glory is more precious than a small and fhort-lived folly.

2 The heart of a wifeman is in his right hand, and the heart of a fool is in his left-hand.

3 Yea and the fool when he walketh in the way, whereas he himself is a fool, esteemeth all men fools.

4 If the spirit of him that hath power, ascend upon thee, leave not thy place: because care will make the greatest fins to ceafe.

5 There is an evil that I have feen under the fun, as it were by an error proceeding from the face of the prince:

6 A fool fet in high dignity, and the rich fitting beneath. The that he words from

7 I have feen fervants upon horfes: and princes walking on the ground as fervants.

8 He that diggeth a pit. shall fall into it: and he that breaketh a hedge, a serpent shall bite him.

o He that removeth flones. shall be hurt by them; and he that cutteth trees, shall be

wounded by them.

10 If the iron be blunt. and be not as before, but be made blunt, with much labour it shall be sharpened: and after industry shall follow wifdom.

11 If a serpent bite in filence. he is nothing better that back-

biteth fecretly.

12 The words of the mouth of a wifeman are grace: but the lips of a fool shall throw him down headlong.

13 The beginning of his words is folly, and the end of his talk is a mischievous error.

14 A fool multiplieth words. A man cannot tell what hath been before him: and what shall be after him, who can tell him?

15 The labour of fools shall afflict them that know not how to go to the city.

16 Wo to thee, O land, when thy king is a child, and when thy princes eat in the

morning.

17 Bleffed is the land, whole king is noble, and whose princes eat in due season for refreshment, and not for riotousnefs.

18 By flothfulness a building shall be brought down, and and through the weakness of hands, the house shall drop through.

19 For laughter they make bread, and wine that the living may feaft: and all things o-

bey money a wift line and the

Detract not the king, no not in thy thought; and fpeak not evil of the rich man in thy private chamber: because even the birds of the air will carry thy voice, and he that hath wings will tell what thou hast faid.

### CHAP. XI.

Exhortation to works of mercy, while we have time, to diligence in good, and to the remembrance of death and judgment.

CAST thy bread upon the running waters : for after a long time thou shalt

find it again.

and also to eight: for thou knowest not what evil shall be upon the earth:

13 If the clouds be full, they will pour out rain upon

the earth. (a) If the tree fall to the fouth, or to the north, in what place foever it shall fall, there shall it be.

wind, shall not fow and he that considereth the clouds, shall

never reap.

5 As thou knowest not what is the way of the spirit, nor how the bones are joined together in the womb of her that is with child: so thou knowest not the works of God, who is the maker of all.

6 In the morning fow thy feed, and in the evening let not thy hand cease: for thou knowest not which may rather spring up, this or that: and if both together, it shall be the better.

7 The light is fweet, and it is delightful for the eyes to fee the fun.

8 If a man live many years, and have rejoiced in them all, he must remember the dark-fome time, and the many days: which when they shall come, the things passed shall be accused of vanity.

Chap, XI. (a) Ver. 3. If the tree fall, &c. The state of the soul is unchangeable when once she comes to heaven or hell: and a soul that departs this life in the state of grace, shall never fall from grace; as on the other side, a soul that dies out of the state of grace, shall never come to it. But this does not exclude a place of temporal punishments for such souls as die in the state of grace; yet not so as to be entirely pure: and therefore they shall be saved, indeed, yet so as by fire.

Y 2

o Rejoice therefore O young. man in thy youth, and let thy heart be in that which is good in the days of thy youth, and walk in the ways of thy heart, and in the fight of thy eyes: and know that for all these God will bring thee into judgment.

10 Remove anger from thy heart, and put away evil from thy flesh. For youth and pleasure are vain.

#### CHAP. XII

The creator is to be remembred in the days of our youth: all worldly things are vain: ferving God is all in all.

T EMEMBER thy creator in the days of thy youth, before the time of affliction come, and the years draw nigh of which thou shalt fay : They please me not,

(a) Before the fun, and the light, and the moon, and the stars be darkened, and the clouds return after the rain:

3 When the keepers of the house shall tremble, and the firong men shall stagger, and the grinders shall be idle in a small number, and they that look through the holes shall be darkened.

4 And they shall thut the doors in the street, when the grinder's voice shall be low. and they shall rife up at the voice of the bird, and all the daughters of mufick shall grow deaf. The state of the period of the period

5 And they shall fear high things, and they shall be afraid in the way, the almond-tree shall flourish, the locust shall be made fat, and the capertree shall be destroyed : because man shall go into the house of his eternity, and the mourners shall go round about in the ftreet. The first party sales

6 Before the filver cord be broken, and the golden fillet shrink back, and the pitcher be crushed at the fountain, and the wheel be broken upon the ciftern,

7 And the dust return into its earth, from whence it was, and the spirit return to God, who gave it.

8 Vanity of vanities, faid Ecclefiaftes, and all things are vanity of the parton but but

o And whereas Ecclefiaftes was very wife, he taught the people, and declared the things that he had done: and feeking out, fet forth many parables.

10 He fought profitable words, and wrote words most right, and full of truth.

11 The words of the wife

Chap. XII. (a) Ver. 2. Before the fun, &c. That is, before old age: the effects of which upon all the fenfes and faculties are described in the following verses, under a variety of figures.

are as goads, and as nails deep- 1 2 Let us all hear together ly fastened in, which by the counsel of masters are given from one shepherd.

12 More than thefe, my fon, require not. Of making many books there is no end: and much fludy is an affliction of the flesh.

the conclusion of the discourse. Fear God, and keep his commandments: for this (b) is all man:

14 And all things that are done, God will bring into judgment for every (c) error, whether it be good or evil.

(b) Ver. 13. All man. The whole bufiness and duty of man.

(c) Ver. 14. Error. Or hidden and fecret thing.

# SOLOMON'S

# CANTICLE of CANTICLES.

#### CHAP. I.

The spouse aspires to an union with Christ: their mutual love for one another.

with the kiss of his

is as oil poured out: there- rooms: we will be glad and

The pared is under any

cogg

E T him kis me | fore young maidens have loved thee.

mouth: for thy breafts 3 Draw me; we will run are better than wine, after thee to the odour of thy 2 Smelling sweet of the jointments. The king hath best ointments. Thy name brought me into his store-

<sup>(</sup>a) Canticle, &c. This book is called the Canticle of can. ticles, That is to fay, the most excellent of all canticles; because it is full of high mysteries, relating to the happy un'on of Christ and his spouse; which is here begun by love; and is to be eternal in heaven. The foule of Christ is the sichurch: more especially as to the happiest part of it, viz, perfect fouls every one of which is his beloved; but above all vothers the immaculate and ever bleffed virgin mother. soiojar A falle of cyn & Yny ed; behold he cometh las 17

rejoice in thee, remembring thy breafts more than wine: the rightcous love thee.

5 I am black but beautiful, O ye daughters of Jerufalem, as the rents of Cedar, as the curtains of Solomon.

6 Do not confider me that I am brown, because the sun hath altered my colour: the sons of my mother have fought against me, they have made me the keeper in the vineyards: my vineyard I have not kept.

7 Shew me, O thou whom my foul loveth, where thou feedest, where thou lyest in the midday, lest I begin to wander after the slocks of thy

companions. 1

8 If thou know not thyfelf, O fairest among women, go forth, and follow after the steps of the flocks, and feed thy kids beside the tents of the shepherds.

9 To my company of horsemen, in Pharao's chariots have I likened thee, O my

love.

10 Thy cheeks are beautiful as the turtle doves, thy

neck as jewels.

ti We will make thee chains of gold, inlaid with filver.

12 While the king was at his repose, my spikenard sent forth the odour thereof.

13 A bundle of myrrh is my beloved to me, he shall abide between my breatts.

14 A clustre of cyprus my

love is to me, in the vine-

15 Behold thou art fair, O my love, behold thou art fair, thy eyes are as those of doves.

16 Behold thou art fair, my beloved, and comely; our

bed is flourishing.

17 The beams of our houses are of cedar, our rafters of cypress trees.

# CHAP. H.

Christ careffes his spouse: he invites her to him.

A M the flower of the field, and the lily of the valleys. 2 As the lily among thorns, fo is my love among the daughters.

3 As the apple-tree among the trees of the woods, so is my beloved among the sons. I fat down under his shadow, whom I defired: and his fruit was sweet to my palate.

4 He brought me into the cellar of wine, he fet in order

charity in me.

5 Stay me up with flowers, compais me about with apples : because I languish with love.

6 His left hand is under my head, and his right hand shall

embrace me.

7 I adjure you O ye daughters of Jerusalem, by the roes, and the harts of the fields, that you flir not up nor make the beloved to awake, till he please.

8 The voice of my beloved, behold he cometh leaping

upon

upon the mountains, skipping over the hills.

or a young hart. Behold he standeth behind our wall, looking through the windows, looking through the lattices.

fpeaketh to me: Arife, make hafte, my love, my dove, my beautiful one, and come.

the rain is over and gone.

12 The flowers have appeared in our land, the time of pruning is come: the voice of the turtle is heard in our land:

forth her green figs: the vines in flower yield their sweet fmell: Arise my love, my beautiful one, and come.

of the rock, in the hollow places of the wall shew me thy face, let thy voice found in my ears: for thy voice is sweet, and thy face comely.

15 Catch us the little foxes, that destroy the vines: for our vineyard hath flourished.

I to him, who feedeth among the lilies,

17 Till the day break, and the shadows retire. Return: be like, my beloved, to a roe, or to a young hart upon the mountains of Bether.

CHAP. III.
The spouse seeks Christ. The
glory of his humanity.

IN my bed by night I fought him whom my foul loveth, I fought him, and found him not.

2 I will rife, and will go about the city: in the firects and the broad ways I will feek him whom my foul loveth: I fought him, and I found him not.

3 The watchmen who keep the city, found me. Have you feen him, whom my foul

loveth?

4 When I had a little paffed by them, I found him whom my foul loveth: I held him; and I will not let him go, till I bring him into my mother's house, and into the chamber of her that bore me.

of Jadjure you O daughters of Jerusalem, by the roes, and the harts of the fields, that you stir not up, nor awake my beloved, till she please.

6 Who is the, that goeth up by the defert, as a pillar of smoke of aromatical spices, of myrrh, and frankincense, and of all the powders of the persumer?

7 Behold threefcore valiant ones of the most valiant of Israel, surround the bed of

Solomon : Wildw brand, to

8 All holding fwords, and most expert in war: every man's fword upon his thigh, because of sears in the night.

9 King Solomon hath made him a litter of the wood of Libanus:

10 The pillars thereof he made

made of filver, the feat of gold, the going up of purple: the midft he covered with charity for the daughters of lerufalem.

11 Go forth, ye daughters of Sion, and fee king Solomon in the diadem, wherewith his mother crowned him in the day of his cipoulals, and in the day of the joy of his heart. C H A P. IV.

Christ fets forth the graces of bis spouse: and declares bis love for ber.

ITOW beautiful art thou my love, how beautiful art thou! Thy eyes are doves eyes, besides what is hid within. Thy hair is as flocks of goats, which come up from mount Galaad.

2 Thy teeth as flocks of Sbeep, that are shorn, which come up from the washing, all with twins, and there is none barren among them.

Thy lips are as a scarlet lace: and thy speech sweet. Thy cheeks are as a piece of a pomegranate, besides that which lieth hid with in.

4 Thy neck is as the tower of David, which is built with bulwarks: a thousand bucklers hang upon it, all the armour of valiant men.

Thy two breafts like two young roes that are twins, which feed among the lilies.

6 Till the day break, and the shadows retire, I will go to

(1) 121

the mountain of myrrh, and to the hill of frankincenfe.

Thou art all fair, O my love, and there is not a fpot in thee.

8 Come from Libanus, my spouse, come from Libanus, come; thou shalt be crowned from the top of Amana, from the top of Sanir and Hermon. from the dens of the lions. from the mountains of the leopards.

o Thou haft wounded my heart, my fifter, my fpouse, thou haft wounded my heart with one of thy eyes, and with one hair of thy neck.

to How beautiful are thy breafts, my fifter, my fpoufe! thy breafts are more beautiful than wine, and the fweet smell of thy ointments above all aromatical spices.

11 Thy lips, my spouse, are as a dropping honey-comb, honey and milk are under thy tongue: and the smell of thy garments, as the smell of frankincense.

12 My fifter my spouse is a garden inclosed, a garden inclosed, a fountain sealed up.

13 Thy plants are a paradife of pomegranates with the fruits of the orchard. Cyprus with spikenard.

14 Spikenard, and faffron, fweet cane and cinnamon, with all the trees of Libanus, myrrh and aloes with all the chief perfumes.

15 The fountain of gardens: dens: the well of living waters, which run with a strong ftream from Libanus

16 Arise O north wind. and come O fouth wind, blow through my garden, and let the aromatical spices thereof flow of the market of Barkw

#### CHAP.V.

Christ calls his spouse: The languishes with love; and describes bim by bis graces.

T ET my beloved come into his garden, and eat the fruit of his apple-trees. I am come into my garden O my fifter, my spouse, I have gathered my myrrh, with my aromitical fpices : I have eaten the honey-comb with my honey, I have drunk my wine with my milk : eat, O friends, and drink, and be inebriated my dearly beloved.

2 I sleep, and my heart watcheth; the voice of my beloved knocking: Open to me, my fifter, my love, my dove, my undefiled; for my head is full of dew, and my locks of the drops of the

nights.

3 I have put off my garment, how shall I put it on? I have washed my feet, how shall I defile them?

4 My beloved put his hand through the hole of the door, and my bowels were moved at his touch. forcelorger at al

5 I arose up to open to my beloved : my hands drop-CHAP

fingers were full of the choicest myrrhes only one ages political

6 I opened the bolt of my door to my beloved ; but he had turned afide, and was gone. My foul melted, when he fpoke: I fought him and found him not: I called, and he did not answer me. built

7 The keepers that go about the city found me; they fruck me, and wounded me: the keepers of the walls took away my vail from me.

8 I adjure you, O daughters of Jerusalem, if you find my beloved, that you tell him that I languish with love.

o What manner of one is thy beloved of the beloved. O thou most beautiful among women? What manner of one is thy beloved of the beloved, that thou haft fo adjured us ?

10 My beloved is white and ruddy, chosen out of thoufands.

11 His head is as the finest gold: his locks as branches of palm trees, black as a raven.

12 His eyes as doves upon brooks of waters, which are washed with milk, and fit befide the plentiful streams.

13 His cheeks are as beds of aromatical spices set by the perfumers. His lips are as lilies dropping choice myrrh.

14 His hands are turned and as of gold, full of hyacinths. His belly as of ivory, ped with myrrh, and my fet with fapphires. sous and

marble, that are fet upon bafes of gold. His form as of Libanus, excellent as the cedars.

and he is all lovely: fuch is my beloved, and he is my friend, O ye daughters of Jerusalem.

gone, O thou most beautiful among women? whither is thy beloved turned aside, and we will seek him with thee?

CHAP. VI.
The spouse of Christ is but one:
she is fair and terrible.

Y beloved is gone down into his garden, to the bed of aromatical spices, to feed in the gardens, and to gather lilies.

2 I to my beloved, and my beloved to me, who feed-

eth among the lilies.

3 Thou art beautiful, O my love, sweet, and comely as Jerusalem: terrible as an army set in array.

from me, for they have made me flee away. Thy hair is as a flock of goats, that appear from Galaad.

of aremerical fraces for five the

5 Thy teeth as a flock of fheep, which come up from the washing, all with twins, and there is none barren among them.

6 Thy cheeks are as the bark of a pomegranate, beside what is hidden within thee.

7 There are threescore queens, and fourscore concubines, and young maidens without number.

8 One is my dove, my perfect one is but one, the is the only one of her mother, the chosen of her that bore her. The daughters saw her, and declared her most blessed: the queens and concubines, and they praised her.

forth as the morning rifing, fair as the moon, bright as the fun, terrible as an army fet

in array ? bes . absorts

of the vallies, and to look if the vineyard had flourished, and the pomegranates budded,

troubled me for the chariots of

Aminadab.

Sulamitesse: return, return, that we may behold thee.

Chap. VI. (a) Ver. 12. Sulamites. That is, the peaceful. As Christ in the Canticle is represented under the figure and name of Solomon, the peaceful or pacifick king; to
his spouse the church is called the Sulamites, by a name of
the same origin and fignification.

CHAP.

# CHAP. VII.

A further description of the graces of the church the spouse of Christ.

HAT shalt thou see in the Sulamite's but the companies of camps? How beautiful are thy steps in shoes, O prince's daughter? the joints of thy thighs are like jewels, that are made by the hand of a skilful workman.

2'Thy navel is like a round bowl never wanting cups. Thy belly is like a heap of wheat, fet about with lilies.

3 Thy two breafts are like two young roes that are twins.

4 Thy neck as a tower of ivory. Thy eyes like the fish-pools in Hesebon, which are in the gate of the daughter of the multitude. Thy nose is as the tower of Libanus, that looketh toward Damascus.

5 Thy head is like Carmel: and the hairs of thy head as the purple of the king bound in the channel.

6 How beautiful art thou, and how comely, my dearest, in delights!

7 Thy stature is like to a palm-tree, and thy breasts to clusters of grapes.

8 I faid: I will go up into the palm-tree, and will take hold of the fruit thereof: and thy breafts shall be as the clusters of the vine: and the odour of thy mouth like apples. of Thy throat like the best wine, worthy for my beloved to drink, and for his lips and his teeth to ruminate.

his turning is towards me.

us go forth into the field, let us abide in the villages.

12 Let us get up early to the vineyards, let us fee if the vineyard flourish, if the flowers be ready to bring forth fruits, if the pomegranates flourish: there will I give thee my breasts.

13 The mandrakes give a finell. In our gates are all fruits: the new and the old, my beloved, I have kept for thee.

## CHAP. VIII.

The love of the church to Christ: bis love to ber.

WHO shall give thee to me for my brother, sucking the breasts of my mother, that I may find thee without, and kiss thee, and now no man may despite me?

2 I will take hold of thee, and bring thee into my mother's house: there thou shalt teach me, and I will give thee a cup of spiced wine, and new wine of my pomegranates.

3 His left hand under my head, and his right hand shall embrace me.

4 I adjure you, O daughters of Jerusalem, that you

ftir not up, nor awake my

love till the pleafe.

Who is this, that cometh up from the defert, flowing with delights, leaning upon her beloved ? Under the apoletree I raised thee up; there thy mother was corrupted. there she was defloured that bore thee, and the last

6 Put me as a feal upon thy heart, as a feal upon thy arm: for love is strong as death : (a) jealoufy is hard as hell, the lamps thereof are lamps of fire and flames.

7 Many waters cannot quench charity, neither can the floods drown it: if a man should give all the substance of his house for love, he shall despise it as nothing. Our fifter is little, and hath no breafts. What shall we do to our fifter in the day when the is to be spoken to?

o If the be a wall, let us build upon it bulwarks of

Son war tone and may no

filver : if the be a door, let us join it together with boards of cedar.

to I am a wall: and my breafts are as a tower, fince I am become in his presence as one finding peace.

11 The peaceable had a vineyard, in that which hath people: he let out the same to keepers, every man bringeth for the fruit thereof a thoufand pieces of filver.

12 My vineyard is before me. A thousand are for thee. the peaceable, and two hundred for them, that keep the fruit thereof.

13 Thou that dwelleft in the gardens, the friends hearken: make me hear thy voice. The madelal in a dec

14 Flee away, O my beloved, and be like to the roe, and to the young hart upon the mountains of aromatical (pices:

burning love. statifier Herry Common to the

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Chap. VIII. (a) Ver. 6. Jealoufy. That is, zealous and

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# The BOOK of (a) WISDOM.

# CHAP. I. Strand sad disput

An exhortation to feek God fincerely, who cannot be deceived,

that are the judges of the earth. Think of the Lord in goodness, and seek him in simplicity of heart:

2 For he is found by them, that tempt him not: and he sheweth himself to them, that have faith in him.

3 For perverse thoughts separate from God: and his power, when it is tried, reproveth the unwise:

4 For wisdom will not enter into a malicious soul, nor dwell in a body subject to fins,

5 For the Holy Spirit of discipline will see from the deceitful, and will withdraw himself from thoughts that are without understanding, and he shall not abide when iniquity cometh in.

6 For the spirit of wif-

dom is benevolent, and will not acquit the evil speaker of his lips: for God is witness of his reins, and he is a true searcher of his heart, and a hearer of his tongue.

7 For the Spirit of the Lord hath filled the whole world; and that, which containeth all things, hath knowledge of the voice.

8 Therefore he that speaketh unjust things, can not be hid, neither shall the chastising judgment pass him by.

9 For inquisition shall be made into the thoughts of the ungodly: and the hearing of his words shall come to God, to the chastising of his iniquities.

heareth all things, and the tumult of murmuring shall not be hid.

<sup>(</sup>a) Wisdom. This book is so called, because it treats of the excellence of avisdom, the means to obtain it, and the happy fruits it produces. It is written in the person of Solomon and contains his sentiments. But it is uncertain who was the writer. It is not in the Hebrew bible, because it was not published till after Esdras had closed up the Hebrew canon of the scriptures. But it is received by the catholic church, by apostolical tradition, agreeably to many ancient sathers and councils.

fore from murmuring, which profiteth nothing, and refrain your tongue from detraction, for an obscure speech shall not go for nought: and the mouth that belieth, killeth the soul.

12 Seek not death in the error of your life, neither procure ye destruction by the works of your hands.

13 For God made not death, neither hath he pleasure in the destruction of the living.

14 For he created all things that they might be: and he made the nations of the earth for health: and there is no poison of destruction in them, nor kingdom of hell upon the earth.

15 (For justice is perpetual and immortal.)

to But the wicked with works and words have called it to them: and esteeming it a friend, have fallen away, and have made a covenant with it: because they are worthy to be of the part thereof.

## CHAP. II.

The wain reasonings of the wicked: their persecuting the just, especially the Son of God.

FOR they have faid, reafoning with themselves, but not right: The time of our life is short and tedious, and in the end of a man there is no remedy, and no man

1800 11

hath been known to have re-

2 For we are born of nothing, and after this we shall be as if we had not been: for the breath in our nostrils is smoke: and speech a spark to move our heart,

3 Which being put out, our body shall be asses, and our spirit shall be poured abroad as soft air, and our life shall pass away as the trace of a cloud, and shall be dispersed as a mist, which is driven away by the beams of the sun, and overpowered with the heat thereof:

4 And our name in time shall be forgotten, and no man shall have any remembrance of our works.

passing of a shadow, and there is no going back of our end: for it is fast sealed, and no man returneth.

6 Come therefore, and let us enjoy the good things that are present, and let us speedily use the creatures as in youth.

offly wine, and ointments; and let not the flower of the time pass by us.

8 Let us crown ourselves with roses, before they be withered: let no meadow escape our riot.

out his part in luxury; let us every where leave tokens

of joy: for this is our por-

just man, and not spare the widow, nor honour the ancient grey hairs of the aged.

11 But let our strength be the law of justice: for that which is feeble, is found to be

nothing worth.

12 Let us therefore lie in wait for the just, because he is not for our turn, and he is contrary to our doings, and upbraideth us with transgreffions of the law, and divulgeth against us the fins of our way of life.

13 He boasteth that he hath the knowledge of God, and calleth himself the son of God.

14 He is become a cenfurer

of our thoughts.

rs He is grievous unto us, even to behold; for his life is not like other mens, and his ways are very different.

16 We are esteemed by him as triflers, and he abstaineth from our ways as from filthiness, and he preferreth the latter end of the just, and glorieth that he hath God for his father.

17 Let us see then if his words be true, and let us prove what shall happen to him, and we shall know what his end shall be.

18 For if he be the true fon of God, he will defend him, and will deliver him

from the hands of his ene-

by outrages and tortures, that we may know his meckness and try his patience.

20 Let us condemn him to a most shameful death: for there shall be respect had unto

him by his words.

thought, and were deceived: for their own malice blinded them.

22 And they knew not the fecrets of God, nor hoped for the wages of justice, nor esteemed the honour of holy fouls.

23 For God created man incorruptible, and to the image of his own likeness he made him.

24 But by the envy of the devil, death came into the world:

25 And they follow him that are of his fide.

## CHAP. HI.

The happiness of the just: and the anhappiness of the wiched.

But the fouls of the just are in the hand of God, and the torment of death shall not touch them.

2 In the fight of the unwife they feemed to die: and their departure was taken for mifery:

3 And their going away from us, for utter de-Z 2 ftruction: Aruction: but they are in | bed in fin: she shall have fruit

4 And though in the fight of men they fuffered torments, their hope is full of immortality.

5 Afflicted in few things, in many they shall be well rewarded: because hath tried them, and found them worthy of himfelf.

6 As gold in the furnace he hath proved them, and as a victim of a holocauft he hath received them, and in time there shall be respect had to them.

7 The just shall shine, and shall run to and fro like sparks among the reeds.

8 They shall judge nations, and rule over people, and their Lord shall reign for ever.

They that trust in him, shall understand the truth: and they that are faithful in love shall rest in him : for grace and peace is to his elect.

10 But the wicked shall be punished according to their own devices: who have neglected the juft, and have revolted from the Lord.

ir for he that rejecteth wisdom, and discipline, is unhappy: and their hope is vain, and their labours without fruit, and their works unprofitable.

12 Their wives are foolish, and their children wicked.

13 Their offspring is curled: for happy is the barren : and the undefiled, that hath not known

s reffinal.

in the vifitation of holy fouls.

14 And the eunuch, that hath not wrought iniquity with his hands, nor thought wicked things against God: for the precious gift of faith shall be given to him, and a most acceptable lot in the temple of God.

15 For the fruit of good labours is glorious, and the root of wisdom never faileth.

16 But the children of adulterers shall not come to perfection, and the feed of the unlawful bed shall be rooted out.

17 And if they live long, they shall be nothing regarded, and their last old age shall be without honour.

18 And if they die quickly, they shall have no hope, nor speech of comfort in the day of trial.

19 For dreadful are the ends of a wicked race.

CHAP. IV.

The differencebetween thechafte and the adulterous generations: and between the death of the juft, and the wicked.

O'How beautiful is the chafte generation with glory: for the memory thereof is immortal: because it is known both with God, and with men. wond

2 When it is present, they imitate it: and they defire it when it hath withdrawn itself, and it triumpheth crowned for

undefiled conflicts.

3 But the multiplied brood of the wicked shall not thrive, and bastard slips shall not take deep root, nor any fast foundation.

4 And if they flourish in branches for a time, yet standing not fast, they shall be shaken with the wind, and through the force of winds they shall be rooted out.

5 For the branches not being perfect, shall be broken, and their fruits shall be unprofitable, and four to eat, and

fit for nothing.

6 For the children that are born of unlawful beds, are witnesses of wickedness against their parents in their trial.

7 But the just man, if he be prevented with death, shall

be in reft.

8 For venerable old age is not that of long time, nor counted by the number of years: but the understanding of a man is grey hairs:

o And a spotless life is old

age.

10 He pleased God and was beloved, and living among finners he was translated.

11 He was taken away left wickedness should alter his understanding, or deceit beguile his foul.

12 For the bewitching of vanity obscureth good things, and the wandering of concupi-

ever, winning the reward of | scence overturneth the innocent mind.

> 13 Being made perfect in a short space, he fulfilled a long time:

> 14 For his foul pleafed God: therefore he haftened to bring him out of the midft of iniquities; but the people fee this, and understand not, nor lay up such things in their hearts:

> 15 That the grace of God, and his mercy is with his faints, and that he hath respect to his chosen.

16 But the just that is dead, condemneth the wicked that are living, and youth foon end. ed, the long life of the unjust.

17 For they shall see the end of the wife man, and shall not understand what God hath. defigned for him, and why the Lord hath let him in fafety...

18 They shall see him, and shall despise him: but the Lord thall laugh them to fcorn.

19 And they shall fall after this without honour, and be a reproach among the dead for ever: for he shall burst them puffed up and speechless, and shall shake them from the foundations, and they shall be utterly laid waste: they shall be in forrow, and their memory shall perish.

20 They shall come with fear at the thought of theirfins, and their iniquities shall stand against them to convict them.

CH AP. Z 3.

#### CHAP. V.

The fruitless repentance of the wicked in another world: the reward of the just.

THEN shall the just stand with great constancy against those that have afflicted them, and taken away their labours.

2 These seeing it, shall be troubled with terrible sear, and shall be amazed at the suddenness of their unexpected sal-

vation,

3 Saying within themselves, repenting, and groaning for anguish of spirit: These are they, whom we had sometime in derision, and for a parable of reproach.

4 We fools esteemed their life madness, and their end

without honour.

5 Behold, how they are numbered among the children of God, and their lot is among the faints.

6 Therefore we have erred from the way of truth, and the light of justice hath not shined unto us, and the sun of understanding hath not risen

upon us.

7 We wearied ourselves in the way of iniquity and destruction, and have walked through hard ways, but the way of the Lord we have not known.

8 What hath pride profited us? or what advantage hath the boasting of riches brought

9 All those things are passed away like a shadow, and like a post that runneth on,

passeth through the waves: whereof when it is gone by, the trace cannot be found, nor the path of its keel in the waters:

11 Or as when a bird flieth through the air, of the passage of which no mark can be found, but only the sound of the wings beating the light air, and parting it by the force of her slight; she moved her wings, and hath shown through, and there is no mark found afterwards of her way:

12 Or as when an arrow is fhot at a mark, the divided air prefently cometh together again, so that the passage there-

of is not known:

13 So we also being born, forthwith ceased to be: and have been able to shew no mark of virtue: but are consumed in our wickedness.

14 Such things as these the

finners faid in hell:

15 For the hope of the wicked is as dust, which is blown away with the wind, and as a thin froth which is dispersed by the storm: and as smoke that is scattered abroad by the wind: and as the remembrance of a guest of one day that passeth by.

16 But the just shall live

for

for evermore: and their reward is with the Lord, and the care of them with the

most High. seemed another

17 Therefore shall they receive a kingdom of glory, and a crown of beauty at the hand of the Lord; for with his right hand he will cover them, and with his holy arm he will defend them.

18 And his zeal will take armour, and he will arm the creature for the revenge of his

enemies.

19 He will put on justice as a breastplate, and will take true judgment instead of a helmet:

20 He will take equity for an invincible shield:

21 And he will sharpen his fevere wrath for a spear, and the whole world shall fight with him against the unwife.

22 Then shafts of lightening shall go directly from the clouds, as from a bow well bent, they shall be shot out, and shall fly to the mark.

23 And thick hail shall be cast upon them from the stone-casting wrath; the water of the sea shall rage against them, and the rivers shall run together in a terrible manner.

24 A mighty wind shall fland up against them, and as a whirlwind shall divide them: and their iniquity shall bring all the earth to a desert, and wickedness shall overthrow the thrones of the mighty.

CHAP. VI.

An address to princes to seek
after wisdom: she is easily
found by those that seek her.
WISDOM is better than
strength: and a wise
man is better than a strong
man.

and understand, learn ye that are judges of the ends of the earth.

3 Give ear, you that rule the people, and that please yourselves in multitudes of nations:

by the Lord, and strength by the most High, who will examine your works, and search out your thoughts:

5 Because being ministers of his kingdom, you have not judged rightly, nor kept the law of justice, nor walked according to the will of God.

6 Horribly and speedily will he appear to you; for a most severe judgment shall be for them, that bear rule.

7 For to him that is little, mercy is granted: but the mighty shall be mightily tormented.

8 For God will not except any man's person, neither will he stand in awe of any man's greatness: for he made the little and the great, and he hath equally care of all.

9 But a greater punishment is ready for the more

mighty.

10 To you therefore, O kings, are these my words, that you may learn wifdom, and

not fall from it.

II For they that have kept just things justly, shall be justified: and they that have learned these things, shall find what to answer

12 Covet ye therefore my words, and love them, and you shall have instruction.

13 Wifdom is glorious, and never fadeth away, and is eafily feen by them that love her, and is found by them that feek her.

14 She preventeth them that covet her, so that she first fleweth herself unto them.

15 He that awaketh early to feek her, shall not labour: for he shall find her sitting at his door.

16 To think therefore upon her, is perfect understanding: and he that watcheth for her,

shall quickly be secure.

17 For the goeth about feeking fuch as are worthy of her, and she sheweth herself to them chearfully in the ways, and meeteth them with all providence.

18 For the beginning of her is the most true defire of

discipline.

10 And the care of discipline is love: and love is the keeping of her laws: and the keeping of her laws is the firm foundation of incorruption :

20 And incorruption bringeth near to God.

21 Therefore the defire of wisdom bringeth to the ever-

lafting kingdom.

22 If then your delight be in thrones, and fcepters, O ye kings of the people, love wifdom, that you may reign for ever.

23 Love the light of wifdom, all ye that bear rule over w on hos

peoples.

24 Now what wildom is. and what was her origin, I will declare : and I will not hide from you the mysteries of God, but will feek her out from the beginning of her birth, and bring the knowledge of her to light, and will not pais over the truth:

25 Neither will I go with confuming envy: for fuch a man shall not be partaker of

wifdom.

26 Now the multitude of the wife is the welfare of the whole world: and a wife king is the upholding of the people.

27 Receive therefore instruction by my words, and it shall be profitable to you.

CHAP. VII.

The excellence of wildom: bow she is to be found.

Myself also am a mortal man, like all others, and of the race of him, that was first made of the earth, and in the womb of my mother I was fashioned to be slesh,

2. In the time of ten months

I was compacted in blood, of the feed of man, and the pleafure of fleep concurring.

3 And being born I drew in the common air, and fell upon the earth, that is made alike, and the first voice which I uttered was crying, as all others do.

4 I was nursed in swadling cloths, and with great cares.

5 For none of the kings had any other beginning of birth.

6 For all men have one entrance into life, and the like

going out.

7 Wherefore I wished, and understanding was given me: and I called upon God, and the spirit of wisdom came upon me:

8 And I preferred her before kingdoms and thrones, and efteemed riches nothing

in comparison of her.

o Neither did I compare unto her any precious stone: for all gold in comparison of her, is as a little sand, and silver in respect to her shall be counted as clay.

no I loved her above health and beauty, and chose to have her instead of light: for her light can not be put out.

came to me together with her, and innumerable riches

through her hands,

all: for this wisdom went before me, and I knew not that she was the mother of them all. 13 Which I have learned without guile, and communicate without envy, and her riches I hide not.

treasure to men: which they that use, become the friends of God, being commended for the gifts of discipline:

15 And God hath given to me to speak as I would, and to conceive thoughts worthy of those things that are given me: because he is the guide of wisdom, and the director of the wise:

both we, and our words, and all wisdom, and the knowledge and skill of works.

the true knowledge of the things that are: to know the disposition of the whole world, and the virtues of the elements,

18 The beginning, and ending, and midst of the times, the alterations of their courses, and the changes of seasons,

year, and the dispositions of the stars,

creatures, and rage of wild beafts, the force of winds, and reasonings of men, the diversities of plants, and the virtues of roots,

are hid and not foreseen, I have learned: for wisdom, which is the worker of all things, taught

me.

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22 For in her is the spirit. of understanding : holy, one, manifold, fubtile, eloquent, active, undefiled, fure, fweet, loving that which is good, quick, which nothing hindereth. beneficent.

23 Gentle, kind, ftedfaft, affured, fecure, having all power, overseeing all things, and containing all spirits: intelligible, pure, fubtle.

24 For wildom is more active than all active things: and reacheth every where by

reason of her purity.

25 For the is a vapour of the power of God, and a certain pure emanation of the glory of the almighty God: and therefore no defiled thing cometh into her.

26 For the is the brightness of eternal light, and the unspotted mirrour of God's majesty, and the image of his

goodness.

27 And being but one, the can do all things : and remaining in herfelf the same, she reneweth all things, and through nations conveyeth herfelf into holy fouls, and maketh friends of God and prophets.

28 For God loveth none but him that dwelleth with

29 For the is more beautiful than the fun, and above all the order of the stars; being compared with the light, the is found before it.

20 For after this cometh night, but no evil can over. come wifdom

#### CHAP. VIII.

Further praises of wisdom: and her fruits.

CHE reacheth therefore from end to end mightily, and ordereth all things fweetly.

2 Her have I loved, and have fought her out from my youth, and have defired to take her for my spouse, and I became a lover of her beauty.

3 She glorifieth her nobility by being converfant with God : yea and the Lord of all things hath loved her.

4 For it is the that teacheth the knowledge of God, and is the choofer of his works.

c And if riches be defired in life, what is richer than wisdom, which maketh all things ?

6 And if fense work : who is a more artful worker than the of those things that are?

7 And if a man love justice: her labours have great virtues: for the teacheth temperance, and prudence, and justice, and fortitude, which are fuch things as men can have nothing more profitable a Ber hand in life.

8 And if a man defire much knowledge; the knoweth things past, and judgeth of things to come : the know-

th

eth the subtilties of speeches, and the folutions of arguments: the knoweth figns and wonders before they be done. and the events of times and ages.

9 I purposed therefore to take her to me to live with me; knowing that fhe will communicate to me of her good things, and will be a comfort in my cares and grief

10 For her fake I shall have glory among the multitude. and honour with the ancients.

though I be young:

II And I shall be found of a quick conceit in judgment, and shall be admired in the fight of the mighty, and the faces of princes shall wonder at me.

12 They shall wait for me when I hold my peace, and they shall look upon me when I speak, and if I talk much they shall lay their hands on their mouth.

13 Moreover by the means of her I shall have immortality: and shall leave behind me an everlasting memory to them that come after me.

14 I shall fet the people in order: and nations shall be subject to me. bes dans total

15 Terrible kings hearing shall be afraid of me: among the multitude I shall be found good, and valiant in war.

16 When I go into my house, I shall repose myself with her : for her conversa-

tion hath no bitterness, nor her company any tediousness. but joy and gladness.

17 Thinking thefe things with myfelf, and pondering them in my heart, that to be allied to wifdom is immorta-

lity,

18 And that there is great delight in her friendship, and inexhaustible riches in the works of her hands, and in the exercise of conference with her, wisdom ; and glory in the communication of her words : I went about feeking, that I might take her to myfelf.

19 And I was a witty child, and had received a

good foul.

20 And whereas I was more good, I came to a body undefiled.

21 And as I knew that I could not otherwise be continent, except God gave it, and this also was a point of wifdom, to know whose gift it was : I went to the Lord. and befought him, and faid with my whole heart:

#### drawond a sanda... CHAP. IX.

Solomon's prayer for wildom.

OD of my fathers and Lord of mercy who hast made all things with thy word, no and beed

2 And by thy wifdom haft appointed man, that he should have dominion over the cream ture that was made by thee 3 That he should order the world according to equity and justice, and execute justice with an upright heart:

4 Give me wisdom, that fitteth by thy throne, and cast me not off from among thy children:

5 For I am thy fervant, and the fon of thy handmaid, a weak man, and of short time, and falling short of the understanding of judgment and laws.

6 For if one be perfect among the children of men, yet if thy wisdom be not with him, he shall be nothing regarded

7 Thou hast chosen me to be king of thy people, and a judge of thy sons and daughters:

8 And hast commanded me to build a temple on thy holy mount, and an altar in the city of thy dwelling place, a resemblance of thy holy tabernacle, which thou hast prepared from the beginning:

9 And thy wisdom with thee, which knoweth thy works, which then also was present when thou madest the world, and knew what was a greable to thy eyes, and what was right in thy commandments.

no Send her out of thy holy heaven, and from the throne of thy majesty, that she may be with me, and may labour with me, that I may

State 1

3 That he should order the know what is acceptable with

It For she knoweth and understandeth all things, and shall lead me loberly in my works, and shall preserve me by her power.

12 So shall my works be acceptable, and I shall govern thy people justly, and shall be worthy of the throne of my father.

13 For who among men is he that can know the counfel of God? or who can think what the will of God is?

14 For the thoughts of mortal men are fearful, and our counfels uncertain.

dy is a load upon the foul, and the earthly habitation preffeth down the mind that museth upon many things.

aright at things that are upon earth: and with labour do we find the things that are before us. But the things that are in heaven, who shall fearch out?

17 And who shall know thy thought, except thou give wisdom, and fend thy holy Spirit from above:

18 And so the ways of them that are upon earth may be corrected, and men may learn the things that please thee?

19 For by wisdom they were healed, whosoever have pleased thee, O Lord, from the beginning,

CHAP

# CHAP. X.

What wildow did for Adam, Noe. Abraham, Lot, Jacob, Joseph, and the people of Ifrael.

CHE preserved him, that was first formed by God the father of the world, when he was created alone,

2 And the brought him out of his fin, and gave him power to govern all things.

3 But when (a) the unjust went away from her in his anger, he perished by the fury wherewith he murdered his brother.

4 (b) For whose cause, when water destroyed the earth, wifdom healed it again, directing the course of the (c) just by contemptible wood.

5 Moreover when the nations had conspired together to consent to wickedness, (d) she knew the just, and preserved him without blame to God.

(e) and kept him frong against the compassion for his fon.

6 She delivered (/) the just man who fled from the wicked that were perifhing, when the fire came down upon (e) Pentapolis:

7 Whose land for a tellimony of their wickedness is desolate and smoketh to this day, and the trees bear fruits that ripen not, and a standing pillar of falt is a monument of an incredulous foul,

8 For regarding not wifdom, they did not only flip in this, that they were ignorant of good things, but they left also unto men a memorial of their folly, so that in the things, in which they finned, they could not fo much as lie hid.

o But wildom hath delivered from forrow them that attend upon her.

10 She conducted (b) the just, when he fled from his brother's wrath, through the

Chap. X. Ver. 3. (a) The unjust. Cain.

(b) Ver. 4. For whose cause, viz. For the wickedness of the race of Cain.

(c) Ibidem The just. Noe.

old repair district (d) Ver. 5. She knew the just. She found out and approved Abraham.

(e) Ibidem. And kept bim ftrong, &c. Gave him strength to stand firm against the efforts of his natural tenderness, when he was ordered to facrifice his fon.

(f) Ibidem The just man. Lot.

(g) Ibidem Pentapolis. The land of the five cities, Sodom, Gomorrha, &c. ....

(6) Ver. 10. The juft. Jacob.

right ways, and shewed him the kingdom of God, and gave him the knowledge of the holy things, made him honourable in his labours, and accomplished his labours

that over-reached him, she stood by him, and made him

honourable.

12 She kept him fafe from his enemies, and she defended him from seducers, and gave him a strong (i) conslict, that he might overcome, and know that wisdom is mightier than all.

13 She forfook not (k) the just when he was fold, but delivered him from finners: she went down with him into the

pit.

him not, till the brought him the fcepter of the kingdom, and power against those, that oppressed him: and shewed them to be liers, that had accused him, and gave him everlasting glory.

15 She delivered the just people, and biameless seed from the nation, that oppressed

them.

16 She entered into the foul of (1) the fervant of God, and stood against dreadful

kings in wonders and figns,

17 And she rendered to the just the wages of their labours, and conducted them in a wonderful way: and she was to them for a covert by day, and for the light of stars by night:

18 And she brought them through the red sea, and carried them over through a great

water.

19 But their enemies she drowned in the sea, and from the depth of hell she brought them out. Therefore the just took the spoils of the wicked,

20 And they fung to thy holy name, O Lord, and they praised with one accord thy

victorious hand.

21 For wisdom opened the mouth of the dumb, and made the tongues of infants eloquent.

CHAP. XI.
Other benefits of wildow to

the people of God.

SHE prospered their works in the hands of (a) the holy prophet.

z They went through wildernesses, that were not inhabited, and in defart places they pitched their tents.

3 They flood against (b) their enemies, and revenged

(i) Ver. 12. Conflie, viz. With the Angel.

<sup>(</sup>k) Ver. 13. The just when he was sold, viz. Joseph.

<sup>(1)</sup> Ver. 16. The fervant of God, viz. Moses. Chap. XI. (a) Ver. 1. The boly prophet, Moses.

<sup>(</sup>b) Ver. 3. Their enemies. The Amalecites,

themselves, of their adversaries.

4 They were thirsty, and they called upon thee, and water was given them out of the high rock, and a refreshment of their thirst out of the hard flone.

5 For (c) by what things their enemies were punished, when their drink failed them, while the children of Ifrael abounded therewith and rejoiced;

6 By the same things they in their need were benefited.

7 For instead of a fountain of an ever-running river, thou gavest human blood to the unjust.

8 And whilft they were diminished for a manifest reproof of their murdering the infants, thou gavest to thine abundant water unlooked for:

9 Shewing by the thirft, that was then, how thou didft exalt thine, and didft kill their adversaries.

10 For when they were tried, and chastised with mercy, they knew how the wick-

Provide D

their wickedness, they may

ed were judged with wrath and tormented.

11 For thou didft admonish and try them as a father : but the others, as a severe king, thou didft examine and condemn.

12 For whether absent or present, they were tormented alike.

13 For a double affliction came upon them; and groaning for the remembrance of things past.

14 For when they heard that (d) by their punishments the others were benefited, they remembered the Lord, wondering at the end of what was come to pass.

15 For whom they fcorned before, when he was thrown out, at the time of his being wickedly exposed to perish, him they admired in the end. when they faw the event: their thirsting being unlike to that of the just.

16 But for the foolish devices of their iniquity, because some being deceived worshipped dumb ferpents, and worth-

secola sous of

(t) Ver. 5. By what things, &c. The meaning is, that God. who wrought a miracle to punish the Egyptians by thirst, when he turned all their waters into blood, (at which time the Ifraelites, who were exempt from those plagues, had plenty of water) wrought another miracle in favour of his own people in their thirst, by giving them water out of the rock.

(d) Ver. 14. By their punishments, &c. That is, that the Israelites had been benefited and miraculously favoured in that

same kind, in which they had been punished.

less beafts, thou didst send upon them a multitude of (e) dumb beafts for vengeance:

17 That they might know that by what things a man finneth, by the same also he

is tormented.

18 For thy almighty hand, which made the world of matter without form, was not unable to fend upon them a multitude of bears, or fierce lions,

19 Or unknown beafts of a new kind, full of rage; either breathing out a fiery vapour, or fending forth a stinking smoke, or shooting horrible sparks out of their eyes:

20 Whereof not only the hurt might be able to destroy them, but also the very fight might kill them through fear.

they might have been flain with one blaft, perfecuted by their own deeds, and fcattered by the breath of thy power: but thou haft ordered all things in measure, and number, and weight.

22 For great power always belonged to thee alone : and who shall resist the strength

of thy arm?

23 For the whole world before thee is as the least grain of the balance, and as a drop of the morning dew, that falleth down upon the earth.

24 But thou haft mercy up-

on all, because thou canst do all things, and winkest at the fins of men for the sake of repentance.

25 For thou lovest all things that are, and hatest none of the things which thou has made: for thou didst not appoint, or make any thing hating it.

26 And how could any thing endure, if thou wouldit

not? or be preferved, if not called by thee?

27 But thou sparest all; because they are thine, O Lord, who lovest souls.

#### CHAP. XII.

God's wildom and mercy in his proceedings with the Chananites.

O How good and sweet is thy Spirit, O Lord, in

all things !

- 2 And therefore thou chaftifest them that err, by little and little: and admonishest them, and speakest to them, concerning the things where in they offend: that leaving their wickedness, they may believe in thee, O Lord.
- 3 For, those ancient inhabitants of thy holy land, whom thou didst abhor,
- 4 Because they did works hateful to thee by their force-ries, and wicked sacrifices,

5 And those merciles mur-

<sup>(</sup>e) Ver. 16. Dumb beafts, viz. Frogs, sciniphs, flies, and locusts.

derers of their own children, and eaters of mens bowels, and devourers of blood (a) from the midst of thy confecration,201 do dw a mids

6 And those parents facrificing with their own hands helpless fouls, it was thy will to deftroy by the hands of our voted your duction

parents,

7 That the land which of all is most dear to thee might receive a worthy colony of the children of God.

8 Yet even those thou sparedft as men, and didft fend wasps forerunners of thy host, to deftroy them by little and little.

9 Not that thou wast unable to bring the wicked under the just by war, or by cruel beafts, or with one rough word to deftroy them at once:

10 But executing thy judgments by degrees thou gavest them place of repentance, not being ignorant, that they were a wicked generation, and their malice natural, and that their thought could never be chang-

11 For it was a curled feed from the beginning: neither didft thou for fear of any one give pardon to their fins.

12 For who shall fay to thee: What haft thou done? or who shall withstand thy judgment? or who shall come before thee to be a revenger of wicked men? or who shall accufe thee, if the nations perish, which thou hast made?

13 For there is no other God but thou, who haft care of all, that thou shouldst shew that thou dost not give judg-

ment unjuftly.

14 Neither shall king, nor tyrant in thy fight enquire about them, whom thou haft

destroyed.

15 For fo much then as thou art just, thou orderest all things justly: thinking it not agreeable to thy power, to condemn him, who deferveth not to be punished.

16 For thy power is the beginning of justice: and becaufe thou art Lord of all, thou makest thyself gracious to all,

17 For thou shewest thy power, when men will not believe thee to be absolute in power, and thou convincest the boldness of them, that know thee not.

18 But thou being mafter of power, judgest with tranquillity, and with great favour disposest of us: for the power is at hand when thou wilt.

10 But thou hast taught thy people by fuch works, that

Chap. XII. (a) Ver. 5. From the midfl of thy confecration. Literally facrament. That is, the land facred to thee, in which thy temple was to be established, and man's redemption o be wrought. : your final told | or hits activate in you asserted

and haft made thy children to be of a good hope; because in judging thou givest place for repentance for fins.

the enemies of thy fervants, and that deferved to die, with fo great deliberation, giving them time and place, where by they might be changed from their wickedness:

with what circumspection hast thou judged the own children, to whose parents thou hast sworn and made covenants of good promises?

chaftifest us, thou scourgest our enemies very many ways, to the end that when we judge we may think on thy goodness: and when we are judged, we may hope for thy mercy.

fo greatly tormented them, who in their life have lived foolifhly and unjustly, by the fame things, which they wor-

shipped.

for a long time in the ways of error, holding those things for gods which are the most worthless among beasts, living after the manner of children without understanding.

25 Therefore thou hast fent a judgment upon them as senseless children to mock them.

26 Bur they that were not he that made them, is mighamended by mockeries and re-

prehensions, experienced the worthy judgment-of God.

27 For feeing with indignation that they suffered by those very things which they took for gods, when they were destroyed by the same, they acknowledged him true God, whom in time past they denied that they knew: for which cause the end also of their condemnation came upon them.

Idolaters are inexcufable: and ebose most of all that worship for gods the works of the bands of men.

BUT all men are vain, in whom there is not the knowledge of God: and who by these good things that are seen could not understand him that is, neither by attending to the works have acknowledged who was the workman:

2 But have imagined either the fire, or the wind, or the fwift air, or the circle of the flars, or the great water, or the fun and moon, to be the gods that rule the world,

3 With whose beauty if they being delighted, took them to be gods; let them know how much the Lord of them is more beautiful than they. For the first author of beauty made all those things.

4 Or if they admired their power and their effects, let them understand by them, that he that made them, is mightier than they:

5 For by the greatness of she beauty, and of the creature, the creator of them may be feen, fo as to be known. thereby.

6 But yet as to these they are less to be blamed. For they perhaps err, feeking God, and defirous to find him.

7 For being conversant among his works, they fearch; and they are perfusded that the things are good which are feen.

8 But then again they are

not to be pardoned.

9 For if they were able to know so much, as to make a judgment of the world: how did they not more easily find out the Lord thereof ?

10 But unhappy are they, and their hope is among the dead, who have called gods the works of the hands of men. gold and filver, the inventions of art, and the resemblances of beatts, or an unprofitable figne the work of an ancient hand,

Or if an artift, a carpenter, hath cut down a tree proper for his use in the wood, and fkilfully taken off all the bark thereof, and with his art, diligently formeth a veffel profitable for the common uses of life.

12 And ufeth the chips of his work to dress his meats

13 And taking sybat was could not concer in a sone,

because they dwelt sar usi,

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left thereof, which is good for nothing, being a crooked piece of wood, and full of knots, carveth it diligently when he hath nothing elfe to do, and by the faill of his art fashioneth it and maketh it like the image of a man.

14 Or the resemblance of fome beaft, laying it over with vermilion, and painting it red. and covering every fpot that is

in its and but the

15 And maketh a convenjent dwelling - place for it, and fetting it in a wall, and faftening it with iron, and first

16 Providing for it, left it should fall, knowing that it is unable to help itself: for it is an image, and bath need of help-re that a decode and

17 And then maketh prayer to it, inquiring concerning his substance, and his children; or his marriage. And he is not ashamed to speak to that which hath no life: The has

18 And for health he make eth supplication to the weak, and for life prayeth to that which is dead, and for help calleth upon that which is unprofitable: 1 743 46 180 EN 3

19 And for a good journey he peritioneth himd that cannot walk and forgetting, and for working, and for the event of all things he afterh him, that is unable to do any thing has the sham of shap crude being that it is called CHAP. XIV.

The beginning of worshipping idols: and the effects there-

A GAIN another designing to fail, and beginning to make his voyage through the raging waves, calleth upon a piece of wood more frail than the wood that carrieth him.

2 For this the defire of gain devised, and the workman

built it by his skill.

But thy providence, O Father, governeth it: for thou hast made a way even in the sea, and a most sure path among the waves,

able to fave out of all things, yea though a man went to sea

without art.

5 But that the works of thy wisdom might not be idle: therefore men also trust their lives even to a little wood, and passing over the sea by

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ship are faved.

6 And from the beginning also when the proud giants perished, the hope of the world sleeing to a vessel, which was governed by thy hand, left to the world seed of generation.

by which justice cometh.

8 But the idol that is made by hands, is curfed, as well it as he that made it: he because he made it: and it because being frail it is called a god. 9 But to God the wicked and his wickedness are hateful alike.

to For that which is made, together with him that made it, shall suffer torments.

the creatures of God are turned to an abomination, and a temptation to the feet of the unwife.

12 For the beginning of fornication is the deviling of idols: and the invention of them is the corruption of life.

13 For neither were they from the beginning, neither shall they be for ever.

14 For by the vanity of men they came into the world; and therefore they shall be found to come shortly to an

15 For a father being afflicted with bitter grief, made to himself the image of his son who was quickly taken away: and him, who then had died as a man, he began now to worship as a god, and appointed him rites and facrisices among his servants.

16 Then in process of time, wicked custom prevailing, this error was kept as a law, and statues were worshipped by the commandment of tyrants.

17 And those, whom men could not honour in presence, because they dwelt far off, they they brought their refemblance from afar, and made an express image of the king, whom they had a mind to honour : that by this their diligence, they might honour as present, him that was absent.

18 And to the worshipping of these, the singular diligence also of the artiscer helped to set forward the ignorant.

to For he being willing to please him, that employed him, laboured with all his art to make the resemblance in the best manner.

20 And the multitude of men, carried away by the beauty of the work, took him now for a god that a little before was but honoured as a man.

2.1 And this was the occasion of deceiving human life: for men Erving either their affection, or their kings, gave the incommunicable name to stones and wood.

for them to err about the knowledge of God, but whereas they lived in a great war of ignorance, they call so many and so great evils peace.

23 For either they facrifice their own children, or use hidden facrifices, or keep watches full of madness.

24 So that now they neither keep life, nor marriage undefiled, but one killeth another through envy, or grieveth him by adultery a

25 And all things are ming-

reath

led together, blood, murder, theft and diffimulation, corruption, and unfaithfulness, tumults and perjury, disquieting of the good,

26 Forgetfulness of God, defiling of souls, changing of nature, disorder in marriage, and the irregularity of adultery, and uncleanness.

27 For the worship of abominable idols is the cause, and the beginning, and end of all evil.

28 For either they are mad when they are merry: or they prophely lies, or they live unjustly, or easily for wear them-felves.

29 For whilft they trust in idols, which are without life, though they swear amis, they look not to be hurt.

30 Rut for both these things they shall be justly punished, because they have shought not well of God, giving heed to idols, and have sworn unjustly, in guile despising justice.

gr For it is not the power of them, by whom they swear, but the just vengeance of finners always punisheth the transgression of the unjust.

The farmants of God proise
bim subo both delivered
shem from idolatry s condemning both the makera
and the sworthippers of idols

D UT thou, our God, are

B UT thou, our God, art gracious, and strue, patient, tient, and ordering all things

in mercy.

2 For if we fin, we are thine, knowing thy greatness: and if we fin not, we know that we are counted with

2 For to know thee, is perfect justice : and to know thy justice, and thy power, is the root of immortality.

4 For the invention of mischievous men hath not deceived us, nor the shadow of a picture a fruitless labour, a graven figure with divers colours,

7 The fight whereof enticeth the fool to lust after it. and he loveth the lifeless figure

of a dead image.

6 The lovers of evil things deserve to have no better things to trust in, both they that make them, and they that love them, and they that

worship them.

Janis

7 The potter also tempering foft earth, with labour fashioneth every vessel for our fervice, and of the same clay he maketh both veffels that are for clean uses, and likewise such as ferve to the contrary: but what is the use of these vessels, the potter is the judge.

8 And of the same clay by a vain labour he maketh a god: he who a little before was made of earth himself, and a little after returneth to the same out of which he was taken, when his life which was lent him shall be called for again.

o But his care is, not that he shall labour, nor that his life is fhort, but he striveth with the goldsmiths and filverfmiths: and he endeavoureth to do like the workers in brafe. and counteth it a glory to make vain things.

10 For his heart is ashes. and his hope vain earth, and his life more base than clay:

I! Forafmuch as he knew not his maker, and him that inspired into him the soul that worketh, and that breathed into him a living spirit.

12 Yea and they have counted our life a pastime, and the business of life to be gain, and that we must be getting every way, even out of evil.

13 For that man knoweth that he offendeth above all others, who of earthly matter maketh brittle veffels, and graven gods.

14 But all the enemies of thy people that hold them in fubjection, are foolish, and unhappy, and proud beyond measure:

15 For they have esteemed all the idols of the heathens for gods, which neither have the use of eyes to see, nor nofes to draw breath, nor ears to hear, nor fingers of hands to handle, and as for their feet, they are flow to walk.

16 For man made them: and he that borroweth his own breath. breath, fashioned them. For no man can make a god like to himself.

17 For being mortal himfelf, he formeth a dead thing with his wicked hands. For he is better than they, whom he worshippeth, because he indeed hath lived, though he were mortal, but they never.

18 Moreover they worship also the vilest creatures: but things without sense compared to these, are worse than they.

19 Yea neither by fight can any man fee good of thefe beafts. But they have fled from the praise of God, and from his bleffing.

#### CHAP. XVI.

God's different dealings with the Egyptians; and with his own people.

POR these things, and by the like things to these, they were worthily punished, and were destroyed by a multitude of beasts.

2 Instead of which punishment, dealing well with thy people, thou gavest them their desire of delicious food, of a new taste, preparing for them quails for their meat:

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3 To the end that (a) they indeed defiring food, by means of those things that were shewed and sent among them, might loath even that which was necessary to satisfy their defire. (b) But these, after suffering want for a short time, tasted a new meat.

4 For it was requisite that inevitable destruction should come upon them that exercised tyranny: but to these it should only be shewed how their enemies were destroyed.

5 For when the fierce rage of beafts came upon these, they were destroyed with the bitings of crooked serpents.

6 But thy wrath endured not for ever, but they were troubled for a short time for their correction, having a (c) sign of salvation to put them in remembrance of the commandment of thy law.

7 For he that turned to it, was not healed by that which he faw, but by thee the Saviour of all:

8 And in this thou didft shew to our enemies, that thou art he who deliver it from all evil.

9 For the bitings of locusts,

Chap. XVI (a) Ver. 3. They indeed, &c He means the Egyptians: who were reftrained even from that food which was necessary, by the frogs and the flies that were sent amongst them, and spoiled all their meats.

<sup>(</sup>b) Ihidem But thefe, viz. The Ifraelites.

<sup>(</sup>c) Ver. 6. Sign of falvation. The brazen serpent, an emblem of Christ our Saviour.

and of flies killed them, and there was found no remedy for their life: because they were worthy to be deftroyed by fuch things.

10 But not even the teeth of venemous ferpents overcame thy children: for thy mercy came and healed them.

11 For they were examined for the remembrance of thy words, and were quickly healed, left falling into deep forgetfulness, they might not be able to use thy help.

12 For it was neither herb, nor mollifying plaister that healed them, but thy word, O Lord, which healeth all

things.

13 For it is thou, O Lord. that halt power of life and death, and leadest down to the gates of death, and bringeft back again:

14 A man indeed killeth through malice, and when the spirit is gone forth, it shall not return, neither shall he call back the foul that is received:

15 But it is impossible to

escape thy hand.

16 For the wicked that denied to know thee, were scourged by the strength of thy arm, being perfecuted by strange waters, and hail, and rain, and confumed by fire.

17 And which was wonderful, in water, which extinguisheth all things, (d) the fire had more force : for the world fighteth for the just.

18 For at one time, the fire was mitigated, that the beafts which were fent against the wicked might not be burnt. but that they might fee and perceive that they were perfecuted by the judgment of God. Street Hally

19 And at another time the fire, above its own power, burnt in the midst of water, to destroy the fruits of a wicked

land.

20 Inflead of which things thou didft feed thy people with the food of Angels, and gavest them bread from heaven prepared without labour; having in it all that is delicious, and the sweetness of every taste.

21 For thy fuftenance flewed thy fweetness to thy children, and ferving every man's will, it was turned to what

every man liked.

22 But fnow and ice endured the force of fire, and melted not: that they might know that fire burning in the hail, and flashing in the rain destroyed the fruits of the enemies.

23 But this fame again, that the just might be nourished, did even forget its own ftrength.

24 For the creature ferving thee the Creator, is made

<sup>(</sup>d) Ver. 17. The fire had more force, viz. When the fire and bail mingled together laid waste the land of Egypt. Exod. ix. fierce

fierce against the unjust for their punishment: and abateth its strength for the behefit of them that trust in thee.

Therefore even then it was transformed into all things, and was obedient to thy grace that nouritheth all, according to the will of them that defired it of thee:

Lord, whom thou lovedst, might know that it is not the growing of fruits that nourisheth men, but thy word preferveth them that believe in thee.

27 For that which could not be destroyed by fire, being warmed with a little sun-beam presently melted away:

28 That it might be known to all, that we must prevent the sun to bless thee, and adore thee at the dawning of the light.

29 For the hope of the unthankful shall melt away as the winter's ice, and shall run off as unprofitable water.

### CHAP, XVII.

The Egyptian darkness.

POR thy judgments, O Lord, are great, and thy words cannot be expressed: therefore undisciplined souls have erred.

z For while the wicked thought to be able to have dominion over the holy nation, they themselves being settered with the bonds of darkness,

and a long night, thut up in their houses, lay there exiled from the eternal providence.

3 And while they thought

3 And while they thought to lie hid in their obscure fins, they were scattered under a dark vail of forgetfulness, being horribly asraid and troubled with exceeding great astonishment.

4 For neither did the den that held them, keep them from fear: for noises coming down troubled them, and sad visions appearing to them, affrighted them.

5 And no power of fire could give them light, neither could the bright flames of the flars enlighten that horrible night.

6 But there appeared to them a sudden fire, very dreadful: and being struck with the fear of that face, which was not seen, they thought the things which they saw to be worse:

7 And the delutions of their art magick were put down, and their boatting of wildom was reproachfully rebuked.

8 For they who promifed to drive away fears and trottbles from a fick foul, were fick themselves of a fear worthy to be laughed at,

o For though no terrible thing disturbed them: yet being scared with the passing by of beasts, and hissing of serpents, they died for sear: and denying that they saw the

Bb

air. which could by no means

be avoided.

10 For whereas wickedness is fearful, it beareth witness of its condemnation : for a troubled confcience always forecasteth grievous things.

11 For fear is nothing elfe but a yielding up of the fuc-

cours from thought.

12 And while there is less expectation from within, the greater doth it count the ignorange of that eaufe which bringeth the torment.

13 But they that during that night, in which nothing could be done, and which eame upon them from the lowest and deepest hell, slept

the fame fleep,

14 Were sometimes molefted with the fear of monflers, sometimes fainted away, their foul failing them : for a fudden and unlooked for fear was come upon them.

15 Moreover if any of them had fallen down, he was kept that up in prison with-

out irons. 16 For if any one were a husbandman, or a shepherd, or a labourer in the field, and was fuddenly overtaken, he endured a necessity from which he could not fly.

17 For they were all bound together with one chain of darkness. Whether it were a whifiling wind, or the meloclous voice of birds, among the foreading branches of trees,

or a fall of water running down with violence,

18 Or the mighty noise of stones tumbling down, or the running that could not be feen of beafts playing together, or the roaring voice of wild beafts, or a rebounding echo from the highest mountains; these things made them to fwoon for fear.

For the whole world was enlightened with a clear light, and none were hindered

in their labours.

20 But over them only was spread a heavy night, an image of that darkness, which was to come upon them. But they were to themselves more grievous than the darknels.

### CHAP XVIII.

The flaughter of the first-born in Egypt: the efficacy of Aaron's intercession, in the fedition on occasion of Core.

UT thy faints had a very great light, and they heard their voice indeed, but did not fee their fhape. And because they also did not suffer the same things, they glorified thee:

2 And they that before had been wronged, gave thanks, because they were not hurt now : and afked this gift, that there might be a difference.

3 Therefore they received a burning pillar of fire for a guide of the way which they

knew not, and thou gavell them (a) a harmless fon of a good entertainment.

4 The others indeed were worthy to be deprived of light. and imprisoned in darkness. who kept thy children thut up, by whom the pure light of the law was to be given to the world, no men had

5 And whereas they thought to kill the babes of the just : (b) one child being call forth, and faved, to reprove them, thou tookelf away a multitude of their children, and destroyedft them all together in a mighty water.

6 For that night was known before by our fathers, that affuredly knowing what oaths they had trusted to, they might

be of better courage.

7 So thy people received the falvation of the just, and destruction of the unjust.

8 For as thou didft punish the adversaries: so thou didst alfo encourage and glorify us.

o For the just children of (c) good men were offering facrifice feeretly, and they unanimously ordered a law of justice : that the just should receive both good and evil alike, finging now the praises

to But on the other fide there founded an ill according mentable mourning was heard for the children that were be waited, disa realds the be

11 1 And the fervant fuffered the fame punishment as the mafter, and a common man follered in like manner as the Ring? 10. 30864 THE

12 So all alike had innumerable dead, with one kind of death. Neither were the living sufficient to bury them : for in one moment (d) the noblest offspring of them was destroyed.

13 For whereas they would not believe any thing before by reason of the inclinatments, then first upon the destruction of the first born, they are knowledged the people to be of God.

14 For while all think were in quiet filence, and the

Chap. XVIII. (a) Ver. 3. A barmless sun A light that should not hart or molest them; but that should be an agreeable guest to them. I toll & lette gristern democi your

(b) Ver. 5. One ebild, Wis. Moles, wall becaldary me rolly.

(c) Ver. 9. Of good men, viz. of the patriarche. Then children, the Ifraclites, offered in private the facilities of the paschal lamb; and were regulating what they were to do in their journey, when that last and most dreadful plague was coming upon their enemies.

(d) Ver. 12. The noblest of spring. That is, the first born.

B b 2

night was in the midft of her ! course this all trib : saile

15 Thy almighty word leapt down from heaven from thy royal throne, as a fierce conqueror into the midft of the land of destruction,

16 With a sharp sword carrying thy unfeigned commandment, and he flood and filled all things with death, and flanding on the earth reached even to heaven.

17 Then fuddenly visions of evil dreams troubled them, and fears unlooked for came

upon them. sile ils od 's i

18 And one thrown here, another there, half dead, shewed the cause of his death.

19 For the visions that troubled them foreshewed thele things, left they should periff, and not know why they suffered these evils

20 But the just also were afterwards touched by an affault of death, and there was a diffurbance of the multitude in the wilderness: but thy wrath did not long continue.

5 21 For a blameles man made hafte to pray for the people, bringing forth the shield of his ministry, prayer, and by incense making supplication, withstood the wrath, and put an end to the calamity, flewing that he was thy

fervants and valid sale and disturbance, not by strength

Bbs

arms, but with a word he subdued him that punished them, alledging the oaths and covenant made with the fathers. To beginned so of villa

23 For when they were now fallen down dead by heaps one upon another, he flood between and staved the affault, and cut off the way to the living.

24. For in the prieftly robe which he wore, was the whole world: and in the four rows of the stones the glory of the fathers was graven, and thy majeffy was written upon the diadem of his head.

25 And to these the destroyer gave place, and was afraid of them: for the proof only of wrath was enough.

C HATPOTXIX to ad

Why God Bewed no mercy to the Egyptians. His favour to the Ifractites. All creatures obey God's orders for the ferwice of the good, and the punishment of the wicked.

UT as to the wicked even to the end there came upon them wrath without mercy: For he knew before also what they would do:

z For when they had given them leave to depart, and had fent them away with great care, they repented, and purfued after them.

3 For whilft they were yet mourning, and lamenting at, of body, nor with force of the graves of the dead, they

took

and purfued them as fagirives whom they had pressed to be gone and off ten landing saint

A For a necessity, of which they were worthy, brought them to this end: and they loft the remembrance of those things which had happened. that their punishment might fill up what was wanting to their torments:

And that thy people might wonderfully pass thro', but they might find a new Lieuwich art. Irone

death.

6 For every creature according to its kind was fashioned again as from the beginning, obeying thy commandments, that thy children might be kept without hurt.

7 For a cloud over-shadowed their camp, and where water was before, dry land appeared, and in the red fea a way without hindrance, and out of the great deep a fpringing field a real of ward : mabile

8 Through which all the nation paffed, which was protected with thy hand, ofceing

food like horfes, and they 16 But they were fruck

ens.

took up another foolish device: their fojourning how the ground brought forth flies inflead of cattle, and how the river cast up a multitude of frogs inflead of filles to the

And at length they faw a new generation of birds, when being led by their appetite they afked for delicate meats; of the trates of to

12 For to fatisfy their del fire, the quail came up to them from the feat and pupithments came upon the finners not without foregoing figns by the force of thunders: for they fuffered justly according to their own wickedness and

113 For they exercised a more deteffable inholoitality than any: others indeed received not strangers unknown to them, but these brought their quests into bondage that had deferved well of them.

14 And not only fo, but in another respect also they were worfe : for the oth against their will received the

Attangers is and booms mingo

But thefe grievoully afflicted them whom they had received with joy, and thy miracles and wonders, who lived under the fame g For they fed on their laws : 10 10 brandeb erew and

skipped like lambs, praising with blindness; as those othee, O Lord, who hadfe de there were at the doors of the livered them. And the just man, when they were covered with sudden darkness; mindful of those things which and every one sought the pashad been done in the time of fage of his own door,

edt son evad etroy medell edt ab b. 3 now to noist? For

ments are changed in themselves, as in an inframent the found of the quality is changed, yet all keep their found: which may clearly be perceived by the very fight.

18 For the things of the land were turned into things of the water: and the things that before swam in the water passed upon the land.

water above its own virtue. place.

nents are changed in them- quenching nature.

flames wasted not the sies of corruptible animals walking therein, neither did they melt (b) that good food, which was apt to melt as ice. For in all things thou didst magnify thy people, O Lord, and didst honour them, and didst not despite them, but didst assist them at all times, and in every place.

Chap. XIX. (a) Ver. 17. Elements are changed, &c., The meaning is, that whatever changes God wrought in the elements by miracles in favour of his people, they still kept their harmony by obeying his will.

(b) Ver. 20. That good food. The manna.

## The PROLOGUE to ECCLESIASTICUS.

# month to live have both and so Grandfon, and as well

HE knowledge of many and great things hath been flewed lus by the law, and the prophets, and others that have followed them: for which things Ifrael is to be commended for doctrine, and wisdom: because not only they that freak must needs be skilful, but strangers also both speaking and writing, may by their means become most learned. My grandfather Jesus, after he had much given himself to a diligent reading of the law, and the prophets, and other books, that were delivered to us from our tathers, had a mind also to write fomething himself, pertaining to doctrine and wildom : that fuch as are defirous to learn, and are made knowing in thele things, may be more and more attentive in mind, and be firengthened to live according to the law. Lentreat you therefore to come with benevolence, and to read with attention, and to pardon us for those things, wherein we may feem; while we follow the image of wisdom, to come short in the composition of words: for the Hebrew words have not the fame

fame force in them when translated into another tongue. And not only thefe, but the law also itself, and the prophets, and the reft of the books, have no small difference, when they are spoken in their own language. For in the eight and thirtieth year coming into Egypt, when Ptolomy Evergetes was king; and continuing there a long time, I found there books left, of no. small nor contemptible learning. Therefore I thought it good. and necessary for me to bestow some diligence and labour to interpret this book: and with much watching and study in fome space of time, I brought the book to an end, and set it forth for the service of them, that are willing to apply their mind, and to learn how they ought to conduct themfelves, who purpose to lead their life according to the law of the Lord. han & Bellinger Woods bed to

# (a) ECCLESIASTICUS.

word to distinguist set the set being being the being

# CHAP. L

All Wisdom is from God, and is given to them that fear and love God. ite created her in

LL wisdom is from the Lord God, and hath been always with him, and is before all with her encrease, and dist

Who hath numbered the fand of the fea, and the drops of rain, and the days of the

26 10

world? Who hath measured the height of heaven, and the breadth of the earth, and the depth of the abyss ?n A or

Who hath fearched out the wisdom of God that goeth before all things ? and land

4 Wifdom hath been creat-

(a) Ecclefiaficus. : This book is fo called from a Greek word that highines a preacher: because, like an excellent preacher, it gives admirable lesions of all virtues. The author was Jesus the son of Sirach of Jerusalem, who flourished about two hundred years before Christ. As it was written after the time of Bidras, it is not in the Jewish canon; but is received as canonical and divine by the catholic church, infiructed by apostolical tradition, and directed by the Spirit of God. And has been from the beginning alledged as canonical? and divine, by the generality of the holy fathers, and addio bitting actions lost all sometid

ed before all things, and the understanding of prudence from everlasting.

The word of God on high is the fountain of wifdom, and her ways are everlafting commandments.

6' To whom hath the root of wildom been revealed, and who hath known her wife

counfels?

7 To whom hath the difcipline of wisdom been revealed, and made manifest? and who hath understood the mul-

tiplicity of her steps?

8 There is one most high Creator Almighty, and a powerful king, and greatly to be feared, who fitteth upon his throne and is the God of dominion.

o He created her in the Holy Ghost, and saw her, and numbred her, and measured

her.

10 And he poured her out upon all his works, and upon all flesh according to his gift, and hath given her to them that love him.

11 The fear of the Lord is honour, and glory, and gladnels, and a grown of joy.

12 The fear of the Lord shall delight the heart, and shall give joy, and gladness,

and length of days.

13 With him that feareth the Lord it shall go well in the latter end, and in the day of his death he shall be bleffed.

14 The love of God is ho nourable wifdom:

or a And they to whom the shall shew herself, love her by the fight, and by the know. ledge of her great works.

16 The fear of the Lord is the beginning of wisdom, and was created with the faithful in the womb, it walker with chosen women, and is known with the just and faithfoliare constraints with

17 The fear of the Lord is the religiousness of knowledge.

18 Religiousness shall keep and justify the heart, it shall give joy and gladness.

19 It shall go well with him that feareth the Lord, and in the days of his end he shall be bleffed.

20 To fear God is the fulness of wisdom; and fulness is from the fruits thereof.

21 She shall fill all her house with her encrease, and the storehouses with her treasures.

22 The fear of the Lord is a crown of wildom, filling up peace and the fruit of falvation:

23 And it hath feen, and numbred her: but both are the

gifts of God.

24 Wisdom shall distribute knowledge, and understanding of prudence: and exalteth the glory of them that hold her.

25 The root of wildom is to fear the Lord and the branches thereof are long lived.

26 In the treasures of wifdom is understanding, and religiousness of knowledge; but to finners wildom is an abomination.

27 The fear of the Lord driveth out fines drive hold ad

28 For he that is without fear, cannot be justified; for the wrath of his high spirits is his ruin.

20 A patient man shall bear for a time, and afterwards joy shall be restored to him.

30 A good understanding will hide his words for a time, and the lips of many shall declare his wildom; if to ships

21 In the treasures of wifdom is the fignification of difcipline:

32 But the worship of God is an abomination to a finner.

33 Son, if thou delire wifdom, keep juffice, and God will give her to thee.

34 For the fear of the Lord is wisdom and discipline: and that which is agreeable to him,

3 g Is faith, and meekness: and he will fill up his treasures.

- 36 Be not incredulous to the fear of the Lord : and come not to him with a double heart, dad bold to to

37 Be not a hypocrite in the fight of men, and let not thy lips be a stumbling block confirmed it upon thesenation

38 Watch over them, left thou fall, and bring difficuour upon thy foul all solving misto

39 And God discover thy

fecrets, and cast thee down in the midft of the congregation :

40 Because thou cameft to the Lord wickedly, and thy heart is full of guile and deceit. I sell test fail a Y ot

# CHAP. II.

God's servants must look for temptations; and must arm themselves with patience and confidence in God. 1911

ON, when thou comest to the service of God, stand in justice, and in fear, and prepare thy foul for temptation, bas , and more belle and .no

2 Humble thy heart, and endure : incline thy ear, and receive the words of understanding and make nor hafte in the time of clouds and in the

Wait on God with patience: join thyfelf to God, and endure, that thy life may be increased in the latter end.

Take all that shall be brought upon thee and in thy forrow endure, and in thy humiliation keep patience;

og for gold and filver are tried in the fire, but acceptable men in the furnace of hu-16 Wo to them, tnoibilim

6 Believe God, and he will recover thee st and direct thy way, and trust in him. Keep his fear, and grow old therein

. Yet that the Lord. wait for his mercy : and go not afide from him, left ye 18 They that feet the Lealist

8 Ye that fear the Lordy believe

believe him : and your reward fhall not be made void

9 Ye that fear the Lord, hope in him: and mercy shall come to you for your delight.

10 Ye that fear the Lord, love him, and your hearts

shall be enlightened.

generations of men: and know ye that no one hath hoped in the Lord, and hath been confounded.

ed in his commandment, and hath been forfaken? or who hath called upon him, and he despifed him?

13 For God is compafficnate and merciful, and will forgive firs in the day of tribulation: and he is a protector to all that feek him in truth.

14. We to them that are of a double heart, and to wicked lips, and to the hands that do evil, and to the finner that goeth on the earth two ways.

faint hearted, who believe not God: and therefore they shall not be protected by him.

16 Wo to them, that have loft patience, and that have forfaken the right ways, and have gone afide into crooked ways.

when the Lord shall begin to

18 They that fear the Lord, will not be incredulous to his

9 3 3 3 4

word : and they that love him, will keep his way.

Lord, will feek after the things that are well pleafing to him a and they that love him, shall be filled with his law.

26 They that fear the Lord, will prepare their hearts, and in his fight will fanctify their

fouls.

21 They that fear the Lord, keep his commandments, and will have patience even until his visitation,

penance, we shall fall into the hands of the Lord, and not into the hands of men.

23 For according to his greatness, so also is his mer-

### CHAP. III.

Lessons concerning the bonour of parents, and bumility, and avoiding curiofity.

THE fons of wildom are the church of the just: and their generation, o-bedience and love.

2 Children, hear the judgment of your father, and so do that you may be faved.

3 For God hath made the father honourable to the children; and feeking the judgment of the mothers, bath confirmed it upon the children.

obtain pardon for bis fins by prayer, and shall refrain himfelf felf from them, and shall be heard in the prayer of days.

5 And he that honoureth his mother is as one that lay-

eth up a treasure.

6 He that honoureth his father shall have joy in bis ozun children, and in the day of his prayer he shall be heard.

He that honoureth his father shall enjoy a long life: and he that obeyeth the father, shall be a comfort to his mother. I me to rade med of son

8 He that feareth the Lord. honoureth his parents, and will ferve them as his mafters that brought him into the world it waste to to total and

o Honour thy father, in work and word, and all pa-

tience,

ci a:

to That a bleffing may come upon thee from him, and his bleffing may remain in the latter end.

II The father's bleffing establisheth the houses of the children; but the mother's curse rooteth up the foundation.

12 Glory not in the difhonour of thy father: for his thame is no glory to thee.

1 a For the glory of a man is from the honour of his father, and a father without honour is the difgrace of the 

14 Son, Support the old age of thy father, and grieve him not in his life t volution to the

And if his understand ing fail, have patience with him, and despise him not when thou art in thy ftrength: for the relieving of the father shall not be forgotten.

16 For good shall be repaid to thee for the fin of thy mother, and Liverage was be

17 And in justice thou shalt be built up, and in the day of affliction thou shalt be remembered: and thy fins shall melt away as the ice in the fair warm weather.

18 Of what an evil fame is he that forfaketh his father: and he is curfed of God that

angereth his mother.

19 My fon, do thy works in meekness, and thou fhalt be beloved above the glory of men.

20 The greater thou art. the more humble thyfelf in all things, and thou shalt find grace before God:

21 For great is the power of God alone, and he is ho-

noured by the humble.

22 Seek not the things that are too high for thee, and fearch not into things above thy ability : but the things that God hath commanded thee, think on them always. and in many of his works be not curious.

23 For it is not necessary for thre to fee with thy eyes those things that are hid,

24 In unnocessary matters

be not over curious, and in many of his works thou shalt not be inquisitive. bon limit

25 For many things are shewn to thee above the understanding of mend to then

26 And the suspicion of them hath deceived many, and hath detained their minds in vanity of he in back or

27 A hard heart shall fare evil at the last: and he that loveth danger shall perish in

ites and in the paid 42

28 A heart that goeth two ways shall not have success, and the perverse of heart shall be scandalized therein.

20 A wicked heart shall be laden with forrows, and the finner will add fin to fin.

30 The congregation of the proud shall not be healed: for the plant of wickedness shall take root in them, and it thall not be perceived.

31 The heart of the wife is understood in wisdom, and a good ear will hear wisdom

wirh all desire.

32 A wife heart, and which hath understanding, will abstain from fins, and in the works of justice shall have success.

33 Water quencheth a flaming fire, and alms refisteth

lins:

34 And God provideth for him that sheweth favour; he remembereth him afterwards. and in the time of his fall he shall find a fure stay.

### CHAP. IV

An exportation to works of mercy, and to the love of wildom.

ON, defraud not the poor of alms, and turn not away thy eyes from the poor.

2 Despise not the hungry foul; and provoke not the poor in his want.

3 Afflict not the heart of the needy, and defer not to give to him that is in diffress,

4 Reject not the petition of the afflicted: and turn not away thy face from the needy, lore mid adagond and

5 Turn not away thy eyes from the poor for fear of anger: and give not to them that ask of thee, room to curse thee behind thy back.

6 For the prayer of him that curfeth thee in the bitterness of bis soul, shall be heard: for he that made him, will hear him.

7 Make thyself affable to the congregation of the poor, and humble thy foul to the ancient, and bow thy head to a great man. A contra second

8 Bow down thy ear chearfully to the poor, and pay what thou owest, and answer him peaceable words with

mildness.

9 Deliver him that suffereth wrong out of the hand of the proud t and be not fainthearted in thy foull and me too

To In judging be merciful to the fatherless as a father, and as a hufband to their mother :

11 And thou shalt be as the obedient for of the most High, and he will have mercy on thee more than a mother.

12 Wildom infpireth life into her children, and protecteth them that feek after her, and will go before them in the way of justice.

13 And he that loveth her, loveth life: and they that watch for her, shall embrace MANA MIRIN OLD

her fweetness.

14 They that hold her fast, shall inherit life; and whitherfoever the entereth. God will give a bleffing.

15 They that serve her, shall be fervants to the holy one: and God loveth them

that love her.

16 He that hearkeneth to her, shall judge nations: and he that looketh upon her, shall remain secure.

17 If he trust to her, he shall inherit her, and his generation shall be in affurance;

18 For the walketh with him (a) in temptation, and at the first she chooseth

19 She will bring upon him

fear and dread and trial : and the will fcourge him with the affliction of her discipline, till the try him by her laws, and truft his foul.

20 Then the will ftrengthen him, and make a strait way to him, and give him joy,

z 1 And will disclose her secrets to him, and will heap upon him treasures of knowledge and understanding of justice.

22 But if he go aftray, the will forfake him, and deliver him into the hands of his enemy coestaliste Mas Woodington

23 Son, observe the time,

and fly from evil.

24 For thy foul be not ashamed to say the truth.

25 For there is a shame that bringeth fin, and there is a shame that bringeth glory and grace.

26 Accept no person against thy own person, nor a-

gainst thy foul a lie.

27 Reverence not thy neighbour in his fall :

28 And refrain not to fpeak in the time of salvation. Hide not thy wisdom in her beau-

29 For by the tongue wifdom is discerned: and understanding, and knowledge, and

Chap. IV. (a) Ver. 18. In temptation, &c. The mean ing is, that before wisdom will choose any for her favourite, the will try them by leading them through contradictions, afflictions and temptations, the usual noviceship of the children of God.

learning by the word of the wife, and stedfastness in the works of justice.

30 In no wife speak against the truth, but be assamed of the lie of thy ignorance.

31 Be not ashamed to confess thy fins, but submit not thyself to every man for sin.

32 Resist not against the face of the mighty, and do not strive against the stream of the river.

33 Strive for justice for thy foul, and even unto death fight for justice, and God will overthrow thy enemies for thee.

34 Be not hafty in thy tongue: and flack, and remifs

in thy works.

35 Be not as a lion in thy house, terrifying them of thy houshold, and oppressing them that are under thee.

36 Let not thy hand be firetched out to receive, and that when thou shouldst give.

CHAP. V.

We must not presume of our wealth or strength: nor of the mercy of God, to go on in sin: we must be steadfast in virtue and truth.

SET not thy heart upon unjust possessions, and say not: I have enough to live on: for it shall be of no service in the time of vengeance and darkness.

z Follow not in thy firength the defires of thy heart:

3 And say not : How migh-

ty am I? and who shall bring me under for my deeds? for God will surely take revenge.

4 Say not: I have finned, and what harm hath befallen me? for the most High is a patient rewarder.

5 Be not without fear about fin forgiven, and add not fin

upon fin.

6 And fay not: The mercy of the Lord is great, he will have mercy on the multitude of my fins.

7 For mercy and wrath quickly come from him, and his wrath looketh upon finners.

8 Delay not to be converted to the Lord, and defer it not from day to day.

9 For his wrath shall come on a sudden, and in the time of vengeance he will destroy thee.

ro Be not anxious for goods unjustly gotten: for they shall not profit thee in the day of calamity and revenge

ry wind, and go not into every way: for so is every sinner proved by a double tongue.

12 Be fledfast in the way of the Lord, and in the truth of thy judgment, and in knowledge, and let the word of peace and justice keep with thee.

word, that thou mayst understand: and return a true answer with wisdom.

14 If thou have understand-

ing, answer thy neighbour: but if not, let thy hand be upon thy mouth, left thou be furprized in an unskilful word, and be confounded.

15 Honour and glory is in the word of the wife, but the tongue of the fool is his ruin.

16 Be not called a whifperer, and be not taken in thy tongue, and confounded.

17 For confusion and repentance is upon a thief, and an evil mark of disgrace upon the double tongued, but to the whisperer hatred, and enmity, and reproach.

18 Justify alike the small,

and the great.

# CHAP. VI.

Of true and false friends: and of the fruits of wisdom.

INSTEAD of a friend become not an enemy to thy neighbour: for an evil man shall inherit reproach and shame, so shall every simmer that is envious and double tongued.

z Extol not thyfelf in the thoughts of thy foul like a bull : left thy ftrength be

quashed by folly,

And it eat up thy leaves, and destroy thy fruit, and thou be left as a dry tree in the wilderness.

4 For a wicked foul shall destroy him that hath it, and maketh him to be a joy to his enemies, and shall lead him into the lot of the wicked.

5 A sweet word multiplieth friends, and appealeth enemies, and a gracious tongue in a good man aboundeth.

6 Be in peace with many, but let one of a thouland be

thy counsellor.

7 If thou wouldst get a friend, try him before thou takest him, and do not credit him easily.

8 For there is a friend for his own occasion, and he will not abide in the day of thy

trouble.

9 And there is a friend that turneth to enmity: and there is a friend that will disclose hatred and strife and reproaches.

ompanion at the table, and he will not abide in the day of

diftress, a tou Il

nue stedfast, shall be to thee as thyself, and shall act with confidence among them of thy houshold:

before thee, and hide himself from thy face, thou shalt have unanimous friendship for good.

13 Separate thyself from thy enemies, and take heed of

thy friends.

14 A faithful friend is a strong defence: and he that hath found him, hath found a treasure.

pared to a faithful friend, and no weight of gold and filver

Ccz

is able to countervail the good-

ness of his fidelity.

the medicine of life and immortality: and they that fear the Lord, shall find him.

17 He that feareth God, fhall likewise have good friendship: because according to him

fhall his friend be.

up receive instruction, and even to thy gray hairs thou shalt find wisdom.

19 Come to her as one that ploweth, and foweth, and wait for her good fruits.

20 For in working about her thou shalt labour a little, and shalt quickly cat of her fruits.

visidom to the unlearned, and the unwife will not continue with her.

a mighty stone of trial, and they will cast her from them

before it be long.

23 For the wisdom of doctrine is according to her name, and she is not manifest unto many, but with them to whom she is known, she continueth even to the fight of God.

24 Give ear, my fon, and take wife counfel, and cast not

away my advice.

fetters, and thy neck into her chains:

26 Bow down thy shoulder,

and bear her, and be not grier.

27 Come to her with all thy mind, and keep her ways with all thy power.

28 Search for her, and the shall be made known to thee, and when thou hast gotten her, let her not go:

29 For in the latter end, thou shalt find rest in her, and she shall be turned to thy joy.

30 Then shall her setten be a strong desence for thee, and a firm soundation, and her chains a robe of glory:

of life, and her bands are a

healthful binding.

32 Thou shalt put her on as a robe of glory, and thou shalt fet her upon thee as a crown of joy.

33 My fon, if thou wilt attend to me, thou shalt learn: and if thou wilt apply thy mind, thou shalt be wife.

24 If thou wilt incline thy ear, thou shalt receive instruction: and if thou love to hear, thou shalt be wife.

35 Stand in the multitude of ancients that are wife, and join thy felf from thy heart to their wisdom, that thou may the hear every discourse of God, and the sayings of praise may not escape thee.

36 And if thou fee a man of understanding, go to him early in the morning, and let

hadring out destel achyo

thy foot wear the steps of his doors.

37 Let thy thoughts be upon the precepts of God, and meditate continually on his commandments: and he will give thee a heart, and the defire of wisdom shall be given to thee.

#### CHAP. VII

Religious and moral duties.

DO no evils, and no evils shall lay hold of thee.

2 Depart from the unjust, and evils shall depart from thee.

3 My fon, fow not evils in the furrows of injustice, and thou shalt not reap them sevenfold:

4 Seek not of the Lord a pre-eminence, nor of the king the feat of honour.

5 Justify not thyself before God, for he knoweth the heart: and desire not to appear wise before the king.

6 Seek not to be made a judge, unless thou have strength enough to extirpate iniquities:
lest thou fear the person of the
powerful, and lay a stumblingblock for thy integrity.

7 Offend not against the multitude of a city, neither cast thyself in upon the people,

8 Nor bind fin to fin: for even in one thou shalt not be unpunished.

12201112961

9 Be not faint-hearted in

10 Neglect not to pray,

and to give alms.

respect to the multitude of my gists, and when I offer to the most high God, he will accept my offerings.

in the bitterness of his soul; for there is one that humbleth, and exalteth, God who seeth all.

Devise not a lie against thy brother: neither do the like against thy friend.

14 Be not willing to make any manner of lie; for the custom thereof is not good.

a multitude of ancients, and (a) repeat not the word in thy prayer.

works, nor husbandry ordained by the most High.

17 Number not thyfelf, among the multitude of the diforderly.

18 Remember wrath, for it will not tarry long.

much: for the vengeance on the flesh of the ungodly is fire and worms.

20 Do not transgress against thy friend deferring money, nor despise thy dear brother for the sake of gold.

Chap. VII. (a) Ver. 15. Repeat not, &c. Make not much babbling by repetition of words: but aim more at ferwour of heart.

21 Depart not from a wife and good wife, whom thou haft gotten in the fear of the Lord: for the grace of her modelty is above gold, was it

22 Hurt not the fervant that worketh faithfully, nor the hired man that giveth thee

his life.

23 Let a wife fervant be dear to thee as thy own foul, defraud him not of liberty, nor leave him needy.

24 Haft thou cattle? have an eye to them: and if they be for thy profit, keep them

with thee, we will be

25 Haft thou children? instruct them, and bow down their neck from their childhood. The sound to simply in

26 Haft theu daughters? have a care of their body, and shew not thy countenance gay towards them.

27 Marry thy daughter well, and thou fhalt do a great work, and give her to a wife

28 If thou haft a wife according to thy foul, caft her not off: and to her that is hateful, trust not thyself, With thy whole heart.

29 Honour thy father, and

forget not the groanings of thy mother:

20 Remember that thou hadft not been born but thro' them : and make a return to them, as they have done for thee. And the control

31 With all thy foul fear the Lord, and reverence his priefts.

32 With all thy ftrength love him that made thee; and forfake not his ministers.

33 Honour God with all thy foul, and give honour to the priefts, and purify thyfelf with (b) thy arms.

34 Give them their portion, as it is commanded thee. of the first-fruits and of purifications: and for thy negligences purify thy felf with a few.

35 Offer to the Lord the gift of thy shoulders, and the facrifice of fanctification, and the first-fruits of the holy things:

36 And firetch out thy hand to the poor, that thy expiation and thy bleffing may be perfected.

37 A gift hath grace in the fight of all the living, (c) and restrain not grace from the dead.

Missing and that it mainly & Bo

(c) Ver. 37. And restrain not grace from the dead. That is, withhold not from them the benefit of alms, prayers, and facrifices.

<sup>(</sup>b) Ver. 33. Thy arms. That is, with all thy power: or else by arms (brachiis) are here fignified the right foulders of the victims, which by the law fell to the share of the priefts. See ver. 35.

forting them that weep, and walk with them that mourn.

39 Be not flow to visit the fick: for by these things thou shalt be confirmed in love.

40 In all thy works remember thy last end, and thou shalt never sin.

CHAP. VIII.

Other lessons of wisdom and wirtue.

STRIVE not with a powerful man, left thou fall into his hands.

2 Contend not with a rich man, left he bring an action against thee,

3 For gold and filver hath destroyed many, and hath reached even to the heart of kings, and perverted them.

4 Strive not with a man that is full of tongue, and heap not wood upon his fire.

an ignorant man, left he fpeak ill of thy family.

6 Despise not a man that turneth away from sin, nor reproach him therewith: remember that we are all worthy of reproof.

7 Despise not a man in his old age: for we also shall become old.

8 Rejoice not at the death

endan

of thy enemy: knowing that we all die, and are not willing that others should rejoice at our death.

9 Despise not the discourse of them that are ancient and wise, but acquaint thyself with their proverbe.

learn wisdom, and instruction of understanding, and to serve great men without blame.

the ancients esempe thee: for they have learned of their fathers:

to give an answer in time of

finners by rebuking them, left thou be burnt with the flame of the fire of their fins.

14 Stand not against the face of an injurious person, lest he fit as a spy to entrap thee in thy words.

is mightier than thyfelf: and if thou lendest, count it as lost.

thy power: and if thou be furety, think as if thou wers to pay it.

17 Judge not against a judge: for he judgeth according to that which is just.

18 Go

facrifices. Such was the doctrine and practice of the church of God even in the time of the old testament. And the same has always been kept up from the days of the apostles in the church of the new testament.

with a bold man, left he burden thee with his evils : for he goeth according to his own will, and thou shalt perish together with his folly.

10 Quarrel not with a paffionate man, and go not into the defart with a bold man: for blood is as nothing in his fight, and where there is no help he will overthrow thee.

20 Advise not with fools, for they cannot love but fuch

things as pleafe them.

21 Before a stranger do no matter of counsel: for thou knowest not what he will bring forth.

22 Open not thy heart to every man: left he repay thee with an evil turn, and speak reproachfully to thee.

#### CHAP. IX.

Cautions with regard to women, and dangerous conversations.

DE not jealous over the wife of thy bosom, left the thew in thy regard the malice of a wicked leffon.

2 Give not the power of thy foul to a woman, left she enter upon thy strength, and thou be confounded.

2 Look not upon a woman that hath a mind for many: left thou fall into her fnares.

4 Use not much the company of her that is a dancer, and hearken not to her, left 16 Envy not the glory and

18 Go not on the way | thou perish by the force of her charms.

> Gaze not upon a maiden. left her beauty be a flumblingblock to thee,

6 Give not thy foul to harlots in any point: left thou deftroy thyfelf, and thy inheritance.

7 Look not round about thee in the ways of the city, nor wander up and down in the streets thereof.

8 Turn away thy face from a woman dreffed up, and gaze not about upon another's

beauty.

9 For many have perished by the beauty of a woman: and hereby luft is enkindled as a fire.

10 Every woman that is a harlot, shall be trodden upon

as dung in the way.

II Many by admiring the beauty of another man's wife, have become reprobate, for her conversation burneth as fire.

12 Sit not at all with another man's wife, nor repole upon the bed with her:

13 And firive not with her over wine, left thy heart decline towards her, and by thyblood thou fall into destruction.

14 Forfake not an old friend: for the new will not

be like to him.

15 A new friend, is as new wine; it thall grow old, and thou shalt drink it with plea-Ture.

siches of a finger: for thou knowest not what his ruin shall be.

wrong done by the unjust. knowing that even to hell the wicked shall not please.

18 Keep thee far from the man that hath power to kill, fo thou shalt not suspect the fear of death.

. 19 And if thou come to him, commit no fault, lest he

take away thy life.

20 Know it to be a communication with death; for thou art going in the midst of fnares, and walking upon the arms of them that are grieved.

21 According to thy power beware of thy neighbour : and treat with the wife and prudent. Tatalisates 943

22 Let just men be thy quests, and let thy glory be in the fear of God.

23 And let the thought of God be in thy mind, and all thy discourse on the commandments of the Highest.

24 Works shall be praifed

for the hand of the artificers, and the prince of the people for the wildom of his speech, but the word of the ancients for the fense.

25 A man full of tongue is terrible in his city, and he

that is rash in his word shall be hateful. eniutain les les

# CHAP. X.

The virtues and vices of men in power: the great evil of pride.

Wife judge shall (a) judge his people, and the government of a prudent man shall be steady. 20 90 fee

2 As the judge of the people is himfelf, so also are his miniflers : and what manner of man the ruler of a city is, such also are they that dwell therein.

3 An unwife king shall be the ruin of his people : and cities shall be inhabited through the prudence of the rulers.

4 The power of the earth is in the hand of God, and in his time he will raise up a profitable ruler over it.

5 The prosperity of man is in the hand of God, and upon the person of the (b) fcribe he shall lay his honour.

6 Remember not any inju-ry done thee by thy neighbour, and do thou nothing by deeds of injury described de

7 Pride is hateful befor God and men: and all iniqui-ty of nations is execuble.

8 A kingdom is translated from one people to another,

Chap. X. (a) Ver. 1. Judge his people. In the Greek it is infirmet his people.

(b) Wer. 5. The feribe. That is, the man that is wife learned in the law.

because of injustices, and wrongs, and injuries, and did vers deceits.

o But nothing is more wicked than the covetous man. Why is earth and ashes proud?

to There is not a more wicked thing than to love money. For such a one setteth even his own soul to sale: because while he liveth he hath cast away his bowels.

A long fickness is troublesome

to the physician.

off a short sickness: so also a king is to day, and to morrow he shall die.

13 For when a man shall die, he shall inherit serpents, and beasts, and worms.

14 The beginning of the pride of man, is to fall off from God:

departed from him that made him. For pride is the beginning of all fin: he that holdeth it, shall be filled with maledictions, and it shall ruin him in the end.

16 Therefore hath the Lord difgraced the affemblies of the wicked, and hath utterly de-

froyed them.

State 1

17 God hath overturned the thrones of proud princes, and hath fet up the meek in their stead.

18 God hath made the

ther, and hath planted the humble of these nations.

19 The Lord hath overthrown the lands of the gentiles, and hath destroyed them even to the foundation.

20 He hath made some of them to wither away, and hath destroyed them, and hath made the memory of them to cease from the earth.

21 God hath abolished the memory of the proud, and hath preserved the memory of them that are humble in mind.

22 Pride was not made for men: nor wrath for the race

of women.

be honoured, which feareth God: but that feed shall be dishonoured, which transgresseth the commandments of the Lord:

their chief is honourable: for fhall they that fear the Lord, be in his eyes.

25 The fear of God is the glory of the rich, and of the honourable, and of the poor:

26 Despise not a just man that is poor, and do not magnify a sinful man that is rich.

27 The great man, and the judge, and the mighty is in honour: and there is none greater than he that feareth wod.

28 They that are free shall ferve a servant that is wife:

and and

and a man that is prudent and well instructed will not murmur when he is reproved; and he that is ignorant, shall not be honoured.

29 Extol not thyself in doing thy work, and linger not in the time of distress:

30 Better is he that laboureth, and aboundeth in all things, than he that boafteth himself and wanteth bread.

31 My fon, keep thy foul in meekness, and give it honour according to its desert.

32 Who will justify him that finneth against his own foul? and who will honour him that dishonoureth his own foul?

33 The poor man is glorified by his discipline and fear: and there is a man that is honoured for his wealth.

34 But he that is glorified in poverty, how much more in wealth? and he that is glorified in wealth, let him fear poverty.

#### CHAP. XI.

Lessons of bumility and moderation in all things.

THE wisdom of the humble shall lift up his head, and shall make him sit in the midit of great men.

2 Praise not a man for his beauty, neither despite a man for his look.

3 The bee is small among flying things, but her fruit hath the chiefest sweetness.

4 Glory not in apparel at any time, and be not exalted in the day of thy honour: for the works of the Highest only are wonderful, and his works are glorious, and secret, and hidden.

5 Many tyrants have fat on the throne, and he whom no man would think on, hath worn the crown.

6 Many mighty men have been greatly brought down, and the glorious have been delivered into the hand of others.

7 Before thou enquire, blame no man; and when thou halt enquired, reprove justly.

8 Before thou hear, answer not a word: and interrupt not others in the midst of their discourse.

9 Strive not in a matter, which doth not concern thee: and fit not in judgment with finners.

no My fon, meddle not with many matters: and if thou be rich, thou shalt not be free from fin: for if thou pursue after, thou shalt not overtake; and if thou run before, thou shalt not escape.

man that laboureth, and maketh hafte, and is in forrow, and is fo much the more in want.

12 Again, there is an unactive man that wanteth help, is very weak in ability, and full of povert;

13 Yet

13 Yet the eye of God hath looked upon him for good, and hath lifted him up from his low effate, and hath exaled his head; and many have wondered at him, and have glorified God.

14 Good things and evil, life and death, poverty and

riches, are from God.

and the knowledge of the law are with God. Love, and the ways of good things are with him.

16 Error and darkness are created with finners: and they that glory in evil things,

grow old in evil.

17 The gift of God abideth with the just, and his advancement shall have success for ever.

18 There is one that is enriched by living sparingly, and this is the portion of his reward,

19 In that he faith: I have found me rest, and now I will eat of my goods alone:

20 And he knoweth not what time shall pass, and that death approacheth, and that he must leave all to others, and shall die.

21 Be fledfast in thy covenant, and be conversant therein, and grow old in the work of thy commandments.

of finners. But trust in God, and thay in thy place.

23 For it is easy in the

eyes of God on a fudden to make the poor man rich.

24 The bleffing of God maketh hafte to reward the just, and in a fwift hour his bleffing beareth fruit.

25 Say not: What need I, and what good shall I have

by this?

26 Say not: I am fufficient for myfelf: and what shall I be made worse by this?

things be not unmindful of evils: and in the day of evils be not unmindful of good things:

28 For it is eafy before God in the day of death to reward every one according

to his ways.

29 The affliction of an hour maketh one forget great delights, and in the end of a man is the disclosing of his works.

30 Praise not any man before death, for a man is known by his children.

31 Bring not every man into thy house: for many are the snares of the deceitful.

32 For as corrupted bowels fend forth flinking breath, and as the partridge is brought into the cage, and as the roe into the inare: fo also is the heart of the proud, and as a spy that looketh on the fall of his neighbour.

33 For he lieth in wait and turneth good into evil, and on the elect he will lay a blot.

34 Qf

34 Of one spark cometh a great fire, and of one deceitful man much blood: and a finful man lieth in wait for blood.

35 Take heed to thyfelf of a mischievous man, for he worketh evils: lest he bring apon thee reproach for ever.

36 Receive a stranger in, and he shall overthrow thee with a whirtwind, and shall turn thee out of thy own.

#### CHAP. XII.

We are to be liberal to the just: and not to trust the wicked.

I F thou do good, know to whom thou dost it, and there shall be much thanks for thy good deeds.

2 Do good to the just, and thou shalt find great recompence: and if not of him, assuredly of the Lord.

3 For there is no good for him, that is always occupied in evil, and that giveth no alms: for the Highest hateth finners, and hath mercy on the penitent.

4 Give to the merciful, and uphold not the finner: God will repay vengeance to the ungodly and to finners, and keep them against the day of vengeance.

5 Give to the good, and receive not a finner.

6 Do good to the humble, and give not to the ungodly : hold back thy brend, and give it not to him, left thereby he overmafter thee:

7 For thou shalt receive twice as much evil for all the good thou shalt have done to him: for the Highest also hateth sinners, and will repay vengeance to the ungodly.

8 A friend shall not be known in prosperity, and an enemy shall not be hidden in adversity.

9 In the prosperity of a man, his enemies are grieved: and a friend is known in his adversity.

10 Never trust thy enemy: for as a brass pot his wickedness rusteth:

rr Though he humbleth himself and go crouching, yet take good heed and beware of him.

12 Set him not by thee, neither let him fit on thy right hand, left he turn into thy place, and feek to take thy feat: and at the last thou acknowledge my words, and be pricked with my sayings.

13 Who will pity a charmer struck by a serpent, or any that come near wild beasts? so is it with him that keepeth company with a wicked man, and is involved in his fins.

14 For an hour he will abide with thee: but if thou begin to decline, he will not endure it.

15 An enemy speaketh sweetly with his lips, but in

his heart he lieth in wait, to

throw thee into a pit.

16 An enemy weepeth with his eyes: but if he find an opportunity, he will not be fatisfied with blood:

17 And if evils come upon thee, thou shalt find him there

first.

in his eyes, and while he pretendeth to help thee, will undermine thy feet.

19 He will shake his head, and clap his hands, and whifper much, and change his

countenance.

#### CHAP. XIII.

Cautions in the choice of company.

HE that toucheth pitch, shall be defiled with it: and he that hath fellowship with the proud, shall put on

pride.

2 He shall take a burden upon himself, that hath sellowship with one more honourable than himself. And have no sellowship with one that is richer than thyself.

3 What agreement shall the earthen pot have with the kettle? for if they knock one against the other, it shall be

broken.

4 The rich man hath done wrong, and yet he will fume: but the poor is wronged and must hold his peace.

5 If thou give, he will make use of thee: and if thou

have nothing, he will forfake thee.

6 If thou have any thing, he will live with thee, and will make thee bare, and he will not be forry for thee.

7 If he have need of thee, he will deceive thee, and smiling upon thee will put thee in hope, he will speak thee fair, and will say: What

wantest thou?

8 And he will shame thee by his meats, till he have drawn thee dry twice or thrice, and at last he will laugh at thee: and afterward when he seeth thee, he will for sake thee, and shake his head at thee.

9 Humble thyfelf to Gcd,

and wait for his hands.

10 Beware that thou be not deceived into folly, and be humbled.

it Be not lowly in thy wisdom, left being humbled thou be deceived into folly.

one that is mightier, withdraw thy felf: for fo he will invite thee the more.

13 Be not troublesome to bim, lest thou be put back: and keep not far from him,

lest thou be forgotten.

14 Affect not to speak with him as an equal: and believe not his many words. For by much talk he will fift thee, and smiling will examine thee concerning thy secrets.

15 His cruel mind will lay

up thy words: and he will not spare to do thee hurt, and to cast thee into prison.

and attend diligently to what thou hearest: for thou walkest in danger of thy ruin.

17 When thou hearest those things fee as it were in sleep, and thou shalt awake.

18 Love God all thy life, and call upon him for thy falvation.

19 Every beaft loveth its like: fo also every man him that is nearest to himself.

20 All flesh shall confort with the like to itself, and every man shall associate himself to his like.

21 If the wolf shall at any time have fellowship with the lamb, so the finner with the just.

22 What fellowship hath a holy man with a dog, or what part hath the rich with the poor?

23 The wild as is the lion's prey in the defert: fo also the poor are devoured by the rich.

24 And as humility is an abomination to the proud: fo also the rich man abhorreth the poor.

25 When a rich man is shaken, he is kept up by his friends: but when a poor man is fallen down, he is thrust away even by his acquaintance.

26 When a rich man hath been deceived, he hath many helpers: he hath spoken proud

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things, and they have justified him.

27 The poor man was deceived, and he is rebuked also: he hath spoken wisely, and could have no place.

28 The rich man spoke, and all held their peace, and what he said they extol even to the clouds.

29 The poor man spoke, and they say: Who is this? and if he stumble, they will overthrow him.

30 Riches are good to him that, hath no fin in his conscience: and poverty is very wicked in the mouth of the ungodly.

31 The heart of a man changeth his countenance, either for good, or for evil.

32 The token of a good heart, and a good countenance thou shalt hardly find, and with labour.

### CHAP. XIV.

The evil of avarice: works of mercy are recommended, and the love of wildom.

BLESSED is the man that hath not slipt by a word out of his mouth, and is not pricked with the remorse of fin.

and who is not fallen from his hope.

3 Riches are not comely for a covetous man and a nig-

D d z gard,

gard, and what should an en- | shewed to thee: for the covevious man do with gold?

4 He that gathereth together by wronging his own foul, gathereth for others, and another will fquander away his goods in rioting.

5 He that is evil to himfelf, to whom will he be good? and he shall not take pleasure in

his goods.

6 There is none worse than he that envieth himself, and this is the reward of his wick-

7 And if he do good, he doth it ignorantly, and unwillingly: and at the last he discovereth his wickedness.

8 The eye of the envious is wicked; and he turneth away his face, and despiseth

his own foul.

o. The eye of the covetous man is infatiable in his portion of iniquity: he will not be fatisfied till he confume his own foul, drying it up.

10 An evil eye is towards evil things: and he shall not have his fill of bread, but shall be needy and pensive at his

own table.

II My fon, if thou have any thing, do good to thyfelf, and offer to God worthy offerings.

12 Remember that death is not flow, and that (a) the covenant of hell hath been

nant of this world shall furely die.

13 Do good to thy friend before thou die, and according to thy ability stretch out thy hand, and give to the

poor.

14 Defraud not thyfelf of the good day, and let not the part of a good gift overpass

15 Shalt thou not leave to others to divide by lot thy forrows and labours?

16 Give and take, and

justify thy soul.

17 Before thy death work justice: for in hell there is no finding food.

18 All flesh shall fade as grafs, and as the leaf that fpringeth out on a green tree,

19 Some grow, and some fall off: so is the generation of flesh and blood, one cometh to an end, and another is born.

20 Every work that is corruptible shall fail in the end: and the worker thereof shall go with it.

21 And every excellent work shall be justified; and the worker thereof shall be

honoured therein.

22 Bleffed is the man that shall continue in wisdom, and that shall meditate in his justice, and in his mind shall think of the all-feeing eye of God.

Chap. XIV. (a) Ver, 12. The covenant of bell. decree by which all are to go down to the regions of death. 23 Heways in his heart, and hath understanding in her secrets, who goeth after her as one that traceth, and stayeth in her ways:

24 He who looketh in at her windows, and hearkeneth

at her door:

her house, and fastening a pin in her walls shall set up his tent nigh unto her, where good things shall rest in his lodging for ever:

26 He shall set his children under her shelter, and shall lodge under her branches:

27 He shall be protected under her covering from the heat, and shall rest in her glory.

#### C HAP. XV.

Wisdom embraceth them that fear God. God is not the author of sin.

I E that feareth God, will do good; and he that possesset justice, shall lay hold on her,

2 And the will meet him as an honourable mother, and will receive him as a wife married

of a virgin.

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3 With the bread of life and understanding, she shall feed him, and give him the water of who from wisdom to drink: and she shall be made strong in him, and he shall not be moved:

4 And the shall hold him

fast, and he shall not be confounded: and she shall exalt him among his neighbours,

5 And in the midst of the church she shall open his mouth, and shall fill him with the spirit of wisdom and understanding, and shall clothe him with a robe of glory.

6 She shall heap upon him a treasure of joy and gladness, and shall cause him to inherit

an everlasting name.

7 But foolish men shall not obtain her, and wise men shall meet her, foolish men shall not see her: for she is far from

pride and deceit.

8 Lying men shall not be mindful of her: but men that speak truth shall be found with her, and shall advance, even till they come to the sight of God.

9 Praise is not feemly in the mouth of a finner:

from God. For praise shall be with the wisdom of God, and shall abound in a faithful mouth, and the sovereign Lord will give praise unto it.

God, that she is not with me: for do not thou the things that

he hateth.

12 Say not: He hath caufed me to err: for he hath no. need of wicked men.

13 The Lord hateth all abomination of error, and they that fear him shall not love it.

14 God made man from D d 3 the the beginning, and left him in the hand of his own counfel.

rs He added his command-

ments and precepts.

to If thou wilt keep the commandments and perform acceptable fidelity for ever, they shall preserve thee.

17 He hath fet water and fire before thee: stretch forth thy hand to which thou wilt.

18 Before man is life and death, good and evil: that which he shall choose shall be given him:

19 For the wisdom of God is great, and he is strong in power, seeing all men with-

out cealing.

- 20 The eyes of the Lord are towards them that fear him, and he knoweth all the work of man.
- man to do wickedly, and he hath given no man licence to fin:
- 22 For he desireth not a multitude of faithless and unprofitable children.

#### CHAP: XVI.

It is better to have none than many wicked children. Of the justice and mercy of God His ways are unsearchable.

R EJOICE not in ungodly children, if they

be multiplied: neither be delighted in them, if the fear of God be not with them.

2 Trust not to their life, and respect not their labours.

3 For better is one that feareth God, than a thousand ungodly children.

4 And it is better to die without children, than to leave ungodly children.

5 By one that is wife a country shall be inhabited, the tribe of the ungodly shall become desolate.

6 Many such things hath, my eye seen, and greater things than these my ear hath heard.

7 In the congregation of finners a fire shall be kindled, and in an unbelieving nation wrath shall flame out.

8 The ancient giants did not obtain pardon for their fins, who were deftroyed trusting to their own strength:

9 And he spared not the place where Lot sojourned, but abhorred them for the pride of their word.

them, deffroying the whole nation, that extolled themselves in their fins.

fix hundred thousand footmen, who were gathered together in the hardness of their

Chap. XVI. (a) Ver. 11. Six bundred thousand, &c. viz. the children of Israel, whom he sentenced to die in the wilderness. Numb. xiv.

fiff-necked, it is a wonder if he had escaped unpunished:

12 For mercy and wrath are with him. He is mighty to forgive, and to pour out indignation:

13 According as his mercy is, fo his correction judgeth a man according to his

works.

14 The finner shall not efcape in his rapines, and the patience of him that sheweth mercy shall not be put off.

15 All mercy shall make a place for every man according to the merit of his works. and according to the wisdom of his fojournment.

16 Say not: I shall be hidden from God, and who shall remember me from on high?

17 In fuch a multitude I shall not be known: for what is my foul in fuch an immenfe creation?

18 Behold the heaven, and the heavens of heavens, the deep, and all the earth, and the things that are in them, shall be moved in his fight,

19 The mountains also, and the hills, and the foundations of the earth: when God shall look upon them, they shall be shaken with tremb-

20. And in all these things the heart is fenfelefs; and every heart is understood by him:

21 And his ways who shall understand, and the storm,

heart : and if one had been | which no eye of man shall fee?

22 For many of his works are hidden: but the works of his justice who shall declare? or who shall endure? for the testament is far from some, and the examination of all is in the end

23 He that wanteth understanding, thinkesh vain things: and the foolish, and erring man, thinketh foolish things

24 Hearken to me, my for and learn the discipline of understanding, and attend to my words in thy heart.

25 And I will show forth good doctrine in equity, and will feek to declare wildom : and attend to my words in thy heart, whilst with equity of spirit I tell thee the virtues, that God hath put upon his works from the beginning, and I shew forth in truth his knowledge.

26 The works of God are done in judgment from the beginning, and from the making of them he distinguished their parts, and their beginnings in their generations.

27 He beautified their works for ever, they have neither hungered, nor laboured, and they have not ceased from their works.

28 Nor shall any of them straiten his neighbour at any.

29 Be not thou incredulous to his word.

30 After this God looked upon upon the earth, and filled it with his goods and and an

31 The foul of every living thing hath (b) shewn forth

it they return again.

CHAP. XVII. The creation and favour of God to man. An exhortation to turn to God. Said Saide Saide all

before the face thereof, and into

OD created man of the T earth, and made him af-

ter his own image.

- 2 And he turned him into it again, and clothed him with strength according to himself.

3 He gave him the number of his days and time, and gave him power over all things, that are upon the earth.

4 He put the fear of him upon all flesh, and he had dominion over beafts and fowls.

GHe created of him a helpmate like to himself : he gave them counsel, and a tongue, and eyes, and ears, and a heart to devise; and he filled them with the knowledge of understanding.

6 He created in them the science of the spirit, he filled their heart with wisdom, and shewed them both good and

evil boruces

DOCUME.

He fet his eye upon their hearts to shew them the greatness of his works:

8 That they might praise the name which he hath fanctified: and glory in his wondrous acts, that they might declare the glorious things of his works.

9 Mereover he gave them instructions, and the law of

life for an inheritance.

10 He made an everlatting covenant with them, and he shewed them his justice and judgments.

II And (a) their eye faw the majesty of his glory, and their ears heard his glorious voice, and he faid to them: Beware of all iniquity.

12 And he gave to every one of them commandment concerning his neighbour.

13 Their ways are always before him, they are not hidden from his eyes.

14 Over every nation he set a ruler.

15 And Ifrael was made the manifest portion of God.

16 And all their works are as the fun in the fight of God: and his eyes are continually upon their ways, wonted deci

17 Their covenants were not hid by their iniquity, and all their iniquities are in the

fight of God.

18 The alms of a man is as a fignet with him, and shall

God upon the earth

he gave the law on mount Sinal, mroff and bas bashaban preferve

(b) Ver. 31. Shewn forth, viz, the glory and power of

Chap. XVII. (a) Ver at Their eye fave, &c. viz, when

preserve the grace of a man as the apple of the eye:

10 And afterward he shall rife up, and shall render them their reward, to every one upon their own head, and shall turn them down into the howels of the earth.

20 But to the penitent he hath given the way of justice, and he hath strengthened them that were fainting in patience, and hath appointed to them the lot of truth.

21 Turn to the Lord, and

forfake thy fins:

22 Make thy prayer before the face of the Lord, and (b) offend lefs.

- 23 Return to the Lord, and turn away from thy injustice, and greatly hate abomination:
- 24 And know the juffices and judgments of God, and fland firm in the lot fet before thee, and in prayer to the most high God.

25 (c) Go to the fide of the holy age, with them that live and give praise to God.

26 Tarry not in the error of the ungodly, give glory before death. Praise perisheth from the dead as nothing.

27 Give thanks whilst thou art living, whilft thou art alive and in health thou shalt give thanks, and shalt praise God, and shalt glory in his mercies .

28 How great is the mercy of the Lord, and his forgiveness to them that turn to him!

29 For all things cannot be in men, became the fon of man is not immortal, and they are delighted with the vanity of evil.

30 What is brighter than the fun I yet it shall be eclipfed. Or what is more wicked than that which flesh and blood hath invented ? and this shall be reproved.

31 He beholdeth the power of the height of heaven: and all men are earth and ashes.

## CHAP XVIII

God's everks are evenderful: we must ferme bim, and not our lufts.

I E that liveth for ever created all things toge-ther. God only shall be justified, and he remaineth an invincible king for ever.

2 Who is able to declare his

works?

3 For who shall search out

his glorious acts?

And who shall shew forth the power of his majesty?

(b) Ver. 22. Offend lefs: minue offendicula. That is, remove fins and the occasions of fins.

<sup>(</sup>c) Ver. 25. Go to the fide, &c. Fly from the fide of Satan and fin, and join with the holy ones, that follow God and godliness.

or who shall be able to declare his mercy ?

5 Nothing may be taken away, nor added, neither is it possible to find out the glorious works of God:

6 When a man hath done (a) then shall he begin; and when he leaveth off, he shall

be at a loss.

7 What is man, and what is his grace? and what is his good, or what is his evil?

8 The number of the days of men at the most are a hundred years : as a drop of water of the fea are they esteemed: and as a pebble of the fand, fo are a few years compared to eternity.

9 Therefore God is patient in them, and poureth forth

his mercy upon them. . 10 He hath feen the prefumption of their heart that it is naught, and hath known their end that it is evil.

11 Therefore hath he filled up his mercy in their favour, and hath shewed them

the way of juffice.

. 12 The mercy of man is toward his neighbour: but the mercy of God is upon all flesh.

13 He hath mercy, and teacheth, and correcteth, as a shepherd doth his flock.

Ch

no

to

G

th

14 He hath mercy on him that receiveth the discipline of mercy, and that maketh hafte

in his judgments.

15 My fon, in thy good deeds make no complaint, and when thou givest any thing, add not grief by an evil word.

16 Shall not the dew affwage the heat? fo also the good word is better than the at Turn to the Lond, arthig

17 Lo is not a word better than a gift? but both are with a justified man,

18 A fool will upbraid bitterly : and a gift of one ill taught confumeth the eyes.

19 Before judgment prepare thee justice, and learn

before thou fpeak.

20 Before fickness take 2 medicine, and before judgment examine thyfelf, and thou shalt find mercy in the fight of God.

21 Humble thyfelf before thou art fick, and in the time of fickness shew thy conver-

fation.

22 Let nothing hinder thee from praying always, and be

\_ Chap. XVIII. (a) Ver. 6. Then shall be begin. God is so great and incomprehensible, that when man has done all that he can to find out his greatness and boundless persections, he is fill to begin: for what he has found out, is but a mere nothing in comparison with his infinity, to have nice base and have me

not afraid to be justified even to death : for the reward of God continueth for ever.

Before prayer prepare thy foul : and be not as a man

that tempteth God burg soa

24 Remember the wrath that shall be at the last day, and the time of repaying when he shall turn away his face.

25 Remember poverty in the time of abundance, and the necessities of poverty in

the day of riches.

26 From the morning until the evening the time shall be changed, and all these are fwift in the eyes of God.

A wife man will fear in every thing, and in the days of fins will beware of floth.

28 Every man of understanding knoweth wisdom, and will give praise to him that findeth her. self distant

20 They that were of good understanding in words, have also done wilely themselves: and have understood truth and justice, and have poured forth proverbs and judgments.

30 Go not after thy lufts; but turn away from thy own

will.

31 If thou give to thy foul her defires, the will make thee a joy to thy enemies.

32 Take no pleafure in riotous affemblies, be they ever to small: for their concertation is continual.

33 Make not thyfelf poor by borrowing to con- | g Tell not thy mind to

tribute to feafts when thou halt nothing in thy purfe : for thou shalt be an enemy to thy own life.

### CHAP. XIX.

Admonitions against fundry wices diewed ad

Workman that is a drunkard shall not be rich: and he that contemneth small things; shall fall by little and little.

2 Wine and women make wife men fall off, and shall re-

buke the prudent:

3 And he that joineth himfelf to harlots, will be naught. Rottenpels and worms shall inherit him, and he shall be lifted up for a greater example, and his foul shall be taken away out of the number.

4 He that is hafty to give credit, is light of heart, and shall be lessened: and he that finneth against his own foul,

shall be despised.

He that rejoiceth in iniquity, shall be censured, and he that hateth chaffisement. shall have less life: and he that hateth babbling, extinguilheth evil.

6 He that finneth against his own foul, shall repent : and he that is delighted with naughtiness, shall be condemn-

ed.

7 Rehearle not again a wicked and harsh word, and thou shalt not fare the worle.

friend

friend or fee; and if there be a fin with thee, disclose it not.

9 For he will hearken to thee, and will watch thee, and as it were defending thy fin he will hate thee, and so will he be with thee always.

against thy neighbour? let it die within thee, trusting that it will not burst thee.

word the fool is in travail, as a woman groaning in the bringing forth a child.

t.2 As an arrow that sticketh in a man's thigh: so is a word in the heart of a sool.

13 Reprove a friend, left he may not have understood, and fay: I did it not: or if he did it, that he may do it no more.

14 Reprove thy neighbour, for it may be he hath not faid it: and if he hath faid it, that he may not fay it again.

for there is often a fault committed.

16 And believe not every word. There is one that flippeth with the tongue, but not from his heart.

17 For who is there that hath not offended with his tongue? Admonish thy neighbour before thou threaten him.

18 And give place to the fear of the most High; for the fear of God is all wisdom, and therein is to fear God, and

the disposition of the law is in all wisdom.

19 But the learning of wickedness is not wisdom; and the device of sinners is not prudence.

20 There is a fubtle wickedness, and the same is detestable and there is a man that is foolish, wanting in wisdom.

21 Better is a man that hath less wisdom, and wanteth understanding, with the fear of God, than he that aboundeth in understanding, and transgresseth the law of the most High.

22 There is an exquisite subtility, and the same is un-

just.

23 And there is one that uttereth an exact word telling the truth. There is one that humbleth himself wickedly, and his interiour is sull of deceit:

24 And there is one that fubmitteth himself exceedingly with a great lowliness: and there is one that casteth down his countenance, and maketh as if he did not see that which is unknown:

from finning for want of power, if he shall find opportunity to do evil, he will do it.

26 A man is known by his look, and a wife man, when thou meetelt him, is known by his countenance.

27 The

27 The attire of the body, and the laughter of the teeth, and the gate of the man shew what he is.

8

28 There is a lying rebuke in the anger of an injurious man: and there is a judgment that is not allowed to be good: and there is one that holdeth his peace, and he is wife.

# CHAP. XX.

Rules with regard to correction, discretion, and avoiding lies.

HOW much better it is to reprove, than to be angry, and not to hinder him that confesseth in prayer!

2 The luft of an eunuch shall deflower a young maiden:

3 So is he that by violence executeth unjust judgment.

4 How good is it, when thou art reproved, to shew repentance! for so thou shalt escape wilful sin.

5 There is one that holdeth his peace, that is found wife: and there is another that is hateful, that is bold in speech.

6 There is one that holdeth his peace, because he knoweth not what to say: and there is another that holdeth his peace, knowing the proper time.

7 A wife man will hold his peace till he fee opportunity: but a babler, and a fool, will regard no time.

8 He that useth many words shall hurt his own soul: and he that taketh authority

The attire of the body, to himself unjustly, shall be and the laughter of the teeth, hated.

o There is fuccess in evil things to a man without discipline, and there is a finding that turneth to loss.

not profitable: and there is a gift, the recompence of which is double.

because of glory: and there is one that shall lift up his head from a low estate.

eth much for a small price, and restoreth the same sevenfold.

13 A man wife in words shall make himself beloved: but the graces of fools shall be poured out.

14 The gift of the fool shall do thee no good: for his eyes are fevenfold.

things, and upbraid much; and the opening of his mouth is the kindling of a fire.

16 To day a man lendeth, and to-morrow he afterh it again: such a man as this is hateful.

17 A fool shall have no friend, and there shall be no thanks for his good deeds.

bread, are of a false tongue, How often, and how many will laugh him to scorn?

19 For he doth not diffribute with right understanding that which was to be had: in

E e

like

like manner also that which was not to be had.

The flipping of a false tongue is as one that falleth on the pavement: so the fall of the wicked shall come speedily.

as a vain fable, it shall be continually in the mouth of the

unwife.

of a fool's mouth shall be rejected: for he doth not speak it in due feason.

23 There is that is hindered from finning through want, and in his rest he shall

be pricked.

24 There is that will defirey his own foul through shamefacedness, and by occasion of an unwise person he will destroy it; and by respect of person he will destroy himself.

fulness promiseth to his friend, and maketh him his enemy

for nothing.

a man, and yet it will be continually in the mouth of men without discipline.

man that is always lying: but both of them shall inherit de-

gruction.

28 The manners of lying men are without honour; and their confusion is with them without ceasing.

29 A wife man shall ad-

vance himfelf with his words, and a prudent man shall please the great ones.

30 He that tilleth his land shall make a high heap of corn; and he that worketh

justice shall be exalted: and he that pleaseth great men shall escape iniquity.

3 i. Prefents and gifts blind the eyes of judges, and make them dumb in the mouth, fo

that they cannot correct.

32 Wildom that is hid, and treasure that is not feen t what profit is there in them both?

33 Better is he that hideth his folly, than the man that hideth his wifdom.

#### CHAP. XXI.

Cautions against fin in general, and some fins in particular.

My fon, halt thou finned? do fo no more; but for thy former fins also pray that they may be forgiven thee.

2 Flee from fins as from the face of a ferpent; for if thou comest near them, they will take hold of thee

3 The teeth thereof are the teeth of a lion, killing the fouls of men.

4 All iniquity is like a twoedged fword, there is no remedy for the wound thereof.

5 Injuries and wrongs will waste riches: and the house that is very rich shall be brought to nothing by pride:

so the substance of the proud | neeth like a fountain of life. shall be rooted out.

6 The prayer out of the mouth of the poor shall reach the cars of God, and judgment shall come for him speedily. Aich

7 He that hateth to be reproved walketh in the trace of a finner : and he that feareth God will turn to his own

heart.

8 He that is mighty by a bold tongue is known afar off, but a wife man knoweth to flip by him.

9 He that buildeth his house at other mens charges, is as he that gathereth himfelf stones to build in the winter.

to The congregation of finners is like tow heaped together, and the end of them is a flame of fire.

II The way of finners is made plain with atones, and in their end is hell, and darknels, and pains.

12 He that keepeth justice shall get the understanding

thereof. in distribution air

13 The perfection of the fear of God is wisdom and understanding.

14 He that is not wife in good, will not be taught.

15 But there is a wildom that aboundeth in evil: and there is no understanding where there is bitterness.

16 The knowledge of a wife man shall abound like a

17 The heart of a fool is like a broken veffel, and no wifdom at all shall it hold.

18 A man of lense will praise every wife word he shall hear, and will apply it to himself: the luxurious man hath heard it, and it shall displease him, and he will cast it behind his back.

To The talking of a fool is like a burden in the way: but in the lips of the wife, grace

shall be found.

20 The mouth of the prudent is fought after in the church, and they will think upon his words in their hearts.

21 As a house that is deftroyed, fo is wildom to a fool: and the knowledge of the unwife is as words without fenfe.

22 Doctrine to a fool is as fetters on the feet, and like manacles on the right hand.

23 A fool lifteth up his voice in laughter : but a wife man will fearce laugh low to himself.

24 Learning to the prudentis as an ornament of gold. and like a bracelet upon his

right arm.

25 The foot of a fool is foon in his neighbour's house: but a man of experience will be abashed at the person of the mighty.

26 A fool will peep through flood, and his counsel conti- the window into the house:

E.e 2. butbut he that is well taught, will | confusion of the father : and a stand without.

27 It is the folly of a man to hearken at the door: and a wife man will be grieved with the difgrace.

28 The lips of the unwife will be telling foolish things: but the words of the wife shall be weighed in a balance.

20 The heart of fools is in their mouth: and the mouth of wife men is in their heart.

30 (a) While the ungodly curfeth the devil, he curfeth his own foul.

31 The tale-bearer shall defile his own foul, and shall be hated by all: and he that shall abide with him shall be hateful: the filent and wife man shall be honoured.

#### CHAP. XXII.

Wife sayings on divers subjects.

THE fluggard is pelted with a dirty stone, and all men will speak of his disgrace.

2 The fluggard is pelted with the dung of oxen: and every one that toucheth him will shake his hands.

3 A fon ill taught is the

foolish daughter shall be to his lofs. a tra covered od'l' d

4 A wife daughter shall bring an inheritance to her husband: but she that confoundeth, becometh a difgrace to her father.

5 She that is bold shameth both her father and husband, and will not be inferior to the ungodly: and shall be difgraced by them both.

6 A tale out of time is like musick in mourning: but the stripes and instruction of wifdom are never out of time.

7 He that teacheth a fool, is like one that glueth a potsherd together.

8 He that telleth a word to him that heareth not, is like one that waketh a man out of a deep fleep.

o He speaketh with one that is afleep, who uttereth wisdom to a fool: and in the end of the discourse he faith: Who is this?

10 Weep for the dead, for his light hath failed : and weep (a) for the fool, for his understanding faileth.

11 Weep but a little for

Chap. XXI. (a) Ver. 30. While the ungodly, &c. He condemneth and curleth himself; in as much as by fin he takes part with the devil, and is, as it were, his member and fubject. were to use a and I make guisaufushed out breat

Chap. XXII. (a) Ver. 10. For the fool. In the language of the Holy Ghost, he is stiled a fool, that turns away from God to follow vanity and fin. And what is faid by the wife man against fools is meant of such fools as these.

the

the dead, for he is at reft.

12 For the wicked life of a wicked fool is worfe than death.

13 The mourning for the dead is feven days: but for a fool and an ungodly man, all the days of their life.

14 Talk not much with a fool, and go not with him

that hath no fenfe.

15 Keep thyfelf from him, that thou mayst not have trouble, and thou shalt not be defiled with his fin.

16 Turn away from him, and thou shalt find rest, and shalt not be wearied out with

his folly.

17 What is heavier than lead? and what other name hath he but fool?

18 Saud and falt, and a mass of iron is easier to bear, than a man without sense, that is both foolish and wicked.

19 A frame of wood bound together in the foundation of a building, shall not be loosed: so neither shall the heart that is established by advised counsel.

20 The thought of him that is wife at all times, shall, not be deprayed by fear.

21 As pales fet in high places, and plaisterings made without cost, will not stand against the face of the wind:

22 So also a fearful heart in the imagination of a fool shall not refist against the violence of fear. 23 As a fearful heart in the thought of a fool at all times will not fear, fo neither shall he that continueth ala ways in the commandments of God.

24 He that pricketh the eye, bringeth out tears: and he that pricketh the heart, bringeth forth resentment.

25 He that flingeth a stone at birds, shall drive them away: so he that upbraideth his friend, breaketh friendship.

26 Although thou halt drawn a fword at a friend, defpair not: for there may be a returning. To a friend

27 If thou hast opened a sad mouth, fear not, for there may be a reconciliation: except upbraiding, and reproach, and pride, and disclosing of secrets, or a treacherous wound: for in all these cases a friend will see away.

28 Keep fidelity with a friend in his poverty, that in his prosperity also thou mayst

rejoice.

29 In the time of his trouble continue faithful to him, that thou mayst also be heir with him in his inheritance.

chimney, and the smoke of the fire goeth up before the fire: so also injurious words, and reproaches, and threats, before blood

31 I will not be ashamed to salute a friend, neither will... I hide myself from his face: and if any evil happen to me by him, I will bear it.

32 But every one that shall hear it, will beware of him.

33 Who will fet a guard before my mouth, and a fure feal upon my lips, that I fall not by them, and that my tongue destroy me not?

#### CHAP. XXIII.

A prayer for grace to flee fin: cautions against profane fwearing and other vices.

O LORD father, and fovereign ruler of my life, leave me not to their counsel: nor fuffer me to fall

(a) by them.

2 Who will fet scourges over my thoughts, and the discipline of wisdom over my heart, (b) that they spare me not in their ignorances, and that their sins may not appear,

3 Lest my ignorances increase, and my offences be multiplied, and my sins abound, and I fallbefore my adversaries, and my enemy rejoice over

4 O Lord father, and God of my life, leave me not to their devices.

5 Give me not haughtiness

of my eyes, and turn away from me all coveting.

6 Take from me the greediness of the belly, and let not the lusts of the flesh take hold of me, and give me not over to a shameless and foolish mind.

7 Hear O ye children the discipline of the mouth; and he that will keep it, shall not perish by his lips, nor be brought to fall into most wicked works.

8 A finner is caught in his own vanity, and the proud and the evil speakers shall

fall thereby.

9 Let not thy mouth be accustomed to swearing: for in it there are many falls.

of God be usual in thy mouth, and meddle not with the names of saints, for thou shalt not escape free from them.

11 For as a flave daily put to the question, is never without a blue mark: so every one that sweareth, and nameth, shall not be wholly pure from

12 A man that fweareth much, shall be filled with iniquity, and a scourge shall not

depart from his house.

Chap. XXIII. (a) Ver. 1. By them, viz. The tongue and the lips, mentioned in the last verse of the foregoing chapter.

(b) Ver. 2. That they spare me not in their ignorances, &c. That is, that the scourges and discipline of wisdom may reflrain the ignorances, that is, the slips and offences which are usually committed by the tongue and the lips.

13 And

13 And if he make it void, his fin shall be upon him: and if he dissemble it, he offendeth double:

14 And if he swear in vain, he shall not be justified: for his house shall be filled with

his punishment.

15 There is also another speech opposite to death, let it not be found in the inheri-

tance of Jacob.

16 For from the merciful all these things shall be taken away, and they shall not wallow in fins.

17 Let not thy mouth be accustomed to indiscreet speech: for therein is the word of sin.

18 Remember thy father and thy mother, for thou fittest in the midst of great men:

19 Lest God forget thee in their fight, and thou, by thy daily custom, be infatuated and suffer reproach: and wish that thou hadst not been born, and curse the day of thy nativity.

20 The man that is accustomed to opprobrious words, will never be corrected all the

days of his life.

21 Two forts of men multiply fins, and the third bringeth wrath and destruction.

22 A hot foul is a burning fire, it will never be quenched, till it devour fomething.

23 And a man that is wicked in the mouth of his fleth, will not leave off till he hath kindled a fire.

24 To a man that is a fornicator all bread is fweet, he will not be weary of finning unto the end.

25 Every man that passeth beyond his own bed, despising his own soul, and saying: Who

feeth me?

26 Darkness compasseth me about, and the walls cover me, and no man seeth me: whom do I sear? the most High will not remember my fins.

27 And he understandeth not that his eye seeth all things, for such a man's fear driveth from him the fear of God, and the eyes of men

fearing him:

28 And he knoweth not that the eyes of the Lord are far brighter than the fun, beholding round about all the ways of men, and the bottom of the deep, and looking into the hearts of men, into the most fecret parts.

known to the Lord God, before they were created: fo alfo after they were perfected he

beholdeth all things,

30 This man shall be punished in the streets of the city, and he shall be chased as a colt: and where he suspected not, he shall be taken.

31 And he shall be in difgrace with all men, because he understood not the fear of

the Lord.

32 So every woman also that

that leaveth her husband; and bringeth in an heir by another.

33 For first she hath been unfaithful to the law of the most High: and secondly she hath offended against her husband: thirdly, she hath played the whore in adultery, and hath gotten her children of another man.

34 This woman shall be brought into the assembly, and inquisition shall be made of her children.

35 Her children shall not take root, and her branches shall bring forth no fruit.

36 She shall leave her memory to be curfed, and her infamy shall not be blotted out.

37 And they that remain fhall know, that there is nothing better than the fear of God: and that there is nothing fweeter, than to have regard to the commandments of the Lord.

38 It is great glory to follow the Lord: for length of days shall be received from him.

#### CHAP. XXIV.

Wisdom praiseth herself: her origin, her dwelling, her dignity, and her fruits.

WISDOM shall praise her own felf, and shall be honoured in God, and shall glory in the midst of her people,

2 And shall open her mouth thy inheritance in Ifra

High, and shall glorify herself in the fight of his power,

3 And in the midft of her own people she shall be exalted, and shall be admired in the holy affembly,

4 And in the multitude of the elect she shall have praife, and among the bleffed, she shall be bleffed, faying:

5 I came out of the mouth of the most High, the firstborn before all creatures.

. 6 I made that in the heavens there should rife light that never faileth, and as a cloud I covered all the earth.

7 I dwelt in the highest places, and my throne is in

a pillar of a cloud.

8 I alone have compaffed the circuit of heaven, and have penetrated into the bottom of the deep, and have walked in the waves of the sea.

9 And have flood in all the earth: and in every people,

to And in every nation I have had the chief rule:

have trodden under my feet the hearts of all the high and low: and in all these I sought rest, and I shall abide in the inheritance of the Lord.

12 Then the creator of all things gave his orders, and faid to me: and he that made me, rested in my tabernacle,

13 And he faid to me: Let thy dwelling be in Jacob, and thy inheritance in Ifrael, and take root in my elect.

14 From.

14 From the beginning, and before the world, was I created, and unto the world to come I shall not cease to be, and in the holy dwelling-place I have ministred before him.

15 And fo was I established in Sion, and in the holy city likewise I rested, and my power was in Jerusalem.

16 And I took root in an honourable people, and in the portion of my God his inheritance, and my abode is in the full affembly of faints.

17 I was exalted like a cedar in Libanus, and as a cypress-tree on mount Sion.

18 I was exalted like a palm-tree in Cades, and as a rose-plant in Jericho:

19 As a fair olive-tree in the plains, and as a plane-tree by the water in the streets, was I exalted.

zo I gave a sweet smell like cinnamon, and aromatical balm: I yielded a sweet odour like the best myrrh:

21 And I perfumed my dwelling as storax, and galbanum, and onyx, and aloes, and as the frankincense not cut, and my odour is as the purest balm.

22 I have stretched out my branches as the turpentinetree, and my branches are of honour and grace.

23 As the vine I have

brought forth a pleasant odour: and my flowers are the fruit of honour and riches.

24 I am the mother of fair love, and of fear; and of knowledge, and of holy hope.

25 In me is all grace of the way and of the truth, in me is all hope of life and of virtue.

ye that defire me, and be filled with my fruits.

above honey, and my inheritance above honey and the honey-comb.

28 My memory is unto everlafting generations. .....

yet hunger: and they that drink me, shall yet thirst.

30 He that hearkeneth to me, shall not be confounded: and they that work by me, shall not fin.

31 They that explain me, shall have life everlasting.

3z All these things are the book of life, and the covenant of the most High, and the knowledge of truth.

33 Moses commanded a law in the precepts of justices, and an inheritance to the house of Jacob, and the promises to Israel.

34 He appointed to David his fervant to raise up of him (a) a most mighty king, and

Chap. XXIV. (a) Ver. 34. A most mighty king, viz. Christ, who by his gospel, like an overflowing river, has enriched the earth with heavenly wisdom.

fitting on the throne of glory for ever.

35 Who filleth up wisdom as the Phison, and as the Tigris in the days of the new fruits,

flanding to abound as the Euphrates, who multiplieth it as the Jordan in the time of tharwest.

ledge as the light, and rifeth up as Gebon in the time of the vintage.

perfect knowledge of her, and s weaker shall not fearth her

out.

more wast than the sea, and her counsels more deep than the great ocean.

o 40 I wildom have poured

out riverso

41 I like a brook out of a river of a mighty water, I like a channel of a river, and like an aqueduct came out of paradife.

garden of plants, and I will water my

my meadow.

300000

became a great river, and my river came near to a fea.

Ay For I make doftrine to shine forth to all as the morn-

ing light, and I will declare it afar off.

and

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the lower parts of the earth, and will behold all that fleep, and will enlighten all that hope in the Lord.

doctrine as prophecy, and will leave it to them that feek wildom, and will not cease to instruct their offspring even to the holy age.

laboured for myfelf only, but for all that feek out the truth,

CHAP. XXV.

Documents of wifdom on fournul subjects.

W ITH three things my spirit is pleased, which are approved before God, and men:

and the love of neighbours, and man and wife that agree well together.

Three forts my foul hateth, and I am greatly griev-

ed at their life;

4A poor man that is proud: a rich man that is a lier: an old man that is a fool, and doting.

The things that thou hast not gathered in thy youth, how shalt thou find them in thy old age?

6 O how comely is judgment for a grey head, and for

<sup>(</sup>b) Ver. 38. Who first bath perfect knowledge of her. Christ was the first that had perfect knowledge of heavenly wisdom.

ancients to know counsel! | edness of a woman is all evil.

7 O how comely is wifdom for the aged, and underflanding and counsel to men of honour!

8 Much experience is the crown of old men, and the fear of God is their glory.

o Nine things that are not to be imagined by the heart. have I magnified, and the tenth I will atter to men with my tongue.

10 A man that hath joy of his children; and he that liveth and feeth the fall of his

enemies.

II Bleffed is he that dwelleth with a wife woman; and that hath not flipped with his tongue, and that hath not ferved fuch as are unworthy of him.

12 Bleffed is he that findeth a true friend; and that declareth justice to an ear that heareth:

13 How great is he that findeth wisdom and knowledge! but there is none above him that feareth the Lord.

12 The fear of God hath fet itself above all things:

15 Bleffed is the man, to whom it is given to have the fear of God: he that holdeth, it, to whom shall he be likened?

16 The fear of God is the beginning of his love: and the beginning of faith is to be fast joined unto it.

17 The fadness of the heart is every plague: and the wick-

18 And a man will choose any plague, but the plague of the heart:

19 And any wickedness, but the wickedness of a woman's

20 And any affliction, but the affliction from them that hate him tow but mare

21 And any revenge, but the revenge of enemies.

22 There is no head worse than the head of a ferpent:

23 And there is no anger above the anger of a woman. It will be more agreeable to abide with a lion and dragon, than to dwell with a wicked woman.

24 The wickedness of a woman changeth her face: and she darkneth her countenance as a bear : and sheweth it like fack-cloth. In the midft of her neighbours,

25 Her husband groaned. and hearing he fighed a little.

26 All malice is short to the malice of a woman, let the lot of finners fall upon her.

27 As the climbing of a landy way is to the feet of the aged, fo is a wife full of tongue to a quiet man:

28 Look not upon a woman's beauty, and defire not a woman for beauty.

20 A woman's anger, and impudence, and confusion is great.

30 A woman, if she have superfority, is contrary to her hnftand

31 A wicked

eth the courage, and maketh a heavy countenance, and a wounded heart. 

32 Feeble hands, and difjointed knees, a woman that oth not make her husband happy and a more mentioned to

33 From the woman came the beginning of fin, and

through her we all die.

34 Give no iffue to thy water, no not a little: nor to a wicked woman liberty to gad abroad.

35 If she walk not at thy hand, she will confound thee in the fight of thy enemies.

36 Cut her off from thy flesh, lest she always abuse

thee.

### CHAP. XXVI.

Of good and bad women.

TAPPY is the hufband of a good wife: for the number of his years is double.

2 A vertuous woman rejoiceth her husband, and shall fulfil the years of his life in

peace.

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3 A good wife is a good portion, the shall be given in the portion of them that fear God to a man for his good deeds:

4 Rich or poor, if his heart is good, his countenance shall be chearful at all times.

ς Of three things my heart hath been afraid, and at the fourth my face hath trembled:

6 The accusation of a city,

31 A wicked woman abat- | and the gathering together of the people : 1000 work O

7 And a false calumny, all are more grievous than death.

8 A jealous woman is the grief and mourning of the heart. Mas 1, 13 % 1, 100 10 m

9 With a jealous woman is a scourge of the tongue which communicateth with all.

10 As a yoke of oxen that is moved to and fro, fo also is a wicked woman: he that hath hold of her, is as he that taketh hold of a scorpion.

11 A drunken woman is a great wrath: and her reproach and shame shall not be hid.

12 The fornication of a woman shall be known by the haughtiness of her eyes, and by her eye-lids.

13 On a daughter that turneth not away herfelf, fet a strict watch : lest finding an opportunity she abuse herself.

14 Take heed of the impudence of her eyes, and wonder not if the flight thee.

15 She will open her mouth as a thirsty traveller to the fountain, and will drink of every water near her, and will fit down by every hedge, and open her quiver against every arrow, until she fail.

16 The grace of a diligent woman shall delight her hulband, and shall fat his bones,

17 Her discipline is the

gift of God.

18 Such is a wife and filent woman, and there is nothing

# Chap. XXVI. ECCLESIASTICUS.

thing fo much worth as a well instructed foul:

19 A holy and shamefaced woman is grace upon grace.

20 And no price is worthy

of a continent foul.

21 As the sun when it rifeth to the world in the high places of God, so is the beauty of a good wife for the ornament of her house.

22 As the lamp shining upon the holy candlestick, so is the beauty of the face in a

ripe age.

23 As golden pillars upon bases of filver, so are the firm feet upon the soles of a steady woman,

24 As everlasting foundations upon a folid rock, so the commandments of God in the heart of a holy woman.

25 At two things my heart is grieved, and the third bring-

eth anger upon me:

26 A man of war fainting through poverty; and a man

of sense despised:

27 And he that passeth over from justice to fin: God hath prepared such an one for the sword.

28 Two forts of callings

have appeared to me hard and dangerous: a merchant is hardly free (a) from negligence: and (b) a huckster shall not be justified from the fins of the lips.

#### CHAP. XXVII.

Dangers of fin from several heads: the fear of God is the best preservative. He that diggeth a pit, shall fall into it.

THROUGH poverty many have finned: and he that seeketh to be enriched, turneth away his eye.

2 As a stake sticketh fast in the midst of the joining of stones, so also in the midst of selling and buying, sin shall stick fast.

3 Sin shall be destroyed

with the finner.

4 Unless thou hold thyself diligently in the fear of the Lord, thy house shall quickly be overthrown.

5 As when one fifteth with a fieve, the dust will remain: fo will the perplexity of a man in his thoughts,

6 The furnace trieth the

Chap. XXVI. (a) Ver. 28. From negligence. That is, from the neglect of the service of God: because the eager pursuit of the mammon of this world, is apt to make men of that calling forget the great duties of loving God above all things, and their neighbours as themselves.

(b) Ibidem. A buckfler; or a retailer of wine. Men of that profession are both greatly exposed to danger of sin them-

felves; and are too often accessary to the fins of others."

F f

potter's

potter's vessels, and the trial

of affliction just men.

7 As the dreffing of a tree sheweth the fruit thereof, so a word out of the thought of the heart of man.

8 Praise not a man before he speaketh, for this is the

trial of men.

o If thou followest justice, thou shalt obtain her: and shalt put her on as a long robe of honour, and thou shalt dwell with her: and she shall protect thee for ever, and in the day of acknowledgement thou shalt find a strong foundation.

10 Birds refort unto their like: so truth will return to them that practise her.

in wait for prey: fo do fins for them that work iniquities.

in wisdom as the sun: but a fool is changed as the moon.

13 In the midst of the in wise keep in the word till its time: but be continually among men that think.

14 The discourse of sinners is hateful, and their laughter is at the pleasures of sin.

The speech that sweareth much shall make the hair of the head stand upright: and its irreverence shall make one stop his ears.

16 In the quarrels of the proud is the shedding of blood: and their cursing is a grievous

hearing.

17 He that discloseth the secret of a friend, loseth his credit, and shall never find a friend to his mind.

18 Love thy neighbour, and be joined to him with

fidelity.

19 But if thou discover his fecrets, follow no more after him.

20 For as a man that deftroyeth his friend, so also is he that destroyeth the friendship of his neighbour,

21 And as one that letteth a bird go out of his hand, so hast thou let thy neighbour go, and thou shalt not get

him again.

22 Follow after him no more, for he is gone afar off, he is fled, as a roe escaped out of the snare: because his soul is wounded.

23 Thou canst no more bind him up. And after a curse indeed there is a reconciliation:

24 But to disclose the secrets of a friend, leaveth no hope to an unhappy soul.

25 He that winketh with the eye, forgeth wicked things, and no man will cast him off:

26 In the fight of thy eyes he will sweeten his mouth, and will admire thy words: but at the last he will writhe his mouth, and on thy words he will lay a stumbling-block.

27 I have hated many things, but not like him, and the Lord bimfelf will hate

him.

28 If one cast a stone on high, it will fall upon his own head: and the deceitful froke will wound the deceitful.

20 He that diggeth a pit, shall fall into it: and he that fetteth a stone for his neighbour, shall stumble upon it: and he that layeth a fnare for another, shall perish in it.

30 A mischievous counsel shall be rolled back upon the author, and he shall not know from whence it cometh to him.

31 Mockery and reproach are of the proud, and vengeance as a lion shall lie in wait for him.

32 They shall perish in a spare that are delighted with the fall of the just : and forrow shall confume them before they die.

33. Anger and fury are both of them abominable, and the finful man shall be subject to them.

#### CHAP. XXVIII.

Lessons against revenge and quarrels. The evils of the tongue. 24 3001

TE that feeketh to revenge himself, shall find vengeance from the Lord, and he will furely keep his fins in remembrance.

2 Forgive thy neighbour if he hath hurt thee; and then

tood

shall thy fins be forgiven to thee when thou prayest.

3 One man keepeth anger against another, and doth he feek to be healed by God?

4 He hath no mercy on a man like himself, and doth he intreat for his own fins?

He that is but flesh, nourisheth anger, and doth he ask forgiveness of God? Who shall obtain pardon for his fins?

6 Remember thy fast things,

and let enmity ceafe :

7 For corruption and death hang over (a) in his commandments.

8 Remember the fear of God, and be not angry with thy neighbour.

9 Remember the covenant of the most High, and overlook the ignorance of thy neighbour.

10 Refrain from strife, and thou shalt diminish thy fins:

il For a passionate man kindleth strife, and a finful man will trouble his friends, and bring in debate in the midst of them that are at peace.

12 For as the wood of the forest is, fo the fire burneth: and as a man's strength is, fo shall his anger be, and ac-cording to his riches he shall increase his anger.

13 A hafty contention kindleth a fire: and a hafty

Chap. XXVIII. (a) Ver. 7. In his commandments. Supply the sentence out of the Greek thus: Remember corruption and death, and abide in the commandments. F f 2 quarrel quarrel sheddeth blood: and a tongue that beareth witness

bringeth death.

it shall burn as a fire: and if thou spit upon it, it shall be quenched; both come out of the mouth.

15 The whisperer and the double-tongued is accursed: for he hath troubled many

that were at peace.

16 The tongue of a third person hath disquieted many, and scattered them from nation to nation.

17 It hath destroyed the strong cities of the rich, and hath overthrown the houses of great men.

18 It hath cut in pieces the forces of peoples, and undone

ftrong nations.

person hath cast out valiant women, and deprived them of their labours.

it, shall never have rest, neither shall he have a friend in whom he may repose.

maketh a blue mark: but the ftroke of the tongue will

break the bones.

22 Many have fallen by the edge of the fword, but not so many as have perished by their own tongue.

23 Bleffed is he that is defended from a wicked tongue, that hath not passed into the wrath thereof, and that hath not drawn the yoke thereof, and hath not been bound in its bands:

24 For its yoke is a yoke of iron; and its bands are bands of brass.

25 The death thereof is a most evil death: and hell is

preferable to it.

26 Its continuance shall not be for a long time, but it shall possess the ways of the unjust: and the just shall not be burnt with its stame.

27 They that for ake God shall fall into it, and it shall burn in them, and shall not be quenched, and it shall be sent upon them as a lion, and as a leopard it shall tear them.

28 Hedge in thy ears with thorns, hear not a wicked tongue, and make doors and bars to thy mouth.

20 Melt down thy gold and filver, and make a balance for thy words and a just bri-

dle for thy mouth:

go And take heed left thou flip with thy tongue, and fall in the fight of the enemics, who lie in wait for thee, and thy fall be uncurable unto death.

#### CHAP. XXIX.

Of charity in lending money, and justice in repaying. Of alms, and of being surety.

HE that sheweth mercylendeth to his neighbour: bour: and he that (a) is stronger in hand, keepeth the commandments.

2 Lend to thy neighbour in the time of his need, and pay thou thy neighbour again in due time.

3 Keep thy word, and deal faithfully with him: and thou shalt always find that which is

necessary for thee.

4 Many have looked upon a thing lent as a thing found, and have given trouble to them that helped them.

5 Till they receive, they kiss the hands of the lender, and in promises they humble

their voice :

6 But when they should repay, they will ask time, and will return tedious and murmuring words, and will complain of the time:

7 And if he be able to pay, he will fland off, he will scarce pay one half, and will count it as if he had found it:

8 But if not, he will defraud him of his money, and he shall get him for an enemy without caufe:

9 And he will pay him with reproaches and curses, and instead of honour and good torn will repay him injuries.

10 Many have refused to lend, not out of wickedness, but they were afraid to be defrauded without cause.

11 But yet towards the poor be thou more hearty, and delay not to shew him mercy.

12 Help the poor because of the commandment: fend him not away empty handed because of his poverty.

13 Lose thy money for thy brother and thy friend: and hide it not under a stone

to be loft.

14 Place thy treasure in the commandments of the most High, and it shall bring thee more profit than gold.

15 Shut up alms in the heart of the poor, and it shall obtain help for thee against

all evil.

16 Better than the shield of the mighty, and better than the fpear:

17 It shall fight for thee

against thy enemy.

18 A good man is furety for his neighbour: and he that hath loft fhame, will leave him to himself.

19 Forget not the kindness of thy furety: for he hath given his life for thee.

20 The finner and the unclean fleeth from his furety.

21 A finner attributeth to himself the goods of his surety: and he that is of an un-

his necessity.

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Chap. XXIX. (a) Ver. 1. Is fironger in hand. That is, he that is hearty and bountiful in lending to his neighbour in thankful mind will leave him that delivered him.

22 A man is furety for his neighbour: and when he hath lost all shame, he shall for take him.

23 Evil furetythip hath undone many of good estate, and hath tossed them as a wave

of the fea.

24 It hath made powerful men to go from place to place round about, and they have wandered in strange countries.

25 A finner that transgrefseth the commandment of the Lord, shall fall into an evil suretyship: and he that undertaketh many things, shall fall into judgment.

26 Recover thy neighbour according to thy power, and take heed to thyfelf that thou

fall not,

27 The chief thing for man's life is water and bread, and clothing, and a house to cover shame.

28 Better is the poor man's fare under a roof of boards, than fumptuous cheer abroad in another man's house.

29 Be contented with little instead of much, and thou shalt not hear the reproach of

going abroad;

go as a guest from house to house: for where a man is a stranger, he shall not deal confidently, nor open his month.

gr He shall entertain and feed, and give drink to the

unthankful, and moreover he shall hear bitter words.

32 Go, stranger, and furnish the table, and give others to eat what thou hast in thy hand.

33 Give place to the honourable presence of my friends: for I want my house, my brother being to be lodged with me.

34 These things are grievous to a man of understanding: the upbraiding of houseroom, and the reproaching of the lender.

## CHAP. XXX.

Of correction of children. Health is better than wealth. Excessive grief is burtful.

HE that loveth his fon, frequently chastiseth him, that he may rejoice in his latter end, and not grope after the doors of his neighbours.

2 He that instructeth his fon shall be praised in him, and shall glory in him in the midst of them of his houshold.

3 He that teacheth his fon, maketh his enemy jealous, and in the midit of his friends he shall glory in him.

4 His father is dead, and he is as if he were not dead: for he hath left one behind him that is like himself.

and rejoiced in him; and when he died he was not forrowful, neithe neither was he confounded before his enemies.

6 For he left behind him a defender of his house against his enemies, and one that will requite kindness to his friends.

7 For the fouls of his fons he shall bind up his wounds, and at every cry his bowels

shall be troubled.

8 A horse not broken becometh stubborn, and a child left to himself will become headstrong.

o Give thy fon his way, and he shall make thee afraid: play with him, and he shall

make thee forrowful.

to Laugh not with him, left thou have forrow, and at the laft thy teeth be fet on edge.

in his youth, and wink not at

his devices.

while he is young, and beat his fides while he is a child, lest he grow stubborn, and regard thee not, and so be a forrow of heart to thee.

13 Instruct thy son, and labour about him, lest his lewd behaviour be an offence

to thee.

14 Better is a poor man who is found, and strong of constitution, than a rich man who is weak and afflicted with evils.

to Health of the foul in holiness of justice, is better than all gold and filver: and a

found body, than immense re-

16 There is no riches above the riches of the health of the body: and there is no pleasure above the joy of the heart.

17 Better is death than a bitter life; and everlasting rest, than continual fickness.

18 Good things that are hidden in a mouth that is thut, are as meffes of meat fet about a grave.

19 What good shall an offering do to an idol? for it can neither eat, nor smell:

20 So is he that is perfecuted by the Lord, bearing the reward of his iniquity:

and groaneth, as an eunuch embracing a virgin, and fighing.

22 Give not up thy foul to fadness, and afflict not thy-felf in thy own counsel.

23 The joyfulness of the heart, is the life of a man, and a never failing treasure of holiness: and the joy of a man is length of life.

foul, pleasing God, and contain thyself: gather up thy heart in his holiness: and drive away sadness far from thee.

25 For fadness hath killed many, and there is no profit

in it.

26 Envy and anger fhorten a man's days, and pensiveness will bring old age before the time. 27 A chearful and good heart is always feafting: for his banquets are prepared with diligence.

#### CHAP. XXXI.

Of the defire of riches, and of moderation in eating and drinking.

WATCHING for riches confumeth the flesh, and the thought thereof driveth away sleep.

2 The thinking beforehand turneth away the understanding, and a grievous fickness

maketh the foul fober.

3 The rich man hath laboured in gathering riches together, and when he resteth he shall be filled with his goods.

4 The poor man hath laboured in his low way of life, and in the end he is still poor.

5 He that loveth gold, shall not be justified: and he that followeth laster corruption, shall be filled with it.

6 Many have been brought to fall for gold, and the beauty thereof hath been their

ruin.

7 Gold is a stumbling-block to them that facrifice to it: wo to them that eagerly follow after it, and every fool shall perish by it.

8 Bleffed is the rich man that is found without blemish: and that hath not gone after gold, nor put his trust in mo-

ney nor in treasures.

9 Who is he, and we will

praise him, for he hath done wonderful things in his life.

thereby, and made perfect, he shall have glory everlasting. He that could have transgressed, and hath not transgressed; and could do evil things, and hath not done them;

11 Therefore are his goods established in the Lord, and all the church of the saints

shall declare his alms.

12 Art thou set at a great table? be not the first to open thy mouth upon it.

13 Say not: There are many things which are upon it.

14 Remember that a wicked eye is evil.

15 What is created more wicked than an eye? therefore shall it weep over all the face when it shall see.

16 Stretch not out thy hand first, lest being disgraced with envy thou be put to confusion.

17 Be not hasty in a feast.

18 Judge of the difpolition of thy neighbour by thyfelf.

19 Use as a frugal man the things, that are set before thee: lest if thou eatest much, thou be hated.

20 Leave off first, for manners sake, and exceed not, lest

thou offend,

21 And if thou fittest amongst many, reach not thy hand out first of all: and be not the first to ask for drink.

22 How sufficient is a little wine

wine for a man well taught, and in fleeping thou shalt not be uneasy with it, and thou shalt feel no pain.

23 Watching, and choler, and gripes are with an intem-

perate man:

24 Sound and wholesome sleep with a moderate man: he shall sleep till morning, and his soul shall be delighted with him.

25 And if thou half been forced to eat much, arife, go out, and vomit, and it shall refresh thee, and thou shalt not bring sickness upon thy body.

26 Hear me my fon, and despise me not, and in the end thou shalt find my words.

27 In all the works be quick, and no infirmity thall come to thee.

28 The lips of many shall bless him that is liberal of his bread, and the testimony of his truth is faithful.

29 Against him that is niggardly of his bread, the city will murmur, and the testimony of his niggardness is true.

30 Challenge not them that love wine: for wine hath destroyed very many.

31 Fire trieth hard iron: fo wine drunk to excess shall rebuke the hearts of the proud.

32 Wine taken with fobriety is equal life to men: if thou drink it moderately, thou shalt be sober. 33 What is his life, who is diminished with wine?

34 What taketh away life?

35 Wine was created from the beginning to make men joyful, and not to make them drunk.

36 Wine drunken with moderation is the joy of the foul, and the heart.

37 Sober drinking is health

to foul and body.

38 Wine drunken with excels raileth quarrels, and wrath, and many ruins.

39 Wine drunken with ex-

40 The heat of drunkenness is the stumbling-block of the fool, lessening strength and causing wounds.

41 Rebuke not thy neighbour in a banquet of wine: and despise him not in his mirth.

42 Speak not to him words of reproach: and press him not in demanding again.

### CHAP. XXXII.

Lessons for superiors and inferiors. Advantages of fearing God, and doing nothing without counsel.

HAVE they made thee ruler? be not lifted up: be among them as one of them.

2 Have care of them, and fo fit down, and when thou halt acquitted thyfelf of all thy charge, take thy place.

3 That

3 That thou may ft rejoice for them, and receive a crown as an ornament of grace, and get the honour of the contribution.

4 Speak, thou that art el-

5 To speak the first word with careful knowledge, and

hinder not musick.

6 Where there is no hearing, pour not out words, and be not lifted up out of feason with thy wisdom.

7 A concert of musick in a banquet of wine is as a car-

buncle set in gold.

8 As a fignet of an emerald in a work of gold: so is the melody of musick with pleasant and moderate wine.

9 Hear in filence, and for thy reverence good grace shall

come to thee.

fpeak in thy own cause.

let thy answer be short.

if thou wert ignorant, and hear in filence and withal feeking.

great men take not upon thee: and when the ancients are prefent, speak not much.

14 Before a storm goeth lightening: and before shamefacedness goeth favour; and for thy reverence good grace shall come to thee.

is And at the time of rifing be not flack: but be first

inat

to run home to thy house, and there withdraw thyself, and there take thy pastime.

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16 And do what thou haft a mind, but not in fins or proud

fpeech.

17 And for all these things bless the Lord, that made thee, and that replenisheth thee with all his good things.

Lord, will receive his discipline: and they that will seek him early, shall find a bless-

ing.

ro He that feeketh the law, shall be filled with it; and he that dealeth deceitfully, shall meet with a stumbling block therein.

20 They that fear the Lord, shall find just judgment, and shall kindle justice as a light.

21 A finful man will flee reproof, and will find an excuse according to his will.

not neglect understanding, a strange and proud man will apprehend no fear:

23 Even after he hath done with some fear without counfel, and he shall be controuled by the things of his own seek-

ing.

24 My fon, do thou nothing without counfel, and thou shalt not repent when thou haft done.

25 Go not in the way of ruin, and thou shalt not stumble against the stones: trust not thyself to a rugged way, lest thou

thou fet a flumbling - block to thy foul.

26 And beware of thy own children, and take heed of

them of thy houshold.

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27 In every work of thine regard thy foul (a) in faith: for this is the keeping of the commandments.

28 He that believeth God, taketh heed to the commandments: and he that trusteth in him, shall fare never the worse.

#### C H A P. XXXIII.

The fear of God is the best fecurity. Times and men are in the hands of God. Take care of thyself as long as thou livest, and look to thy servants.

O evils shall happen to him that feareth the Lord, but in temptation God will keep him, and deliver him from evils.

2 A wife man hateth not the commandments and justices, and he shall not be dashed in pieces as a ship in a storm.

3 A man of understanding is faithful to the law of God, and the law is faithful to him.

4 He that cleareth up a question, shall prepare what to say, and so having prayed he shall be heard, and shall keep discipline and then he shall answer.

5 The heart of a fool is as a

wheel of a cart: and his thoughts are like a rolling axle-tree.

6 A friend that is a mocker, is like a stallion horse: he neigheth under every one that

fitteth upon him.

7 Why doth one day excell another, and one light another, and one year another year, when all come of the fun?

8 By the knowledge of the Lord they were distinguished, the sun being made, and keeping his commandment.

9 And he ordered the feafons, and holidays of them, and in them they celebrated

festivals at an hour.

ro Some of them God made high and great days, and some of them he put in the number of ordinary days. And all men are from the ground, and out of the earth, from whence Adam was created.

the Lord hath divided them, and diversified their ways.

12 Some of them hath he bleffed, and exalted: and fome of them hath he fanctified, and fet near himself: and some of them hath he cursed and brought low, and turned them from their station:

13 As the potter's clay is in his hand, to fashion and order it.

Chap. XXXII. (a) Ver. 27. In faith. That is, follow fincerely thy foul in her faith and conscience.

ing to his ordering: fo man is in the hand of him that made him and he will render to him according to his judgment.

and life against death: so also is the sinner against a just man. And so look upon all the works of the most High. Two and two, and one against another.

all, and as one that gathereth after the grape gatherers.

I also have hoped: and as one that gathereth grapes, have I filled the wine-press.

18 See that I have not laboured for myself only, but for all that seek discipline.

and all ye people, and hearken with your ears, ye rulers of the church.

brother or friend, power over thee while thou livest: and give not thy estate to another: less thou repent, and thou entreat for the same.

and hast breath in thee, let no man (a) change thee.

22 For it is better that thy children should ask of thee.

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than that thou look toward the hands of thy children.

23 In all thy works (8) keep the pre-eminence.

24 Let no ffain fully thy glory. In the time when thou shalt end the days of thy life, and in the time of thy decease, distribute thy inheritance.

25 Fodder and a wand; and a burden are for an as: bread and correction, and work for

a flave.

26 He worketh under correction, and seeketh to rest: let his hands be idle, and he seeketh liberty.

27 The yoke and the thong bend a stiff neck, and continual labours bow a flave.

28 Torture and fetters are for a malicious flave: fend him to work, that he be not idle.

29 For idleness hath taught much evil.

30 Set him to work: for fo it is fit for him. And if he be not obedient, bring him down with fetters, but be not excessive towards any one and do no grievous thing without judgment.

31 If thou have a faithful fervant, let him be to thee as thy own foul: treat him as a brother: because in the blood

Chap. XXXIII. (a) Ver. 22. Change thee. That is, so as to have this power over thee.

(b) Ver. 24 The pre-eminence. That is, be master in thy swn house, and part not with thy authority.

of thy foul thou haft got-

rd

3)

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32 If thou hurt him unjuftly, he will run away:

33 And if he rife up and depart: thou knowest not whom to ask, and in what way to seek him.

### CHAP. XXXIV.

The vanity of dreams. The advantage of experience, and of the fear of God.

THE hopes of a man that is void of underflanding are vain and deceitful: and dreams lift up fools.

z The man that giveth heed to lying visions, is like to him that catcheth at a shadow and followeth after the wind.

3 The vision of dreams is the resemblance of one thing to another: as when a man's likeness is before the face of a man.

4 What can be made clean by the unclean? and what truth can come from that which is false?

5 Deceitful divinations and lying omens, and the dreams of evil doers, are vanity.

6 And the heart fancieth as that of a woman in travail: except it be a vision sent forth from the most High, set not thy heart upon them.

7 For dreams have deceived many, and they have failed that put their trust in them.

8 The word of the law

shall be fulfilled without a lye, and wisdom shall be made plain in the mouth of the faithful.

9 What doth he know, that hath not been tried? A man that hath much experience, shall think of many things: and he that hath learned many things, shall shew forth understanding.

rience, knoweth little: and he that hath been experienced in many things, multiplieth prudence.

tried, what manner of things doth he know? he that hath been furprized, shall abound with fubtlety.

t 2 I have feen many things by travelling, and many cuftoms of things.

13 Sometimes I have been in danger of death for these things, and I have been delivered by the grace of God.

14 The spirit of those that fear God, is sought after, and by his regard shall be blessed.

15 For their hope is on him that faveth them, and the eyes of God are upon them that love him.

16 He that feareth the Lord shall tremble at nothing, and shall not be afraid: for he is his hope.

17 The foul of him that feareth the Lord is bleffed.

18 To whom doth he look, and who is his fliength?

19 The eyes of the Lord

are upon them that fear him, he is their powerful protector, and strong stay, a defence from the heat, and a cover from the sun at noon,

20 A preservation from stumbling, and a help from falling, he raiseth up the soul, and enlighteneth the eyes, and giveth health, and life, and

bleffing.

that facrificeth of a thing wrongfully gotten, is stained, and the mockeries of the unjust are not acceptable.

22 The Lord is only for them that wait upon him in the way of truth and justice.

- 23 The most High approve eth not the gifts of the wicked: neither hath he respect to the oblations of the unjust, nor will he be pacified for sins by the multitude of their sacrifices.
- 24 He that offereth facrifice of the goods of the poor, is as one that facrificeth the fon in the presence of his father.
- dy, is the life of the poor: he that defraudeth them thereof, is a man of blood.

26 He that taketh away the bread gotten by sweat, is like him that killeth his neighbour.

27 He that sheddeth blood, and he that defraudeth the labourer of his hire, are brothers.

28 When one buildeth up,

and another pulleth down: what profit have they but the labour?

and another curfeth: whose voice will God hear?

30 He that washeth himfelf after touching the dead, if he toucheth him again, what doth his washing avail?

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31 So a man that fasteth for his fins, and doth the same again, what doth his humbling himself profit him? who will hear his prayer?

CHAP. XXXV.

What facrifices are pleasing to God.

HE that keepeth the law, multiplieth offerings.

2 It is a wholesome facrifice to take heed to the commandments, and to depart from all iniquity.

3 And to depart from injustice, is to offer a propitiatory sacrifice for injustices, and a begging of pardon for fins.

4. He shall return thanks, that offereth fine flour: and he that doth mercy, offereth facrifice.

5 To depart from iniquity is that which pleafeth the Lord, and to depart from injustice, is an intreating for fins.

6 Thou shalt not appear empty in the fight of the

Lord.

7 For all these things are to be done because of the commandment of God.

8 The

8 The oblation of the just | maketh the altar fat, and is an odour of fweetness in the fight of the most High.

o The facrifice of the just is acceptable, and the Lord will not forget the memorial

thereof.

10 Give glory to God with a good heart; and diminish not the first - fruits of thy hands.

11 In every gift shew a chearful countenance, and fanctify thy tithes with joy.

12 Give to the most High according to what he hath given to thee, and with a good eye do according to the ability of thy hands:

13 For the Lord maketh recompence, and will give thee

feven times as much.

14 Do not offer wicked gifts, for fuch he will not recrive. 2) (ut make distale

15 And look not upon an unjust facrifice, for the Lord is judge, and there is not with him respect of person.

16 The Lord will not accept any person against a poor man, and he will hear the prayer of him that is wronged.

17 He will not despise the prayers of the fatherles: nor the widow, when the poureth out her complaint.

18 Do not the widow's tears run down the cheek, and is not her cry against him that cau-1eth them to fall?

19 For from the cheek

they go up even to heaven, and the Lord that heareth will not be delighted with them.

20 He that adoreth God with joy, shall be accepted, and his prayer shall approach

even to the clouds.

21 The prayer of him that humbleth himself, shall pierce the clouds: and till it come nigh he will not be comforted: and he will not depart till the most Fligh behold.

22 And the Lord will not be flack, but will judge for the just, and will do judgment: and the Almighty will not have parience with them, that he may crush their back :

23 And he will repay vengeance to the Gentiles, till he have taken away the multitude of the proud, and broken the fcepters of the unjust,

24 Till he have rendered to men according to their deeds; and according to the works of Adam, and according to his prefumption,

25 Till he have judged the cause of his people, and he shall delight the just with his

mercy :

26 The mercy of God is lovely in the time of affliction. as a cloud of rain in the time of drought.

CHAP. XXXVI. A prayer for the church of God. Of a good beart, and a good wife.

HAVE mercy upon us, O God of all, and be-Gg2

hold us, and shew us the light | thy great works: and thou

of thy mercies:

2 And fend thy fear upon the nations, that have not fought after thee: that they may know that there is no God besides thee, and that they may shew forth thy wonders.

2 Lift up thy hand over the strange nations, that they

may fee thy power,

4 For as thou haft been fanctified in us in their fight, fo thou shalt be magnified among them in our presence,

That they may know thee, as we also have known thee, that there is no God befide thee, O Lord.

6 Renew thy figns, and

work new miracles. 7 Glorify thy hand, and

thy right arm.

8 Raife up indignation, and pour out wrath.

o Take away the adversary.

and crush the enemy.

10 Haften the time, and remember the end, that they may declare thy wonderful works.

11 Let him that escapeth be confumed by the rage of the fire: and let them perish that oppress thy people.

12 Crush the head of the princes of the enemies, that fay: There is no other be-

fide us.

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13 Gather together all the tribes of Jacob: that they may know that there is no God besides thee, and may declare shalt inherit them as from the beginning.

14 Have mercy on thy people, upon whom thy name is invoked: and upon Ifrael. whom thou haft raised up to be thy first-born.

15 Have mercy on Jerusalem, the city which thou haft fanctified, the city of thy rest.

16 Fill Sion with thy unspeakable words, and thy peo-

ple with thy glory.

17 Give testimony to them. that are thy creatures from the beginning, and raife up the prophecies, which the former prophets spoke in thy name.

18 Reward them that patiently wait for thee, that thy prophets may be found faithful: and hear the prayers of

thy fervants,

19 According to the bleffing of Aaron over thy people, and direct us into the way of justice, and let all know that dwell upon the earth, that thou art God the beholder of all ages. The long - call de

20 The belly will devour all meat, yet one meat is bet-

ter than another.

21 The palate tasteth venison, and the wife heart false speeches.

22 A perverse heart will cause grief, and a man of experience will relift it.

23 A woman will receive every man: yet one daughter is better than another.

24 The

24 The beauty of a woman cheareth the countenance of her husband, and a man defireth nothing more,

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25 If the have a tongue that can cure, and likewife mitigate and shew mercy; her husband is not like other men.

26 He that possesseth a good wife, beginneth a poffession: she is a help like to himself, and a pillar of rest.

27 Where there is no hedge, the possession shall be spoiled: and where there is no wife, he mourneth that is in want.

28 Who will truft him that hath no neft, and that lodgeth wherefoever the night taketh him, as a robber well appointed, that skippeth from city to city. Sand he syab

CHAP. XXXVII.

Of the choice of friends and counsellors.

VERY friend will fay: I also am his friend: but there is a friend, that is only a friend in name. Is not this a grief even to death?

2 But a companion and a friend shall be turned to an enemy vb one nor of sa

2 O wicked prefumption, whence camelt thou to cover the earth with thy malice, and deceitfuluess?

4 There is a companion who rejoiceth with his friend in his joys, but in the time of trouble, he will be against There is a companion who condoleth with his friend for his belly's fake, and he will take up a shield against the enemy.

6 Forget not thy friend in thy mind, and be not unmindful of him in thy riches.

7 Confult not with him that layeth a fnare for thee. and hide thy counsel from them that envy thee.

8 Every counsellor giveth out counsel, but there is one that is a counsellor for himfelf. of board he had a highest

o Beware of a counsellor. And know before what need he hath: for he will devise to his own mind:

10 Left he thrust a stake into the ground, and fay to thee :

11 Thy way is good; and then stand on the other fide to fee what shall befal thee.

12 Treat not with a man without religion concerning holiness, nor with an unjust man concerning juffice, nor with a woman touching her of whom the is jealous, nor with a coward concerning war, nor with a merchant about traffick, nor with a buyer of felling, nor with an envious man of giving thanks,

13 Nor with the ungodly of piety, nor with the difhonest of honesty, nor with the field labourer of every, work.

him. Nor with him that

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worketh by the year of the finishing of the year, nor with an idle servant of much business: give no heed to these in any matter of counsel.

15 But be continually with a holy man, whomfoever thou shalt know to observe the fear

of God,

16 Whose soul is according to thy own soul: and who, when thou shalt stumble in the dark, will be forry for thee.

17 And establish within thyself a heart of good counsel: for there is no other thing of more worth to thee than it.

18 The foul of a holy man discovereth sometimes true things, more than seven watchmen that sit in a high place to watch.

19 But above all these things pray to the most High, that he may direct thy way in truth.

20 In all thy works let the true word go before thee, and fleady counsel before every action.

change the heart: out of which four manner of things arife, good, and evil, life, and death: and the tongue is continually the ruler of them. There is a man that is fubtle and a teacher of many, and yet is unprofitable to his own foul.

22 A feilful man hath

taught many, and is sweet to his own foul.

23 He that speaketh sophistically, is hateful: he shall be destitute of every thing.

24 Grace is not given him from the Lord: for he is de-

prived of all wisdom.

25 There is a wife man, that is wife to his own foul: and the fruit of his understanding is commendable.

26 A wife man instructeth his own people, and the fruits of his understanding are faith-

ful and a second

27 A wife man shall be filled with blessings, and they that see shall praise him.

28 The life of a man is in the number of his days: but the days of Israel are innumerable.

29 A wise man shall inherit honour among his people, and his name shall live for ever.

30 My fon, prove thy foul in thy life: and if it be wicked, give it no power:

31 For all things are not expedient for all, and every kind pleafeth not every foul.

32 Be not greedy in any feating, and pour not out thyfelf upon any meat:

33 For in many means there will be fickness, and greediness will turn to choler.

34 By furfeiting many have perished; but he that is temperate, shall prolong life.

## CHAP. XXXVIII.

Of physicians and medicines: what is to be done in fickness, and bow we are to mourn for the dead. Of the employments of labourers and artificers.

TONOUR the physician for the need thou haft of him: for the most High hath created him. it bas intell

2 For all healing is from God, and he shall receive gifts

of the king.

3 The skill of the physician shall lift up his head, and in the fight of great men he shall be praifed, how allow and right

4 The most High hath created medicines out of the earth, and a wife man will

not abhor them.

Was not bitter water made fweet with wood?

6 The virtue of these things is come to the knowledge of men, and the most High hath given this knowledge to men, that he may be honoured in his wonders.

7 By these he shall cure and shall allay their pains, and of these the apothecary shall make fweet confections, and shall make up ointments of health, and of his works there shall be no end.

8 For the peace of God is over all the face of the earth.

9 My fon, in thy fickness neglect not thyfelf, but pray

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to the Lord, and he shall heal thee.

10 Turn away from fin. and order thy hands aright. and cleanse thy heart from all wickedness. TATE BEST BEST TO

11 Give a fweet favour. and a memorial of fine flour. and make a fat offering, and then give place to the phyfician in the state in large

12 For the Lord created him; and let him not depart from thee, for his works are necessary.

13 For there is a time when thou must fall into their

14 And they shall befeech the Lord, that he would profper what they give for ease and remedy; for their conversation.

15 He that finneth before his Maker, shall fall into the hands of the physician. .......

16 My fon, fhed tears over the dead, and begin to lament as if thou hadft fuffered fome great harm, and according to judgment cover his body, and neglect not his burial.

17 And for fear of being ill fpoken of, weep bitterly for a day, and then comfort thyfelf in thy fadness, it is of

-18 And make mourning for him according to his merit for a day, or two, for fear of detraction January town

-10 For of fadness comethdeath, and it overwhelmeth the itrength, and the forrow

of the heart boweth down the neck.

20 In withdrawing afide forrow remaineth; and the fubstance of the poor is according to his heart,

21 Give not up thy heart to fadness, but drive it from thee: and remember the latter

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end,

22 Forget it not: for there is no returning, and thou shalt do him no good, and shalt hurt thyfelf. and and ment out

23 Remember my judgment: for thine also shall be fo: yesterday for me, and to-

day for thee.

24 When the dead is at reft, let his remembrance reft, and comfort him in the departing of his fpirit.

25 The wisdom of (a) a fcribe cometh by his time of leifure: and he that is less in action, shall receive wisdom.

26 With what wisdom shall he be furnished, that holdeth the plough, and that glorieth in the goad, that driveth the oxen therewith, and is occupied in their labours, and his whole talk is about the offfpring of bulls?

27 He shall give his mind to turn up furrows, and his care is to give the kine fod-

der.

28 So every craftiman and workmafter that laboureth

night and day, and he that maketh graven feals, and by his continual diligence varieth the figure : he shall give his mind to the refemblance of the picture, and by his watching shall finish the work.

29 So doth the fmith fitting by the anvil and confidering the iron work. The vapour of the fire wasteth his flesh, and he fighteth with the

heat of the furnace:

30 The noise of the ham mer is always in his ears, and his eye is upon the pattern of the veffel he maketh.

1 He setteth his mind to finish his work, and his watching to polith them to perfection. to mo englethern balence

92 So doth the potter fitting at his work, turning the wheel about with his feet, who is always carefully fet to his work, and maketh all his work by number: 02 same 1.

193 He fashioneth the clay with his arm, and boweth down his strength before his

feet :

34 He shall give his mind to finish the glazing, and his watching to make clean the furnace, really happy there and an arm

34 All these trust to their hands, and every one is wife in his own art, has on ed fledt

36 Without these a city is not built. I say his mayor it

Chap. XXXVIII. (a) Ver. 25. a feribe. That is, a doctor of the law, or a learned man; and the year and finding

37 And they shall not dwell. nor walk about therein, and they shall not go up into the affembly.

38 Upon the judges feat they shall not fit, and the ordinance of judgment they shall not understand, neither shall they declare discipline and judgment, and they shall not be found where parables are fpoken :

30 But they shall strengthen the state of the world, and their prayer shall be in the work of their craft, applying their foul, and fearthing in the

law of the most High.

#### signess and iton, CHAP. XXXIX.

The exercises of the wife man. The Lord is to be glorified for his works. et good to the hely,

HE wife man will feek out the wisdom of all the ancients, and will be occupied in the prophets.

2 He will keep the fayings of renowned men, and will enter withal into the subtilties

of parables.

3 He will fearch out the hidden meanings of proverbs, and will be conversant in the fecrets of parables.

4 He shall serve among great men, and appear before

the governor.

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5 He shall pass into strange countries ; for he shall try good and evil among men.

6 He will give his heart to refort early to the Lord, that made him, and he will pray in the fight of the most High.

7 He will open his mouth in prayer, and will make fup-

plication for his fins.

8 For if it shall please the great Lord, he will fill him with the spirit of understanding:

9 And he will pour forth the words of his wisdom as showers, and in his prayer he will confe is to the Lord.

10 And he shall direct his counsel, and his knowledge, and in his fecrets shall he meditate.

II He shall shew forth the discipline he hath learned, and shall glory in the law of the covenant of the Lord. as long o

- 12 Many shall praise his wisdom, and it shall never be

forgotten, space of the state

13 The memory of him shall not depart away, and his name shall be in request from generation to generation.

14 Nations shall declare his wisdom, and the church shall?

shew forth his praise.

15 If he continue, he shall leave a name above a thousand: and if he reft, it shall be to his advantage. ...... indi ni

16 I will yet meditate that I may declare: for I am filled

as with a boly transport.

17 By a voice he faith: me by siting demail of a doubt bad of ence Hears

Hear me, (a) ye divine offfpring, and bud forth as the role planted by the brooks of waters.

18 Give ye a sweet odour

the lily, and yield a fmell, and bring forth leaves in grace, and praife with capticles, and blefs the Lord in his works.

20 Magnify his name, and give glory to him with the voice of your lips, and with the canticles of your mooths, and with harps, and in praising him, you shall say in this manner.

Lord are exceeding good.

22 At his word the waters flood as a heap; and at the words of his mouth the receptacles of waters:

23 For at his commandment favour is thewn, and there is no hindering of his falvation

24 The works of all flesh are before him, and there is nothing hid from his eyes.

to eternity, and there is nothing wonderful before him.

26 There is no faying: What is this, or what is that? for all things shall be fought in their time.

mali want born

27 His bleffing hath over.

28 And as a flood high watered the earth; fo shall his wrath inherit the nations, that have not fought after him:

29 Even as he turned the waters into a dry land, and the earth was made dry; and his ways were made plain for their journey; fo to finners they are stumbling-blocks in his wrath.

30 Good things were created for the good from the beginning, so for the wicked, good and evil things.

are water, fire, and iron, falt, milk, and bread of flour, and honey, and the cluster of the grape, and oil, and clothing.

32 All these things shall be for good to the holy, so to the sinners and the ungody they shall be turned into evil.

are created for vengeance, and in their fury they lay on gric-

ga In the time of defiruction they shall pour out their force : and they shall appeale the wrath of him, that made them.

35 Fire, hail, famine, and death, all these were created for vengeance.

Chap. XXXIX. (a) Ver. 17. Ye divine offspring. He speaks to the children of Israel, the people of God; whom he exhorts to bud forth and flourish with virtue.

36 The

36 The teeth of beafts, and feorpions, and ferpents, and the fword taking vengeance upon the ungodly unto destruction.

37 In his commandments they shall feast, and they shall be ready upon earth when need is, and when their time is come they shall not transgrefs his word.

38 Therefore from the beginning I was refolved, and I have meditated, and thought on these things and left them

in writing 39 All the works of the Lord are good, and he will

time. I deniminated or 40 It is not to be faid: This is worle than that for all shall be well approved in their time.

furnish every work in due

41 Now therefore with the whole heart and mouth praise ye him, and bless the name of the Lord.

#### CHAP. XL.

The miseries of the life of man are relieved by the grace of God and bis fear.

REAT labour is cre-I ated for all men, and a heavy yoke is upon the children of Adam, from the day of their coming out of their mother's womb, until the day of their burial into the mother of all.

2 Their thoughts, and fears of the heart, their imagination of things to come, and the day of their end:

3 From him that fitteth on a throne of glory, unto him that is humbled in earth and afhes.

4 From him that weareth purple, and beareth the crown. even to him that is covered with rough linnen: wrath, envy, trouble, unquietness, and the fear of death, continual anger, and strife.

And in the time of reft upon his bed, the fleep of the night changeth his know-

ledge to bear all our

6 A little and as nothing is his rest, and afterward in fleep, as in the day of keep-

ing watch

7 He is troubled in the vifion of his heart, as if he had escaped in the day of battle. In the time of his fafety he rose up, and wondereth that there is no fear ; if point it

8 Such things happen to all flesh, from man even to beaff, and upon finners are fevenfold more.

o Moreover, death, and bloodshed, strife, and sword. oppressions, famine, and affliction, and fcourges:

10 All these things are created for the wicked, and for their fakes came the flood.

11 All things that are of the earth, shall turn to the earth again, and all waters shall return to the fea.

iz All bribary, and injuf-

tice shall be blotted out, and fidelity shall stand for ever.

The riches of the unjust thall be dried up like a river, and shall pass away with a noise like a great thunder in rain.

14 While he openeth his hands the shall rejoice: but transgresfors shall pine away

in the end.

The off pring of the ungodly shall not bring forth many branches, and make a noise as unclean roots upon the top of a rock.

16. The weed growing over every water, and at the bank of the river shall be pulled up before all grafs.

17 Grace is like a paradife in bleffings, and mercy remain-

eth for ever.

18 The life of a labourer that is content with what he hath, fhall be fweet, and in it thou shalt find a treasure.

19 Children, and the build ing of a city shall establish a name, but a blameless wife shall be counted above them

20 Wine and musick rejoice the heart: but the love of wisdom is above them both.

21 The flute and the pfaltery make a fweet melody, but a pleasant tongue is above them both.

22. Thy eye de fireth favour and beauty, but more than both green fown fields.

on meeting together in feafon. but above them both is a wife with her husband.

24 Brethren are a help in the time of trouble, but mercy shall deliver more than they.

25 Gold and filver make the feet fland fure : but wife counsel is above them both.

26 Riches and ftrength lift up the heart: but above thefe is the fear of the Lord.

27 There is no want in the fear of the Lord, and it needeth not to feek for help.

28 The fear of the Lord is like a paradife of bleffing, and they have covered it above all glory low and the plian

29 My fon in thy life-time be not indigent: for it is better to die than to want.

30 The life of him that looketh toward another man's table, is not to be counted a life: for he feedeth his foul with another man's meat.

31 But a man well instructed and taught, will look to himfelf.

32 Begging will be sweet in the mouth of the unwife, but in his belly there shall burn a fire. model I set a

CHAP. XLI.

Of the remembrance of death: of an evil and of a good name: of what things we ought to be assumed.

Death, how bitter is the remembrance of thee to a man that hath peace in his 23 A friend and compani- polletions

2 To a man that is at rest, and whose ways are prosperous in all things, and that is yet able to take meat!

is welcome to the man that is in need, and to him whose

ftrength faileth,

4 Who is in a decrepit age, and that is in care about all things, and to the distrussful

that lofeth patience!

5 Fear not the sentence of death. Remember what things have been before thee, and what shall come after thee: this sentence is from the Lord upon all sless.

6 And what shall come upon thee by the good pleafure of the most High? whether ten, or a hundred, or a

thousand years.

7 For among the dead there

is no accusing of life.

8 The children of finners become children of abominations, and they that converse near the houses of the ungodly.

9 The inheritance of the children of finners shall perish, and with their posterity shall be a perpetual reproach.

10 The children will complain of an ungodly father, because for his sake they are in reproach. men, who have forfaken the law of the most high Lord.

you shall be born in malediction: and if you die, in malediction shall be your portion.

13 All things that are of the earth, shall return into the earth: fo the ungodly shall from malediction to destruction.

14 The mourning of men is about their body, but the name of the ungodly shall be blotted

out.

15 Take care of a good name: for this shall continue with thee, more than a thousand treasures precious and great.

16 A good life hath its number of days: but a good name shall continue for ever.

17 My children, keep discipline in peace. For wisdom that is hid, and a treasure that is not seen, what profit is there in them both?

18 Better is the man that hideth his folly, than the man that hideth his wifdom.

19 Wherefore (a) have a shame of these things I am now

going to speak of.

20 For it is not good to keep all shamefacedness: and all things do not please all men in opinion.

Chap. XLI. (a) Ver. 18. Have a shame, &c. That is, to fay, Be ashamed of doing any of these things, which I am now going to mention: for though sometimes shame-facedness is not to be indulged; yet it is often good and necessary: as in the following cases.

21 Be ashamed of fornication before father and mother: and of a lie before a governor and a man in power:

22 Of an offence before a prince, and a judge: of iniquity before a congrega-

tion and a people:

23 Of injustice before companion and friend; and in regard to the place where thou dwellest.

24 Of theft, and of the truth of God, and the covenant: of leaning with thy elbow over meat, and of deceit in giving and taking:

25 Of filence before them that falute thee: of looking upon a harlot: and of turning away thy face from thy

kiniman.

26 Turn not away thy face from thy neighbour, and of taking away a portion and not refloring.

27 Gaze not upon another man's wife, and be not over bufy with his handmaid, and come not near her bed.

28 Be ashamed of upbraiding speeches before friends: and after thou hast given, upbraid not.

#### CHAP XLII

Of what things we ought not to be ashamed. Cautions with regard to women. The works and greatness of God.

REPEAT not the word which thou hast heard,

and disclose not the thing that is, secret, so shalt thou be truly without confusion, and shalt find favour before all men; be not ashamed of any of these things shat I am going to mention, and accept no person to sin thereby.

2 Of the law of the most High, and of his covenant, and of judgment to justify

the ungodly,

3 Of the affair of companions and travellers, and of the gift of the inheritance of friends,

4 Of exactness of balance and weights, of getting

much or little,

5 Of the corruption of buying, and of merchants, and of much correction of children, and to make the fide of a wicked flave to bleed.

6 Sure keeping is good over a wicked wife.

7 Where there are many hands, thut up, and deliver all things in number, and weight: and put all in writing that thou givest out or receivest in.

8 Be not ashamed to inform the unwise and foolish, and the aged, that are judged by young men: and thou shalt be well instructed in all things, and well approved in the sight of all men diving.

9 The father waketh for the daughter when no man knoweth, and the care for

her

her taketh away his sleep, when she is young, lest she pass away the flower of her age, and when she is married lest she should be hateful:

no In her virginity left the should be corrupted, and be found with child in her father's house: and having a husband left she should misbehave herself, or at the least become barren.

over a shameless daughter; lest at any time she make thee become a laughing-stock to thy enemies, and a by-word in the city, and a reproach among the people, and she make thee ashamed before all the multitude.

12 Behold not every body's beauty: and tarry not

among women.

13 For from garments cometh a moth, and from a woman the iniquity of a

man.

74 For (a) better is the iniquity of a man, than a woman doing a good turn, and a woman bringing shame and reproach.

15 I will now remember the works of the Lord, and I will declare the things I

have feen. By the words of the Lord are his works.

16 The fun giving light hath looked upon all things, and full of the glory of the Lord is his work.

17 Hath not the Lord made the faints to declare all his wonderful works, which the Lord almighty hath firmly fettled to be established for his glory?

18 He hath fearched out the deep, and the heart of men: and confidered their

crafty devices.

all knowledge, and hath beheld the figns of the world, he declareth the things that are past, and the things that are to come, and revealeth the traces of hidden things.

zo No thought escapeth him, and no word can hide

itfelf from him.

the glorious works of his wildom; and he is from eternity to eternity, and to him nothing may be added,

22 Nor can he be diminished, and he hath no need

of any counfelfor.

23 O how defirable are all his works, and what we can know is but as a spark!

Chap. XLII. (a) Ver. 14. Better is the iniquity, &c. That is, there is commonly speaking, less danger to be apprehended to the soul from the churlishness, or injuries we receive from men, than from the flattering favours and familiarity of women.

24 All these things live, and remain for ever, and for every use all things obey him.

25 All things are double, one against another, and he hath made nothing defective.

26 He hath established the good things of every one. And who shall be filled with beholding his glory?

#### CHAP. XLIII.

The works of God are exceedingly glorious and wonderful: no man is able sufficiently to praise bim.

THE firmament on high is his beauty, the beauty of heaven with its glorious shew.

z The fun when he appeareth shewing forth at his rising, an admirable instrument, the work of the most

High.

LA AL

3 At noon he burneth the earth, and who can abide his burning heat? He that keepeth a furnace is in works of heat:

4 But the fun three times as much, burneth the mountains, breathing out fiery vapours, and fending forth bright beams, he blindeth the eyes.

5 Great is the Lord that made him, and at his words he hath haftened his course.

6 And the moon in all in her feason, is for a declara-

FI 1 2

tion of times and a fign of the world.

7 From the moon is the fign of the festival day, a light that decreaseth in her perfection.

8 The month is called after her name, increasing wonderfully in her perfec-

tion.

9 Being an instrument of the armies on high, shining gloriously in the sirmament of heaven.

to The glory of the stars is the beauty of heaven, the Lord enlighteneth the world

on high.

11 By the words of the holy one they shall stand in judgment, and shall never fail in their watches.

12 Look upon the rainbow, and blefs him that made it: it is very beautiful

in its brightness.

13 It encompasseth the heaven about with the circle of its glory, the hands of the most High have displayed it.

14 By his commandment he maketh the fnow to fall apace, and fendeth forth fwiftly the lightenings of his judgment.

15 Through this are the treasures opened, and the clouds fly out like birds.

16 By his greatness he hath fixed the clouds, and the hailstones are broken.

17 At his fight shall the mountains

mountains be shaken, and at his will the fouth wind shall blow.

18 The noise of his thunder shall strike the earth, so doth the northern storm, and

the whirlwind:

19 And as the birds lighting upon the earth, he leattereth snow, and the falling thereof, is as the coming down of locusts.

20 The eye admireth at the beauty of the whiteness thereof, and the heart is aftonished at the raining

thereof.

21 He shall pour frost as falt upon the earth: and when it freezeth, it shall become like the tops of thistles.

22 The cold north wind bloweth, and the water is congealed into chrystal, upon every gathering together of waters it shall rest, and shall cloath the waters as a breast-plate.

23 And it shall devour the mountains, and burn the wilderness, and consume all that is green as with fire.

24 A present remedy of all is the speedy coming of a cloud, and a dew that meeteth it, by the heat that cometh, shall overpower it.

25 At his word the wind is still, and with his thought he appealeth the deep, and the Lord hath planted islands therein. 26 Let them that fail on the fea, tell the dangers thereof: and when we hear with our ears, we shall admire.

27 There are great and wonderful works: a variety of beafts, and of all living things, and the monstrous creatures of whales.

28 Through him is established the end of their journey, and by his word all things are regulated.

29 We shall say much, and yet shall want words; but the sum of our words is,

He is all.

30 What shall we be able to do to glorify him? for the Almighty himself is above all his works.

31 The Lord is terrible, and exceeding great, and his

power is admirable.

32 Glorify the Lord as much as ever you can, for he will yet far exceed, and his magnificence is wonderful.

33 Bleffing the Lord, exalt him as much as you can: for he is above all praife.

34 When you exalt him put forth all your strength, and be not weary: for you can never go far enough.

35 Who shall fee him, and shall declare him? and who shall magnify him as, he is from the beginning?

36 There are many things hidden from us that are

Hh 3

greater

greater than these: for we | have feen but a few of his works.

37 But the Lord hath made all things, and to the godly he hath given wifdom.

#### C H A P. XLIV.

The praises of the boly fathers, in particular of Enoch, Noe, Abraham, Isaac, and facob.

ET us now praise men of renown, and our fathers in their generation.

z The Lord hath wrought great glory through his magnificence from the begin-

ning.

3 Such as have borne rule in their dominions, men of great power, and endued with their wisdom, shewing forth in the prophets the dignity of prophets,

4. And ruling over the present people, and by the arength of wisdom infired. ing the people in most holy

words.

5 Such as by their skill fought out musical tunes, and published canticles of the scriptures.

6 Rich men in virtue, lovers of beautifulness: living at peace in their houses.

7 All thefe have gained glory in their generations, and were praifed in their days.

8 They that were born of them have left a name behind them, that their praises

might be related:

o And there are some, of whom there is no memorial: who are perished, as if they had never been; and are born, as if they had never been born, and their children with them.

10 But these were men of mercy, whose godly deeds

have not failed:

11 Good things continue

with their feed,

12 Their posterity are a holy inheritance, and their feed hath stood in the covenants:

13 And their children for their sakes remain for ever: their feed and their glory shall not be forsaken.

14 Their bodies are buried in peace, and their name liveth unto generation and generation.

15 Let the people shew forth their wisdom, and the church declare their praise.

16 Henoch pleased God, and was translated into paradife, that he may give repentance to the nations.

17 Noe was found perfect, and just, and in the time of wrath he was made a reconciliation.

18 Therefore was there a remnant left to the earth, when the flood came.

19 The covenants of the world were made with him, that all flesh should no more be destroyed with the flood.

20 Abraham was the great father of a multitude of nations, and there was not found the like to him in glory, who kept the law of the most High, and was in covenant with him.

21 In his flesh he established the covenant, and in temptation he was found

faithful.

he gave him glory in his posterity, that he should encrease as the dust of the earth,

23 And that he would exalt his feed as the stars, and they should inherit from sea to sea, and from the river to the ends of the earth.

24 And he did in like manner with Isaac for the sake of Abraham his father.

25 The Lord gave him the bleffing of all nations, and confirmed his covenant upon the head of Jacob.

26 He acknowledged him in his bleffings, and gave him an inheritance, and divided him his portion in twelve tribes.

27 And he preserved for him men of mercy, that found grace in the eyes of all slesh.

CHAP. XLV.

The praises of Moses, of Aaron, and of Phinees.

MOSES was beloved of God, and men:

whose memory is in benediction.

2 He made him like the faints in glory, and magnified him in the fear of his enemies. And with his words he made prodigies to cease.

3 He glorified him in the fight of kings, and gave him commandments in the fight of his people, and shewed him his glory.

4 He fanctified him in his faith and meekness, and chose him out of all flesh.

5 For he heard him, and his voice, and brought him into a cloud.

6 And he gave him commandments before his face, and a law of life and inftruction, that he might teach Jacob his covenant, and Ifrael his judgments.

7 He exalted Aaron his brother, and like to himself of the tribe of Levi.

8 He made an everlafting covenant with him, and gave him the priesthood of the nation, and made him blessed in glory,

9 And he girded him about with a glorious girdle, and clothed him with a robe of glory, and crowned him with majestick attire.

garment to the feet, and breeches, and an ephod, and he compassed him with many little bells of gold all round about.

11 That

17 That as he went there might be a found, and a noise made that might be heard in the temple, for a memorial to the children of his people.

12 He gave him a holy robe, of gold, and blue, and purple, a woven work, of a wife man, endued with judg-

ment and truth :

13 Of twifted fearlet the work of an artift, with precious stones cut and fet in gold, and graven by the work of a lapidary for a memorial, according to the number of the tribes of Ifrael. Min SVE

14 And a crown of gold upon his mitre wherein was engraved Holiness, an ornament of honour: a work of power, and lovely to the ves for its beauty.

17 Before him there were none so beautiful, even from

the beginning.

16 No ftranger was ever clothed with them, but only his children alone, and his grandchildren for ever.

17 His facrifices were confumed with fire every

day.

18 Mofes filled his hands, and anointed him with holy

oil.

10 This was made to him for an everlasting testament, and to his feed as the days of heaven, to execute the office of the priefthood, and to have praise, and to glorify his people in his name.

zo He chose him out of all men living, to offer facrifice to God, incenfe, and a good favour, for a memorial to make reconciliation for his people:

21 And he gave him power in his commandments. in the covenants of his judgments, that he should teach Jacob his testimonies, and give light to Ifrael in his

22 And ftrangers flood up against him, and through envy the men that were with Dathan and Abiron, compaffed him about in the wildernefs, and the congregation of Core in their wrath.

23 The Lord God faw, and it pleafed him not, and they were confumed in his wrathful indignation.

24 He wrought wonders upon them, and confumed them with a flame of fire.

25 And he added glory to Aaron, and gave him an inheritance, and divided unto him the first-fruits of the increase of the earth.

26 He prepared them bread in the first place unto fulness: for the facrifices also of the Lord they shall eat, which he gave to him, and to his feed.

27 But he shall not inherit among the people in the land, and he hath no portion

among

among the people ; for he himself is his portion and inheritance.

28 Phinees the fon of Eleazar is the third in glory, by imitating him in the fear of the Lord:

20 And he stood up in the shameful fall of the people: in the goodness and readiness of his foul he appealed God for Ifrael.

30 Therefore he made to him a covenant of peace, to be the prince of the fanctuary, and of his people, that the dignity of priesthood should be to him and to his feed for ever. A mos relation A rest

31 And a covenant to David the king, the fon of Jeffe of the tribe of Juda, an inheritance to him and to his feed, that he might give wifdom into our heart to judge his people in justice, that their good things might not be abo-lified, and he made their glory in their nation everlasting.

CHAP: XLVI. The praise of Josue, of Caleb, and of Samuel.

TALLANT in war was (a) Jesus the son of Nave, who was fucceffor of Mofes among the prophets, who was great according to his name, bas to-denal thive

2 Very great for the faving the elect of God, to overthrow the enemies that rose up againt them, that he might get the inheritance for Ifrael.

3 How great glory did he gain when he lifted up his hands, and itretched out fwords against the cities?

4 Who before him fo flood to it? for the Lord himself brought his enemies to him.

5 Was not the fun stopped in his anger, and one day made

as two ? .... (1 .9) adams (and

6 He called upon the most High fovereign when the enemies affaulted him on every fide, and the great and holy God heard him by hail-stones of exceeding great force.

7 He made a violent affault against the nation of his enemies, and in the descent of Betbboron he destroyed the

adversaries,

8 That the nations might know his power, that it is not easy to fight against God. And he followed the mighty one.

9 And in the days of Mofes he did a work of mercy, he and Caleb the fon of Jephone, in standing against the enemy, and withholding the people from fins, and appealing the wicked murmuring.

10 And they two being appointed, were delivered out of

Chap. XLVI. (a) Ver. 1. Jesus the son of Nave. So Josue is named in the Greek bibles. For Josue and Jesus fignify the same thing, viz. a Saviour. 12 how the banent the danger from among the number of fix hundred thoufand men on foot, to bring them into their inheritance, into the land that floweth with milk and honey.

frength also to Caleb, and his strength continued even to his old age, so that he went up to the high places of the land, and his seed obtained it for an inheritance.

Irael might fee, that it is good to obey the holy God.

13 Then all the judges, every one by name, whose heart was not corrupted: who turned not away from the Lord,

might be bleffed, and their bones fpring up out of their place.

nue for ever, the glory of the holy men remaining unto their children.

16 Samuel the prophet of the Lord, the beloved of the Lord his God, established a new government, and anointed princes over his people.

he judged the congregation, and the God of Jacob beheld, and by his fidelity he was proved a prophet.

18 And he was known to be faithful in his words, because he saw the God of light:

name of the Lord Almighty,

in fighting against the enemies who befer him on every fide, when he offered a lamb without blemith. Ch

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dered from heaven, and with a great noise made his voice to be heard,

21 And he crushed the princes of the Tyrians, and all the lords of the Philistines:

22 And before the time of the end of his life in the world, his protested before the Lord, and his anointed: money, or any thing elfe, even to a shoe, he had not taken of any man, and no man did accuse him.

23 And after this he slept, and he made known to the king, and shewed him the end of his life, and he lifted up his voice from the earth in prophecy to blot out the wickedness of the nation.

# CHAP. XLVII.

The praise of Nathan, of Dewid, and of Solomon; of bis fall and punishment.

THEN Nathan the prophet arose in the days of David.

2 And as the fat taken away from the flesh, so was David chosen from among the children of Israel.

y He played with lions as with lambs: and with bears he did in like manner as with the lambs of the flock, in his youth.

4 Did not he kill the giant,

and

and take away repreach from his people?

In lifting up his 'hand, with the flone in the fling he beat down the boatting of Goliahita and to standbasa

6. For he called upon the Lord the Almighty, and he gave strength in his right hand, to take away the mighty warrior, and to fet up the horn of his nation

7 So in ten thousand did he glorify him, and praised him in the bleffings of the Lord, in offering to him a

crown of glory:

8 For he destroyed the enemisson every fide, and brought to nought the Philiftines his adverfaries unto this day & he broke their horn for ever.

o In all his works he gave thanks to the holy One, and to the most High, with words

of glory.

10 With his whole heart he praised the Lord, and loved God that made him: and he gave him power against his enemies: ...25 troat

II And he fet fingers before the altar, and by their voices he made sweet melody.

12 And to the festivals he added beauty, and fet in order the folemn times even to the end of his life, that they hould praise the holy name of the Lord, and magnify the holiness of God in the morning.

13 The Lord took away

sall s

his fins, and exalted his horn for ever a and he gave him a covenant of the kingdom, and a throne of glory in Ifrael

14 After him arose up 20 wife for and for his fake he cast down all the power of the

enemies no the only bloom and to

15 Solomon reigned in days of peace, and God brought all his enemies under him. that he might build a house in his name, and prepare a fanctuary for ever: O how wife waft thou in thy youth !

16 And thou wast filled as a river with wifdom, and thy

foul covered the earth.

17 And thou didft multiply riddles in parables: thy name went abroad to the iflands far off, and thou wast beloved in thy peace.

18 The countries wondered at thee for thy canticles, and proverbs, and parables, and

interpretations,

to And at the name of the Lord God, whole firname is God of Ifrael.

20 Thou didst gather gold as copper, and didft multiply

filver as lead,

21 And thou didft bow thy. felf to women; and by the body thou walt brought un-

der subjection.

22 Thou haft stained thy glory, and defiled thy feed foas to bring wrath upon thy children, and to have thy folly irritated,

23 That thou shouldst make

the kingdom to be divided, and out of Ephraim a rebel-

lious kingdom to rule.

24 But God will not leave off his mercy, and he will not destroy, nor abolish his own works, neither will he cut up by the roots the offspring of his elect: and he will not utterly take away the seed of him that loveth the Lord.

remnant to Jacob, and to David of the same stock.

26 And Solomon had an

27 And he left behind him of his feed, the folly of the nation,

28 Even Roboam that had little wisdom, who turned away the people through his counsel,

'29 And Jeroboam the fon of Nabat, who caused Israel to sin, and shewed Ephraim the way of sin, and their fins were multiplied exceedingly.

30 They removed them far

away from their land.

all iniquities, till vengeance came upon them, and put an end to all their fins.

#### CHAP. XLVIII.

The praise of Elias, of Eliseus, of Ezechias, and of Isaias.

A ND Elias the prophet flood up, as a fire, and his word burnt like a torch.

on them, and they that provoked him in their envy, were reduced to a small number, for they could not endure the commandments of the Lord.

3 By the word of the Lord he shut up the heaven, and he brought down fire from

heaven thrice.

4 Thus was Elias magnified in his wondrous works. And who can glory like to thee?

5 Who raifedft up a dead man from below, from the lot of death, by the word of the Lord God.

6 Who broughtest down kings to destruction, and brokest easily their power in pieces, and the glorious from their bed.

7 Who hearest judgment in Sina, and in Horeb the judgments of vengeance.

8 Who anointest kings to penance, and makest prophets successors after thee.

9 Who wast taken up in a whirlwind of fire, in a cha-

riot of fiery horses.

to Who art registered in the judgments of times to appeale the wrath of the Lord, to reconcile the heart of the father to the son, and to restore the tribes of Jacob.

faw thee, and were honoured

with thy friendship.

life, but after death our name

13 Elias

vered with the whirlwind, and his spirit was filled up in Elifeus: in his days he feared not the prince, and no man was more powerful than he.

14 No word could overcome him, and after death his

body prophefied.

15 In his life he did great wonders, and in death he

wrought miracles.

16 For all this the people repented not, neither did they depart from their fins, till they were cast out of their land, and were scattered through all the earth.

17 And there was left but a small people, and a prince in the house of David.

18 Some of these did that which pleased God: but others committed many sins.

19 Ezechias fortified his city, and brought in water into the midst thereof, and he digged a rock with iron, and made a well for water.

20 In his days Sennacherib came up, and fent Rabsaces, and lifted up his hand against them, and he stretched out his hand against Sion, and became proud through his power.

21 Then their hearts, and hands trembled: and they were in pain as women in tra-

vail.

22 And they called upon the Lord who is merciful, and fpreading their hands, they

lifted them up to heaven: and the holy Lord God quickly heard their voice.

13 He was not mindful of their fins, neither did he deliver them up to their enemies, but he purified them by the hand of Isaias the holy prophet.

24 He overthrew the army of the Affyrians, and the Angel of the Lord destroyed

them.

25 For Ezechias did that which pleased God, and walk-ed valiantly in the way of David his father, which Isaias, the great prophet, and faithful in the fight of God, had commanded him.

26 In his days the fun went backward, and he lengthened

the king's life.

27 With a great spirit he saw the things that are to come to pass at last, and comforted the mourners in Sion.

28 He shewed what should come to pass for ever, and secret things before they came.

#### CHAP. XLIX.

The praise of Josias, of Jeremias, Executed, and the twelve prophets. Also of Zorobabel, Jesus the son of Josedech, Nehemias, Enoch, Joseph, Seth, Sem, and Adam.

THE memory of Josias is like the composition of a sweet smell made by the art of a persumer:

2 His remembrance shall I i be

be fweet as honey in every mouth, and as mufick at a banquet of wine. V with hand

3 He was directed by God unto the repentance of the nation, and he took away the abominations of wickedness.

4' And he directed his heart towards the Lord, and in the days of finners he strengthned godliness.

5 Except David and Ezechias, and Jofias, all com-

mitted fin.

6 For the kings of Juda forlook the law of the most High, and despised the fear of God.

7 So they gave their kingdom to others, and their glo

ry to a strange nation.

8 They burnt the chosen city of holiness and made the fireets thereof defolate according to the prediction of Jeremias.

o For they entreated him evil who was confecrated a prophet from his mother's womb to overthrow, and pluck up, and deftroy, and to build again, and renew.

10 It was Ezechiel who faw the glorious vision which was shewed him upon the cha-

riot of cherubims.

11 For he made mention of the enemies under the figure of rain, and of doing good to them, that shewed right ways.

12 And may the bones of the twelve prophets fpring up out of their place : for they strengthened Jacob, and redeemed themselves by strong faith.

13 How shall we magnify Zorobabel, for he was as a fignet on the right hand,

14 In like manner lefus the fon of losedec? who in their days built the house, and fet up a holy temple to the Lord, prepared for everlasting glory. 7 11 10 120 1132 95

15 And let Nehemias be a long time remembred, who raifed up for us our walls that were cast down, and set up the gates and the bars, who

rebuilt our houses.

16 No man was born upon earth like Henoch: for he alfo was taken up from the earth.

17 Nor as Joseph, who was a man born prince of his brethren, the support of his family, the ruler of his brethren, the stay-of the people:

18 And his bones were visited, and after death (a)

they prophefied.

19 Seth, and Sem obtained glory among men : and above every foul Adam in the beginning.

Chap. XLIX. (a) Ver. 18. They prophefied. That is, by their being carried out of Egypt they verified the prophetick rediction of Joseph, Gen. L.

CHAP.

CHAP. L.

The praises of Simon the high priest. The conclusion.

SIMON the high priest, the son of Onias, who in his life propped up the house, and in his days fortified the temple.

2 By him also the height of the temple was founded, the double building and the high walls of the temple.

3 In his days the wells of water flowed out, and they were filled as the fea above measure.

4 He took care of his nation, and delivered it from defruction.

the city, and obtained glory in his conversation with the people: and enlarged the entrance of the house, and the court is always and the court.

6 He shone in his days as the morning star in the midst of a cloud, and as the moon at full.

7 And as the fun when it shineth, fo did he shine in the temple of God.

8 And as the rainbow giving light in the bright clouds, and as the flower of rofes in the days of the spring, and as the lilies that are on the brink of the water, and as the sweet fmelling frankincense in the

9 As a bright fire, and frankincense burning in the fire.

gold, adorned with every precious stone.

forth, and a cypress tree rearing itself on high, when he put on the robe of glory, and was (a) clothed with the perfection of power.

12 When he went up to the holy altar, he honoured the vesture of holines.

13 And when he took the portions out of the hands of the priefts, he himfelf flood by the altar. And about him was the ring of his brethren: and as the cedar planted in mount Libanus,

14 An as branches of palmtrees, they stood round about him and all the sons of Aaron in their glory.

Is And the oblation of the Lord was in their hands, before all the congregation of Israel: and finishing his servic, on the altar, to honour the offering of the most High king,

16 He stretched forth his hand to make a libation, and offered of the blood of the grape.

17 He poured out at the

Chap. L. (a) Ver. 11. Clothed with the perfection of nower. That is, with all the vertments denoting his dignity and authority.

foot of the altar a divine odour to the most High prince.

18 Then the fons of Aaron shouted, they sounded with beaten trumpets, and made a great noise to be heard for a remembrance before God.

together made hafte and fell down to the earth upon their faces, to adore the Lord their God, and to pray to the almighty God the most High.

20 And the fingers lifted up their voices, and in the great house the found of sweet melody was encreased.

21 And the people in prayer belought the Lord the most High, until the worship of the Lord was perfected, and they had finished their office.

he lifted up his hands over all the congregation of the children of Ifrael, to give glory to God with his lips, and to glory in his name,

24 And he repeated his prayer, willing to shew the

power of God.

24 And now pray ye to the God of all, who hath done great things in all the earth, who hath encreased our days from our mother's womb, and hath done with

us according to his mercy:

25 May he grant us joyfulness of heart, and that there be peace in our days in Israel for ever.

26 That Ifrael may believe that the mercy of God is with us, to deliver us in his days.

27 There are two nations which my foul (b) abhorreth: and the third is no nation, which I hate:

28 They that fit on mount Seir, and the Philistines, and the foolish people that dwell in Sichem.

29 Jesus the son of Sirach, of Jerusalem, hath written in this book the doctrine of wisdom and instruction, who renewed wisdom from his heart.

conversant in these good things: and he that layeth them up in his heart, shall be wife always.

31 For if he do them, he shall be strong to do all things: because the light of God guideth his steps.

### CHAP. LI.

A prayer of praise and thanks-

A Prayer of Jesus the son of Sirach. I will give glory to thee, O Lord, my

enemies of God and persecuters of his people. Such were then the Edomites who abode in mount Seir, the Philistines, and the Samaritans who dwelt in Sidhem, and had their schismatical temple in that neighbourhood.

king, and I will praise thee, O God my saviour.

2 I will give glory to thy name: for thou haft been a helper and protector to me,

3 And hast preserved my body from destruction, from the snare of an unjust tongue, and from the lips of them that forge lies, and in the sight of them that stood by, thou hast been my helper.

4 And thou hast delivered me, according to the multitude of the mercy of thy name, from the roaring lions, that were ready to devour me.

5 Out of the hands of them that fought my life, and from the gates of afflictions, which compassed me about:

6 From the oppression of the slame, which surrounded me, and in the midst of the fire I was not burnt.

7 From the depth of the belly of hell, and from an unclean tongue, and from lying words, from an unjust king, and from a flanderous tongue:

8 My foul shall praise the Lord even to death,

9 And my life was drawing near to hell beneath.

10 They compassed me on every side, and there was no one that would help me. I looked for the succour of men, and there was none

cy, O Lord, and thy works, which are from the beginning of the world.

12 How thou deliverest them that wait for shee, O Lord, and savest them out of the hands of the nations.

dwelling-place upon the earth, and I have prayed for death to pass away.

14 I called upon the Lord the father of my Lord, that he would not leave me in the day of my trouble, and in the time of the proud without help.

15 I will praise thy name continually, and will praise it with thanksgiving, and my prayer was heard.

16 And thou hast saved me from destruction, and hast delivered me from the evil time.

17 Therefore I will give thanks, and praise thee, and bless the name of the Lord.

18 When I was yet young, before I wandered about, I fought for wisdom openly in my prayer.

19 I prayed for her before the temple, and unto the very end I will feek after her, and she flourished as a grape soon ripe.

to My heart delighted in her, my foot walked in the right way, from my youth up I fought after her.

a little, and received her.

22 I found much wisdom in myself, and I profited much theren.

1 i 3

23 To him that giveth me 1 wifdom, will I give glory.

24 For I have determined to follow her: I have had a zeal for good, and shall not be confounded.

25 My foul hath wreftled for her, and in doing it I have

been confirmed.

26 I stretched forth my hands on high, and I bewailed my ignorances of her.

27 I directed my foul to her, and in knowledge I found

28 I possessed my heart with her from the beginning: therefore I shall not be forfaken.

29 My entralls were troubled in feeking her: therefore shall I possess a good possesfion.

30 The Lord hath given me a tongue for my reward: and with it I will praise him.

31 Draw near to me, ye unlearned, and gather yourselves

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and I grand the before

together into the house of difcipline.

32. Why are ye flow? and what do you fay of these things? your fouls are exceed. ing thirfty.

33 I have opened my mouth, and have spoken; buy her for yourselves without

filver,

34 And fubmit your neck to the yoke, and let your foul receive discipline: for the is near at hand to be found.

35 Behold with your eyes how I have laboured a little, and have found much rest to

myfelf.

36 Receive ye discipline as a great fum of money, and possess abundance of gold by her.

37 Let your foul rejoice in his mercy, and you shall not be confounded in his praise.

38 Work your work before the time, and he will give you your reward in his time.

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#### The Property of Court A Proof of best too'r

The prophet complaint of the fins of Juda and Jerufalem; and exborts them to a fincere conversion.

HE vision of Isaias the fon of Amos, which he faw concerning Juda and Jerusalem in the days of Ozias, Joathan, Achaz, and Ezechias kings of luda,

over lida ton Him I strift

Cheek, T

Hear, O ye heavens, and give ear, O earth, for the Lord hath spoken. I have brought up children, and exalted them : but they have despised me.

3. The ox knoweth his

owner, and the afs his mafter's crib: but Ifrael hath not known me, and my people hath not understood.

4 Wo to the finful nation. a people laden with iniquity, a wicked feed, ungracious children: they have forfaken the Lord, they have blasphemed the holy One of Ifrael, they are gone away backwards.

5 For what shall I strike you any more, you that encrease transgression? the whole

(a) Isaias. This inspired writer, is called by the Holy Ghoft, Ecclefiafic. xlviii. 25. the great prophet; from the greatness of his prophetick spirit, by which he hath foretold, so long before, and in so clear a manner, the coming of Christ. the mysteries of our redemption, the calling of the Gentiles. and the glorious establishment, and perpetual flourishing of the church of Christ: infomuch that he may feem to have been rather an evangelist than a prophet. His very name is not without mystery : for Isaias in Hebrew signifies the falvation of the Lord, or, Jesus is the Lord. He was, according to the tradition of the Hebrews, of the blood royal of the kings of Juda; and after a most holy life, ended his days by a glorious martyrdom; being fawed in two, at the command of his wicked for in-law, king Manasses, for reproving his evil ways.

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head is fick, and the whole heart is fad.

6 From the fole of the foot unto the top of the head, there is no foundness therein: wounds and bruises and swelling fores: they are not bound up, nor dressed, nor fomented with oil.

7 Your land is desolate, your cities are burnt with fire: your country strangers devour before your face, and it shall be desolate as when wasted by enemies.

8 And the daughter of Sion shall be left as a covert in a vineyard, and as a lodge in a garden of cucumbers, and as a city that is laid waste.

9 Except the Lord of hofts had left us feed, we had been as Sodom, and we should have been like to Gomorrha.

Lord, ye rulers of Sodom, give ear to the law of our God, ye people of Gomorrha.

offer me the multitude of your victims, faith the Lord? I am full, I defire not holocausts of rams, and fat of fatlings, and blood of calves, and lambs, and buck-goats.

pear before me, who required these things at your hands, that you should walk in my courts?

in vain: incense is an abomination to me. The new moons, and the fabbaths, and other festivals I will not abide, your assemblies are wicked.

new moons, and your folemnities: they are become troublesome to me, I am weary of bearing them.

15 And when you ftretch forth your hands, I will turn away my eyes from you; and when you multiply prayer, I will not hear: for your hands are full of blood.

16 Wash yourselves, be clean, take away the evil of your devices from my eyes: cease to do perversely,

17 Learn to do well: feek judgment, relieve the oppressed, judge for the fatherles, defend the widow.

18 And then come, and accuse me, faith the Lord: if your fins be as scarlet, they shall be made as white as snow: and if they be red as crimson, they shall be white as wool.

19 If you be willing, and will hearken to me, you shall eat the good things of the land.

20 But if you will not, and will provoke me to wrath: the fword shall devour you, because the mouth of the Lord hath spoken it.

21 How is the faithful city, that was full of judgment, become a harlot? justice dwelt in it, but now murderers.

22 Thy filver is turned into

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drofs of thy wine is mingled with water in chief but a short

23 Thy princes are faithless, companions of thieves; they all love bribes, they run after rewards. They judge not for the fatherless; and the widow's cause cometh not in to them.

the God of holls the mighty One of Israel: Ahl I will comfort myself over my adversaries: and I will be revenged of my enemies.

hand to thee, and I will clean purge away thy drofs, and I will take away all thy tin.

26 And I will restore thy judges as they were before, and thy councillors as of old. After this thou shall be called the city of the just, a faithful city.

27 Sion shall be redeemed in judgment, and they shall bring her back in justice.

28 And he shall destroy the wicked, and the sinners together: and they that have for-faken the Lord, shall be confumed.

29 For they shall be confounded for the idole, to which

they have facrificed: and you shall be ashained of the gardens, which you had chosen.

an oak with the leaves falling off: and as a garden without water.

be as the athes of tow, and your work as a fpark: and both shall burn together, and there shall be none to quench it.

#### CHAP. II.

All nations shall flow to the church of Christ. The Jews shall be rejected for their sime. Idolatry shall be defroyed.

HE word, that Ifains the fon of Amos faw conderning Juda and Jerufa-

2 And in (a) the last days
the mountain of the house of
the Lord shall be prepared, (b)
on the top of mountains, and
it shall be exalted above the
hills: and all nations shall
flow unto it.

go, and fay: Come and let us go up to the mountain of the Lord, and to the house of the God of Jacob, and he will

Chap. II. (a) Ver. 2. The last days. The whole time of the new law, from the coming of Christ till the end of the world, is called in scriptures the last days; because no other age, or time shall come after it, but only eternity.

(b) Ibidem. On the top of mountains, &c. This shows the perpetual visibility of the church of Christ for a mountain upon the top of mountains cannot be hid.

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teach us his ways, and we will walk in his paths: for the law shall come forth from Sion, and the word of

the Lord from Jerusalem.

Gentiles, and rebuke many people: and they shall turn their swords into plowshares, and their spears into sicles: nation shall not lift up sword against nation, neither shall they be exercised any more

5 O house of Jacob, come ye, and let us walk in the

to war.

light of the Lord.

6 For thou hast cast off thy people, the house of Jacob: because they are filled as in times past, and have had soothsayers as the Philistines, and have adhered to strange children.

7 Their land is filled with filver and gold: and there is no end of their treasures.

8 And their land is filled with horses: and their chariots are innumerable. Their land also is full of idols: they have adored the work of their own hands, which their own fingers have made.

himself down, and man hath been debased: therefore forgive them not.

to Enter thou into the rock, and hide thee in the pit, from the face of the fear of the Lord, and from the glory of his majesty.

are humbled, and the haughtiness of men shall be made to stoop: and the Lord alone shall be exasted in that day.

Lord of hosts shall be upon every one that is proud and high-minded, and upon every one that is arrogant, and he shall be humbled.

and lofty cedars of Libanus, and upon all the oaks of Bafan.

mountains, and upon all the clevated hills.

tower, and every fenced wall.

of Tharfis, and upon all that is fair to behold.

And the loftiness of men shall be bowed down; and the haughtiness of men shall be humbled, and the Lord alone shall be exalted in that day.

18 And (c) idols shall be utterly destroyed.

19 And they shall go into

pass away. This was verified by the establishment of christianity. And by this and other texts of the like nature,

the holes of rocks, and into the caves of the earth from the face of the fear of the Lord, and from the glory of his majesty, when he shall rise up to strike the earth.

20 In that day a man shall cast away his idols of silver, and his idols of gold, which he had made for himself to adore, moles and bats.

21 And he shall go into the clifts of rocks, and into the holes of stones from the face of the fear of the Lord, and from the glory of his majesty, when he shall rife up to strike the earth.

from the man, whose breath is in his nostrils, for he is

reputed high.

# CHAP. III.

The confusion and other evils that shall come upon the Jews for ther sins. The pride of their women shall be punished.

POR behold the fovereign the Lord of hofts shall take away from Jerusalem, and from Juda the valiant and the strong, the whole strength of bread, and the whole strength of water.

2 The firong man, and the man of war, the judge, and the prophet, and the cunning man, and the an-

The captain over fifty, and the honourable in countenance, and the counfellor, and the architect, and the skilful in eloquent speech.

4 And I will give children to be their princes, and the effeminate shall rule over

them.

5 And the people shall rush one upon another, and every man against his neighbour: the child shall make a tumult against the ancient, and the base against the honourable.

6 For a man shall take hold of his brother, one of the house of his father, faying: Thou hast a garment, be thou our ruler, and let this ruin be under thy hand.

7 In that day he shall anfwer, saying: I am no healer, and in my house there is no bread, nor clothing: make me not ruler of the people.

8 For Jerusalem is ruined, and Juda is fallen: because their tongue, and their devices are against the Lord, to provoke the eyes of his majesty.

9 The shew of their countenance hath answered them: and they have proclaimed abroad their sin as Sodom,

dantly confuted, who charge the whole christian church with worshipping idols, for many ages.

and they have not hid it? wo to their foul, for evils are rendered to them.

to Say to the just man that it is well, for he shall eat the fruit of his doings.

11 Wo to the wicked unto evil: for the reward of his hands shall be given him.

12 As for my people, their oppressors have stripped them, and women have ruled over them. O my people, they that call thee bleffed, the fame deceive thee, and destroy the way of thy steps.

13 The Lord standeth up to judge, and he standeth to judge the people.

14 The Lord will enter into judgment with the ancients of his people, and its princes: for you have devoured the vineyard, and the spoil of the poor is in your house.

15 Why do you confume my people, and grind the faces of the poor, faith the Lord the God of hofts?

16 And the Lord faid: Because the daughters of Sion are haughty, and have walked with ftretched out necks, and wanton glances of their eyes, and made a noife, as they walked with their feet, and moved in a fet pace.

17 The Lord will make bald the crown of the head and the Lord will discover their hairs wit longuage

18 In that day the Lord will take away the ornaments of shoes, and little moons.

19 And chains, and neck. laces, and bracelets, and bonnets.

20 And bodkins, and ornaments of the legs, and tablets, and fweet balls, and ear-rings, all of bal. 15

21 And rings, and jewels hanging on the forehead.

23 And changes of apparel, and fhort cloaks, and fine linen, and crifping pins,

23 And looking-glasses, and launes, and headbands, and fine vails.

24 And instead of a sweet fmell there shall be stench. and instead of a girdle a cord, and instead of curled hair baldness, and instead of a stomacher haircloth.

25 Thy fairest men also shall fall by the sword, and thy valiant ones in battle.

26 And her gates shall lament and mourn, and she shall fir defolate on the ground.

# CHAP.

After an extremity of evils that Shall fall upon the Jews, a remnant shall be comforted by Christ.

A ND in that day seven of one man, faying: We of the daughters of Sion, will eat our own bread, and

wear

wear our own apparel: only let us be called by thy name, take away our reproach.

2 In that day (a) the bud of the Lord shall be in magnificence, and glory, and the fruit of the earth shall be high, and a great joy to them, that shall have escaped of Israel.

3 And it shall come to pass, that every one that shall be left in Sion, and that shall remain in Jerusalem, shall be called holy, every one that is written in

life in Jerusalem.

4 If the Lord shall wash away the silth of the daughters of Sion, and shall wash away the blood of Jerusalem out of the midst thereof, by the spirit of judgment, and by the spirit of burning.

5 And the Lord will create upon every place of mount Sion, and where he is called upon, a cloud by day, and a smoke and the brightness of a flaming fire in the night: for over all the glory shall be a protection.

6 And there shall be a tabernacle for a shade in the day-time from the heat,

and for a fecurity, and covert from the whirlwind, and from rain.

#### CHAP. V.

The reprobation of the fews is foreshewn under the parable of a wineyard. A wo is pronounced against sinners: the army God shall send against them.

Will fing to my beloved the canticle of (a) my cousin concerning his vine-yard. My beloved had a vineyard (b) on a hill in a

fruitful place.

2 And he fenced it in, and pickt the stones out of it, and planted it with choicest vines, and built a tower in the midst thereof, and set up a wine-press therein: and he looked that it should bring forth grapes, and it brought forth wild grapes.

3 And now, O ye inhabitants of Jerufalem, and ye men of Juda, judge between me and my vineyard.

4 What is there that I ought to do more to my vineyard, that I have not done to it? Was it that I looked that it should bring

Chap. IV. (a) Ver. 2. The bud of the Lord. That is, Christ.

Chap. V. (a) Ver. 1. My confin. So the prophet calls Christ, as being of his family and kindred, by descending from the house of David.

(b) Ibidem. On a bill, &c. Literally, in the born, the

Son of oil.

THE LEWIS

forth grapes, and it hath low drunkenness, and to brought forth wild grapes?

And now I will shew you what I will do to my vineyard, I will take away the hedge thereof, and it shall be wasted: I will break down the wall thereof: and it shall be trodden down.

6 And I will make it defolate: it shall not be pruned, and it shall not be digged : but briers and thorns shall come up: and I will command the clouds to rain no

rain upon it.

7 For the vineyard of the Lord of hofts is the house of Israel: and the man of Juda, his pleasant plant: and I looked that he should do judgment, and behold, iniquity: and do justice, and behold, a cry.

8 We to you that join house to house, and lay field to field, even to the end of the place: shall you alone dwell in the midft of the

earth?

o Thefe things are in my ears, faith the Lord of hofts: of a truth many great and fair houses shall become deiolate, without an inhabitant.

10 For ten acres of vinewards shall yield one little measure, and thirty bushels of feed shall yield three bushels.

11 We to you that rife up early in the morning to fol-

drink till the evening, to be inflamed with wine.

12 The harp, and the lyre, and the timbrel, and the pipe, and wine are in your feasts: and the work of the Lord you regard not, nor do you confider the works of his hands;

13 Therefore is my people led away captive, because they had not knowledge, and their nobles have perished with famine, and their multitude were dried

up with thirst.

ra Therefore hath hell enlarged her foul, and opened her mouth without any bounds, and their strong ones, and their people, and their high and glorious ones shall go down into it.

15 And man shall be brought down, and man shall be humbled, and the eyes of the lofty shall be

brought low.

16 And the Lord of hofts shall be exalted in judgment, and the holy God shall be fanctified in justice.

17 And the lambs shall feed according to their order, and strangers shall eat the defarts turned into fruitfulness.

18 Wo to you that draw iniquity with cords of vanity, and fin as the rope of a cart.

19 That fay: Let him make

make hafte, and let his work come quickly, that we may fee it : and let the counsel of the holy one of Ifrael come, that we may know it.

20 We to you that call evil good, and good evil: that put darkness for light, and light for darkness: that put bitter for fweet, and sweet for bitter.

21 Wo to you that are wife in your own eyes, and prudent in your own conceits.

22 Wo to you that are mighty to drink wine, and flout men at drunkenness.

23 That justify the wicked for gifts, and take away the justice of the just from him.

ea Therefore asthetongue of the fire devoureth the stubble, and the heat of the flame confumeth it : fo shall their root be as ashes, and their bud shall go up as duft: for they have caft away the law of the Lord of hofts, and have blasphemed the word of the holy one of I frael.

25 Therefore is the wrath of the Lord kindled against his people, and he hath thretched out his hand upon them, and ftruck them: and the mountains were troubled. and their carcases became as dung in the midst of the streets. For all this his anger is not turned away, but his hand is ftretched out ftill.

figual to the nations afar off, and will whiftle to them from the ends of the earth: and behold they shall come with speed fwiftly.

27 There is none that shall faint, nor labour among them: they shall not stumber, nor fleep, neither shall the girdle of their loins beloofed. nor the lachet of their shoes be broken.

28 Their arrows are tharp, and all their bows are bent. The hoofs of their horfes shall be like the flint, and their wheels like the violence of a tempest.

29 Their roaring like that of a dion, they shall roar like young lions; yea they shall roar, and take hold of the prey, and they shall keep fast hold of it, and there shall be none to deliver it.

30 And they shall make a noise against them that day, like the roaring of the fea: we shall look towards the land, and behold darkness of tribulation, and the light is darkened with the mift thereof. Lite . Micom

#### CHAP. VI

A glorious wifton, in which the prophet's lips are cleanfed; be foreselleth the obstinacy of the Jews.

No the year that king Ozias died, I faw the 26 And he will lift up a Lord fitting upon a throne Kk 2 high high and elevated : and his train filled the temple.

2 Upon it stood the Seraphims: the one had fix wings, and the other had fix wings: with two they covered his face, and with two they covered his feet, and with two they flew.

3 And they cried one to another, and faid: Holy, holy, holy, the Lord God of hofts, all the earth is full

of his gloryng in all a ben

4 And the lintels of the doors were moved at the voice of him that cried, and the house was filled with imoke.

And I faid : Wo is me because I have held my peace, because I am a man of unclean lips, and I dwell in the midft of a people that hath unclean lips, and I have feen with my eyes the King the Lord of hofts.

6 And one of the Seraphims flew to me, and in his hand was a live coal, which he had taken with the tongs off the altar.

7 And he touched my mouth, and faid: Behold this hath touched thy lips, and thy iniquities shall be taken away, and thy fin shall be cleansed.

8 And I heard the voice of the Lord faying ! Whom shall I fend? and who shall go for us? And I faid : Lo, hero am I, fend me.

o And he faid : Go, and thou shalt fay to this people: Hearing hear, and understand not: and fee the vifion, and know it not.

10 Blind the heart of this people, and make their ears heavy, and shut their eyes: lest they fee with their eyes, and hear with their ears, and understand with their heart. and be converted and I heal them. some aven acely his boy

And I faid: How long. O Lord? And he faid: Until the cities be wasted without inhabitant, and the houses without man, and the land shall be left desolate.

12 And the Lord shall remove men far away, and she shall be multiplied that was left in the midft of the earth. in the late bldout.

13 And there shall be still a tithing therein, and the shall turn, and shall be made a thew as a turpentine-tree, and as an oak, that foreadeth its branches: that which shall stand therein, shall be a holy feed.

# CHAP. VII.

The prophet affures king Achax that the tavo kings his entmies shall not take Jerusa. lem. A wirgin shall conceive and bear a Jon.

A ND it came to pass in the days of Achaz the fon of Joathan, the fon of Ozias king of Juda, that

Rafin

Rafin king of Syria, and Phacee the fon of Romelia king of Ifrael, came up to Jerusalem, to fight against it: but they could not prevail over it.

2 And they told the house of David, faying: Syria hath refled upon Ephraim, and his heart was moved, and the heart of his people. as the trees of the woods are moved with the wind.

3 And the Lord faid to Ifaias: Go forth to meet Achaz, thou, and Jasub thy fon that is left, to the conduit of the upper pool, in the way of the Fullers field.

4 And thou shalt say to him: See thou be quiet: fear not, and let not thy heart be afraid of the two tails of these fire-brands, fmoking with the wrath of the fury of Rafin king of Syria, and of the fon of Romelia.

Because Syria hath taken counsel against thee, unto the evil of Ephraim, and the fon of Romelia, faying:

6 Let us go up to Juda, and rouse it up, and draw it away to us, and make the fon of Tabeel king in the midft thereof.

7 Thus faith the Lord God: It shall not stand, and this shall not be.

8 But the head of Syria is Damascus, and the head of Damascus is Rafin; and

within threescore and five years, Ephraim shall cease to be a people :

o And the head of Ephraim is Samaria, and the head of Samaria the fon of Romelia. If you will not believe, you shall not con-1 percet tinue.

to And the Lord fpoke again to Achaz, faying:

11 Alk thee a fign of the Lord thy God, either unto the depth of hell, or unto the heigth above."

12 And Achaz faid: I will not ask, and I will not

tempt the Lord.

13 And he faid: Hear ye therefore, O house of David: Is it a fmall thing for you, to be grievous to men, that you are grievous to my God alfo?

14 Therefore the Lord himself shall give you a sign. Behold a virgin shall conceive, and bear a fon, and his name shall be called Emmanuel.

15 He shall eat butter and honey, that he may know to refuse the evil, and to

choose the good.

16 For before the child know to refuse the evil, and to choose the good, the land which thou abhorrest shall be forfaken of the face of her two kings.

17. The Lord shall bring upon thee, and upon thy people, and upon the house

Kk 3 of: of thy father, days that have | for briers and thorns shall be not come fince the time of the feparation of Ephraim from Juda, with the king of the

Affyrians.

18 And it shall come to pass in that day, that the Lord shall his for the fly, that is in the uttermost part of the rivers of Egypt, and for the bee, that is in the land of Affyria.

19 And they shall come, and shall all of them rest in the torrents of the valleys, and in the holes of the rocks, and upon all places fet with shrubs, and in all hollow

places.

20 In that day the Lord shall shave with a rasor that is hired, with them that are beyond the river, with the king of the Affyrians, the head, and the hairs of the feet, and the whole beard.

21 And it shall come to pass in that day, that a man shall nourish a young cow,

and two sheep. Isign and

22 And for the abundance of milk he shall eat butter: for butter and honey shall every one eat, that shall be left in the midst of the land.

23 And it shall come to pass in that day, that every place, where there were a thousand vines, at a thousand pieces of filver, shall become thorns and briers.

24 With arrows and with bows they shall go in thither : in all the land.

25 And as for all the hills. that shall be raked with a rake. the fear of thorns and briers shall not come thither, but they shall be for the ox to feed on, and the leffer cattle to tread upon.

#### CHAP. VIII.

The name of a child that is to be born: many evils hall come upon the Jews for their fins.

A N D the Lord faid to me: Take thee a great book, and write in it with a man's pen. Take away the spoils with speed, quickly take the prey.

2 And I took unto me faithful witnesses, Urias the prieft, and Zacharias the fon

of Barachias.

3 And I went to the prophetels, and the conceived, and bore a fon. And the Lord faid to me: Call his name, Hasten to take away the spoils: Make hafte to take the prey.

4 For before the child know to call his father and his mother, the strength of Damascus, and the spoils of Samaria, shall be taken away before the king of the Affyrlans.

5 And the Lord spoke to

me again, faying:

6 Forasmuch as this people hath cast away the waters of Siloe, that go with filence

and hath rather taken Rasin, and the son of Romelia:

7 Therefore behold the Lord will bring upon them the waters of the river strong and many, the king of the Assyrians, and all his glory: and he shall come up over all his channels, and shall overslow all his banks.

8 And shall pass through Juda, overflowing, and going over shall reach even to the neck. And the stretching out of his wings shall fill the breadth of thy land; O Em-

manuel.

o Gather yourselves together, O ye people, and be overcome, and give ear all ye lands afar off: strengthen yourselves, and be overcome, gird yourselves, and be overcome.

no Take counsel together, and it shall be deseated: speak a word, and it shall not be done: because God is with us.

to me: As he hath taught me, with a strong arm, that I should not walk in the way of this people, faying:

12 Say ye not: A confpiracy: for all that this people speaketh, is a conspiracy: neither fear ye their fear, nor

be afraid.

13 Sanctify the Lord of hofts himself; and let him be your fear, and let him be your dread. 14 And he shall be a sanctification to you. But for a stone of stumbling, and for a rock of offence to the two houses of Israel, for a snare and a ruin to the inhabitants of Jerusalem.

15 And very many of them shall stumble and fall, and shall be broken in pieces, and shall be fnared, and taken.

16 Bind up the testimony, feal the law among my dis-

ciples.

17 And I will wait for the Lord, who hath hid his face from the house of Jacob, and I will look for him.

18 Behold I and my children, whom the Lord hath given me for a fign, and for a wonder in Ifrael from the Lord of hofts, who dwelleth in mount Sion.

fay to you: Seek unto them that have (a) pythonical spirits, and to diviners, that mutter in their inchantments: should not the people seek unto their God, and not for the living to the dead?

to the testimony. And if they speak not according to this word, they shall not have the morning light.

21 And they shall pass by it, they shall fall, and be hungry: and when they shall be hungry, they will be angry, and curle their king, and their God, and look upwards.

22 And they shall look to the earth, and behold trouble and darkness, weakness and distress, and a mist following them, and they cannot sly away from their distress.

#### CHAP, IX.

What joy shall come after afflictions by the birth and kingdom of Christ; which shall flourish for ever. Judgments upon Israel for their fins.

A T the first time the land of Zabulon, and the land of Nephthali was lightly touched: and at the last the way of the sea beyond the Jordan of the Galilee of the Gentiles was heavily loaded.

in darkness, have seen a great light: to them that dwelt in the region of the shadow of

death, light is rifen.

3 Thou hast multiplied the nation, and hast not increased the joy. They shall rejoice before thee, as they that rejoice in the harvest, as conquerors rejoice after taking a prey, when they divide the spoils.

burden, and the rod of their shoulder, and the scepter of their oppressor thou hast

overcome, as in the day of Madian.

of spoils, with tumult, and garment mingled with blood, shall be burnt, and be fewel for the fire,

on his shoulder: and his name shall be called, Wonderful, Counseller, God, the Mighty, the Father of the world to come, the Prince of peace.

7 His empire shall be multiplied, and there shall be no end of peace: he shall sit upon the throne of David, and upon his kingdom: to establish it, and strengthen it with judgment and with justice, from henceforth and for ever: the zeal of the Lord of hosts will perform this.

8 The Lord fent a word into Jacob, and it hath lighted

upon Jirael.

9 And all the people of Ephraim shall know, and the inhabitants of Samaria, that say in the pride and haughtiness of their heart:

down, but we will build with fquare stones: they have cut down the sycomores, but we will change them for cedars.

up the enemies of Rasin over him, and shall bring on his enemies in a crowd.

12. The Syrians from the

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eaft, and the Philiftines from the west ! and they shall deyour Ifrael with open mouth. For all this his indignation is not turned away, but his hand is firetched out fill.

12 And the people are not returned to him, who hath firuck them, and have not fought after the Lord of hofts.

14 And the Lord fhall destroy out of Israel the head and the tail, him that bendeth down, and him that holdeth back, in one day.

15 The aged and honourable, he is the head: and the prophet that teacheth lies, he

is the tail. Wall and has to

16 And they that call this people bleffed shall cause them to err: and they that are called bleffed, shall be thrown down headlong. I and at none we that

17 Therefore the Lord shall have no joy in their young men: neither shall he have mercy on their fatherless, and widows: for every one is a hypocrite and wicked, and every mouth hath spoken folly. For all this his indignation is not turned away; but his hand is stretched out still.

18 For wickedness is kindled as a fire, it shall devour the brier and the thorn and shall kindle in the thicket of the forest, and it shall be wrapped up in fmoke afcending on high. to dry year at that on

19 By the wrath of the Lord of hofts the land is troubled, and the people shall be as fewel for the fire: no man

shall spare his brother.

20 And he shall turn to the right hand, and shall be hungry: and shall eat on the left hand, and shall not be filled: every one shall eat the flesh of his own arm: Manasses, Ephraim, and Ephraim Manaffes, and they together shall be against Juda.

21 After all these things his indignation is not turned away. but his hand is ftretched out

ftill:

#### the the best frest that and to fl CHAP. Xins

Wo to the makers of wicked laws. The Affirians shall be a rod for punishing Israel: but for their pride they hall be defroyed; and la remnant of Afrael faved: A

W o to them that make wicked laws : and when they write, write injuffice;"

2 To oppress the poor in judgment, and do violence to the cause of the lowly of my people that widows may be their prey, and that they may rob the fatherless.

What will you do in the day of vifitation, and of the calamity which cometh from afar? to whom will ye flee for help? and where will ve leave your glory ? a story ses

4. That you be not bowed down under the bond, and fall with the flain? In all thefe things his anger is not turned

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away, but his hand is firetehed out ftill.

5 We to the Affyrian, he is the red and the staff of my anger, and my indignation is

in their hands.

6 I will fend him to a deceitful nation, and I will give him a charge against the people of my wrath, to take away the spoils, and to lay hold on the prey, and to tread them down like the mire of the freets.

7 But he shall not take it so, and his heart shall not think so: but his heart shall be set to destroy, and to cut off nati-

one not a few.

& For he shall fay :

Are not my princes as formany kings his not Calano as Charcamis: and Emath as Arphad his not Samaria as Damascus?

the kingdoms of the idol, for also their idols of Jerusalem,

and of Samaria.

AWAY.

done to Samaria and her idols, to do to Jerusalem and her idols?

pals, that when the Lord shall have performed all his works in mount Sion, and in Jerusa-Jem, I will visit the fruit of the proud heart of the king of Assyria, and the glory of the haughtiness of this eyes.

the Arength of my own hand

I have done it, and by my own wisdom I have underflood: and I have removed the bounds of the people, and have taken the spoils of their princes, and as a mighty man have pulled down them that sat on high.

14 And my hand hath found the strength of the people as a nest; and as eggs are gathered, that are lest, so have I gathered all the earth; and there was none that moved the wing, or opened the mouth, or made the least noise.

against him, that cutteth with it? or shall the saw exalt itself against him, by whom it is drawn? as if a rod should list itself up against him, that list-eth it up, and a staff exalt itself, which is but wood.

Lord, the Lord of hofts, shall fend leanness among his fat ones and under his glory shall be kindled a burning as it were the burning of a fire.

fhall be as a fire, and the holy One thereof as a flame: and his thorns and his briers shall be set on fire, and shall be de-

voured in one day.

18 And the glory of his forest, and of his beautiful hill shall be consumed from the foul even to the slesh, and he shall run away through fear.

of the trees of his forest shall

he

be fo few, that they shall easily be numbered, and a child shall write them down.

20 And it shall come to pass in that day, that the remnant of Israel, and they that shall escape of the house of Jacob, shall lean no more upon him, that striketh them: but they shall lean upon the Lord, the holy One of Israel, in truth.

21 The remnant shall be converted, the remnant, I say, of Jacob, to the mighty God.

22 For if thy people, O Israel, shall be as the fand of the sea, (a) a remnant of them shall be converted, (b) the confumption abridged shall over-flow with justice.

23 For the Lord God of hosts shall make a consumption, and an abridgment in the midst of all the laud.

24 Therefore, thus faith

the Lord the God of hosts:
O my people that dwellest in Sion, be not afraid of the Assyrian: he shall strike thee with his rod, and he shall list up his staff over thee in the way of Egypt.

25 For yet a little and a very little while, and my indignation shall cease, and my wrath shall be upon their wick-

edness.

26 And the Lord of hosts shall raise up a scourge against him, according to the slaughter of Madian in the rock of Oreb, and his rod over the sea, and he shall lift it up in the way of Egypt.

27 And it shall come to pass in that day, that his burden shall be taken away from off thy shoulder, and his yoke from off thy neck, and the yoke shall putrify (c) at the presence of the oil.

28 He shall come (d) into

Chap. X. (a) Ver. 22. A remnant of them shall be converted. This was partly verified in the children of Israel, who remained after the devastations of the Assyrians, in the time of king Ezechias: and partly in the conversion of a remnant of the lews to the faith of Christ.

(h) Ibidem. The confumption abridged, &c. That is, the number of them cut short and reduced to few, shall flourish in

abundance of juffice. -

(c) Ver. 27. At the presence of the oil. That is, by the

sweet unction of divine mercy.

(d) Ver. 28. Into Aiath, &c. Here the prophet describes the march of the Assyrians under Sennacherib; and the terror they should carry with them: and how they should suddenly be destroyed.

Aiath, he shall pass into Magron: at Machmas he shall lay up his carriages.

29 They have passed in haste, Gaba is our lodging: Rama was astonished, Gabaath of Saul fled away.

30 Lift up thy voice, O daughter of Gallim, attend, O Laifa, poor Anathoth.

ye inhabitants of Gabim, take

courage.

32 It is yet day enough, to remain in Nobe: he shall shake his hand against the mountain of the daughter of Sion, the hill of Jerusalem.

Lord of hosts shall break the earthen vessel with terror, and the tall of stature shall be cut down, and the losty shall be humbled.

34 And the thickets of the forest shall be cut down with iron, and Libanus with its high ones shall fall.

CHAP. XI.

Of the spiritual kingdom of Christ, to which all nations shall repair.

A ND there shall come forth a rod out of the root of Jesse, and a slower shall rise up out of his root.

2 And the Spirit of the Lord shall rest upon him: the spirit of wisdom, and of understanding, the spirit of counsel, and of fortitude, the spirit of knowledge, and of godliness,

3 And he shall be filled

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with the spirit of the fear of the Lord. He shall not judge according to the sight of the eyes, nor reprove according to the hearing of the ears.

4 But he shall judge the poor with justice, and shall reprove with equity for the meek of the earth: and he shall strike the earth with the rod of his mouth, and with the breath of his lips he shall slay the wicked.

5 And justice shall be the girdle of his loins: and faith the girdle of his reins.

6 The wolf shall dwell with the lamb: and the leopard shall lie down with the kid: the calf, and the lion, and the sheep shall abide together, and a little child shall lead them.

7 The calf, and the bear shall feed: their young ones shall rest together: and the lion shall eat straw like the ox.

8 And the fucking child shall play on the hole of the asp: and the weaned child shall thrust his hand into the den of the basilisk.

9 They shall not hurt, nor shall they kill in all my holy mountain, for the earth is filled with the knowledge of the Lord, as the covering waters of the sea.

ro In that day shall be the root of Jesse, who standeth for an ensign of reople, him the gentiles shall beseech, and his sepulches shall be glorious.

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pass in that day, that the Lord shall set his hand the second time to possess the remnant of his people, which shall be left from the Assyrians, and from Egypt, and from Phetros, and from Ethiopia, and from Elam, and from Sennaar and from Emath, and from the islands of the sea.

12 And he shall set up a standard unto the nations, and shall assemble the sugitives of Israel, and shall gather toge ther the dispersed of Juda from the four quarters of the earth.

phraim shall be taken away, and the enemies of Juda shall perish: Ephraim shall not envy Juda, and Juda shall not fight against Ephraim.

14 But they shall flie upon the shoulders of the Philistines by the sea, they together shall spoil the children of the east: Edom, and Moab shall be under the rule of their hand, and the children of Ammon shall be obedient.

and the Lord shall lay waste the tongue of the sea of Egypt, and shall lift up his hand over the river in the strength of his spirit: and he shall strike it in the seven streams, so that men may pass through it in their shoes.

16 And there shall be a high-way for the remnant of

my people, which shall be left from the Affyrians: as there was for Ifrael in the day, that he came up out of the land of Egypt.

CHAP. XII.

A canticle of thankfeiving for the benefits of Christ.

A ND thou shalt say in that day: I will give thanks to thee, O Lord, for thou wast angry with me: thy wrath is turned away, and thou hast comforted me.

Behold, God is my faviour, I will deal confidently, and will not fear: because the Lord is my strength, and my praise, and he is become my salvation.

3 You shall draw waters with joy out of the saviour's fountains.

4 And you shall say in that day: Praise ye the Lord, and call upon his name: make his inventions known among the people: remember that his name is high.

5 Sing ye to the Lord, for he hath done great things: shew this forth in all the earth.

6 Rejoice, and praise O thou habitation of Sion: for great is he that is in the midst of thee, theholy one of Israel.

CHAP. XIII.

The defolation of Babylon.

HE (a) burden of Babylon, lon, which I faias the fon of Amos faw.

Chap. XIII. (a) Ver. 1. The burden of Babylon. That is, a prophely against Babylon.

2 Upon the dark mountain lift ye up a banner, exalt the voice, lift up the hand, and let the rulers go into the gates.

3 I have commanded my fanctified ones, and have called my strong ones in my wrath, them that rejoice in

my glory.

4 The noise of a multitude in the mountains, as it were of many people, the noise of the sound of kings, of nations gathered together: the Lord of hosts hath given charge to the troops of war,

a country afar off, from the end of heaven: the Lord and the inftruments of his wrath, to destroy the whole land.

of the Lord is near: it shall come as a destruction from

the Lord.

Therefore shall all hands be faint, and every heart of

man shall melt.

8 And shall be broken. Gripings and pains shall take hold of them, they shall be in pain as a woman in labour. Every one shall be amazed at his neighbour, their countenances shall be as faces burnt.

9 Behold, the day of the Lord shall come, a cruel day, and full of indignation, and of wrath, and fury, to lay the land desolate, and to destroy the sinners thereof out of it.

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ven, and their brightness shall not display, their light: the sun shall be darkned in his rifing, and the moon shall not shine with her light.

and I will visit the evils of the world, and against the wicked for their iniquity, and I will make the pride of insidels to cease, and will bring down the arrogancy of the mighty.

12 A man shall be more precious than gold, yea a man than the finest of gold.

13 For this I will trouble the heaven: and the earth shall be moved out of her place, for the indignation of the Lord of hosts, and for the day of his hercewrath.

a doe fleeing away, and as a sheep: and there shall be none to gather them together: every man shall turn to his own people, and every one shall flee to his own land.

15 Every one that shall be found, shall be flain: and every one that shall come to their aid, shall fall by the fword.

16 Their infants shall be dashed in pieces before their eyes: their houses shall be pillaged, and their wives shall be ravished.

17 Behold I will flir up the Medes against them, who shall not feek filver, nor defire gold.

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18 But with their arrows they shall kill the children. and shall have no pity upon the fucklings of the womb, and their eye shall not spare their fons.

19 And that Babylon, glorious among kingdoms, the famous pride of the Chaldeans, shall be even as the Lord destroyed Sodom and Gomor-

rha.

20 It shall no more be inhabited for ever, and it shall not be founded unto generation and generation: neither shall the Arabian pitch his tents there, nor shall shepherds reft and the second

21 But wild beafts shall rest there, and their houses shall be filled with ferpents, and oftriches shall dwell there, and the hairy ones shall dance there: The maria to the short

22 And owls shall answer one another there, in the houfes thereof, and Sirens in the temples of pleasure,

### A SAT TO SUBSTRACT TO TOO CHAP. XIV.

The restoration of Israel after their captivity. The parable or fong infulting over the king of Babylon. prophecy against the Philistines.

TER time is near at I hand, and her days shall not be prolonged. For the Lord will have mercy on Jacob, and will yet choose out of Ifrael, and will make them rest upon their own ground: and the stranger shall be joined with them, and shall adhere to the house of Jacob.

2 And people shall take them, and bring them into their place: and the house of Ifrael shall possess them in the land of the Lord for fervants and handmaids: and they shall make them captives that had taken them, and shall subdue 1 1 1 1 1 1 their oppressors.

3 And it shall come to pass in that day, that when God shall give thee rest from thy labour, and from thy vexation, and from the hard bondage, wherewith thou didst ferve before, or maket nois in work

4 Thou fhalt take up this parable against the king of Babylon, and shalt say: How is the oppressor come to nothing, the tribute hath ceafeder a logica to stair our prenda

t 5 The Lord hath broken rhe staff of the wicked, the

od of the rulers,

6 That ftruck the people in wrath with an uncurable wound, that brought nations under in fury, that persecuted in a cruel manner.

7 The whole earth is quiet and still, it is glad and hath re-

joiced.

8 The fir-trees also have rejoiced over thee, and the cedars of Libanus, faying: Since

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thou haft flept, there hath none come up to cut us down.

o Hell below was in an uproar to meet thee at thy coming, it flirred up the giants for thee. All the princes of the earth are risen up from their thrones, all the princes of nations.

to thee: Thou also art wounded as well as we, thou art be-

come like unto us.

down to hell, thy carcas is fallen down: under thee shall the moth be strewed, and worms shall be thy covering.

from heaven, (a) O Lucifer, who didft rife in the morning? how art thou fallen to the earth, that didft wound the pations?

heart: I will ascend into heayen, I will exalt my throne above the stars of God, I will fit in the mountain of the coyenant, in the sides of the north,

14 I will ascend above the height of the clouds, I will be like the most High.

15 But yet thou shalt be brought down to hell, into the depth of the pit.

16 They that shall see thee,

shall turn toward thee, and behold thee: Is this the man, that troubled the earth, that shook kingdoms,

17 That made the world a wilderness, and destroyed the cities thereof, that opened not the prison to his prisoners?

18 All the kings of the nations have all of them flept in glory, every one in his own house.

19 But thou art cast out of thy grave, as an unprofitable branch defiled, and wrapped up among them that are sain by the sword, and are gone down to the bottom of the pit, as a rotten carcass.

company with them, even in burial; for thou hast destroyed thy land, thou hast slain thy people: the feed of the wicked shall not be named for even.

21 Prepare his children for flaughter for the iniquity of their fathers: they shall not rife up, nor inherit the land, nor fill the face of the world with cities.

22 And I will rife up against them, faith the Lord of hosts: and I will destroy the name of Babylon, and the remains, and the bud, and the offspring, saith the Lord.

Chap. XIV. (a) Ver. 12. O Lucifer. O day star. All this, according to the letter, is spoken of the king of Babylon: but it may also be applied, in a spiritual sense, to Lucifer the prince of devils.

23 And I will make it a possession for the ericius and pools of waters, and I will sweep it and wear it out with a besom, saith the Lord of hosts.

24 The Lord of hosts hath fworn, faying: Surely as I have thought, so shall it be: and as I have purposed,

That I will destroy the Affyrian in my land, and upon my mountains tread him under foot: and his yoke shall be taken away from them, and his burden shall be taken off their shoulder.

26 This is the counsel, that I have purposed upon all the earth, and this is the hand that is stretched out upon all

nations.

27 For the Lord of hosts hath decreed, and who can disannul it? and his hand is stretched out: and who shall turn it away?

28 In the year that king Achaz died, was this burden:

29 Rejoice not thou, whole Philistia, that the rod of him that struck thee is broken in pieces: for out of the root of the serpent shall come forth a basilist, and his seed shall swallow the bird.

30 And the first-born of the poor shall be fed, and the poor shall rest with considence: and I will make thy root perish with famine, and I will kill thy remnant.

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31 Howl, O gate, cry, O city: all Philistia is thrown down: for a smoke shall come from the north, and there is none that shall escape his troop.

32 And what shall be answered to the messengers of the nations? That the Lord hath sounded Sion, and the poor of his people shall hope in him.

CHAP. XV.

A prophecy of the desolation of the Moabites.

HE burden of Moab.

Because in the night Ar of Moab is laid waste, it is filent: because the wall of Moab is destroyed in the night, it is filent.

2 The house is gone up, and Dibon to the high places to mourn over Nabo, and over Medaba, Moab hath howled: on all their heads shall be baldness, and every beard shall be shaven.

3 In their streets they are girded with fackcloth: on the tops of their houses, and in their streets all shall howl and come down weeping:

4 Hesebon shall cry, and Elealé, their voice is heard even to Jasa. For this shall the well appointed men of Moab howl, his soul shall howl to itself.

5 My heart shall cry to Moab, the bars thereof shall flee unto Segor a heifer of three

L13 years

years old: for by the ascent of Luith they shall go up weeping: and in the way of Oronaim they shall lift up a cry of destruction,

6 For the waters of Nemrim shall be desolate, for the grass is withered away, the spring is faded, all the green-

ness is perished.

7 According to the greatness of their work, is their vifitation also: they shall lead them to the (a) torrent of the willows.

8 For the cry is gone round about the border of Moab: the howling thereof unto Gallim, and unto the well of Elim

the cry thereof.

9 For the waters of Dibon are filled with blood: for I will bring more upon Dibon: the lion upon them that shall flee of Moab, and upon the remnant of the land.

## CHAP. XVI.

The prophet prayeth for Christ's coming. The affliction of the Moabites for their pride.

SEND forth, O Lord the lamb, the ruler of the earth, from Petra of the defart, to the mount of the daughter of Sion.

2 And it shall come to pass, that as a bird fleeing away, and as young ones flying out of the nest, so shall the daughters of Moab be in the passage of Arnon.

3 Take counfel, gather a council: make thy shadow as the night in the mid-day: hide them that slee, and betray not them that wander about.

4 My fugitives shall dwell with thee: O Moab, be thou a covert to them from the face of the destroyer: for the dust is at an end, the wretch is come to naught: he hath failed, that tred the earth under foot.

5 And a throne shall be prepared in mercy, and one shall fit upon it, in truth in the tabernacle of David, judging and seeking judgment, and quickly rendering that which is just.

6 We have heard of the pride of Moab, he is exceeding proud: his pride and his arrogancy, and his indignation is more than his strength.

7 Therefore shall Moab howl to Moab, every one shall howl: to them that rejoice upon the brick walls, tell ye

8 For the fuburbs of Helebon are desolate, and the lords of the nations have destroyed the vineyard of Sabama: the branches thereof have reached even to Jazer: they have wandered in the wilderness, the branches thereof are left, they are gone over the iea.

Chap. XV. (a) Ver. 7. Torrent of the willows. That is, as some say, the waters of Babylon: others render it a valley of the Arabians.

o Therefore I will lament with the weeping of Jazer the vineyard of Sabama! I will water thee with my tears, O Hesebon, and Eleale: for the voice of the treaders hath rushed in upon thy vintage, and upon thy harvest.

to And gladness and joy shall be taken away from (a) Carmel, and there shall be no rejoicing nor shouting in the vineyards. He shall not tread out wine in the press that was wont to tread it out: the voice of the treaders I have taken away.

shall found like a harp for Moab, and my inward parts for

the brick wall.

12 And it shall come to pass, when it is seen that Moab is wearied on his high places, that he shall go in to his sanctuaries to pray, and shall not prevail.

13 This is the word, that the Lord fpoke to Moab from

that time

14 And now the Lord hath spoken, saying: In three years, as the years of a hireling, the glory of Moab shall be taken away for all the multitude of the people, and it shall be left small and feeble, not many.

# CHAP. XVII.

Judgments upon Damaseus and Samaria. The overthrow of the Assyrians.

THE burden of Damas.

cus. Behold Damas.

cus shall cease to be a city, and shall be as a ruinous heap of stones.

2 The cities of Aroer shall be left for slocks, and they shall rest there, and there shall be none to make them asraid.

3 And aid shall cease from Ephraim, and the kingdom from Damascus: and the remnant of Syria shall be as the glory of the children of Israel: faith the Lord of hosts.

4 And it shall come to pass in that day, that the glory of Jacob shall be made thin, and the fatness of his slesh shall

grow lean.

5 And it shall be as when one gathereth in the harvest that which remaineth, and his arm shall gather the ears of corn; and it shall be as he that seeketh ears in the vale of Raphaim.

6 And the fruit thereof that shall be left upon it, shall be as one cluster of grapes, and as the shaking of the olive-tree, two or three berries in the top of a bough, or four

Chap. XVI. (a) Ver. 10. Carmel. This name is often taken to fignify a fair and fruitful hill or field, such as mount Carmel is.

or five upon the top of the tree, faith the Lord the God of Ifrael.

of In that day man shall bow down himself to his Maker, and his eyes shall look to the holy One of Israel.

8 And he shall not look to the altars, which his hands made: and he shall not have respect to the things that his singers wrought, such as groves

and temples of idols.

9 In that day his strong cities shall be forsaken, as the ploughs, and the corn (a) that were left before the face of the children of Israel, and thou shalt be desolate.

gotten God thy faviour, and hast not remembered thy strong helper: therefore shalt thou plant good plants, and shalt

fow ftrange feed.

ing shall be the wild grape, and in the morning thy seed shall flourish: the harvest is taken away in the day of inheritance, and shall grieve thee much.

tude of many people, like the multitude of the roaring fea: and the tumult of crowds, like the noise of many waters. 13 Nations shall make a noise like the noise of waters overflowing, but he shall rebuke them, and they shall flee afar off: and they shall be carried away as the dust of the mountains before the wind, and as a whirlwind before a tempest.

behold there shall be trouble: the morning shall come, and he shall not be: this is the portion of them that have wasted us, and the lot of them

that spoiled us.

## CHAP. XVIII.

A wo to the Ethiopians, who fed Ifrael with vain hopes: their future conversion.

WO to the land the winged cymbal, which is beyond the rivers of Ethiopia,

2 That fendeth embassadors by the sea, and in vessels of bulrushes upon the waters. Go, ye swift (a) angels, to a nation rent and torn in pieces: to a terrible people, after which there is no other: to a nation expecting and trodden under foot, whose land the rivers have spoiled:

3 All ye inhabitants of the world, who dwell on the earth, when the fign shall be lifted

Chap. XVII. (a) Ver. 9. That were left, viz. By the Chananites, when the children of Israel came into their land.

<sup>(</sup>b) Ver. 12. The multitude, &c. This and all that follows, to the end of the chapter, relates to the Assyrian army under Sennacherib.

Chap. XVIII. (a) Ver. 2. Angels. Or messengers.

up on the mountains, you shall fee; and you shall hear the found of the trumpet:

4 For thus faith the Lord to me : I will take my reft, and confider in my place, as the noon light is clear, and as a cloud of daw in the day of harveft.

5 For before the harvest it was all flourishing, and it shall bud without perfect ripeness, and the springs thereof shall be cut off with pruninghooks: and what is left, shall be cut away and shaken out.

6 And they shall be left together to the birds of the mountains, and the beats of the earth: and the fowls fhall be upon them all the fummer, and all the beats of the earth shall winter upon them.

7 At that time hall a prefent be brought to the Lord of hofts, from a people rent and torn in pieces : from a terrible people, after which there hath been no other, from a nation expecting, expecting and trod den under foot, whose land the rivers have spoiled, to the place of the name of the Lord of hofts, to mount Sion.

CHAP. XIX.

The punishment of Egypt: their call to the church.

HE burden of Egypt. Behold the Lord will afcend upon a swift cloud, and will enter into Egypt, and the idols of Egypt shall be moved | 2 They shall be confounded

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at his prefence, and the heart of Egypt shall melt in the midft thereof, at half or

2 And I will fet the Four tians to fight against the E gyptians: and they shall fight brother against brother, and friend against friend, city gainst city, kingdom against kingdom. The delich grain

3 And the spirit of Egypt shall be broken in the bowels. thereof, and I will can down their counsel : and they shall confult their idols, and their diviners, and their wizards, and foothfayers.

4 And I will deliver Egypt into the hand of cruel matters, and a fixing king shall rule over them, faith the Lord the God of hofte.

And the water of chefes shall be dried up, and the river shall be wasted and dry:

6 And the rivers shall fail: the streams of the banks shall be diminished, and be dried up. The reed and the bulrush shall wither away:

7 The channel of the river shall be laid bare from its fountain, and every thing fown by the water shall be dried up. it shall wither away, and shall be no more.

8 The fishers also shall mourn, and all that caft a hook into the river shall lament, and they that fpread nets upon the waters sh languish away.

that

in

that wrought in flax, combing I the counsel of the Lord of and weaving fine linen.

10 And its watery places shall be dry, all they shall mourn that made pools to take fishes. of your our sussion is

II The princes of Tanis are become fools, the wife counfellors of Pharao have given foolish counsel: how will you fay to Pharao : I am the fon of the wife, the fon of ancient kings?

12 Where are now thy wife men? let them tell thee. and shew what the Lord of hofts hath purposed upon E-

gypt. Taviso line Lat

13 The princes of Tanis are become fools, the princes of Memphis are gone aftray, they have deceived Egypt, the flay of the people thereof.

14 The Lord hath mingled in the midst thereof the spirit of giddiness; and they have caused Egypt to err in all its works, as a drunken man staggereth and vomiteth.

15 And there shall be no work for Egypt, to make head or tail him that bendeth down,

or that holdeth back.

16 In that day Egypt shall be like unto women, and they shall be amazed, and afraid, because of the moving of the hand of the Lord of hosts, which he shall move over it.

17 And the land of Juda shall be a terror to Egypt: every one that shall remember it shall tremble because of

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hofts, which he hath determined concerning it.

18 In that day there shall be five cities in the land of Egypt, speaking the language of Chanaan, and fwearing by the Lord of hofts: one shall be called the city of the fun.

10 In that day there shall be an altar of the Lord in the midft of the land of Egypt. and a monument of the Lord at the borders thereof.

20 It shall be for a fign. and for a testimony to the Lord of hofts in the land of Egypt. For they shall cry to the Lord because of the oppressor, and he shall send them a Saviour and a defender to deliver them.

21 And the Lord shall be known by Egypt, and the Egyptians shall know the Lord in that day, and shall worship him with facrifices and offerings; and they shall make vows to the Lord, and perform them.

22 And the Lord shall firike Egypt with a scourge, and shall heal it, and they shall return to the Lord, and he shall be pacified towards them.

and heal them.

23 In that day there shall be a way from Egypt to the Affyrians, and the Affyrian shall enter into Egypt, and the Egyptian to the Asyrians, and the Egyptians shall ferve the Affyrian.

be the third to the Egyptian and the Affyrian: a bleffing in the midst of the land.

25 Which the Lord of hofts hath bleffed, faying : Bleffed be my people of Egypt, and the work of my hands to the Afferian : but Ifrael is my inheritance.

#### CHAP. XX.

The ignominious captivity of the Egyptians, and the Ethiopians.

N the year, that Tharthan entered into Azotus. when Sargon the king of the Affyrians had fent him, and he had fought against Azotus, and had taken it :

2 At that same time the Lord spoke by the hand of Maias the fon of Amos, faying: Go, and loofe the fackcloth from off thy loins, and take off thy shoes from thy feet. And he did fo, and went naked, and bare-foot.

a And the Lord faid: As my fervant I faias hath walked, naked and bare-foot, it shall be a fign and a wonder of three years upon Egypt, and upon Ethiopia,

4 So shall the king of the Affyrians lead away the prifoners of Egypt, and the captivity of Ethiopia, young and

24 In that day shall Ifrael | old, naked and bare-foot, with their buttocks uncovered to the shame of Egypt.

> 5 And they shall be afraid. and ashamed of Ethiopia their hope, and of Egypt their glory.

6 And the inhabitants of this ifle shall fay in that day ? Lo this was our hope, to whom we fled for help, to deliver us from the face of the king of the Affyrians: and how shall we be able to escape?

## CHAP. XXI

The destruction of Babylon by the Medes and Perfians: a prophecy against the Edomites, and the Arabians.

HE burden of the (a) defart of the fea. As whirlwinds come from the fouth, it cometh from the defart, from a terrible land.

2 A grievous vision is told me! he that is unfaithful dealeth unfaithfully: and he that is a spoiler, spoileth. Go up (b) O Elam, befiege, O Mede: I have made all the mourning thereof to cease.

3 Therefore are my loins filled with pain, anguish hath taken hold of me, as the anguish of a woman in labour : I fell down at the hearing of it, I was troubled at the feeing of it.

Chap. XXI. (a) Ver. 1. The defart of the fea. So Babylon is here called, because from a city as full of people, as the fea is with water, it was become a defart.

<sup>(</sup>b) Ver. 2. O Elam. That is, O Persia.

My heart failed, darkness | Watchman, what of the night? amazed me : Babylon my beloved is become a wonder to me.

e Prepare the table, behold in the watch tower them that eat and drink : arife, ye princes, take up the shield.

6 For thus hath the Lord faid to me! Go, and fet a watchman : and whatfoever he shall fee, let him tell.

7 And he faw a chariot with two horsemen, (c) a rider upon an als, and a rider upon a camel: and he beheld themdiligently with much heed.

8 And as a lion be cried out: I am upon the watch cower of the Lord, standing continually by day': and I am upon my ward, flanding whole nights.

9 Behold this man cometh, the rider upon the chariot with two horfemen, and he answered, and faid: Babylon is fallen, she is fallen, and all the graven gods thereof are broken anto the ground.

10 O my threshing, and the children of my floor, that which I have heard of the Lord of hofts the God of Ifrael. I have declared unto you.

11 The burden of (d) Duma calleth to me out of Seir: watchman, what of the night?

12 The watchman faid: The morning cometh, alfothe night: if you leek, feek : return, come.

12 The burden in Arabia. In the forest at evening you shall fleep, in the paths of Dedanim.

14 Meet the thirsty and bring him water, you that inhabit the land of the fouth. meetwith bread him that fleeth.

15 For they are fled from before the fwords, from the fword that hung over them, from the bent bow, from the face of a grievous battle.

16 For thus faith the Lord to me: Within a year, according to the years of a hireling, all the glory of (e) Cedar shall be taken away.

17 And the refidue of the number of flrong archers of the children of Cedar shall be diminished: for the Lord the God of I frael hath spoken it.

CHAP. XXII. The prophet laments the devaftation of Juda. He foretelsthe deprivation of Sobna, and the substitution of Eliakim, a figure of Christ.

HE burden of (a) the valley of vision. What aileth

These two riders (c) Ver. 7. A rider upon an afs, Gr. are the kings of the Perfians and Medes.

<sup>(</sup>d) Ver. 11. Duma. That is, Idumea, or Edom.

<sup>(</sup>e) Ver. 16. Cedar, Arabia.

Chap. XXII. (a) Ver. 1. The walley of wifion. Jerufa-

aileth, thee also, that thou too art wholly gone up to the house tops?

2 Full of clamour, a populous city, a joyous city: thy flain are not flain by the fword, nor dead in battle.

3 All thy princes are fled together, and are bound hard: all that were found, are bound together, they are fled far off.

4 Therefore have I faid: Depart from me, I will weep bitterly: labour not to comfort me, for the devastation of the daughter of my people,

For it is a day of flaughter, and of treading down, and of weeping to the Lord the God of hofts in the valley of vision, searching the wall, and magnificent upon the mountain.

6 And Elam took the quiver, the chariot of the horseman, and the shield was taken down from the wall.

7 And thy choice valleys shall be full of chariots, and the horsemen shall place them-

felves in the gate.

8 And the covering of Juda shall be discovered, and thou shalt fee in that day the armoury of the house of the forest. failt nor meil ed s

9 And you shall fee the

breaches of the city of David, that they are many: and you have gathered together the waters of the lower pool,

10 And have numbered the houses of Jerusalem, and broken down houses to fortify the

wall.

III And you have made a ditch between the two walls for the water of the old pool: and you have not looked up to the maker thereof, nor regarded him even at a distance, that wrought it long ago.

12 And the Lord the God of hofts in that day shall call to weeping, and to mourning, to baldness, and to girding

with fackcloth:

And behold joy and gladness, killing calves, and flaying rams, eating flesh, and drinking wine : Let us eat, and drink, for to morrow we shall die.

14 And the voice of the Lord of hofts was revealed in my ears: Surely this iniquity shall not be forgiven you till you die, faith the Lord God of hofts. 2 Son you down

15 Thus faith the Lord God of hofts: Go, get thee in to him that dwelleth in the tabernacle, to Sobna who is over the temple, and thou shalt fay to him :

The temple of Jerusalem was built upon mount Moria, or the mountain of wisson. But the city is here called the valley of vision; either because it was lower than the temple; or because of the low condition to which it was to be reduced.

or as if thou wert formebody here? for thou hast hewed thee out a sepulchre here, thou hast hewed out a monument carefully in a high place, a dwelling for thy-felf in a rock.

17 Behold the Lord will cause thee to be carried away, as a cock is carried away, and he will lift thee

up as a garment. An and or

with a crown of tribulation, he will took thee like a ball into a large and spacious country: there shall the chariot of thy glory be, the shame of the house of thy Lord.

out from thy flation, and depose thee from thy mi-

pass in that day, that I will call my servant Eliacim the

fon of Helcias,

21 And I will cloath him with thy robe, and will firengthen him with thy girdle, and will give thy power into his hand: and he shall be as a father to the inhabitants of Jerusalem, and to the house of Juda.

key of the house of Davidupon his shoulder; and he shall open, and none shall

m M

faut: and he shall shut, and none shall open.

as a peg in a fure place, and he shall be for a throne of glory to the house of his father.

24 And they shall hang upon him all the glory of his father's house, divers kinds of vessels, every little vessel, from the vessels of cups even to every instru-

ment of mufick.

Lord of hofts, shall the peg be removed, that was fatened in the fure place: and it shall be broken and shall fall: and that which hung thereon, shall perish, because the Lord hath spoken it.

## CHAP. XXIII.

The destruction of Tyre. It shall be repaired again after seventy years.

THE burden of Tyre. Howl, ye ships of the sea, for the house is destroyed, from whence they were wont to come: from the land of Cethim it is revealed to them.

2 Be filent, you that dwell in the island: the merchants of Sidon passing over the sea, have filled thee.

3 The feed of the Nile in many waters, the harvest of the river is her revenue: and

handathe

the nations.

4 Be thou ashamed, O Sidon: for the fea speaketh, even the strength of the fea, faying: I have not been in labour, nor have I brought forth, nor have I nourished up young men, nor brought up virgins.

When it shall be heard in Egypt, they will be forry when they shall hear of Tyre: 6 Pass over the seas, howl,

ye inhabitants of the island.

7 Is not this your city, which gloried from of old in her antiquity ? her feet shall carry her afar off to fojourn.

8 Who hath taken this counsel against Tyre that was formerly crowned, who fe merchants were princes, and her traders the nobles of the earth ?

9 The Lord of hofts hath defigned it, to pull down the pride of all glory, and bring to differace all the glorious ones of the earth.

10 Pass thy land as a river, O daughter of the fea, thou haft a girdle no more.

11 He stretched out his hand over the fea, he troubled kingdoms: the Lord hath given a charge against Chanaan, to destroy the strong ones thereof,

ı,

d

12 And he faid: Thou fhalt glory no more, O vir-

the is become the mart of | gin daughter of Sidon who art oppressed: arise and fail over to Cethim, there also thou shalt have no rest.

> 13 Behold the land of the Chaldeans, there was not fuch a people, the Affyrian founded it: they have led away the strong ones thereof into captivity, they have destroyed the houses thereof. they have brought it to ruin.

14 Howl, O ye ships of the fea, for your frength is laid waite.

15 And it shall come to pass in that day, that thou, O Tyre, shalt be forgotten. feventy years, according to the days of one king: but after ferenty years, there shall be unto Tyre as the fong of a harlot,

16 Take a harp, go about the city, thou harlot that halt been forgotten: fing well, fing many a fong, that thou mayft be remembered.

17 And it shall come to pass after seventy years, that the Lord will vifit Tyre, and will bring her back again to her traffick : and the shall commit fornication again with all the kingdoms of the world upon the face of the earth.

18 And her merchandise and her hire shall be (a) fanctified to the Lord: they shall not be kept in store,

Chap. XXIII. (a) Ver. 18. Sandified to the Lord. This alludes to the conversion of the gentiles.

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nor laid up : for her merchandise shall be for them that shall dwell before the Lord, that they may eat unto fulness, and be clothed for a continuance.

#### CHAP. XXIV.

The judgments of God upon all the finners of the world. A remnant Shall joyfully praise bim.

DEHOLD the Lord shall lay waste the earth. and shall strip it, and shall afflict the face thereof, and fcatter abroad the inhabitants thereof.

2 And it shall be as with the people, fo with the prieft: and as with the fervant, fo with his mafter: as with the handmaid, fo with her miftress: as with the buyer, fo with the feller: as with the lender, fo with the borrower: as with him that calleth for his money, fo with him that owether had a higher

With defolation shall the earth be laid wafte, and it shall be utterly spoiled: for the Lord hath spoken this word.

The earth mourned, and faded away, and is weakened: the world faded away, the height of the people of the earth is weakened. but I advor handitud

. e And the earth is infected by the inhabitants thereof: because they have the gentales.

transgressed the laws, they have changed the ordinance. they have broken the everlafting covenant.

6 Therefore shall a curse devour the earth, and the inhabitants thereof shall fin: and therefore they that dwell therein shall be mad, and few men shall be left.

7 The vintage hath mourned, the vine hath languished away, all the merry hearted have fighed.

8 The mirth of timbrels hath ceased, the noise of them that rejoice is ended, the melody of the harp is filent. of of rouse and your

o They shall not drink wine with a fong: the drink shall be bitter to them that drink it alle orow standard

10 The city of vanity is broken down, every house is shut up, no man cometh in.

11 There shall be a crying for wine in the streets: all mirth is forfaken: the joy of the earth is gone away!s bor! yar del o.

12 Desolation is left in the city, and calamity shall

oppress the gates.

13 For it shall be thus in the midst of the earth, in the midst of the people, as if a few olives, that remain, should be shaken out of the olive-tree; or grapes, when the vintage is ended.

14 These shall lift up their voice, and shall give to nodrovnos ons os epraifo: praise: when the Lord shall be glorified, they shall make a joyful noise from the sea.

the Lord in instruction; the name of the Lord God of Ifrael in the islands of the fea.

16 From the ends of the earth we have heard praises, the glory of the just one. And I said: My secret to myself, wo is me: the prevaricators have prevaricated, and with the prevarication of transgref-fors they have prevaricated.

17 Fear, and the pit, and the fnare are upon thee, O thou inhabitant of the earth.

18 And it shall come to pass, that he that shall slee from the noise of the fear, shall fall into the pit: and he that shall rid himself out of the pit, shall be taken in the snare: for the slood-gates from on high are opened, and the foundations of the earth shall be shaken.

19 With breaking shall the earth be broken, with crushing shall the earth be crushed, with trembling shall the earth be moved,

20 With shaking shall the earth be shaken as a drunken man, and shall be removed as the tent of one night: and the iniquity thereof shall be heavy upon it, and it

praise: when the Lord shall | shall fall, and not rise again.

21 And it shall come to pass, that in that day the Lord shall visit upon (a) the host of heaven on high, and upon the kings of the earth, on the earth.

22 And they shall be gathered together as in the gathering of one bundle into the pit, and they shall be shut up there in prison: and after many days they shall be visited.

23 And the moon shall be ashamed, when the Lord of hosts shall reign in mount Sion, and in Jerusalem, and shall be gloristed in the sight of his ancients.

CHAP. XXV.

A canticle of thanksgiving for God's judgments and benefits.

OGO, I will exalt thee, and give glory to thy name: for thou haft done wonderful things, thy defigns of old faithful, amen.

2 For thou hast reduced: the city to a heap, the strong city to ruin, the house of strangers: to be no city, and to be no more built up for ever.

g Therefore shall a strong people praise thee, the city of mighty nations shall fear thee.

Chap. XXIV. (a) Ver. 21. The bost of beaven on high. The demons of the air.

4 Because thou hast been a strength to the poor, a ftrength to the needy in his diffress: a refuge from the whirlwind, a shadow from the heat. For the blaft of the mighty is like a whirlwind beating against walls in rocks

Thou shalt bring down the tumult of strangers, as heat in thirst: and as with heat under a burning cloud, thou shalt make the branch of the mighty to wither a-

bas and

6 And the Lord of hofts shall make unto all people in this mountain, a feast of fat things, a feast of wine, of fat things full of marrow, of wine purified from the

7 And he shall destroy in this mountain the face of the bond, with which all people were tied, and the web that he began over all nations.

8 He shall cast death down headlong for ever: and the Lord God shall wipe away tears from every face, and the reproach of his people he shall take away from off the whole earth: for the Lord hath spoken it.

that day: Lo, this is our God, we have waited for him, and he will fave us: this is the Lord, we have patiently waited for him, we shall rejoice and be joyful in his falvation.

to For the hand of the Lord shall rest in this mountain: and (a) Moab shall be troden down under him. as straw is broken in pieces

with the wain.

It And he shall stretch forth his hands under him, as he that fwimmeth stretcheth forth his hands to fwim: and he shall bring down his glory with the dashing of his hands.

12 And the bulwarks of thy high walls shall fall, and be brought low, and shall be pulled down to the ground, even to the dust.

## CHAP. XXVI.

A canticle of thanks for the deliverance of God's people.

TN that day shall this canticle be fung in the land of Juda. Sion the city of our strength a Saviour, a wall and a bulwark shall be fet therein.

2 Open ye the gates, and let the just nation, that keep-9 And they shall fay in eth the truth, enter in.

Chap. XXV. (a) Ver. 10. Moab. That is, the reprobate, whose eternal punishment, from which they can no way escape, is described under these figures. The 3 The old error is passed away: thou wilt keep peace: peace, because we have hoped in thee.

4 You have hoped in the Lord for ever more, in the Lord God mighty for ever.

5 For he shall bring down them that dwell on high, the high city he shall lay low. He shall bring it down even to the ground, he shall pull it down even to the dust.

6 The foot shall tread it down, the feet of the poor, the steps of the needy.

7 The way of the just is right, the path of the just is

right to walk in.

8 And in the way of thy judgments, O Lord, we have patiently waited for thee: thy name, and thy remembrance are the defire of the foul.

9 My foul hath defired thee in the night: yea and with my fpirit within me in the morning early I will watch to thee. When thou shalt do thy judgments on the earth, the inhabitants of the world shall learn justice.

to Let us have pity on the wicked, but he will not learn justice: in the land of the saints he hath done wicked things, and he shall not see the glory of the Lord,

11 Lord, let thy hand be

Lurage

exalted, and let them not fee: let the envious people fee, and be confounded: and let fire devour thy enemies.

us peace: for thou haft wrought all our works for us.

other lords besides thee have had dominion over us, only in thee let us remember thy name.

let not the dead live, let not the giants rife again: therefore hast thou visited and destroyed them, and hast destroyed all their memory.

Thou hast been favourable to the nation, O Lord, thou hast been favourable to the nation: art thou glorified? thou hast removed all the ends of the earth far off.

after thee in diffres, in the tribulation of murmuring thy instruction was with them.

17 As a woman with child, when she draweth near the time of her delivery, is in pain, and crieth out in her pangs: so are we become in thy presence, O Lord.

and been as it were in labour, and have brought forth wind: we have not wrought falvation falvation on the earth, therefore the inhabitants of the earth have not fallen.

live, my flain shall rife again: awake, and give praise, ye that dwell in the dust: for thy dew is the dew of the light; and the land of the giants thou shalt pull down into ruin.

20 Go, my people, enter into thy chambers, shut thy doors upon thee, hide thyself a little for a moment, until the indignation pass away.

vill come out of his place, to visit the iniquity of the inhabitant of the earth against him: and the earth shall disclose her blood, and (a) shall cover her slain no more.

CONTRECTOR

CHAP. XXVII.

The punishment of the oppressions of God's people. The Lord's favour to his church.

IN that day the Lord with his hard, and great, and ftrong fword shall visit (a) Leviathan the bar serpent, and Leviathan the crooked serpent, and shall slay the whale that is in the sea.

2 In that day there shall be finging to (b) the vineyard of pure wine.

3 I am the Lord that keep it, (c) I will fuddenly give it drink: left any hurt come to it, I keep it, night and day.

4 There is (d) no indignation in me: who shall make me a thorn and a brier in battle: shall I march

Chap. XXVI. (a) Ver. 21. Shall cover ber flain no more. This is faid with relation to the martyrs, and their happy refurrection.

Chap. XXVII. (a) Ver. 1. Leviathan. That is, the devil, the great enemy of the people of God. He is called the bar serpent from his strength, and the crooked serpent from his wiles; and the whale of the sea, from the tyranny he exercises in the sea of this world. He was spiritually slain by the death of Christ, when his power was destroyed.

(b) Ver. 2. The wineyard, &c. The church of Christ.

Hebrew may also be rendered, I will continually water it.

(d) Ver. 4. No indignation in me, &c. viz. against the church: nor shall I become as a thorn or brier in its regard; or march against it, or set it on fire: but it shall always take fast bold of me, and keep an everlasting peace with me.

against

against it, shall I set it on taken away, when he shall

fire together? When a see ad

of of my strength, shall it make peace with me, shall it make peace with me?

nosh in unto Jacob, Israel shall blossom and bud, and they shall fill the face of the

world with feed.

7 (f) Hath he struck him according to the stroke of him that struck him? or is he slain, as he killed them that were slain by him?

8 In measure against measure, (g) when it shall be cast off, thou shalt judge it.
(b) He hath meditated with his severe spirit in the day

of heat.

O Therefore upon this

shall the iniquity (i) of the house of Jacob be forgiven: and this is all the fruit, that the fin thereof should be

taken away, when he shall have made all the stones of the altar, as burnt stones broken in pieces, the groves and temples shall not stand.

fhall be defolate, the beautiful city shall be forfaken, and shall be left as a wilderness: there the calfshall feed, and there shall be lie down, and shall consume its branches.

destroyed with drought, women shall come and teach it: for it is not a wife people, therefore he that made it, shall not have mercy on it; and he that formed it, shall not spare it.

pass, that in that day the Lord will strike from the channel of the river, even to the torrent of Egypt, and you shall be gathered

(f) Ver. 7. Hath be fruck him, &c. Hath God punished the carnal perfecuting Jews, in proportion to their

doings against Christ and his faints?

(b) Ibidem. He bath meditated, &c. God hath defigned

fevere punishments in the day of his wrath.

as shall be converted.

(k) Ver. 10. The ftrong city. Jerusalem.

<sup>(</sup>e) Ver. 6. When they shall rush in, &c. Some understand this of the enemies of the true Israel, that shall invade it in vain. Others of the spiritual invasion made by the apostles of Christ.

<sup>(</sup>g) Ver. 8. When it shall be cast off, &c. When the synagogue shall be cast off, thou shalt judge it in measure, and in proportion to its crimes.

dren of Ifrael.

14 And it shall come to pals, that in that day a noise shall be made with (/) a great trumpet, and they that were loft, shall come from the land of the Affyrians, and they that were out-cafts, in the land of Egypt, and they shall adore the Lord in the holy mount in Jerufalem.

CHAP. XXVIII The punishment of the Ifraelites, for their pride, intemperance and contempt of religi on. Christithe corner-flone. O to the crown of pride, to the drunk-

ards of (a) Ephraim, and to the fading flower the glory of his joy, who were on (b) the head of the fat valley, flaggering with wine.

2 Behold the Lord is mighty and ftrong, as a ftorm of hail: a deftroving whirlwind, as the violence of many waters overflowing, and fent forth upon

a spacious land.

3 The crown of pride of the drunkards of Ephraim thall be troden under feet.

And the fading flower the glory of his joy, who is on away from the breafts.

together one by one, O ye chil- I the head of the fat valley, shall be as a hafty fruit before the ripeness of autumn: which when he that feeth it shall behold, as foon as he taketh it in his hand, he will eat it up.

In that day the Lord of hofts shall be a crown of glory. and a garland of joy to the refidue of his people:

6 And a spirit of judgment to him that fitteth in judgment. and firength to them that return out of the battle to the

7 But (c) these also have been ignorant through wine, and through drunkenness have erred: the prieft and the prophet have been ignorant through drunkenness, they are fwallowed up with wine, they have gone aftray in drunkennefs, they have not known him that feeth, they have been ignorant of judgment.

8 For all tables were full of vomit and filth, fo that there was no more place.

o Whom shall he teach knowledge? and whom shall he make to understand the hearing? them that are weaned from the milk, that are drawn

Chap. XXVIII. (a) Ver. 1. Ephraim. That is, the kingdom of the ten tribes. to yell all the change the tall

Ibidem (b) The head of the fat walley. Samaria, fituate on a hill, having under it a most fertile valley.

(c) Ver. 7. Thefe alfa. The kingdom of Juda.

<sup>(1)</sup> Ver. 13. A preat trampet. The preaching of the gospel for the conversion of the Jews.

command again, command and command again s expect and expect again, expect and expect again; a little there. a little there.

II For with the speech of lips, and with another tongue he will freak to this people.

12 To whom he faid: This is my rest, refresh the weary, and this is my refreshing; and they would not hear.

12 And the word of the Lord shall be to them : command and command again. command and command again, expect and expect again. expect and expect again; a little there, a little there: that they may go, and fall backward, and be broken, and fnared, and taken.

14. Wherefore hear the word of the Lord, ye fcornful men, who rule over my people, that is in Jerusalem.

15 For you have faid : We have entered into a league with death, and we have made a covenant with hell. When the overflowing scourge shall

10 For (d) command and pass through, it shall not come upon us ; for we have placed our hope in lies, and by falshood we are protected.

16 Therefore thus faith the Lord God: Behold I will lay (e) a stone in the foundations of Sion, a tried stone, a corner stone, a precious stone. founded in the foundation. He that believeth, (f) let him not haften.

17 And I will fet judgment in weight, and justice in measure: and hail shall overturn the hope of falthood: and waters shall overflow its protection.

18 And your league with death shall be abolished, and your covenant with hell shall not fland: when the overflowing fcourge shall pais, you shall be troden down by it.

10 Whenfoever it shall pass through, it shall take you away : - because in the morning early it shall pass through in the day and in the night. and vexation alone shall make you understand what you hear.

20 For (g) the bed is

<sup>(</sup>d) Ver. 10. Command and command again, &c. is faid in the person of the Jews, refisting the repeated commands of God, and fill putting him off.

<sup>(</sup>e) Ver. 16. A flone in the foundations. viz. Christ. Ibidem. (1) Let bim not buften. Let him expect his coming with patience,

<sup>(</sup>g) Ver. 20. The bed is fraitened, Gr. It is too narge v to hold two: Ged will have the bed of cur heart all to himfelf. a way proud and tel look it is

firaitened, fo that one must I threshed with faws, neither fall out, and a short covering cannot cover both.

21 For the Lord shall fland up as (b) in the mountain of divisions: he shall be angry as in the valley, which is in Gabaon: that he may do his work, his strange work: that he may perform his work, his work is ftrange to him.

22 And now do not mock, lest your bonds be tied strait. For I have heard of the Lord the God of hofts a confumption and a cutting short upon

all the earth.

22 Give ear, and hear my voice, hearken, and hear my speech. The troy bat & Er

Benetural

24 Shall the plow-man plow all the day to fow, shall he open and harrow his ground?

25 Will he not, when he hath made plain the furface thereof, fow gith, and featter cummin, and put wheat in order, and barley, and millet, and vetches in their bounds?

26 For he will instruct him in judgment: his God will teach him.

27 For gith shall not be

shall the cart-wheel turn about upon cummin : but gith shall be beaten out with a rod. and cummin with a flaff

28 But bread-corn shall be broken small: but the thresher shall not thresh it for ever. neither shall the cart-wheel hurt it, nor break it with its teeth. The last yet a life

29 (i) This also is come forth from the Lord God of hofts, to make his counsel wonderful, and magnify justice. : Maria of

## CHAP. XXIX.

God's beavy judgments upon ferulalem, for their blind ob-Rinacy: with a prophecy of the conversion of the Gentiles.

W O to (a) Ariel, to Ariel the city, which David took : year is added to year : the folemnities are at an end or me at land ; she all

2 And I will make a trench about Ariel, and it shall be in forrow and mourning, and it shall be to me as Ariel.

3 And I will make a circle

(b) Ver. 21. As in the mountain, &c. As the Lord fought against the Philistines in Baal Pharasim, 2 Kings v. and against the Chananites, in the valley of Gabaon. Joine x.

(i) Ver. 29. This also, &c. Such also is the proceeding of the Lord with his land, and the divers feeds he fows therein.

Chap, XXIX. (a) Ariel. This word fignifies, the lion of God, and here is taken for the strong city of Jerusalem.

round

round about thee, and will caft up a rampart against thee, and raife up bulwarks to besieget t hee.

A Thou shalt be brought down, thou shalt speak out of the earth, and thy speech shall be heard out of the ground: and thy voice shall be from the earth like that of the (b) Python, and out of the ground thy speech shall mutter.

5 And the multitude of them that fan thee, shall be like small dust: and as ashes pasing away, the multitude of them that have prevailed a-

gainft thee.

6 And it shall be at an inflant suddenly. A visitation shall come from the Lord of hofts in thunder, and with earthquake, and with a great noise of whirlwind and tempest, and with the flame of devouring fire.

7 And the multitude of all nations, that have fought against Ariel, shall be as the dream of a vision by night, and all that have fought, and befieged, and prevailed against it.

8 And as he that is hungry dreameth, and eateth, but when he is awake, his foul is empty: and as he that is thirfly dreameth, and drinketh; and after he is awake, is yet faint with thirst, and his foul is empty ! fo shall be the multitude of all the Gentiles, that have fought a gainst mount Sion.

o Be aftonished, and wender, waver, and ftagger: be drunk, and not with wine: stagger, and not with drunkenness.

10 For the Lord hath mingled for you the spirit of a deep fleep, he will flut up your eyes, he will cover your prophets and princes, that fee vitions.

11 And the vision of all shall be unto you as the words of a book that is fealed. which when they shall deliver to one that is learned, they shall fay: Read this: and he shall answer: I cannot, for it is fealed.

12 And the book shall be given to one that knoweth no letters, and it shall be said to him: Read: and he shall anfwer: I know no letters.

13 And the Lord faid : Forasmuch as this people draw near me with their mouth, and with their lips glorify me. but their heart is far from me, and they have feared me with the commandment and doctrines of men:

14 Therefore behold I will proceed to cause an admiration in this people, by a great and wonderful miracle: for wisdom shall perish from their wife men, and the understanding of their prudent men shall be hid.

15 -Wo to you that are deep of heart, to hide your counfel from the Lord: and their works are in the dark, and they fay: Who feeth us, and

who knoweth us?

is perverse: as if the clay should think against the potter, and the work should say to the maker thereof: Thou madest me not: or the thing framed should say to him that fashioned it: Thou understandest not.

17 Is it not yet a very little while, and Libanus shall be turned into (c) charmed, and charmel shall be effected as a forest?

18 And in that day the deaf shall hear the words of the book, and out of darkness and obscurity the eyes of the blind shall see.

19 And the meek shall encrease their joy in the Lord, and the poor men shall rejoice in the holy One of Israel.

is brought to nought, the fcorner is confumed, and they are all cut off that watched for iniquity:

word, and supplanted him that reproved them in the gate, and declined in vain from the

juft.

22 Therefore thus faith the Lord to the house of Jacob, he that redeemed Abraham: Jacob shall not now be consounded, neither shall his countenance now be ashamed:

23 But when he shall fee his children, the work of my hands in the midst of him fanctifying my name, and they shall fanctify the holy One of Jacob, and shall glorify the God of Israel:

24 And they that erred in spirit, shall know understanding, and they that murmured,

shall learn the law.

CHAP. XXX.

The people are blamed for their eonfidence in Egypt. God's mercies towards his church: the punishment of sinners.

Wo to you apostate children, saith the Lord, that you would take counsel, and not of me: and would begin a web, and not by my spirit, that you might add sin upon sin;

2. Who walk to go down into Egypt, and have not asked at my mouth, hoping for help in the strength of Pharao, and trusting in the sharao.

dow of Egypt.

3 And the strength of Pharao shall be to your confusion, and the confidence of the shadow of Egypt to your shame.

4 For thy princes were in Tanis, and thy messengers came

even to Hanes.

of They were all confounded at a people, that could not profit them: they were no help, nor to any profit, but to confusion and to reproach.

6 The burden of the beafts

of the fouth. In a land of | trouble and diffress, from whence come the lioness, and the lion, the viper and the flying bafilisk, they carry their riches upon the thoulders of beafts, and their treasures upon the bunches of camels to a people that shall not be able to profit them.

7 For Egypt shall help in vain, and to no purpose: therefore have 1 cried concerning this: It is pride only, fit William to the state of the sta

8 Now therefore go in and write for them upon box, and note it diligently in a book, and it shall be in the latter days for a testimony for ever.

o For it is a people that provoketh to wrath, and lying children, children that will not hear the law of God.

10 Who fay to the feers: See not: and to them that behold : Behold not for us those things that are right: fpeak unto us pleafant things, fee errors for us.

11 Take away from me the way, turn away the path from me, let the holy One of Ifrael cease from before us.

12 Therefore thus faith the holy One of Ifrael: Because you have rejected this word. and have trufted in oppression and tumult, and have leaned upon it: " bud at daily

13 Therefore shall this iniquity be to you as a breach that falleth, and is found want-

101 88

ing in a high wall, for the destruction thereof shall come on a fudden, when it is not looked for."

14 And it shall be broken fmall, as the potter's veffel is broken all to pieces with mighty breaking, and there shall not a fhard be found of the picces thereof, wherein a little fire may be carried from the hearth, or a little water be drawn out of the pit.

15 For thus faith the Lord God, the holy One of Ifrael: If you return and be quiet, you shall be faved: in filence and in hope shall your strength be. And you would not:

16 But have faid : No, but we will flee to horses : therefore shall you flee. And we will mount upon fwift ones: therefore shall they be swifter, that shall purfue after you.

17 A thousand men shall flee for fear of one; and for fear of five shall you flee, till you be left as the mast of a ship on the top of a mountain, and as an enfigh upon a hill.

78 Therefore the Lord waiteth that he may have mercy on you: and therefore shall he be exalted sparing you: because the Lord is the God of judgment! bleffed are all they that wait for him.

ig For the people of Sion shall dwell in Jerufalem: weeping thou shalt not weep, he will furely have pity on thee: at the voice of thy cry, as

Nnz.

foon as he shall hear, he will | the fun, and the light of the answer thee.

20 And the Lord will give you spare bread, and short water: and will not cause thy teacher to flee away from thee any more: and thy eyes shall fee thy teacher.

21 And thy ears hall hear the word of one admonishing thee behind thy back : This is the way, walk in it : and go not afide neither to the right hand, nor to the left.

22 And thou fhalt defile the plates of thy graven things of filver, and the garment of thy molten things of gold, and shalt cast them away as the uncleannels of a menstruous woman. Thou shalt fay to it : Get thee hence.

23 And rain shall be given to thy feed, wherefoever thou shalt fow in the land : and the bread of the corn of the land shall be most plentiful, and fat. The lamb in that day shall feed at large in thy possesfion: a monoton

24 And thy oxen, and the ass-colts that till the ground, shall eat, mingled provender as it was winnowed in the

And there shall be upon every high mountain, and upon every elevated hill, rivers of running waters in the day of the flaughter of many, when the towers shall fall.

26 And the light of the moon shall be as the light of

2 17 91

fun shall be fevenfold, as the light of feven days, in the day when the Lord shall bind up the wound of his people, and shall heal the stroke of their wound. beats, and their tre

27 Behold the name of the Lord cometh from afar, his wrath burneth and is heavy to bear a his lips are filled with indignation, and his tongue as a devouring fire.

28 His breath as a torrent overflowing even to the midft of the neck, to destroy the nations unto nothing, and the bridle of error that was in the jaws of the people.

20 You shall have a fong as in the night of the fantified folemnity , and joy of heart, as when one goeth with a pipe, to come into the mountain of the Lord to the mighty One of Ifrael

30 And the Lord shall make the glory of his voice to be heard, and shall shew the terror of his arm, in the threatening of wrath, and the flame of devouring fire: he shall crush to pieces with whirlwind, and hail-flones.

A AT For at the voice of the Lord the Affyrian shall fear being ftruck with the rod. 1104

32 And the passage of the rod shall be strongly grounded, which the Lord shall make to reft upon him with timbrels and harps, and in great battles he shall overthrow them.

23 For (a) Topheth is prepared from yesterday, prepared by the king, deep, and wide. The nourishments thereof is fire and much wood : the breath of the Lord as a torrent of brimftone kindleth it. Togos ste isdi Blay Hese

CHAP. XXXI.

The folly of trusting to Egypt, and forgetting God. He will fight for his people against the Assyrians.

X70 to them that go down to Egypt for help, trufting in horfes, and putting their confidence in chariots, because they are many: and in horsemen, because they are very ftrong: and have not trufted in the holy One of Israel, and have not fought after the Lord.

2 But he that is the wife one bath brought evil, and hath not removed his words: and he will rife up against the house of the wicked, and against the aid of them that work

iniquity. 3 Egypt is man, and not God ; and their horses, flesh, and not spirit; and the Lord shall put down his hand, and the helper thall fall, and he that is helped thall fall, and they shall all be confounded together. Jew all last the

4 For thus faith the Lord to me: Like as the lion roareth, and the lions whelp upon his prey, and when a multitude of shepherds shall come against him, he will not fear at their voice, nor be afraid of their multitude in fo shall the Lord of hofts come down to fight upon mount Sion, and upon the hill thereof. Their de line has beive

As birds flying, so will the Lord of hofts protect lerusalem, protecting and delivering, passing over and savingly and the way of the

6 Return as you had deeply revolted, O children of li-

rael.

7 For in that day a man shall cast away his idols of filver, and his idols of gold, which your hands have made

for you to fin.

8 And the Affyrian shall fall by the fword, not of a man, and the fword, not of a man, shall devour him? and he shall flee not at the face of the fword: and his young men shall be tributaries to fact off violation

1 9 And his ffrength shall pass away with dread, and his princes fleeing shall be afraid: the Lord hath faid it, whole hre is in Sion, and his furnace in Jerusalem. How the air

lenna, and is taken for hell.

Chap. XXX. (a) Ver. 33. Topheth. 'Tis the same as Ge-Sivel-tion social Missilf a

CHAP XXXII The bleffings of the reign of Christ. The defolation of the Jeaus, and prosperity of the church of Christ.

BHOLD a king shall reign in juffice, and princes shall rule in judgment, and

2 And a man shall be as when one is hid from the wind, and hideth himself from a florm, as rivers of waters in drought, and the shadow of a rock that flandeth out in a defart land, 1970 pelaste married

3 The eyes of them that fee, shall not be dim, and the ears of them that hear, shall hearken diligently.

And the heart of fools shall understand knowledge, and the tongue of stammerers shall speak readily and plain.

5 The fool shall no more be called prince : neither shall the deceitful be called great:

6 For the fool will speak foolish things, and his heart will work iniquity, to practife hypocrify, and speak to the Lord deceitfully, and to make empty the foul of the hungry, and take away drink from the thirfty, he were else

7 The veffels of the deceitful are most wicked; for he Rath framed devices to undo the meek, with lying words, when the poor man fpeaketh judgmenti and at 1 . 6 1860.

8 But the prince will devife fuch things, as are worthy of a prince, and he shall stand above the rulers y mail horoz

o Rife up, ve rich women and hear my voice: ye confident daughters, give ear to my fpeech. enter in or time

10 For after days and a year, you that are confident shall be troubled: for the vintage is at an end, the gathering shall come no more.

11 Be aftonished, we rich women, be troubled, ye confident ones: ftrip you, and be confounded, gird your loins.

12 Mourn for your breafts, for the delightful country, for the fruitful vineyard.

14 Upon the land of my people shall thorns and briers come up: how much more upon all the houses of joy, of the city that rejoiced?

14 For the house is forfaken, the multitude of the city is left, darkness and obscurity are come upon its dens for ever, A joy of wild affes the pastures of flocks

15 Until the spirit be poured upon us from on high: and the defart shall be as a charmel, and charmel fhall be counted for a forest.

16. And judgment shall dwell in the wilderness, and justice shall fit in charmel.

17 And the work of justice shall be peace, and the Tervice of justice quietness, and fecurity for ever. Dis (and)

18 And my people shall fit

in

in the beauty of peace, and | in the tabernacles of confidence, and in wealthy reft.

10 But hail shall be in the descent of the forest, and the city shall be made very low none 2001 32

20 Bleffed are ye, that fow upon all waters, fending thither the foot of the ox and the afs. somes tadi

# CHAP XXXIII.

God's revenge against the enemies of his church. The baptiness of the beavenly Ferusalem in and

TTO to thee (a) that Von spoilest, shalt not thou thyfelf also be spoiled? and thou that despisest, shalt not thyfelf also be despised? when thou shalt have made an end of spoiling, thou shalt be spoiled: when being wearied thou shalt cease to despise, thou shalt be defpifed. led vad has belook

2 O Lord, have mercy on us: for we have waited for thee; be thou our arm in the morning, and our falvation in the time of trouble.

3 At the voice of the Angel the people fled, and at the lifting up thyfelf the nations are fcattered.

gathered together as the locust is gathered, as when the ditches are full of them.

has The Lord is magnified. for he hath dwelt on high he hath filled Sion with judgment and justice:

6 And there shall be faith in thy times: riches of falvation, wisdom and knowledge: the fear of the Lord is his treasure, final nov to

7 Behold they that fee: shall cry without, (b) the angels of peace shall weep. bitterly ve we me made press

8 The ways are made defolate, no one paffeth by the road, the covenant is made void, he hath rejected the cities, he hath not regarded. the men. If he sit is

o The land hath mourned. and languished: Libanus is: confounded, and become foul, and Saron is become as a defart: and Bafan and Carmel are shaken.

10 Now will I rife up. faith the Lord: now will I be exalted, now will I lift up myfelfi sandw thomast

You shall conceive heat, you shall bring forth. stubble: your breath as fire. fiall devour you all or

12 And the people shall 4 And your spoils shall be be as ashes after a fire, as a

Chap, XXXIII. (a) Ver. 1, That Spoilest, &c. This is particularly directed to Sennacherib.

(b) Ver. 7. The angels of peace. The messengers or deputies fent to negociate a peace of robbin double bundle of thorps they shall | thou shalt not see, the peo-

off, what I have done, and you that are near, know

my ftrength.

r4 The finners in Sion are afraid, trembling hath feized upon the hypocrites. Which of you can dwell with devouring fire? which of you shall dwell with everlasting burnings?

15 He that walketh in justices, and speaketh truth, that casteth away avarice by oppression, and shaketh his hands from all bribes, that stoppeth his ears lest he hear blood, and shutteth his eyes that he may see no evil.

16 He shall dwell on high, the fortifications of rocks shall be his highness: bread is given him, his wa-

ters are fure.

hing in his beauty, they shall fee the land far off.

18 Thy heart shall meditate fear: where is the learned? where is he that pondereth the words of the law? where is the teacher of little ones?

19 The shameless people

thou shalt not fee, the people of profound speech: so that thou canst not understand the eloquence of his tongue, in whom there is no wisdom.

20 Look upon Sion the city of our folemnity: thy eyes shall fee Jerufalem, a rich habitation, a tabernacle that cannot be removed: neither shall the nails thereof be taken away for ever, neither shall any of the cords thereof be broken:

21 Because only there our Lord is magnificent: a place (e) of rivers, very broad and spacious streams: no ship with oars shall pass by it, neither shall the great galley

pass through it.

22 For the Lord is our judge, the Lord is our lawgiver, the Lord is our king: he will fave us.

loosed, and they shall be of no strength: thy mast shall be in such condition, that thou shalt not be able to spread the slag. Then shall the spoils of much prey be divided: the lame shall take the spoil.

24 Neither shall he that

of the church, under the allegory of a thip that is disabled.

<sup>(</sup>c) Ver. 21. Of rivers. He speaks of the rivers of endless joys that flow from the throne of God to water the heavenly Jerusalem, where no enemy's ship can come, &c.

The people that dwell therein, shall have their iniquity taken away from them.

CHAP. XXXIV.

The general judgment of the quicked.

COME near, ye Gentiles, and hear, and hearken, ye people: let the earth hear, and all that is therein, the world, and every thing that cometh forth of it.

2 For the indignation of the Lord is upon all nations, and his fury upon all their armies: he hath killed them, and delivered them to flaughter.

ont, and out of their carrafes shall rife a stink to the mountains shall be melted with their blood.

And all the hoft of the heavens thall pine away, and the heavens thall be folded together as a book: and all their hoft thall fall down as the leaf falleth from the vine, and from the figtree.

signoi

For my fword is inebriated in heaven: behold it shall come down upon (a) Idumea, and upon the people of my slaughter unto judgment.

of The sword of the Lord is filled with blood, it is made thick with the blood of lambs and buck-goats, with the blood of rams full of marrow: for there is a victim of the Lord in Bosra, and a great flaughter in the land of Edom.

7 And the (b) unicorns
shall go down with them,
and the bulls with the mighty: their land shall be souled
with blood, and their ground
with the fat of far ones.

wengeance of the Lord, (c) the year of recompenses of the judgment of Sion.

the judgment of Sion.

9 And the fireams thereof fhall be turned into pitch, and the ground thereof into brimftone: and the land, thereof fhall become burning pitch.

not be quenched, the smoke thereof shall go up for ever:

of Idumea or Edin, a people that were enemies of the Jews, are here understood the wicked in general, the enemies of God and his church and the wicked in general, the

(b) Ver. 7. The unicores. That is, the great and mighty.

(c) Ver. 8. The year of recompenses, &c. When the perfecutors of Sion, that is, of the church, shall receive their reward.

from generation to generation it shall lie waste, none shall pass through it for ever and ever.

The bittern and ericius shall possess it: and the ibis and the raven shall dwell in it: and a line shall be stretched out upon it, to bring it to nothing, and a plummet, unto deso-lation.

fhall not be there: they shall call rather upon the king, and all the princes thereof

shall be nothing, as line

fhall grow up in its houses, and the thistle in the fortresses thereof: and it shall be the habitation of dragons, and the pasture of offriches.

fters shall meet, and the hairy ones shall cry out to one another, there hath the lamia lien down, and found

reft for herfelf. .....

had its hole, and brought up its young ones, and hath dug round about, and cherished them in the shadow thereof: thither are the kites gathered rogether one to another, and prove the state of the stat

in the book of the Lord, and read: not one of them was wanting, one hath not fought for the other: for that which proceedeth out

of my mouth, he hath commanded, and his spirit it hath gathered them.

1.7 And he hath cast the lot for them, and his hand hath divided it to them by line: they shall possess it for ever, from generation to generation they shall dwell therein.

## CHAP. XXXV.

The joyful flourishing of Christ's kingdom: in his church shall be a boly and secure way.

THE land that was defolate and impaffable shall be glad, and the wilderness shall rejoice, and shall flourish like the lily.

2 It shall bud forth and blossom, and shall rejoice with joy and praise: the glory of Libanus is given to it, the beauty of Carmel, and Saron, they shall see the glory of the Lord, and the beauty of our God.

3 Strengthen ye the feeble hands, and confirm the

weak knees, was la bus

Take courage, and fear not: behold your God will bring the revenge of recompence: God himfelf will come and will fave you.

5 Then shall the eyes of the blind be opened, and the ears of the deaf shall

be unftopped.

man leap as a hart, and the tongue

tongue of the dumb shall be free: for waters are broken out in the defart, and streams in the wilderness.

7 And that which was dry land, shall become a pool, and the thirfty land fprings of water. In the dens where dragons dwelt before, shall rife up the verdure of the reed and the bulrush.

8 And a path and a way shall be there, and it shall be called the holy way: the unclean shall not pass over it, and this shall be unto you a straight way, so that fools shall not err therein.

9 No lion shall be there, nor shall any mischievous beast go up by it, nor be found there: but they shall walk there that shall be delivered.

the Lord shall return, and shall come into Sion with praife, and everlasting joy shall be upon their heads: they shall obtain joy and gladness, and forrow and mourning shall shee away.

Sennacherih invades Juda:

A N D it came to pass in the fourteenth year of king Ezechias, that Sennacherib king of the Assyrians came up against all the senced cities of Juda, and took them.

2 And the king of the

CHAP

Affyrians fent Rabfaces from Lachis to Jerusalem, to king Ezechias with a great army, and he stood by the conduit of the upper pool in the way of the fuller's field.

3' And there went out to him Eliacim the fon of Helcias, who was over the house, and Sobna the scribe, and Joahe the son of Asaph the recorder.

4 And Rabfaces faid to them: Tell Ezechias: Thus faith the great king, the king of the Affyrians: What is this confidence, wherein thou trufteft?

5 Or with what counfel or firength doft thou prepare for war? on whom doft thou truft, that thou art revolted from me?

6 Lo thou trustest upon this broken staff of a reed, upon Egypt: upon which if a man lean, it will go into his hand, and pierce it: fo is Pharaoking of Egypt to all that trust in him.

7 But if thou wilt answer me: We trust in the Lord our God: is it not he whose high places and alters Ezechias hath taken away, and hath said to Juda and Jerusalem: You shall worship before this alter?

8 And now deliver thyself up to my lord the king of the Assyrians, and I will give thee two thousand horses, and thou wilt not be able on thy part to find riders for them.

against the face of the judge of one place, of the least of my master's servants? But if thou trust in Egypt, in chariots and in horsemen:

without the Lord against this land to destroy it? The Lord faid to me: Go up against this

land, and deftroy it.

na, and Joahe faid to Rabfaces: Speak to thy fervants in the Syrian tongue: for we understand it: speak not to us in the Jews language in the hearing of the people, that are upon the wall,

12. And Rabiaces faid to them: Hath my master fent me to thy master and to thee, to speak all these words; and not rather to the men, that sit on the wall; that they may eat their own dung, and drink their urine with you?

and cried out with a loud voice in the Jews language, and faid: Hear the words of the great king, the king of the Affyrians.

Let not Ezechias deceive you, for he shall not be able to de-

liver you. I walnow limit us

bak p

nake you trust in the Lord, saying: The Lord will surely deliver us, and this city shall not be given into the hands of the king of the Assyrians.

16 Do not hearken to Eze-

chias: for thus faith the king of the Affyrians. Do with me that which is for your advantage, and come out to me, and eat we every one of his vine, and every one of his figure, and every one the water of his cittern,

you away to a land, like to your own, a land of corn and of wine, a land of bread and

vineyards on discrebal o

trouble you, faying: The Lord will deliver us. Have any of the gods of the nations delivered their land out of the hand of the king of the Affyrians?

of Emath, and of Arphad? where is the god of Sepharvaim? have they delivered Samaria out of my hand?

all the gods of these lands, that hath delivered his country out of my hand, that the Lord may deliver Jerusalem out of my hand?

peace, and answered him not a word. For the king had commanded, faying: Answer

him not.

22 And Eliacim the fon of Helcias, that was over the house, and Sobna the scribe, and Joshe the son of Asaph the recorder, went in to Ezechias with their garments rent, and told him the words of Rabsaces.

### CHAP. XXXVII.

Exechias his mourning and prayer. God's promise of protection. The Affyrian army is destroyed. Sennacherib is slain.

A N D it came to pass, when king Ezechias had heard it, that he rent his garments, and covered himself with sackcloth, and went in to the house of the Lord.

2 And he fent Eliacim who was over the house, and Sobna the scribe, and the ancients of the priests covered with sackcloth, to Isaas the son of Amos the prophet.

3 And they faid to him: Thus faith Ezechias: This day is a day of tribulation, and of rebuke, and of blasphemy: for the children are come to the birth, and there is not strength to bring forth.

4 It may be the Lord thy God will hear the words of Rabsaces, whom the king of the Assyrians his master hath sent to blaspheme the living God, and to reproach with words which the Lord thy God hath heard; wherefore lift up thy prayer for the remnant that is left,

5 And the fervants of Ezechias came to Ifaias.

6 And Isaias said to them: Thus shall you say to your master: Thus saith the Lord: Be not asraid of the words, that thou hast heard, with

which the fervants of the king of the Affyrians have blafphe-med me.

7 Behold, I will fend a spirit upon him, and he shall hear a message, and shall return to his own country, and I will cause him to fall by the sword in his own country.

8 And Rabiaces returned, and found the king of the Affyrians belieging Lobna. For he had heard that he was departed from Lachis,

9 And he heard fay about Tharaca the king of Ethiopia: He is come forth to fight against thee. And when he heard it, he sent messengers to Ezechias, faying:

To Thus shall you speak to Ezechias the king of Juda, saying: Let not thy God deceive thee, in whom thou trustest, saying: Jerusalem shall not be given into the hands of the king of the Assyrians.

all that the kings of the Affyrians have done to all countries, which they have destroyed, and canst thou be delivered?

12 Have the gods of the nations delivered them, whom my fathers have destroyed, Gozam, and Haram, and Reseph, and the children of Eden, that

were in Thalassar?

13 Where is the king of Emath, and the king of Arphad, and the king of the city of Sepharvaim, of Ana, and of Ava?

14 And Ezechias took the letter from the hand of the messengers, and read it, and went up to the house of the Lord, and Ezechias spread it before the Lord.

1 c And Ezechias prayed to

the Lord faving :

16 O Lord of hofts God of Ifrael, who fitteft upon the Cherubims, thou alone art the God of all the kingdoms of the earth, thou haft made heaven and earth.

17 Incline, O Lord, thy ear, and hear : Ocen, O Lord, thy eyes, and ice, and hear all the words of Sennacherib, which he hath fent to blaipheme the living God.

18 For of a truth, O Lord, the kings of the Affyrians have laid wafte lands, and their

countries.

10 And they have cast their gods into the fire, for they were not gods, but the works of mens hands, of wood and stone: and they broke them in pieces.

20 And now. O Lord our God, fave us out of his hand: and let all the kingdoms of the earth know, that thou only art the Lord.

HA AL

21 And Isaias the fon of Amos fent to Ezechias, faying: Thus faith the Lord the God of Ifrael: For the prayer thou

haft made to me concerning Sennacherib the king of the Affvrians:

22 This is the word which the Lord hath fooken of him . The virgin the daughter of Sion hath despifed thee, and laughed thee to fcorn: the daughter of Jerusalem hath wagged her head after thee.

23 Whom haft thou reproached, and whom haft thou blasphemed, and against whom haft thou exalted thy voice. and lifted up thy eyes on high? Against the holy One of Israel.

24 By the hand of the fervants thou haft reproached the Lord : and haft faid: With the multitude of my chariots I have gone up to the height of the mountains, to the top of Libanus: and I will cut down its tall cedars, and its choice fir-trees, and will enter to the top of its height, to the forest of its (a) Carmel.

25 I have digged, and drunk water, and bave dried up with the fole of my foot all the rivers that up in banks.

26 Haft thou not heard. what I have done to him of old? from the days of old ! have formed it; and now ! have brought it to effect : and it hath come to pass that hills fighting together, and fenced cities should be deflroyed.

Chap. XXXVII. (a) Ver. 24. Carmel. See these figurative expressions explained in the annotations on the xixth chapter of the fourth book of kings. 27 The

27 The inhabitants of them were weak of hand, they trem bled and were confounded: they became like the grafs of the field, and the herb of the pafture, and like the grafs of the house-tops, which withered before it was ripe, and at

28 I know thy dwelling. and thy going out, and thy coming in, and thy rage against me. oaryst. ma. my zawi śliny

20 When thou wast mad against me, thy pride came up to my ears : therefore ! will put a ring in thy noie, and a bit between thy lips, and I will turn thee back by the way, by which thou cameft.

30 But to thee this shall be a fign: Eat this year the things that fpring of themselves, and in the fecond year eat fruits: but in the third year fow and reap, and plant vineyards, and eat the fruit of them.

31 And that which shall be faved of the house of Juda; and which is left, shall take root downward, and shall bear fruit upward sales and sales and

32 For out of Jerusalem shall go forth a remnant, and falvation from mount Slon: the real of the Lord of hofts thall do this way sind! won!

33 Wherefore thus faith the Lord concerning the king of the Affyrians : He shall not come into this city, nor shoot an arrow into it, nor come before it with shield, nor cast a trench about it:

34 By the way that he came, he shall return, and into this city he shall not come faith the Lord.

was And I will protect this city, and will fave it for my own fake, and for the fake of

David my fervant.

36 And the Angel of the Lord went out, and flew in the camp of the Affyrians a hundred and eighty five thoufand. And when they arose in the morning, behold they were all dead corples.

37 And Sennacherib the king of the Affyrians went out and departed, and returned, and dwelt in Ninive.

18 And it came to pais. as he was worthipping in the temple of Nelroch his god, that Adramelech and Sarafar his fons flew him with the fword: and they fled into the land of Ararat, and Afarhaddon his fon reigned in his flead.

# CHAP. XXXVIII.

Exechias being advertised that be fall die, obtains by trayer a prolongation of bis life: in confirmation of which the sun goes back. The canticle of Execbias.

N those days Ezechias was fick even to death, and Ifaias the fon of Amos the prophet came unto him, and faid to him : Thus faith the Lord: Take order with thy house, for thou shalt die, and. not live outs add to at my mit

2 And Ezechias turned his face toward the wall, and pray-

ed to the Lord,

3 And faid: I befeech thee, O Lord, remember how I have walked before thee in truth, and with a perfect heart, and have done that which is good in thy fight. And Ezechias wept with great weeping.

4 And the word of the Lord came to Isaias, saying:

5 Go and say to Ezechias: Thus faith the Lord the God of David thy father: I have heard thy prayer, and I have seen thy tears: behold I will add to thy days sifteen years:

6 And I will deliver thee and this city out of the hand of the king of the Affyrians, and

I will protect it.

7 And this shall be a fign to thee from the Lord, that the Lord will do this word

which he hath spoken:

8 Behold I will bring again the shadow of the lines, by which it is now gone down in the sun-dial of Achaz with the sun, ten lines backward. And the sun returned ten lines by the degrees by which it was gone down.

9 The writing of Ezechias king of Juda, when he had been fick, and was recovered

of his fickness.

my days I shall go to the gates

of (a) hell: I fought for the residue of my years.

the Lord God in the land of the living. I shall behold man no more, nor the inhabitant of rest.

end, and it is rolled away from me, as a shepherd's tent. My life is cut off, as by a weaver: whilft I was yet but beginning, he cut me off: from morning even to night thou wilt make an end of me.

as a lion so hath he broken all my bones: from morning even to night thou wilt make an

end of me.

fwallow, I will meditate like a dove: My eyes are weak-ened with looking upward: Lord, I fuffer violence, answer thou for me.

what shall I say, or what shall he answer for me, whereas he himself hath done it? I will recount to thee all my years in the bitterness of my foul.

16 O Lord, if man's life be such, and the life of my spirit be in such things as these, thou shalt correct me, and

make me to live.

17 Behold in peace is my bitterness most bitter; but thou hast delivered my soul

Chap. XXXVIII. (a) Ver. 10. Hell, Sheol, or Hade, the region of the dead.

that it should not perish, thou hast cast all my sine behind thy back.

fess to thee, neither shall death praise thee: nor shall they that go down into the pit, look for thy truth.

he shall give praise to thee, as I do this day: the father shall make thy truth known to the children.

we will fing our pfalms all the days of our life in the house of the Lord.

that they should take a lump of figs, and lay it as a plaister upon the wound, and that he should be healed.

What shall be the figure that I shall go up to the house of the

# CHAP. XXXIX.

Exechias shews all his treafures to the embassadors of Babylon: upon which Isaias foretells the Babylonish captivity.

A To that time Merodach Baladan the fon of Baladan, king of Babylon, fent letters and prefents to Ezechias: for he had heard that he had been fick and was recovered, and was re-

2 And Ezechias rejoiced at their coming, and he shewed them the storehouse of his a romatical spices, and of the silver, and of the gold, and of the sweet odours, and of the precious ointment, and all the storehouses of his furniture, and all things that were found in his treasures. There was nothing in his house, nor in all his dominion that Ezechias shewed them not.

3 Then Isais the prophet came to king Ezechias, and faid to him: What said these men, and from whence came they to thee? And Ezechias said: From a far country they came to me, from Babylon.

4 And he faid: What faw they in thy house? and Ezechias faid: All things that are in my house have they seen, there was not any thing, which I have not shewed them in my treasures.

5 And Isaias faid to Ezechias: Hear the word of the Lord of hosts.

6. Behold the days shall come, that all that is in thy house, and that thy fathers have laid up in store until this day, shall be carried away into Babylon: there shall not any thing be left, faith the Lord.

7 And of thy children; that shall issue from thee, whom thou shalt beget, they shall take away, and they shall be eunuchs in the palace of the king of Babylon.

8 And Ezechias faid to Isaias: The word of the Lord

O o 3 which

which he hath fooken, is good. | And he faid: Only let peace and truth be in my days.

#### CHAP. XL.

The prophet comforts the people with the promise of the coming of Christ to forgive their fins. God's almighty power and majesty.

E comforted, be comof forted, my people, faith

your God.

2 Speak ye to the heart of Jerusalem, and call to her: for her evil is come to an end, her iniquity is forgiven: she hath received of the hand of the Lord double for all her

3 The voice of one crying in the defart : Prepare ye the way of the Lord, make straight in the wilderness the

paths of our God.

4 Every valley shall be exalted, and every mountain and hill shall be made low, and the crooked shall become straight, and the rough ways plain.

5 And the glory of the Lord shall be revealed, and all flesh together shall fee, that

the mouth of the Lord hath spoken.

6 The voice of one, faying: Cry. And I faid: What shall I cry? All flesh is grass, and all the glory thereof as the flower of the field.

7 The grafs is withered, and the flower is fallen, because the spirit of the Lord hath blown upon it. Indeed the people is grafs:

8 The grass is withered. and the flower is fallen: but the word of our Lord endureth

for ever. sale comments to

o Get thee up upon a high mountain, thou that bringeft good tidings to Sion: lift up thy voice with strength, thou that bringest good tidings to Jerusalem : lift it up, fear not. Say to the cities of Juda: Behold your God:

10 Behold the Lord God shail come with strength, and his arm shall rule: behold his reward is with him, and his

work is before him, in

11 He shall feed his flock like a shepherd: he shall gather together the lambs with his arm, and shall take them up in his bosom, and he himfelf shall carry them that are with young.

12 Who hath meafured the waters in the hollow of his hand, and weighed the heavens with his palm? who hath poifed with three fingers the bulk of the earth, and weighed the mountains in scales, and the hills in a balance?

13 Who hath forwarded the spirit of the Lord? or who hath been his counfellor, and hath taught him?

14 With whom hath he consulted, and who hath infiructed him, and taught him the path of justice, and taught him

ed him the way of understandfor fodering; and ne ibech gai

15 Behold the nations are as a drop of a bucket, and are counted as the fmallest grain of a balance : behold the islands areas a little doft.

16 And Libanus shall not be enough to burn, nor the beafts thereof sufficient for a

burnt offering.

17 All nations are before him as if they had no being at all, and are counted to him as nothing, and vanity.

18 To whom then have you likened God? or what image will you make for him?

10 Hath the workman caft a graven flatue? or hath the goldsmith formed it with gold, or the filversmith with plates of filver?

20 He hath chosen strong wood, and that will not rot: the skilful workman seeketh how he may fet up an idol that may not be moved.

21 Do you not know? hath it not been heard? hath it not been told you from the beginning? have you not understood the foundations of the earth? MALE THE LAW LEGIT

22 It is he that fitteth upon the globe of the earth, and the inhabitants thereof are as locusts: he that stretcheth our the heavens as nothing, and fpreadeth them out as a tent to dwell in at way doos

23 He that bringeth the

him knowledge, and thew- | fearchers of fecrets to nothing, that hath made the judges of the earth as vanity.

24 And furely their flock was neither planted, nor fown, nor rooted in the earth ; fuddenly he hath blown upon them, and they are withered, and a whirlwind shall take them away as flubble.

25 And to whom have ye likened me, or made me equal, faith the holy One?

26 Lift up your eyes on high, and fee who hath created these things : who bringeth out their hoft by number, and calleth them all by their names: by the greatness of his might and frength, and power, not one of them was milling.

27. Why fayest thou, O Jacob, and speakest, O Israel, My way is hid from the Lord, and my judgment is paffed o-

ver from my God?

28 Knowest thou not, or hast thou not heard? the Lord is the everlasting God, who hath created the ends of the earth: he shall not faint, nor labour, neither is there any fearthing out of his wifdom, out to chimmens, houself,

20 It is he that giveth strength to the weary: and encreaseth force and might to them that are not.

30 Youths shall faint, and labour, and young men shall fall by infirmity.

But they that hope in

the Lord fhall renew their | raged him that forged at frength, they shall take wings as eagles, they shall run and not be weary, they shall walk and not faint. The welling

CHAP. XLI The reign of the just one; the vanity of idols.

ET the islands keep filence before me, and the nations take newstrength: let them come near, and then fpeak, let us come near to judgment together.

2 Who hath raised up the just one from the east, hath called him to follow him? he shall give the nations in his fight; and he shall rule over kings: he shall give them as the dust to his sword, as stubble driven by the wind, to his bow g wood!

3 He shall pursue them, he shall pass in peace, no path shall appear after his

feet.

4 Who hath wrought and done these things, calling the generations from the beginning? I the Lord, I am the first and the last.

The illands faw it, and feared, the ends of the earth were aftonished, they drew

near, and came.

6 Every one shall help his neighbour, and shall fay to his brother : Be of good courage. miner bus

7 The coppersmith strik-

that time, faying: It is ready for fodering: and he ftrengthened it with rails, that it should not be moved non

8 But thou Ifrael art my fervant, Jacob whom I have chosen, the feed of Abra-

ham my friend : la A dr

on o In whom I have taken thee from the ends of the earth, and from the remote parts thereof have called thee, and faid to thee : Thou art my fervant, I have chofen thee, and not cast thee away.

to Fear not, for I am with thee: turn not afide, for I am thy God: I have strengthened thee, and have helped thee, and the right hand of my just One hath

upheld thee.

11 Behold all that fight against thee shall be confounded and ashamed, they shall be as nothing, and the men shall perish that firive against thee.

12 Thou shalt feek them. and shalt not find, the men that refift thee: they shall be as nothing : and as a thing confumed the men that war against thee.

For I am the Lord thy God, who take thee by the hand, and fay to thee: Fear not, I have helped thee walker on movement and

14 Fear not, thou worm Jacob, you that are dead ing with the hammer encou- of Ifrael : I have helped

thee,

thee, faith the Lord : and this, and the holy One of thy Redeemer the holy One of Ifrael.

15 I have made thee as a new threshing wain, with teeth like a faw : thou shalt thresh the mountains, and break them in pieces : and shalt make the hills as chaff. and has make all vo

16 Thou shalt fan them. and the wind shall carry them away, and the whirlwind shall fcatter them : and thou shalt rejoice in the Lord, in the holy One of Ifrael thou shalt be joyful.

17 The needy and the poor feek for waters, and there are none: their tongue hath been dry with thirft. I the Lord will hear them, I the God of Ifrael will not forfake them.

18 I will open rivers in the high hills, and fountains in the midst of the plains: I will turn the defart into pools of waters, and the impassable land into streams of waters.

19 I will plant in the wilderness the cedar, and (a) the thorn, and the myrtle and the olive-tree: I will fet in the defart the fir-tree, the elm, and the box-tree together.

20 That they may fee, and know, and confider, and understand together that the hand of the Lord hath done

7/18/10

Ifrael hath created it.

21 Bring your cause near, faith the Lord : bring hither, if you have any thing to alledge, faid the King of Jacob?

22 Let them come, and tell us all things that are to come : tell us the former things what they were: and we will fet our heart upon them, and shall know the latter end of them, and tell us the things that are to come.

23 Shew the things that are to come hereafter, and we shall know that ye are gods. Do ye also good or evil, if you can: and let us speak, and see together.

24 Behold, you are of nothing, and your work of that which hath no being: he that hath chosen you is an abomination.

25 I have raised up one from the north, and the shall come from the rifing of the fun: he shall call upon my name, and he shall make princes to be as dirt, and as the potter treading clay.

26 Who hath declared from the beginning, that we may know: and from time of old, that we may fay: Thou art just. There is none that sheweth, nor that foretelleth, nor that heareth your words...

27 The first shall fay to

Chap. XLI. (a) Ver. 19. The thorn. In Hebrew, the foitta or fetim, a tree resembling the white thorn. Personal P

Sion : Behold they are here, I that created the heavens, and and to lengfalem I will give an evangelift. ov said 12

28 And I faw, and there was no one even among them to confulty or who, when I afked, could answer a word.

20 Behold they are all in the wrong, and their works are vain; their idols are wind and vanity, 180 tel ilive the

CHAP. XLII. The office of Christ. The preaching of the gospel to the Gentiles. The blindnels and reprobation of the Jews. Our oll

BHOLD (a) my fervant; I will upheld him: my elect, my foul delighteth in him to I have given my fpirit upon him, he shall bring forth judgment to the Gentiles.

2 He shall not cry, nor have respect to person, neither shall his voice be heard abroad.

3 The bruifed reed he shall not break, and Imoking flax he shall not quench ; he shall bring forth judgment unto bruth: b. drad. on W. de

4 He shall not be fad, nor troublesome, till he set judgment in the earth : and the flands thall wait for his law Thus faith the Lord God

Sion:

stretched them out: that effat blished the earth, and the things that fpring out of it : that giveth breath to the people upon it wand fpirit to them that tread thereon;

6 I the Lord have called thee in inflice, and taken thee: by the hand, and preferred thee And I have given thee for a covenant of the people; for a light of the Gentiles, and

7 That thou mighteft open the eyes of the blind, and bring forth the prisoner out of prison, and them that fit in darkness out of the prisonhouse for valued

8 I the Lord, this is my name t I will not give my glory to another; nor my praile to graven things, much

o The things that were fiff, behold they are come: and new things do I declare: before they ipring forth, I will make you hear them.

to Sing ye to the Lord a new fong, his praife is from the ends of the earth : you that go down to the fea, and all that are therein: ye islands, and ye inhabitants of them.

11 Let the defart and the cities thereof be exalted: Cedar shall dwell in houses: ye inhabitants of (a) Petra, give

Chap! XLIfe (a) Ver. 1. My fervant Christ, who, according to his humanity, is the servant of God.

(b) Ver. 14. Petra. A city that gives name to Arabia a we felin, a use sufer when the waite chorn. Petrzea.

praise, they shall cry from the top of the mountains.

12 They shall give glory to the Lord, and shall declare his praise in the islands, at 1.65

13 The Lord shall go forth as a mighty man, as a man of war shall he stir up zeal: he shall shout and cry: he shall prevail against his enemies. out un solum liet

14 I have always held my peace, I have kept filence, I have been patient, I will speak now as a woman in labour : I will destroy, and swallow lack the Lord up at once.

15 I will lay waste the mountains and hills, and will make all their grais to wither : and I will turn rivers into islands, and will dry up the

standing pools,

16 And I will lead the blind into the way which they know not: and in the paths which they were ignorant of I will make them walk: I will make darkness light before them, and crooked things straight; these things have I done to them, and have not forfaken them.

17 They are turned back : let them be greatly confounded, that truff in a graven thing, that fay to a molten thing: You are our gods.

18 Hear ye deaf, and ye blind behold that you may fee. Local nog so l'alent to understood not.

Chaldwans

I down all their bars, and the

10 Who is blind, but my fervant? or deaf, but he to whom I have fent my mefsengers? Who is blind, but he that is fold? or who is blind, but the fervant of the Lord?

20 Thou that feeft many things, wilt thou not observe them? thou that ball ears open, wilt thou not hear?

21 And the Lord was willing to fanctify him, and to magnify the law, and exalt it.

22 But this is a people that is robbed and wafted: they are all the fnare of young men! and they are hid in the houses of prisons: they are made a prey, and there is none to deliver them : a fpoil, and there is none that faith: Reftore.

23 Who is there among you that will give ear to this. that will attend and hearken for times to come?

24 Who hath given Jacob for a spoil, and I frael to robbers? hath not the Lord himfelf, against whom we have finned? And they would not walk in his ways, and they have not hearkened to his law.

25 And he hath poured out upon him the indignation of his fury, and a ftrong battle, and bath burnt him round about, and he knew not: and fet him on fire, and he

#### CHAP. XLIII.

God comforts his church, promising to proted her for ever: he expossulates with the Jews for their ingratitude.

A ND now thus faith the Lord that created thee, O Jacob, and formed thee, O Ifrael: Fear not, for I have redeemed thee, and called thee by thy name: thou art mine.

2 When thou shalt pass through the waters, I will be with thee, and the rivers shall not cover thee: when thou shalt walk in the fire, thou shalt not be burnt, and the slame shall not burn in thee:

God, the holy One of Israel, thy Saviour, I have given Egypt for thy atonement, Ethiopia and Saba for thee.

4 Since thou becamest honourable in my eyes, thou art glorious: I have loved thee, and I will give men for thee, and people for thy life.

Fear not, for I am with thee: I will bring thy feed from the east, and gather thee

from the west.

Give up: and to the fouth, Keep not back: bring my fons from afar, and my daughters from the ends of the earth.

7 And every one that calleth upon my name, I have created him for my glory, I have formed him, and made him.

8 Bring forth the people that are blind, and have eyes: that are deaf, and have ears.

9 All the nations are affembled together, and the tribes are gathered: who among you can declare this, and shall make us hear the former things? let them bring forth their witnesses, let them be justified, and hear, and say: It is truth.

To You are my witnesses, saith the Lord, and my servant whom I have chosen: that you may know, and believe me, and understand that I am he, I myself am. Before me there was no god formed, and after me there shall be none.

and there is no faviour befide me.

have faved: I have made it heard, and there was no strange one among you. You are my witnesses, faith the Lord, and I am God.

I am the fame, and there is none that can deliver out of my hand: I will work, and who shall turn it away?

14 Thus faith the Lord your redeemer, the holy One of Ifrael: For your fake I fent to Babylon, and have brought down all their bars, and the

Chaldeans

Chaldeans glorying in their

15 I am the Lord your holy One, the Creator of Isra-

el, your King.

16 Thus faith the Lord, who made a way in the sea, and a path in the mighty waters.

17 Who brought forth the chariot and the horse, the army and the strong: they lay down to sleep together, and they shall not rise again: they are broken as slax, and are extinct,

18 Remember not former things, and look not on things

of old.

ro Behold I do new things, and now they shall spring forth, verily you shall know them: I will make a way in the wilderness, and rivers in the defart.

20 The beaft of the field fhall glorify me, the dragons and the offriches: because I have given waters in the wilderness: rivers in the defart, to give drink to my people, to my chosen.

21 This people have I formed for myfelf, they shall shew

forth my praise.

22 But thou hast not called upon me, O Jacob, neither hast thou laboured about me, O Israel.

23 Thou hast not offered me the ram of thy holocaust, nor hast thou glorified me with thy victims: I have not caused thee to ferve with oblations, nor wearied thee with incenfe.

24 Thou hast bought me no fweet cane with money, neither hast thou filled me with the fat of thy victims. But thou hast made me to serve with thy fins, thou hast wearied me with thy iniquities.

25 I am, I am he that blot out thy iniquities for my own fake, and I will not remember thy fins.

26 Put me in remembrance, and let us plead together: tell if thou hast any thing to justify thyself.

27 Thy first father sinned, and thy teachers have trans-

greffed against me.

48 And I have profaned the holy princes, I have given Jacob to flaughter, and Israel to reproach.

CHAP. XLIV.
God's favour to bis church.
The folly of idolatry. The
people shall be delivered from
captivity.

A ND now hear, O Jacob my fervant, and Israel whom I have chosen.

2 Thus faith the Lord that made and formed thee, thy helper from the womb: Fear not, O my fervant Jacob, and thou most righteous whom I have chosen.

3 For I will pour out waters upon the thirsty ground, and streams upon the dry land: I will pour out my spirit upper p

on thy feed, and my bleffing ed: for the makers are men: upon thy ftock.

4 And they shall spring up among the herbs, as willows beside the running waters.

5 One shall say: I am the Lord's, and another shall subscribe with his hand, To the Lord, and surname himself by the name of I frael.

6 Thus faith the Lord the king of I frael; and his redeemer the Lord of hofts: I am the first, and I am the last, and beside me there is no God.

7 Who is like to me? let him call and declare: and let him fet before me the order, fince I appointed the ancient people: and the things to come, and that shall be hereafter let them shew unto them.

8 Fear ye not, neither be ye troubled, from that time I have made thee to hear, and have declared: you are my witnesses. Is there a God befide me, a maker, whom I have not known?

of them nothing, and their best beloved things shall not profit them. They are their witnesses, that they do not see, nor understand, that they may be ashamed.

god, and made a graven thing that is profitable for nothing.

ers thereof shall be conjound-

ed: for the makers are men: they shall all assemble together, they shall stand and sear, and shall be confounded together.

12 The smith hath wrought with his file, with coals, and with hammers he hath formed it, and hath wrought with the strength of his arm: he shall hunger and faint, he shall drink no water, and shall be weary.

13 The carpenter hath firetched out his rule, he hath formed it with a plane: he hath made it with corners, and hath fashioned it round with the compass: and he hath made the image of a man as it were a beautiful man dwelling in a house.

14 He hath cut down cedars, taken the holm, and the oak that flood among the trees of the forest: he hath planted the pine-tree, which the

rain hath nourished.

of And it hath ferved men for fewel: he took thereof, and warmed himfelf: and he kindled it, and baked bread: but of the rest he made a god, and adored it: he made a graven thing, and bowed down before it.

16 Part of it he burnt with fire, and with part of it he dreffed his meat: he boiled pottage, and was filled, and was warmed, and faid: Aha, I am warm, I have feen the fire.

17 But the refidue thereof he made a god, and a graven thing for himself: he boweth down before it, and adoreth it, and prayeth unto it, faying: Deliver me, for thou art my God, 18 They have not known,

nor understood : for their eyes are covered that they may not fee, and that they may not understand with their heart.

19 They do not confider in their mind, nor know, nor have the thought to fay: I have burnt part of it in the fire, and I have baked bread upon the coals thereof : I have broiled flesh, and have eaten, and of the refidue thereof shall I make an idol? shall I fall down before the stock of a tree?

20 Part thereof is afhes; his foolish heart adoreth it, and he will not fave his foul, nor fay: Perhaps there is a

lie in my right hand.

21 Remember thefe things. O Jacob, and Ifrael, for thou art my fervant. I have form ed thee, thou art my fervant, O Ifrael, forget me not.

22 I have blotted out thy iniquities as a cloud, and thy fins as a mift : return to me, for I have redeemed thee.

23 Give praise, O ye heavens, for the Lord hath shewn mercy: shout with joy, ye ends of the earth: ye mountains, refound with praise, thou, O forest, and every tree therein: for the Lord hath redeemed Jacob, and Ifrael shall be glorified.

24 Thus faith the Lord

thy redeemer, and thy maker, from the womb: I am the Lord, that make all things, that alone stretch out the heavens, that establish the earth, and there is none with me.

25 That make void the tokens of diviners, and make the foothfayers mad. That turn the wife backward, and that make their knowledge

foolish.

26. That raise up the word of my fervant, and perform the counsel of my messengers, who fay to Jerusalem: Thou shalt be inhabited; and to the cities of Juda: You shall be built, and I will raise up the waltes thereof.

27 Who fay to the deep: Be thou defolate, and I will

dry up thy rivers.

29 Who fay to Cyrus: Thou art my thepherd, and thou shalt perform all my pleafure. Who fay to Jerufalem: Thou shalt be built; and to the temple : Thy foundations stall be laid.

CHAP. XLV. A prophely of Cyrus, as a figure of Christ, the great deliverer of God's people.

HUS faith the Lord to my anointed Cyrus, whose right hand I have taken hold of, to subdue nations before his face, and to turn the backs ofkings, and to open the doors before him, and the gates shall not be shut.

2 I will go before thee, and Pp 2

will humble the great ones of the earth: I will break in pieces the gates of brass, and will burft the bars of iron.

3 And I will give thee hidden treasures, and the concealed riches of fecret places: that thou mayst know that I am the Lord who call thee by thy name, the God of Israel.

4 For the fake of my fervant Jacob, and Ifrael my elect, I have even called thee by thy name: I have made a likeness of thee, and thou haft not known me.

5 I am the Lord, and there is none else: there is no God besides me : I girded thee, and thou hast not known me:

6 That they may know who are from the rifing of the fun, and they who are from the west, that there is none befide me. I am the Lord and there is none elfe.

7 I form the light, and create darkness, I make peace, and (a) create evil: I the Lord that do all thefe things.

8 Drop down dew, ye heavens, from above, and let the clouds rain the just: let the earth be opened, and bud forth a faviour : and let justice spring up together : I the Lord have created him.

o Wo to him that gainfayeth his Maker, a sherd of the earthen pots: shall the

clay fay to him that fashioneth it: What art thou making, and thy work is without hands?

10 Wo to him that faith to his father: Why begetteft thou? and to the woman: Why doft thou bring forth?

11 Thus faith the Lord the holy One of Ifrael his maker: Ask me of things to come, concerning my children, and concerning the work of my handsgive ye charge to me.

12 I made the earth: and I created man upon it: my hand stretched forth the heavens, and I have commanded

all their hoft.

13 I have raised him up to justice, and I will direct all his ways: he shall build my city, and let go my captives, not for ranfom, nor for prefents, faith the Lord the God of hofts.

14 Thus faith the Lord: The labour of Egypt, and the merchandise of Ethiopia, and of Sabaim, men of stature shall come over to thee, and fhall be thine: they shall walk after thee, they shall go bound with manacles: and they shall worship thee, and shall make supplication to thee : only in thee is God, and there is no God beside thee.

15 Verily thou art a hidden God, the God of Israel the faviour.

Chap. XLV. (a) Ver. 7. Create evil, viz. The evils of afflictions and punishments, but not the evil of fin. 16 They 16 They are all confounded, and ashamed: the forgers of errors are gone together into confusion.

Lord with an eternal falvation: you shall not be confounded, and you shall not be ashamed

for ever and ever.

18 For thus faith the Lord that created the heavens, God himself that formed the earth, and made it, the very maker thereof: he did not create it in vain: he formed it to be inhabited. I the Lord, and there is no other.

fecret, in a dark place of the earth: I have not faid to the feed of Jacob: Seek me in vain. I am the Lord that speak justice, that declare right things.

and come, and draw near together, ye that are faved of the Gentiles: they have no knowledge that fet up the wood of their graven work, and pray to a God that cannot fave.

2.1 Tell ye, and come, and confult together: who hath declared this from the beginning, who hath foretold this from that time? Have not I the Lord, and there is no God else besides me? A just God, and a Saviour, there is none beside me.

22 Be converted to me, and you shall be faved, all ye ends

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of the earth: for I am God, and there is no other.

the word of justice shall go out of my mouth, and shall not return, for every knee shall be bowed to me, and every tongue shall swear.

24 Therefore shall he fay: In the Lord are my justices and empire: they shall come to him, and all that result him, shall be confounded.

25 In the Lordshall all the feed of Ifrael be justified and

praised.

# CHAP. XLVI.

The idols of Babylon shall be destroyed. Salvation is promised through Christ.

BEL is broken, Nabo is destroyed: their idols are put upon beasts and cattle, your burdens of heavy weight even unto weariness.

are broken together; they could not fave him that carried them, and they themselves shall go into captivity.

3 Hearken unto me, On house of Jacob, all the remnant of the house of Israel, who are carried in my bowels, are born up by my womb.

4 Even to your old age I am the fame, and to your grey hairs I will carry you: I have made you, and I will bear: I will carry, and will fave.

7 To whom have you likened

likened me, and made me equal, and compared me, and

made me like?

6 You that contribute gold out of the bag, and weigh out filver in the scales: and hire a goldsmith to make a god: and they fall down and wor-

Thip.

They bear him on their shoulders and carry him, and fet him in his place, and he shall stand, and shall not stir out of his place. Yea, when they shall cry also unto him, he shall not hear: he shall not fave them from tribulation.

8 Remember this, and be ashamed: return, ye transgreffors, to the heart.

9 Remember the former age, for I am God, and there is no God beside, neither is there the like to me.

10 Who shew from the beginning the things that shall be at last, and from ancient times the things that as yet are not done, faying: My counsel shall stand, and all my will shall be done:

11 Who call a bird from the east, and from a far country, the man of my own will, and I have spoken, and will bring it to pass: I have created, and I will do it. Hear me, O ye hard hearted, who are far from justice.

13 I have brought my justice near, it shall not be far off: and my falvation shall not tar-

ry. I will give falvation in Sion, and my glory in Ifrael.

CHAP. XLVII.

God's judgment upon Babylon.

OME down, fit in the duft, O Virgin daughter of Babylon, fit on the ground : there is no throne for the daughter of the Chaldeans, for thou shalt no more be called delicate and tender.

2 Take a mill-stone and grind meal: uncover thy shame, strip thy shoulder, make bare thy legs, pass over the rivers.

3 Thy nakedness shall be discovered, and thy shame shall be seen: I will take vengeance, and no man shall retift me.

4 Our redeemer, the Lord of hofts is his name the holy One of Ifrael.

5 Sit thou filent, and get thee into darkness, O daughter of the Chaldeans: for thou shalt no more be called the lady of kingdoms.

6 I was angry with my people, I have polluted my inheritance, and have given them into thy hand : thou haft shewed no mercy to them: upon the ancient thou haft laid thy yoke exceeding heavy.

7 And thou haft faid: I shall be a lady for ever: thou haft not laid these things to thy heart, neither haft thou remembered thy latter end.

8 And now hear these things things, thou that art delicate, and dwellest considently, that sayest in thy heart: I am, and there is none else besides me: I shall not fit as a widow, and I shall not know barrenness.

o These two things shall come upon thee suddenly in one day, barrenness and widowhood. All things are come upon thee, because of the multitude of thy forceries, and for the great hardness of thy inchanters.

in thy wickedness, and haft faid: There is none that feeth me. Thy wisdom, and thy knowledge, this hath deceived thee. And thou hast faid in thy heart: I am, and besides me there is no other.

11 Evil shall come upon thee, and thou shalt not know the rising thereof: and calamity shall fall violently upon thee, which thou canst not keep off: misery shall come upon thee suddenly, which thou shalt not know.

tale of thy forceries, in which thou hast laboured from thy youth, if so be it may profit thee any thing, or if thou mayst become stronger.

multitude of thy counfels: let now the astrologers stand and save thee, they that gazed at the stars, and counted the

months, that from them they might tell the things that shall-come to thee.

14 Behold they are as stubble, fire hath burnt them, they shall not deliver themselves from the power of the slames: there are no coals, wherewith they may be warmed, nor fire, that they may sit thereat.

15 Such are all the things become to thee, in which thou hast laboured: thy merchants from thy youth, every one hath erred in his own way, there is none that can fave thee.

# CHAP. XLVIII.

He reproaches the Jews for their obstinacy; he will deliver them out of their captivity, for his own name's sake.

HEAR ye these things, O house of Jacob, you that are called by the name of Israel, and are come forth out of the waters of Juda, you who swear by the name of the Lord, and make mention of the God of Israel, but not in truth, nor in justice.

a For they are called of the holy city, and are established upon the God of Israel: the Lord of hosts is his name.

3 The former things of old I have declared, and they went forth out of my mouth, and I have made them to be

heard:

heard: I did them fuddenly, and they came to pais.

4 For I knew that thou art stubborn, and thy neck is an iron finew, and thy forehead of brafs

5 I foretold thee of old: before they came to pass I told thee, left thou shoulds say : My idols have done these things, and my graven and molten things have commanded them.

6 See now all the things which thou haft heard; but have you declared them? I have shewed thee new things from that time, and things are kept which thou knowest not:

They are created now, and not of old: and before the day, when thou heardest them not, left thou fhouldst fay: Behold I knew them.

8 Thou haft neither heard, nor known, neither was thy ear opened of old. For I know that transgreffing thou wilt transgress, and I have called thee a transgressor from the womb.

9 For my name's fake I will remove my wrath far off: and for my praise I will bridle thee, lest thou shouldst perish.

10 Behold I have refined thee, but not as filver, I have chosen thee in the furnace of poverty.

11 For my own fake, for my own fake will I do it, that I may not be blasphemed ; and | as the fand, and the offspring

I will not give my glory to another.

12 Hearken to me, O Jacob, and thou Ifrael whom I call : I am he, I am the first, and I am the last.

13 My hand also hath founded the earth, and my right hand hath measured the heavens: I shall call them, and they shall fland together:

14 Assemble yourselves together, all you, and hear: who among them hath declared these things? the Lord hath loved him, he will do his pleasure in Babylon, and his arm fall be on the Chaldeans.

15 I, even I have spoken, and called him : I have brought him, and his way is

made prosperous.

16 Come ye near unto me, and hear this: I have not spoken in secret from the beginning, from the time before it was done, I was there, and now the Lord God hathfent me, and his spirit.

17 Thus faith the Lord thy redeemer the holy One of Ifrael: I am the Lord thy God that teach thee profitable: things, that govern thee in the way that thou walkest.

18 O that thou hadft hearkened to my commandments: thy peace had been as a river, and thy juffice as the waves of the fea.

19 And thy feed had been

of thy bowels like the gravel | thereof: his name should not have perished, nor have been destroyed from before my face your together, they sand

20 Come forth out of Babylon, flee ye from the Chaldeans, declare it with the voice of joy: make this to be heard. and speak it out even to the ends of the earth. Say: The Lord hath redemed his fervant Jacob.

21 They thirsted not in the defart, when he led them out: he brought forth water out of the rock for them, and he clove the rock, and the wa-

ters gushed out.

1 22 There is no peace to the wicked, faith the Lord.

#### CHAP. XLIX.

Christ shall bring the Gentiles to salvation. God's love to bis church is perpetual.

IVE ear, ye islands, T and hearken, ye people from afar. The Lord hath called me from the womb from the bowels of my mother he hath been mindful of my name, little in horized

2 And he hath made my mouth like a sharp sword; in the shadow of his hand he hath protected me, and hath made me, as a cholen arrow in his quiver he hath hidden me.

And he said to me: Thou art my fervant Israel, for in thee will I glory.

4 And I faid: I have la-

boured in vain, I have fpent my ftrength without cause and in vain therefore my judgment is with the Lord, and my work with my God.

And now faith the Lord, that formed me from the womb to be his fervant, that I may bring back Jacob unto him, and Ifrael will not be gathered together: and I am glorified in the leyes of the Lord, and my God is made my ftrength, b madt aver Hadi

6 And he faid: It is a small thing that thou shouldst be my fervant to raife up the tribes of Jacob, and to convert the dregs of Ifrael, Behold, I have given thee to be the light of the Gentiles, that thou mayst be my salvation even to the farthest part of the earth.

7 Thus faith the Lord the redeemer of Ifrael, his holy one, to the foul that is despised, to the nation that is abhorred. to the fervant of rulers; Kings shall fee, and princes shall rife up, and adore for the Lord's fake, because he is faithful, and for the holy one of Israel who hath chosen thee.

8 Thus faith the Lord: In an acceptable time I have heard thee, and in the day of falvation I have helped thee; and I have preferved thee, and given thee to be a covenant of the people, that thou mighteft raise up the earth, and possess the inheritances that were destroyed:

o That

to them that are bound: Come forth: and to them that are in darkness: Shew yourfelves. They shall feed in the ways, and their passures shall be in every plain.

nor thirst, neither shall the heat nor the sun strike them; for he that is merciful to them, shall be their shepherd, and at the fountains of waters he shall give them drink.

my mountains a way, and my paths shall be exalted.

real Behold these shall come from asar, and behold these from the north and from the south country.

vent, and rejoice, O earth, ye mountains give praise with jubilation: because the Lord hath comforted his people, and will have mercy on this poor ones.

Lord hath forfaken me, and the Lord hath forgotten me.

her infant, so as not to have pity on the son of her womb? and if she should forget, yet will not I forget thee.

thee in my hands: thy walls are always before my eyes.

17 Thybuilders are come:

Walter Service Land

make thee waste shall go out

about, and fee, all these are gathered together, they are come to thee: As I live, saith the Lord, thou shalt be clothed with all these as with an ornament, and as a bride thou shalt put them about thee.

thy defolate places, and the land of thy defruction shall now be too narrow by reafon of the inhabitants, and they that swallowed thee up shall be chased far away.

barrenness shall still say in thy ears: The place is too strait for me, make me room

to dwell in.

ar And thou shalt say in thy heart: Who hath begotten these? I was barren and brought not forth, led away, and captive: and who hath brought up these? I was destitute and alone; and these where were they?

God: Behold I will lift up my hand to the Gentiles, and will fet up my flandard to the people. And they fhall bring thy fens in their arms, and carry thy daughters upon their fhoulders.

23 And kings shall be thy nursing fathers, and queens thy nurses: they shall that worthip thee with their | wicked deeds have I put face toward the earth, and they shall lick up the dust of thy feet. And thou shalt know that I am the Lord, for they fhall not be confounded that wait for him.

24 Shall the prey be taken from the strong? or can that which was taken by the mighty be delivered?

25 For thus faith the Lord: Yea verily, even the captivity shall be taken away from the ftrong: and that which was taken by the mighty, shall be delivered. But I will judge those that have judged thee, and thy children I will fave.

26 And I will feed thy enemies with their own fielh: and they shall be made drunk with their own blood, as with new wine : and all fiesh shall know, that I am the Lord that fave thee, and thy Redeemer the mighty One of Jacob.

# CHAP. L.

The synagogue shall be divorced for ber iniquities. Chrift for ber fake will endure ignominious afflictions.

HUS faith the Lord : What is this bill of the divorce of your mother, with which I have put her away? or who is my creditor, to whom I fold you? Behold you are fold for your iniquities, and for your meat

your mother away.

2 Because I came, and there was not a man : I called, and there was none that would hear. Is my hand thortened and become little, that I cannot redeem? or is there no ftrength in me to deliver? Behold at my rebuke I will make the fea a defart. I will turn the rivers into dry land : the fiftes shall rot for want of water, and shall die for thirst.

3 I will cloath the heavens with darkness, and will make fackcloth their covering.

4 The Lord hath given me a learned tongue, that I should know how to uphold by word him that is weary: he wakeneth in the morning. in the morning he wakeneth my ear, that I may hear him as a mafter.

The Lord God hath opened my ear, and I do not refift: I have not gone back.

6 I have given my body to the strikers, and my cheeks to them that plucked them: I have not turned away my face from them that rebuked me, and spit upon me.

7 The Lord God is my helper, therefore am I not confounded: therefore have I fet my face as a most hard rock, and I know that I shall not be confounded.

8 He is near that justi-

fieth

fieth me, who will contend with me? let us stand together. Who is my adverfary? let him come near to me.

9 Behold the Lord God is my helper: who is he that shall condemn me? Lo they shall all be destroyed as a garment, the moth shall eat

them up.

you that feareth the Lord, that heareth the voice of his fervant, that hath walked in darkness, and hath no light? let him hope in the name of the Lord, and lean upon his God.

kindle a fire, that are encompassed with slames, walk in the light of your fire, and in the slames which you have kindled: this is done to you by my hand, you shall sleep

in forrows.

1 5 --

# CHAP. LI.

An exhortation to trust in Christ. He shall protest the children of his church.

IVE ear to me, you that follow that which is just, and you that seek the Lord: look unto the rock whence you are hewn, and to the hole of the pit from which you are dug out.

your father, and to Sara that bore you: for I called him all alone, and bleffed him, and multiplied him. 3 The Lord therefore will comfort Sion, and will comfort all the ruins thereof: and he will make her defart as a place of pleasure, and her wilderness as the garden of the Lord. Joy and gladness shall be found therein, thanksgiving, and the voice of praise.

4 Hearken unto me, O my people, and give ear to me, O my tribes: for a law shall go forth from me, and my judgment shall rest to be a light of the nations.

5 My just One is near at hand, my Saviour is gone forth, and my arms shall judge the people: the islands shall look for me, and shall patiently wait for my arm.

6 Lift up your eyes to heaven, and look down to the earth beneath: for the heavens shall vanish like smoke, and the earth shall be worn away like a garment, and the inhabitants thereof shall perish in like manner: but my salvation shall be for ever, and my justice shall not fail.

7 Hearken to me, you that know what is just, my people who have my law in your heart: fear ye not the reproach of men, and be not afraid of their blasphemies.

8 For the worm shall eat them up as a garment; and the moth shall consume

them

them as wool, but my falvation shall be for ever, and my justice from generation to generation.

o Arife, arife, put on strength, O thou arm of the Lord: arise as in the days of old, in the ancient generations. Haft not thou struck the proud one, and wounded the dragon?

10 Haft not thou dried up the sea, the water of the mighty deep, who madest the depth of the fea a way, that the delivered might pass

over. The talket at 19009 you

11 And now they that are redeemed by the Lord, shall return, and shall come into Sion finging praises, and joy everlasting shall be upon their heads, they shall obtain joy and gladness, forrow and mourning shall flee aways on the I Stones

12 I, I myself will comfort you: who art thou, that thou shouldst be afraid of a mortal man, and of the fon of man, who shall wither away like grafs?

13 And thou haft forgotten the Lord thy maker, who ftretched out the heavens, and founded the earth: and thou hast been afraid continually all the day at the presence of his fury, who afflicted thee, and had prepared himself to destroy thee: where is now the fury of the oppressor?

14 He shall quickly come that is going to open unto you, and he shall not kill unto utter destruction, neither shall his bread fail.

15 But I am the Lord thy God, who trouble the fea, and the waves thereof fwell, the Lord of hofts is

my name.

16 I have put my words in thy mouth, and have protected thee in the shadow of my hand, that thou mightest plant the heavens, and found the earth: and mightest fay to Sion: Thou art my people.

17 Arise, arise, stand up. O Jerusalem, which haft drunk at the hand of the Lord the cup of his wrath: thou haft drunk even to the bottom of the cup of dead fleep, and thou haft drunk

18 There is none that can uphold her among all the children that the hath brought forth: and there is none that taketh her by the hand among all the children that she hath brought up.

even to the dregs.

19 There are two things that have happened to thee: who shall be forry for thee? defolation and destruction. and the famine, and the fword, who shall comfort thee Posts on their madeen

20 Thy children are cast forth, they have flept at the head of all the ways, as the wild ox that is mared: full of the indignation of the Lord, of the rebuke of thy God.

thou poor little one, and thou that art drunk but not

with wine.

reign the Lord, and thy God, who will fight for his people: Behold I have taken out of thy hand the cup of dead fleep, the dregs of the cup of my indignation, thoughalt not drink it again any more.

23 And I will put it in the hand of them that have oppressed thee, and have said to thy soul. Bow down, that we may go over: and thou hast laid thy body as the ground, and as a way to them that went over?

### CHAP. LH.

Under the figure of the delimerance from the Babylonish captivity, the church is invited to rejoice for her redemption from sin. Chris's kingdom shall be exalted.

A RISE, arise, put on thy strength, O Sion, put on the garments of thy glory, O Jerusaler, the city of the holy One: for henceforth the uncircumcised, and unclean shall no more pass through thee.

2 Shake thyfelf from the

P. Sold

falem: loofe the bonds from off thy neck. O captive daughter of Sion.

3 For thus faith the Lord: You were fold for nought, and you shall be redeemed

without money.

4 For thus faith the Lord God: My people went down into Egypt at the beginning to fojourn there: and the Affyrian hath oppressed them without any cause at all.

here, faith the Lord: for my people is taken away for nought? They that rule over them treat them unjustly, faith the Lord, and my name is continually blafphemed all the day long.

6 Therefore my people shall know my name in that day: for I myself that spoke,

behold I am here.

7 How beautiful upon the mountains are the feet of him that bringeth good tidings, and that preacheth peace: of him that sheweth forth good, that preacheth falvation, that saith to Sion: Thy God shall reign!

8 The voice of thy watchmen: they have lifted up their voice, they shall praise together: for they shall see eye to eye when the Lord shall convert Sion:

9 Rejoice, and give praise together, O ye defarts of Jerusalem: for the Lord hath hath comforted his people: he hath redeemed Jerufalem.

pared his holy arm in the fight of all the Gentiles; and all the ends of the earth shall see the falvation of our God.

out from thence, touch no unclean thing: go out of the midst of her, beye clean, you that carry the vessels of the Lord.

12 For you shall not go out in a tumult, neither shall you make halle by slight: for the Lord will go before you, and the God of Israel will gather you together.

in Behold my fervant fhall understand, he shall be exacted, and extolled, and shall be exceeding high.

aftonished at thee, so shall his visage be inglorious a-mong men, and his form among the sons of men.

ny nations, kings shall shut their month at him: for they to whom it was not told of him, have seen: and they that had not heard have beheld.

CHAP, LIII.

A prophecy of the passion of
Christ.

W HO hath believed our report? and to whom is the arm of the Lord revealed?

2 And he shall grow up as a tender plant before him, and as a root out of a thirsty ground: there is no beauty in him, nor comeliness: and we have seen him, and there was no signtliness, that we should be desirous of him:

3 Despised, and the most abject of men, a man of forrows, and acquainted with infirmity: and his look avai as it were hidden and despised, whereupon we esteemed him not.

a Surely he harh borne our infirmities, and carried our forrows: and we have thought him as it were a leper, and as one firuck by God and afflicted.

5 But he was wounded for our iniquities, he was bruised for our sins; the chastisement of our peace was upon him, and by his bruises we are healed.

6 All we like sheep have gone astray, every one hath turned aside into his own way: and the Lord hath laid on him the iniquity of us all.

7 He was offered because it was his own will, and he opened not his mouth: he shall be led as a sheep to the slaughter, and shall be dumb as a lamb before his shearer, and he shall not open his mouth:

8 He was taken away from distress, and from

Qq 2 judgment:

judgment: who shall declare his generation? because he is cut off out the land of the living: for the wickedness of my people have I struck him.

9 And he shall give the ungodly for his burial, and the rich for his death: because he hath done no iniquity, neither was there deceit in his mouth.

10 And the Lord was pleased to bruise him in infirmity: if he shall lay down his life for sin, he shall see a long-lived seed, and the will of the Lord shall be prosperous in his hand.

Is Because his soul hath laboured, he shall see and be filled: by his knowledge shall this my just servant justify many, and he shall bear their iniquities.

bute to him very many, and he shall divide the spoils of the strong, because he hath delivered his soul unto death, and was reputed with the wicked: and he hath borne the sins of many, and hath prayed for the transgressors.

### CHAP. LIV.

The Gentiles, who were barren before, shall multiply in the church of Christ: from which God's mercy shall never depart.

GIVE praise, O thou barren that bearest not:

fing forth praise, and make a joyful noise, thou that didst not travel with child: for many are the children of the desolate, more than of the married wise, saith the Lord.

2 Enlarge the place of thy tent, and stretch out the skins of thy tabernacles, spare not: lengthen thy cords, and strengthen thy stakes.

3 For thou shalt pass on to the right hand, and to the left: and thy seed shall inheritthe Gentiles, and shall inhabit the desolate cities.

4 Fear not, for thou shalt not be confounded, nor blush: for thou shalt not be put to shame, because thou shalt forget the shame of thy youth, and shalt remember no more the reproach of thy widowhood.

5 For he that made thee shall rule over thee, the Lord of hosts is his name: and thy Redeemer, the holy One of Israel, shall be called the God of all the earth.

6 For the Lord hath called thee as a woman for sken and mourning in spirit, and as a wife cast off from her youth, said thy God.

7 For a small moment have I forsaken thee, but with great mercies will I gather thee.

8 In a moment of indignation have I hid my face

face a little while from thee, but with everlafting kindness have I had mercy on thee, faid the Lord thy Redeemer.

o This thing is to me as in the days of Noe, to whom I fwore, that I would no more bring in the waters of Noe upon the earth: fo have I fworn not to be angry with thee, and not to rebuke thee.

10 For the mountains shall be moved, and the hills shall tremble: but my mercy shall not depart from thee, and the covenant of my peace shall not be moved: faid the Lord that hath mercy on thee.

11 O poor little one, toffed with tempest, without all comfort, behold I will lay thy stones in order, and will lay thy foundations with

faphires.

12 And I will make thy bulwarks of jasper: and thy gates of graven stones, and all thy borders of lovely

13 All thy children shall be taught of the Lord: and great shall be the peace of

thy children.

14 And thou shalt be founded in justice: depart far from oppression, for thou shalt not fear; and from terror, for it shall not come near thee.

15 Behold, an inhabitant shall come, who was not

with me, he that was stranger to thee before, shall

be joined to thee.

16 Behold, I have created the fmith that bloweth the coals in the fire, and bringeth forth an instrument for his work, and I have created the killer to destroy.

17 No weapon that is formed against thee shall prosper: and every tongue that refisteth thee in judgment, thou shalt condemn. This is the inheritance of the fervants of the Lord, and their justice with me, faith the Lord.

#### CHAP. LV.

God promises abundance of Spiritual graces to the faithful, that shall believe in Christ out of all nations, and sincerely serve him.

LL you that thirst. come to the waters: and you that have no money. make haste, buy, and eat: come ye, buy wine and milk without money, and without any price.

2 Why do you spend money for that which is not bread, and your labour for that which doth not fatisfy you? Hearken diligently to me, and eat that which is good, and your foul shall be delighted in fatness.

3 Incline your ear, and come to me: hear, and your foul shall live, and I will

Q9 3

make

make an everlasting covevant with you, the mercies of David faithful.

4 Behold I have given him for a witness to the people, for a leader and a master to the Gentiles.

5 Behold thou shalt call a nation, which thou knewest not: and the nations that knew not thee shall run to thee, because of the Lord thy God, and for the holy One of Israel, for he hath glorised thee.

6 Seek ye the Lord, while he may be found: call upon him, while he is near.

7 Let the wicked forfake his way, and the unjust man his thoughts, and let him return to the Lord, and he will have mercy on him, and to our God: for he is bountiful to forgive.

8 For my thoughts are not your thoughts: nor your ways my ways, faith

the Lord.

9.275111

9 For as the heavens are exalted above the earth, fo are my ways exalted above your ways, and my thoughts above your thoughts.

10 And as the rain and the fnow come down from heaven, and return no more thither, but foak the earth, and water it, and make it to fpring, and give feed to the fower, and bread to the eater:

11 So shall my word be,

which shall go forth from my mouth: it shall not return to me void, but it shall do whatsoever I please, and shall prosper in the things for which I sent it.

vith joy, and be led forth with peace: the mountains and the hills shall sing praise before you, and all the trees of the country shall clap

their hands.

13 Instead of the shrub, shall come up the fir-tree, and instead of the nettle, shall come up the myrtle-tree: and the Lord shall be named for an everlasting sign, that shall not be taken away.

#### CHAP. LVI.

God invites all to keep his commandments: the Gentiles that keep them shall be the people of God: the Jewish pastors are reproved.

THUS faith the Lord:
Keep ye judgment,
and do justice: for my salvation is near to come, and
my justice to be revealed.

2 Bleffed is the man that doth this, and the fon of man that shall lay hold on this: that keepeth the sabbath from profaning it, that keepeth his hands from doing any evil.

3 And let not the fon of the stranger, that adhereth to the Lord, speak, saying: The Lord will divide and separate me from his people.

And let not the eunuch fay: Behold I am a dry tree. For thus faith the Lord to the eunuchs: They that shall keep my sabbaths, and shall choose the things that please me, and shall hold fast my covenant:

5 I will give to them, in my house, and within my walls, a place, and a name better than sons and daughters: I will give them an everlasting name, which

shall never perish.

6 And the children of the stranger that adhere to the Lord, to worship him, and to love his name, to be his servants: every one that keepeth the sabbath from profaning it, and that holdeth fast my covenant:

7 I will bring them into my holy mount, and will make them joyful in my house of prayer: their holocausts, and their victims shall please me upon my altar: for my house shall be called the house of prayer for all nations.

8 The Lord God who gathereth the scattered of Israel, faith: I will still gather unto him his congre-

gation.

9 All ye beafts of the field come to devour, all ye beafts of the forest.

to His watchmen are all blind, they are all ignorant; dumb dogs not able to bark, feeing vain things, fleeping and loving dreams.

11 And most impudent dogs, they never had enough: the shepherds themselves knew no understanding: all have turned aside into their own way, every one after his own gain, from the first even to the last.

vine, and be filled with drunkenness: and it shall be as to day, so also to morrow, and much more.

CHAP. LVII. 4
The infidelity of the Jews:
their idolatry. Promises to
bumble penitents.

THE just perisheth, and no man layeth it to heart, and men of mercy are taken away, because there is none that understandeth; for the just man is taken away from before the face of evil.

2 Let peace come, let him rest in his bed that hath walked in his uprightness.

3 But draw near hither, you fons of the forceress, the feed of the adulterer, and of the harlot.

4 Against whom have you sported yourselves? against whom have you opened your mouth wide, Are not you wicked children, a false seed?

fort in idols under every green tree, facrificing children in the torrents, under

the high rocks?

6 In the parts of the torrent is thy portion, this is thy lot: and thou hast poured outlibations to them, thou hast offered facrifice. Shall I not be angry at these things?

7 Upon a high and lofty mountain thou hast laid thy bed, and hast gone up thither to offer victims.

8 And behind the door, and behind the post thou hast set up thy remembrance: for thou hast discovered thyself beside me, and hast received an adulterer, thou hast enlarged thy bed, and made a covenant with them: thou hast loved their bed with open hand.

9 And thou hast adorned thyself for the king with ointment, and hast multiplied thy perfumes. Thou hast sent thy messengers far off, and wast debased even

to hell.

or Thou hast been wearied in the multitude of thy ways: yet thou saidst not: I will rest: thou hast found life of thy hand, therefore thou hast not asked.

it For whom haft thou

been follicitous and afraid, that thou hast lyed, and hast not been mindful of me, nor thought on me in thy heart? for I am silent, and as one that seeth not, and thou hast forgotten me.

12 I will declare thy justice, and thy works shall

not profit thee.

13 When thou shalt cry, let thy companies deliver thee, but the wind shall carry them all off, a breeze shall take them away: but he that putteth his trust in me, shall inherit the land, and shall possess my holy mount.

14 And I will fay: Make a way, give free paffage, turn out of the path, take away the flumbling-blocks out of the way of my people.

15 For thus faith the High and the Eminent that inhabiteth eternity: and his name is Holy, who dwelleth in the high and holy place, and with a contrite and humble spirit: to revive the spirit of the humble, and to revive the heart of the contrite.

16 For I will not contend for ever, neither will I be angry unto the end: because the spirit shall go forth from my face, and breathings I will make.

17 For the iniquity of his covetourness I was angry, and I struck him: I hid my face

from

from thee, and was angry: and he went away wandering in the way of his own heart.

18 I faw his ways, and I healed him, and brought him back, and restored comforts to him, and to them that mourn for him.

19 I created the fruit of the lips, peace, peace to him that is far off, and to him that is near, faid the Lord, and I healed him.

20 But the wicked are like the raging fea, which cannot rest, and the waves thereof cast up dirt and mire.

21 There is no peace to the wicked, faith the Lord God.

#### CHAP. LVIII.

God rejects the hypocritical fasts of the Jews: recommends works of mercy, and fincere godliness.

CRY, cease not, lift up thy voice like a trumpet, and shew my people their wicked doings, and the house of lacob their sins.

2 For they seek me from day to day, and desire to know my ways, as a nation that hath done justice, and hath not forsaken the judgment of their God: they ask of me the judgments of justice: they are willing to approach to God.

3 Why have we fasted, and thou hast not regarded: wby have we humbled our fouls,

tental to

Mile Program with

and thou hast not taken notice? Behold in the day of your fast your own will is found, and you exact of all your debtors.

4 Behold you fast for debates and strife, and strike with the fist wickedly. Do not fast as you bave done until this day, to make your cry to be heard on high.

5 Is this fuch a fast, as I have chosen: for a man to afflict his foul for a day? is this it, to wind his head about like a circle, and to spread fackcloth and ashes? wilt thou call this a fast, and a day acceptable to the Lord?

6 Is not this rather the fast that I have chosen? loose the bands of wickedness, undo the bundles that oppress, let them that are broken go free, and break asunder every burden.

7 Deal thy bread to the hungry, and bring the needy and the harbourless into thy house: when thou shalt see one naked, cover him, and despise not thy own flesh.

8 Then shall thy light break forth as the morning, and thy health shall speedily arise, and thy justice shall go before thy face, and the glory of the Lord shall gather thee up.

9 Then shalt thou call, and the Lord shall hear: thou shalt cry, and he shall say: Here I am. If thou wilt take away the chain out of the midst of thee, and cease to stretch out the finger, and to speak that which is good for no-

thing.

out thy foul to the hungry, and shalt fatisfy the afflicted foul, then shall thy light rife up in darkness, and thy darkness shall be as the noon day.

thee rest continually, and will fill thy soul with brightness, and deliver thy bones, and thou shalt be like a watered garden, and like a fountain of water, whose waters shall not fail.

have been defolate for ages fhall be built in thee: thou shalt raife up the foundations of generation and generation: and thou shalt be called the repairer of the fences, turning the paths into rest.

13 If thou turn away thy foot from the fabbath, from doing thy own will in my holy day, and call the fabbath delightful, and the holy of the Lord glorious, and glorify him, while thou doft not thy own ways, and thy own will is not found, to fpeak a word:

i4 Then shalt thou be delighted in the Lord, and I will lift thee up above the high places of the earth, and will feed thee with the inheritance of Jacob thy father. For the mouth of the Lord hath spoken it.

CHAP. LIX.

The dreadful evil of fin is difplayed, as the great obfacle to all good from God: yet be will fend a redeemer, and make an everlasting covenant with his church and

BEHOLD the hand of the Lord is not shortened that it cannot save, neither is his ear heavy that it cannot hear.

2 But your iniquities have divided between you and your God, and your fins have hid his face from you that he should not hear.

3 For your hands are defiled with blood, and your fingers with iniquity: your lips have spoken lies, and your tongue uttereth iniquity.

4 There is none that calleth upon justice, neither is there any one that judgeth truly; but they trust in a meer nothing, and speak vanities; they have conceived labour, and brought forth iniquity.

5 They have broken the eggs of aips, and have woven the webs of spiders: he that shall eat of their eggs, shall die: and that which is brought out, shall be hatched into a basilisk.

6 Their webs shall not be for clothing, neither shall they cover themselves with their works: their works are unprositable works, and the work of iniquity is in their hands.

7 Their

7. Their feet run to evil, and make hafte to shed innocent blood: their thoughts are unprofitable thoughts: wasting and destruction are in their ways.

8 They have not known the way of peace, and there is no judgment in their steps: their paths are become crooked to them: every one that treadeth in them, knoweth no peace.

o Therefore is judgment far from us, and justice shall not overtake us. We looked for light, and behold darkness: brightness, and we have walked in the dark.

to We have groped for the wall, and like the blind we have groped as if we had no eyes: we have stumbled at noon-day as in darkness, we are in dark places as dead

like bears, and shall lament as mournful doves. We have looked for judgment, and there is none: for salvation, and it is far from us.

12 For our iniquities are multiplied before thee, and our fins have testified against us: for our wicked doings are with us, and we have known our iniquities,

gainst the Lord: and we have turned away so that we went not after our God, but spoke calumny and transgression t

7. Their feet run to evil, we have conceived, and utternd make halfe to shed innoent blood: their thoughts falshood.

away backward, and justice hath stood far off: because truth hath fallen down in the street, and equity could not come in.

forgotten: and he that departed from evil, lay open to be a prey: and the Lord faw, and it appeared evil in his eyes, because there is no judgment.

16 And he faw that there is not a man; and he flood aftonished, because there is none to oppose himself: and his own arm brought salvation to him, and his own justice supported him.

17 He put on justice as a breast-plate, and a helmet of salvation upon his head: he put on the garments of vengeance, and was clad with zeal as with a cloak.

18 As unto revenge, as it were to repay wrath to his adversaries, and a reward to his enemies: he will repay the like to the islands.

19 And they from the west, shall fear the name of the Lord: and they from the rising of the sun, his glory; when he shall come as a violent stream, which the spirit of the Lord driveth on:

zo And there shall come a redeemer to Sign, and to them that return from iniquity in Jacob, faith the Lord.

at (a) This is my covenant with them, faith the Lord: My Spirit that is in thee, and my words that I have put in thy mouth, shall not depart out of thy mouth, nor out of the mouth of thy feed, nor out of the mouth of thy feed's feed, faith the Lord, from henceforth and for ever.

#### CHAP. LX.

The light of true faith shall shine forth in the church of Christ, and shall be spread through all nations, and continue for all ages.

A RISE, be enlightened, O Jerusalem: for thy light is come, and the glory of the Lord is risen upon thee.

2 For behold darkness shall cover the earth, and a mist the people: but the Lord shall arise upon thee, and his glory shall be seen upon thee.

3 And the Gentiles shall walk in thy light, and kings in the brightness of thy rising.

A Lift up thy eyes round about, and see t all these are gathered together, they are come to thee: thy sons shall come from a fat, and thy daughters shall rise up at thy side.

abound, and thy heart shall

wonder and be enlarged, when the multitude of the fea shall be converted to thee, the strength of the Gentiles shall come to thee.

6 The multitude of camels shall cover thee, the dromedaries of Madian and Epha: all they from Saba shall come, bringing gold and frankincense: and shewing forth praise to the Lord.

7 All the flocks of Cedar shall be gathered together unto thee, the rams of Nabaioth shall minister to thee: they shall be offered upon my acceptable altar, and I will glorify the house of my majesty.

8 Who are thefe, that fly as clouds, and as doves to

their windows?

- 9 For, the islands wait for me, and the ships of the sea in the beginning, that I may bring thy sons from afar: their silver, and their gold with them, to the name of the Lord thy God, and to the holy One of Israel, because he hath glorised thee.
- 10 And the children of ftrangers shall build up thy walls, and their kings shall minister to thee: for in my wrath have I struck thee, and in my reconciliation have I had mercy upon thee.

open continually: they shall

Chap. LIX. (a) Ver. 21. This is my covenant, &c. Note here a clear promise of perpetual orthodoxy to the church of Christ.

not be shut day nor night, that the strength of the Gentiles may be brought to thee, and their kings may be brought.

tz For the nation and the kingdom that will not ferve thee, shall perish: and the Gentiles shall be wasted with

defolation.

13 The glory of Libanus shall come to thee, the firtree, and the box-tree, and the pine-tree together, to beautify the place of my fanctuary: and I will glorify the

place of my feet,

And the children of them that afflicted thee, shall come bowing down to thee, and all that slandered thee shall worship the steps of thy feet, and shall call thee the city of the Lord, the Sion of the holy One of Israel.

15 Because thou wast forfaken, and hated, and there was none that passed through thee, I will make thee to be an everlasting excellence, a joy unto generation and gene-

ration: Line of the Coat Course

16 And thou shalt suck the milk of the Gentiles, and thou shalt be nursed with the breasts of kings: and thou shalt know that I am the Lord thy Saviour, and thy Re-

deemer, the mighty One of Jacob.

17 For brafs, I will bring gold, and for iron I will bring filver: and for wood brafs, and for ftones iron: and I will make thy visitation peace, and thy overseers justice,

18 Iniquity shall no more be heard in thy land, wasting nor destruction in thy borders, and salvation shall possess thy walls, and praise thy gates.

19 (a) Thou shalt no more have the sun for thy light by day, neither shall the brightness of the moon enlighten thee: but the Lord shall be unto thee for an everlasting light, and thy God for thy glory.

no more, and thy moon shall not decrease: for the Lord shall be unto thee for an everlasting light, and the days of thy mourning shall be ended.

be all just, they shall inherit the land for ever, the branch of my planting, the work of my hand to glorify me.

22 The least shall become a thousand, and a little one a most strong nation: I the Lord will suddenly do this

thing in its time.

Chap. LX. (a) Ver. 19. Thou shalt no more, &c. In this latter part of the chapter, the prophet passes from the illustrious promises made to the church militant on earth, to the glory of the church triumphant in heaven.

#### CHAP. LXI.

The office of Christ: the miffion of the apostles: the happiness of their converts...

is upon me, becanse the Lord hath anointed me: he hath sent me to preach to the mesk, to heal the contrite of heart, and to preach a release to the captives, and deliverance to them that are shut; up.

2. To proclaim the acceptable year of the Lord, and the day of vengeance of our God; to comfort all that

mourn :

3 To appoint to the mourners of Sion, and to give them a crown for ashes, the oil of joy for mourning, a garment of praise for the spirit of grief; and they shall be called in it the mighty ones of justice, the planting of the Lord to glorify bim.

4 And they shall build the places that have been waste from of old, and shall raise up ancient ruins, and shall repair the desolate cities, that were destroyed for generation

and generation.

5 And strangers shall stand and shall feed your flocks: and the sons of strangers shall be your husbandmen, and the dressers of your vines.

6 But you shall be called the priess of the Lord : to

the broader.

you it shall be said: Ye ministers of our God: you shall eat the riches of the Gentiles, and you shall pride yourselves in their glory.

7 For your double confusion and shame, they shall praise their part: therefore shall they receive double in their land, everlasting joy shall be unto

them

8 For I am the Lord that love judgment, and hate robbery in a holocauft; and I will make their work in truth, and I will make a perpetual covenant with them.

o And they shall know their seed among the Gentiles, and their offspring in the midst of people all that shall see them, shall know them, that these are the seed which the Lord hath blessed.

the Lord, and my foul shall be joyful in my God: for he hath clothed me with the garments of salvation: and with the robe of justice he hath covered me, as a bridegroom decked with a crown, and as a bride adorned with her jewels.

eth forth her bud, and as the garden caufeth her feed to thoot forth t fo shall the Lord God make justice to spring forth, and praise before all the nations.

### CHAP, LXII.

The prophet will not cease from preaching Christ: to whom all nations shall be coverted: and whose church shall continue for ever.

or hold my peace, and for the fake of Jerusalem, I will not rest, till her just one come forth as brightness, and her saviour be lighted as a lamp.

And the gentiles shall see thy just one, and all kings thy glorious one; and thou shalt be called by a new name, which the mouth of the Lord shall name.

of glory in the hand of the Lord, and a royal diadem in the hand of thy God.

Thou shalt no more be called, Forsaken: and thy land shall no more be called, Defolate: But thou shalt be called, My pleasure in her, and thy land inhabited. Because the Lordhath been well pleased with thee; and thy land shall be inhabited.

dwell with the virgin, and thy children shall dwell in thee. And the bridegroom shall rejoice over the bride, and thy God shall rejoice over thee.

6 Upon thy walls, O les

rusalem, I have appointed watchmen, all the day, and all the night, they shall never hold their peace. You that are mindful of the Lord, hold not your peace,

And give him no filence till he establish, and till he make Jerusalem a praise in the earth.

his right hand, and by the arm of his firength: Surely I will no more give thy corn to be meat for thy enemies: and the fons of the strangers shall not drink thy wine, for which thou hast laboured.

fhall eat it, and shall praise the Lord and they that bring it together, shall drink it in my holy courts.

the gates, prepare the way for the people, make the road plain, pick out the stones, and lift up the standard to the people.

made it to be heard in the ends of the earth, tell the daughter of Sion: Behold thy faviour cometh: behold his reward is with him, and his work before him.

The holy people, the redeemed of the Lord. But thou stalt be called: a city Sought after, and not forfaken.

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CHAP. LXIII.

Christ's wictory over his enemies: his mercies to his people: their complaint.

HO is this that cometh from (a) Edom, with dyed garments from Bofra, this beautiful one in his robe, walking in the greatness of his strength. I, that speak justice, and am a defender to save.

2 Why then is thy apparel red, and thy garments like theirs that tread in the wine-

prefs filinamed samma finality

3 I have trodden the winepress alone, and of the gentiles there is not a man with me: I have trampled on them in my indignation, and have trodden them down in my wrath, and their blood is sprinkled upon my garments, and I have stained all my apparel.

4 For the day of vengeance is in my heart, the year of my

redemption is come.

5 I looked about, and there was none to help: I fought, and there was none to give aid: and my own arm hath faved for me, and my indignation itself hath helped me.

6 And I have troden down the people in my wrath, and have made them drunk in my indignation, and have brought down their strength to the earth.

7 I will remember the tender mercies of the Lord, the praise of the Lord for all the things that the Lord hath bestowed on us, and for the multitude of his good things to the house of Israel, which he hath given them according to his kindness, and according to the multitude of his mercies.

8 And he faid: Surely they are my people, children that will not deny: so he became their faviour.

o In all their affliction he was not troubled, and the angel of his presence saved them: in his love, and in his mercy he redeemed them, and he carried them, and lifted them up all the days of old.

wrath, and afflicted the spirit of his holy one: and he was turned to be their enemy, and he sought against them.

the days of old of Moses, and of his people: Where is he that brought them up out of the sea, with the shepherds of his slock? Where is he that put in the midst of them the spirit of his holy one?

Chap LXIII. (a) Edom. Edom and Bosra (a strong city of Edom) are here taken in a mystical sense for the enemies of Christ and his church.

Moses by the right hand, by the arm of his majesty: that divided the waters before them, to make himself an everlasting name.

13 He that led them out through the deep, as a horse in the wilderness that stombleth not.

down in the field, the spirit of the Lord was their leader: fo didst thou lead thy people to make thyself a glorious name.

15 Look down from heaven, and behold from thy holy habitation and the place of thy glory: where is thy zeal, and thy strength, the multitude of thy bowels, and of thy tender mercies? (b) they have held back themselves from me.

and (c) Abraham hath not known us, and Ifrael hath been ignorant of us: thou, O Lord, art our father, our re-

deemer, from everlasting is:

17 Why hast thou (d) made us to err, O Lord, from thy ways: why hast thou (d) hardened our heart, that we should not fear thee? Return for the sake of thy servants, the tribes of thy inheritance.

thy holy people as nothing a our enemies have troden down thy fanctuary.

the beginning, when thou didft not rule over us, and when we were not called by thy name.

#### CHAP. LXIV.

The prophet prays for the release of his people; and for the remission of their sins.

O That thou wouldst rend the heavens, and wouldst come down: the mountains would melt away at thy prefence.

(b) Ver. 15. They have held back, &c. This is spoken by the people in the person of the Jews at the time when for their fins they were given up to their enemies.

(c) Ver. 16. Abraham hath not known us, &c. That is, Abraham will not now acknowledge us for his children, by reason of our degeneracy: but thou, O Lord, art our true sather and our redeemer, and no other can be called our parent in comparison with thee.

(d) Ver. 17. Made us to err, St. Hardened our heart, Sc. The meaning is not that God was the author of these their sins; but that in punishment of their great and manifold crimes, and their long abuse of his mercy and grace, he had withdrawn his graces from them, and so given them up to erour and hardness of heart.

the burning of fire, the waters would burn with fire, that thy name might be made known to thy enemies: that the nations might tremble at thy prefence.

3 When thou shalt do wonderful things, we shall not bear them: thou didst come down, and at thy presence the mountains melted away.

4 From the beginning of the worldthey have not heard, nor perceived with the ears: the eye hath not seen, O God, besides thee, what things thou hast prepared for them that

wait for thee.

5 Thou hast met him that rejoiceth, and doth justice: in thy ways they shall remember thee: behold thou art angry, and we have finned: in them we have been always, and we shall be saved.

And we are all become as one unclean, and all (a) our justices as the rag of a menfernous woman: and we have all fallen as a leaf, and our iniquities, like the wind, have taken us away.

7 There is none that calleth upon thy name; that rifeth up, and taketh hold of thee: thou haft hid thy face from us, and haft crushed us in the hand of our iniquity.

8 And now, O Lord, thou art our father, and we are clay; and thou art our maker, and all we are the work of thy hands.

9 Benot very angry, O Lord, and remember no longer our iniquity: behold, fee we are

all thy people.

ary is become a defart, Sion is made a defart, Jerusalem is defolate.

It The house of our holiness, and of our glory, where our fathers praised thee, is burnt with fire, and all our lovely things are turned into ruins.

felf, O Lord upon these things, wilt thou hold thy peace, and afflict us vehemently?

### CHAP. LXV.

The Gentiles shall seek and find Christ, but the Jews will persecute him, and he rejected, only a remnant shall be reserved. The church shall multiply, and abound with graces.

THEY have fought me that before asked not for me, they have found me

Chap. LXIV. (a) Ver. 6. Our justices, &c. That is, the works by which we pretended to make ourselves just. This is spoken particularly of the sacrifices, sacraments and ceremonies of the Jews after the death of Christ, and the promulgation of the new law.

that fought me not. I faid : | fake of my fervants, that I Behold me, behold me, to a nation that did not call upon my name. can an endinger then

2 I have spread forth my hands all the day to an unbelieving people, who walk in a way that is not good after

their own thoughts.

3 A people that continually provoke me to anger before my face: that immolate in gardens, and facrifice upon bricks and to be a mariante

4 That dwell in sepulchres, and fleep in the temples of idols: that eat swine's flesh, and profane broth is in their veffels.

That fay: Depart from me, come not near me, because thou art unclean; these shall be smoke in my anger, a fire burning all the day!

6 Behold it is written before me: I will not be filent, but I will render and repay

into their bosom

7 Your iniquities, and the iniquities of your fathers together, faith the Lord, who have facrificed upon the mountains, and have reproached me upon the hills; and I will measure back their first work in their bosom.

8 Thus faith the Lord: As if a grain be found in a cluster, and it be faid: Destroy it not, because it is a bleffing: fo will I do for the Me fin of all in may not destroy the whole,

o And I will bring forth a feed out of Jacob, and out of Juda a possessor of my mountains; and my elect shall inherit it, and my fervants shall dwell there.

10 And the plains shall be turned to folds of flocks, and the valley of Achor into a place for the herds to lie down in, for my people that have fought me.

11 And you, that have forfaken the Lord, that have forgotten my holy mount, that let a table for fortune, and

offer libations upon it.

12 I will number you in the fword, and you shall all fall by flaughter: because I called, and you did not anfwer: I spoke, and you did not hear: and you did evil in my eyes, and you have chofen the things that displease me. ... 13 3300

13 Therefore thus faith the Lord God: Behold my fervants shall eat, and you shall be hungry: behold my fervants shall drink, and you

shall be thirsty.

14 Behold my fervants shall rejoice, and you shall be confounded : behold my fervants shall praise for joyfulness of heart, and you shall cry for forrow of heart, and shall howl for grief of Spirit.

And you shall leave your name for an execration to my elect : and the Lord God shall flay thee, and call his fervants by another name.

16 In which he that is bleffed upon the earth, shall be bleffed in God amen: and he that fweareth in the earth, shall fwear by God amen : becanfe the former distresses are forgotten, and because they are hid from my eyes.

17 For behold I create new heavens, and a new earth: and the former things shall not be in remembrance, and they shall not come upon the Limoto Enciteda astic

heart.

18 But you shall be glad and rejoice for ever in these things, which I create: for behold I create Jerusalem a rejoicing, and the people thereof joy.

10 And I will rejoice in Jerusalem, and joy in my people, and the voice of weeping shall no more be heard in her, nor the voice of crying.

20 There shall no more be an infant of days there, nor an old man that shall not fill up his days: for the child shall die a hundred years old, and the finner being a hundred years old shall be accurred.

21. And they shall build houses, and inhabit them : and they shall plant vineyards, and eat the fruits of them.

22 They shall not build. and another inhabit: they shall not plant, and another cat : for as the days of a tree, fo shall be the days of my people, and the works of their hands shall be of long continuance.

23 My elect shall not labour in vain, nor bring forth in trouble; for they are the feed of the bleffed of the Lord. and their posterity with them.

24 And it shall come to pass, that before they call, I will hear: as they are yet speaking, I will hear.

25 The wolf and the lamb shall feed together, the lion and the ox shall eat straw : and dust shall be the ferpent's food: they shall not hurt, nor kill in . all my holy mountain, faith, the Lord.

### CHAP. LXVI.

More of the reprobation of the Jews, and of the call of the Gentiles.

HUS faith the Lord: Heaven is my throne, and the earth my foot-stool: (a) what is this house that you . will build to me? and what is this place of my rest?

2 My hand made all thefe : things, and all these things

were made, faith the Lord. But to whom shall I have refpect, but to him that is poor and little, and of a contrite spirit, and that trembleth at

my words?

3 (b) He that facrificeth an ox, is as if he flew a man: he that killeth a sheep in facrifice, as if he should brain a dog: he that offereth an oblation, as if he should offer fwine's blood: he that (c) remembereth incense, as if he should bless an idol. All these things have they chosen in their ways, and their foul is delighted in their abominations.

4 Wherefore I also (d) will choose their mockeries: and will bring upon them the things they feared: because I called, and there was none that would answer: I have spoken, and they heard not: and they have done evil in my eyes, and have chosen the things that displease me.

Hear the word of the Lord, you that tremble at his word: Your brethren that hate you, and cast you out for my name's fake, have faid : Let the Lord be glorified, and we shall fee in your joy ; but they shall be confounded.

6 A voice of the people from the city, a voice from the temple, the voice of the Lord that rendereth recom-

pence to his enemies.

7 (e) Before the was in labour, the brought forth, before her time came to be delivered she brought forth a

man-child.

8 Who hath ever heard fuch a thing? and who hath feen the like to this? shall the earth bring forth in one day? or shall a nation be brought forth at once, because Sion hath been in labour, and hath brought forth her children?

9 Shall not I that make others to bring forth children,

(c) Ibidem. Remembereth incense. viz. To offer it in the

way of a facrifice.

inter:

(d) Ver, 4. I will choose their mockeries. I will turn their mockeries upon themselves; and will cause them to be mocked by their enemies.

(e) Ver. 7. Before she was in labour, &c. This relates to all on a sudden to the church of God, myself the conversion of the Gentiles, who were born, as it were,

<sup>(</sup>b) Ver. 3. He that facrificeth an ox, &c. This is a prophecy, that the facrifices which were offered in the old law should be abolished in the new; and that the offering of them should be a crime.

myfelf bring forth , faith the Lord ? shall I, that give generation to others, be barren. faith the Lord thy God?

10 Rejoice with Jerufalem. and be glad with her, all you that love her: rejoice for joy with her, all you that mourn for her,

Tr That you may fuck, and be filled with the breaks of her confolations: that you may milk out, and flow with delights from the abundance

of her glory.

12 For thus faith the Lord: Behold I will bring upon her as it were a river of peace. and as an overflowing torrent the glory of the Gentiles. which you shall fuck : you shall be carried at the breafts. and upon the knees they shall carels you.

14 As one whom the mother carefleth, so will I comfort you, and you shall be com-

forted in Jerusalem.

14 You shall see, and your heart shall rejoice, and your bones shall flourish like an herb, and the hand of the Lord shall be known to his fervants, and he shall be angry with his enemies.

15 For behold the Lord will come with fire, and his chariots are like a whirlwind, to render his wrath in indignation, and his rebuke with

flames of fire :

16 For the Lord thall judge by fire, and by his fword un-

to all flesh, and the flain of the Lord shall be many,

17 They that were fanctified, and thought themselves clean in the gardens behind the gate within, they that did eat fwine's fleth, and the abomination, and the monfe: they shall be confumed together, faith the Lord,

18 But I know their works. and their thoughts: I come that I may gather them together with all nations and tongues: and they shall come and shall fee my glory.

ro And I will fet a fign among them, and I will fend of them, that shall be faved, to the Gentiles into the fea, into Africa, and Lydia them that draw the bow : into Italy, and Greece, to the islands afar off, to them that have not heard of me, and have not feen my glory. And they strall declare my glory to the Gentiles:

20 And they shall bring all: your brethren out of all nations for a gift to the Lord, upon horfes, and in chariots, and in litters, and on mules, and in coaches, to my holy mountain Jerufalem, faith the Lord, as if the children of. Israel should bring an offering in a clean veffel into the house of the Lord.

21 And I will take of them to be priefts, and levites, faith the Lord.

zz For as the new heavens,

and:

and the new earth, which I make to fland before me, faith the Lord: fo shall your feed fland, and your name.

23 And there shall be month after month, and sabbath after sabbath: and all sless shall come to adore before my face, saith the Lord. 24 And they shall go out, and see the carcasses of the men that have transgressed against me: their worm shall not die, and their sire shall not be quenched: and they shall be a loathsome sight to all sless.

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The Order and Distribution of the PSALMS, as they are recited every Week in the Canonical Hours of the Divine Office in the Roman Breviary.

THE Pfalm of Invitation to Matins, Pfalm xciv.

Sunday Matins or Midnight Office i Nocture Pf. i.
ii. iii. vi. vii. ix. x. xi. xii xiii. xiv. 2 Nocture.

Pf. xv. xvi. xvii. 3 Nocture. Pf. xviii. xix. xx.

Te Deum.

Morning Lauds for Sunday, Pf. xcii. xcix. lxii. lxvi. (Canticle of the three children, Daniel iii.) Pf. cxlviii. cxlix. cl. with the Canticle Benedictus.

Prime, or prayer at fun-rifing, Pf. liii. cxvii. cxviii. four divisions, viz. Aleph, Beth, Ghimel, Daleth; and the Athanasian creed.

Tierce, or prayer at the third hour of the day, fix divisions of Pf. cxviii.

Sext, or fixth hour of the day: fix other divisions of the same Psalm.

None, or ninth hour: the remainder of Pfalm exviii. Vespers, or Even-song for Sunday, Ps. cix. cx. cxi. exii. exii. with the Canticle Magnificat.

Complin, Pf. iv. xxx. xc. cxxxiii. with the Canticle, Nunc dimittis.

N.B. That the Pfalms here fet down for Complin; as also for Tierce, Sext and None, are the same, every day, throughout the year.

Monday Matins, Pf. xxvi. xxvii. xxviii. xxix. xxx. xxxi. xxxii. xxxiii. xxxiii. xxxiv. xxxv. xxxvi. xxxvii.

Pf. cxlviii. cxlix. cl. and the Canticle Benedicus, which is recited every day at Lauds.

Prime, Pf. liii. xxiii four divisions of Pf. cxviii.

Monday Vefpers, Pf. cxiv. cxv. cxvi. cxix. cxx. Canticle Magnificat: which is repeated in every Vefpers, throughout the year.

Tue sday

Tuefday Matins, Pf. xxxviii. xxxix. xl. xli. xliii. xliv. xlv. zlvi. zlvii. zlviii. zlix. li.

Lauds, as on Monday, except the second Psalm, which is Pf. xlii. and the Canticle, which is that of Exechias,

Mai. xxxyiii.

Prime, on the other days of the week, as on Monday, except the fecond Pfalm; which on the Tuefday is Pf. xxiv: on the Wednesday, Pf. xxv: on the Thursday, Pf. xxii: on the Friday, Pf. xxi: on Saturday, and on all Festivals throughout the year, no other Pfalm is recited at Prime, but Pf. lin. and part of cxviii.

Tuelday Velpers, Pf. cxxi. cxxii. cxxiii. cxxiv. cxxv. Wednesday Matins, Pf. lii. liv. lv. lvi. lvii. lviii, lix. lx. lxi.

Lands, Pf. 1. lxiv. &c. as on Monday, with the Cantile

of Anna, I Kings ii.

Wednesday Vespers, Pf. cxxvi. cxxvii. cxxviii. cxxix. cx xx. Thurday Matins, Pf. Ixviii. Ixix. Ixx. Ixxi. Ixxii. Ixxiii. z .. Ixxiv. lxxv. lxxvi. lxxvii. lxxviii. lxxix.

Lauds, Pf. 1. lxxxix. &c. as on Monday, with the Canticle

of Moses, Exodus xv. Thursday Vespers, Pf. cxxxi. cxxxii: cxxxiv. cxxxv. cxxxvi. Friday Matins, Pf. lxxx. lxxxi. lxxxii. lxxxiii. lxxxiv. lxxxv.

lxxxvi, lxxxvii, lxxxviii, xciii, xcv, xcvi,

Lands, Pf. I. cxlii. the rest as on Monday, with the Canticle of Habacuc. Hab. iii.

Friday Vespers, Pf. cxxxvii. cxxxviii. cxxxix. cxl. cxli.

Saturday Matins, Pf. xcvii. xcviii. xci. (or xcix.) c. ci. cii. ciii. civ. cv. cvi. cvii. cviii. cviii.

Lands, Pf. 1. xci. the rest as on Monday, with the Canticle of Moses, Deuteronomy xxxii.

Saturday Vespers, Pf. exlini. cxliv. exlv. exlvi. exlvii.

# The Tenebræ or Office for the Passion of our LORD.

Wednesday Evening Matins, 1 Nocturn. Pf. Ixviii. Ixix. 1xx. 2 Nocturn. Pf. Ixxi. Ixxii. Ixxiii. 3 Nocturn. Pf. Ixxiv. lxxv. lxxvi.

Lands, Pf. 1. Ixxxix. lii. lvi. (Canticle of Mofes, Exod. xv.) Pf. cxlviii, cxlix. cl. x ... ... ...

Thursday Evening Matins, 1 Nocturn. Pf. ii. xxi. xxvi. 2 Nocturn. Pf. xxxvii. xxxix. liii. 3 Nocturn. Pf. lviii. lxxxvii. xciii. Lauds,

Land, Pf. I. exlii the reft as yesterday, the Canticle of Habacuc iii.

Friday Evening Matins, 1 Nocturn. Pf. iv. xiv. xv. 2 Nocturn. Pf. xxiii. xxvi. xxix. 3 Nocturn. Pf. liii. Ixxv. Ixxxvii.

Lauds, Pf. 1. xlii. &c. as above, with the Canticle of Ezechias, Ifaiah xxxviii.

Vespers on Thursday and Friday, Pf. cxv. cxix. cxxxix. cxl. çxli.

### The Office for the DEAD.

Matins, 1 Nocturn. Pf. v. vi. vii. 2 Nocturn. Pf. xxil xxiv. xxvi. 3 Nocturn. Pf. xxxix. xl. xli. Lands, Pf. 1. 1xiv. &c. with the Canticle of Ezechias. Feberi, Pf. ckiv. cxix. cxx. cxxix. cxxxvii.

# The Office on FESTIVALS.

Chrismas-day Matins, I Nocturn. Pf. ii. xviii. xliv. 2 Nocturn. Pf. xlvii. lxxi. lxxxiv. 3 Nocturn. Pf. lxxxviil xcv. xvii.

Lauds, on all festivals, as on Sunday.

Veffers, Bf. cix. ox. cxi. cxxix. cxxxi. which are repeated throughout the octave.

New-Year's day Matins, 1 Nocturn. Pf. ii. xviii. xxiii. 2 Nocturn. Pf. xliv. lxxxvi. xcv. 3 Nocturn. Pf. xcvi. xcvii. xcviii.

Vespers, Pf. cix. cxii. cxxi. cxxvi. cxlvii.

Boiphany Matins, 1 Nocturn. Pf. xxviii xlv. xlvi. 2 Nocturn. Rf. Lv. Ixxi. Lxxxv. 3 Nocturn. Pf. lxxxv. xcv. xcvi.

Vespers, as on Sunday. Eafter Matins, Pf. i. if. iii. Vespers, as on Sunday.

Ascension Matins, 1 Nocturn. Pf, viii. x. xviii. 2 Nocturn. Pf. xx. xxix. xlvi. 3 Nocturn. Pf. xcvi. xcviii. cii. Velpers, as on Sunday, except the last Pf. which is Pf. cxva Whitfuntide Matins, Pf. xlvii. lxvii. ciii.

Vespers as on Sunday.

Trinity Sunday Matins, 1 Nocturn. Rf. viii xviii, xxlii. 2 Nocturn. Pf. xlvi. xlvii. lxxi. 3 Nocturn. Pf. xcv. xcvi. xcvii.

Veffers, as on Sunday.

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Corpus Christi Matias, 1 Nocturn. Pf. i. iv. xv. 2 Nocture Pf. xix. xxii. xii. 3 Nocturn. Pf. xiii. lxxx. lxxxiii.

Vespers, Pf. cix. cx. cxv. cxxvii. cx vii.

Holy-rood-day May 3, Matins, 1 Nocturn. Pf. i. ii. iii. 2 Nocturn. Pf. iv. v. viii. 3 Nocturn. Pf. xcv. xcvi, cxvii, Vefters, as on Sunday, last Pfalm cxvi.

Holy-rood-day, Sept. 14. The fame; except the second and

third Pfalm of the fecond Nocturn: which are Pf. .

and xx. Transfiguration, August 6. Matins, 1 Nocturn. Pf. viii. xxviii. xliv. 2 Nocturn. Pf. lxxv. lxxxiii. lxxxvi.

3 Nocturn. Pf. lxxxviii. xcvi. ciii.

Vespers, as on Sunday, last Pfalm cxvi.

On all Festivals of the B. Kirgin, Matine, 1, Nocturn, Pf.

viii. xviii. xxiii. 2 Nochum. Pf. xliv. Av. lxxxvi. 3 Nocturn. Pf. xcv. xcvi. xcvii.

Veffers, Pf. cix. cxii. cxxi. cxxvi cxlvii. o needit of I

On the Festivals of St. Michael, and the Angels, Matine,
1 Nocturn. Pf. viii. x. xiv. 2 Nocturn. Pf. xviii.
xxiii. xxxiii. 2 Nocturn, Pf. xcv. xcvi, cit.

Vesters, as on Sunday, last Pfalm Granti. Pf i. iv. viii. 2 Nocturn. Pf. xiv. xxiii. xxxi. 3 Nocturn, Pf. xxxiii. lx. xcvi.

Vespers, as on Sunday, last Pfalm cxv. On the Feast of St. John Baptist, Matins, 1 Nocturn. Ps. i. ii. iii. 2 Noct. Ps. iv. v. viii. 3 Noct. Ps. xiv. xx. xxxiii. Vespers, as on Sunday, last Psalm cxvi.

On the Feafs of the Apostles, and Emangelists, Matins, 1 Nocturn. Pf. xviii. xxxiii. xliv. 2 Nocturn. Pf. xlvi. lx. lxiii. 3 Nocturn. Pf. lxxiv, xcvi. xcviii.

Vespers, Pf. cix. c. ii. cxv. cxxxviii.

The common for one Martyr, Matins, I Nocturn. Pf. i. ii. iii. 2 Nocturn. Pf. iv. v. viii. 3 Nocturn. Pf. x. xiv. xx.

Pefpers, as on Sunday, last Pfalm exp.

The common for more Martyrs, Matins, I Noch. Pf. i. ii. iii. 2 Noch. Pf. xiy. xv. xxiii. 3 Noch. Pf. xxxii, xxxiii, xky. Vespers, as for one Martyr.

The common for Confessors, Matins, 1 Nocturn. Pf. i. ii. jii. 2 Noct. Pf. iv. v. viii. 3 Noct. Pf. xiv. xx. xxiii. Vespers, as on Sundays, last Pfalm for Confesiors Bishops, exxxi. for others, exvi.

The common for Virgins and Widows, Marins, 1 Nocturn. Pf. viii. zviii. zxiii. z Nocturn. Pf. zliv. zlv. zlvii. 3 Nocturn. Pf. xcv. xcvi. xcvii.

Vespers, Pf. cix, cxii. cxxi. cxxvi. cxlvii.

For St. Agnes, Jan. 21. Matins, 1 Nocturn. Pf. i. ii, iii. 2 Noct. Pf. iv. v. viii. 3 Nocturn. Pf. xiv. xliv. xlv.

Vespers, as on Sunday, last Psalm exterii.

For St. Agatha, Feb. c. the fame as for St. Agnes, excepting the Pfalms of the third Nocturn, which are Pfalm x. xiv. and xv.

The common for Dedications of Churches, Matins, 1 Nocturn. Pf. xxiii. xlv. xlvii. 2 Nocturn. Pf. lxxxiii. lxxxvi. lxxxvii. 3 Nocturn. Pf. xc. xcv. xcviii.

Vefpers, as on Sunday, last Pfalm exterii.

The seven Penitential Psalms, Ps. vi. xxxi: xxxvii. I. ci. cxxix. cxlii.

The fifteen Gradual Pfalms, Pf. exix. &c. to exxxiii.

The lessons that are read in the divine office for the first Nocturn, are always taken out of the scripture: those for the fecond Nocturn out of the writings of the holy fathers, or the acts of the faints: and those of the third Nocturn out of the fermons or homilies of the fathers, upon the gospel of the day.

In Advent the daily lessons of the scripture are taken

out of the prophet Isaias.

From Christmas till Septuagesima out of the epistles of St. Paul.

From Septuagefima till Paffion-Sunday out of the books

In the office of the Passion, out of the prophet Jeremias. Between Easter and Whitfuntide, out of the Acts of of the Apostles, the Apocalypse, and the seven canonical epiftles.

From Whitsuntide till August out of the books of Sa-

muel and Kings.

In August, out of Proverbs, Ecclefiastes, Wisdom, and Ecclefiafticus.

In September, out of Job, Tobias, Judith, and Efther. In October, out of the two books of Machabees.

In November, out of Ezechiel, Daniel and the twelve lesser prophets.

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